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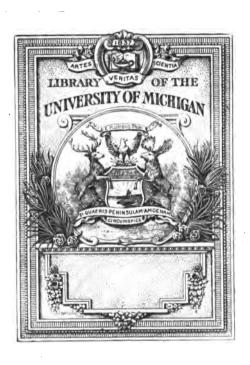
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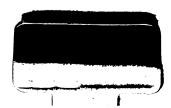
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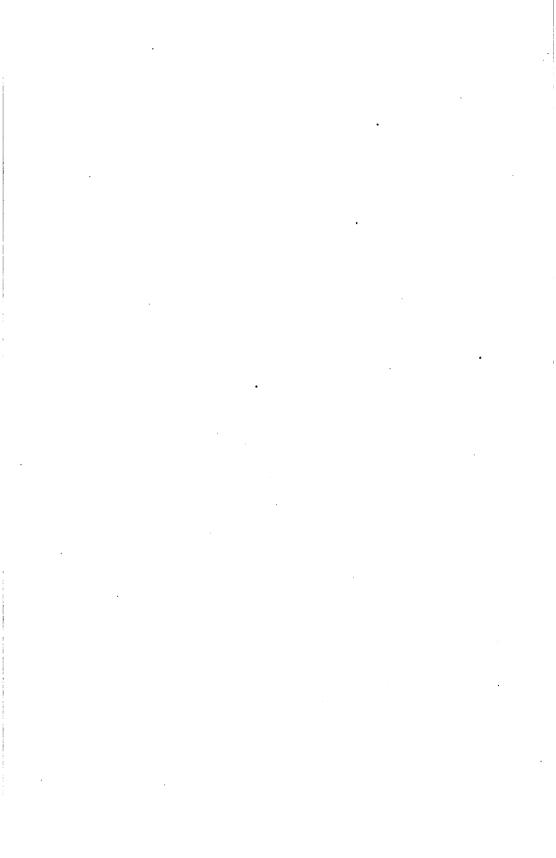
MANUAL OF THE INTERNATIONAL LIST OF CAUSES OF DEATH

SECOND REVISION : : PARIS, 1909









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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS WM. J. HARRIS, DIRECTOR

MANUAL

OF THE

INTERNATIONAL LIST

CAUSES OF DEATH

BASED ON THE SECOND DECENNIAL REVISION BY THE INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION, PARIS, JULY 1 TO 3, 1909

PREPARED UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF CRESSY L. WILBUR, M. D. CHIEF STATISTICIAN FOR VITAL STATISTICS

FIRST REPRINT



WASHINGTON
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE
1913

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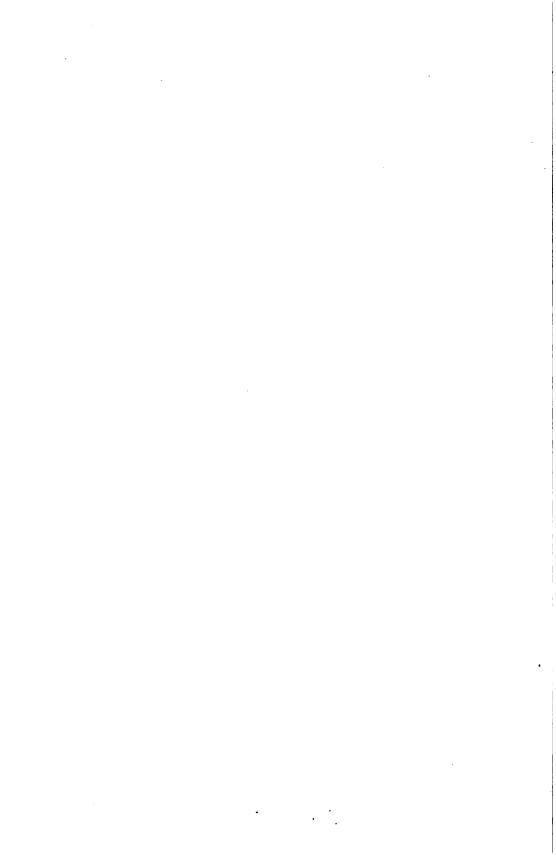
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CONTENTS.

I	Page
LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL	
Introductory	
Purpose and scope of the Manual	
Nature and use of a statistical list of causes of death	1
Nomenclature and classification of diseases	1
Statistical treatment of joint causes of death	1
Detailed and abridged International Lists of Causes of Death	2
Suggestions to physicians and registrars in regard to reporting causes of	
death	3
List of undesirable terms.	3
References on the development and use of the International List of Causes	
of Death	4
TABULAR LIST, showing terms included under each title of the detailed Inter-	
national List of Causes of Death	4
INDEX, showing assignment of causes of death to each title of the detailed	
International List	14
APPENDIX TO REPRINT, 1913, showing additions and changes since the publica-	
tion of the Manual in 1911, and asking for suggestions for the Third Decennial	
Revision of the International List, 1919	29
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LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE,
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS,
Washington, D. C., July 15, 1913.

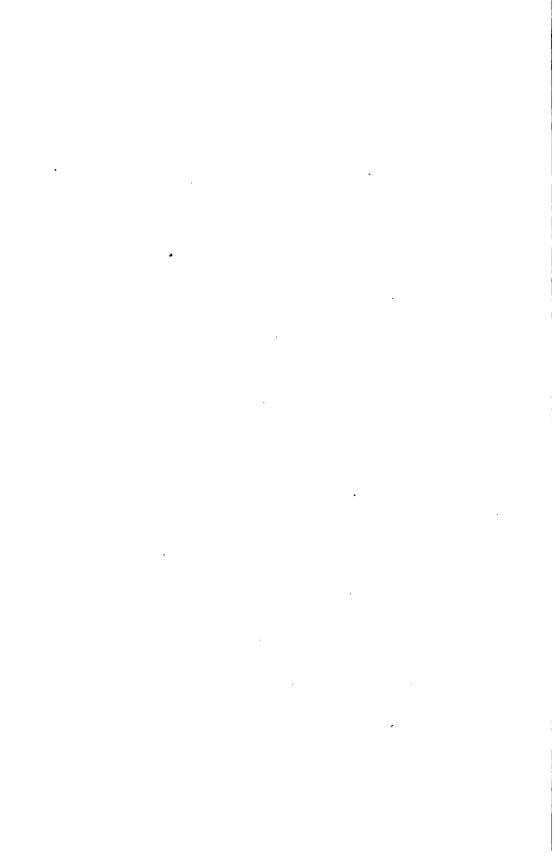
Sir: This is a reprint of the Manual of the International List of Causes of Death published originally in 1911. It has proved very useful to American registration offices, the transcripts of deaths from which afford the material upon which the annual bulletins and reports on mortality statistics prepared by the Bureau of the Census Many copies have also been sent to health officers of states and cities, to individual physicians and medical directors of life insurance companies engaged in the investigation of causes of death, to hospitals, to the Medical Department of the Army, and to the Philippine Islands in accordance with a cable request of the governor to the Bureau of Insular Affairs. The reprint is from the original plates, with a few corrections, but an Appendix has been added which contains additions and changes made since 1911, many of them by agreement with the office of the Registrar-General of England and Wales, which published a similar Manual last year. The American Manual has also been reprinted practically in full by the Bureau of Statistics of the Province of Manitoba, Canada.

The present reprint, like the original, was prepared under the supervision of Dr. Cressy L. Wilbur, chief statistician for vital statistics of the Bureau of the Census.

Respectfully,

My Harris
Director.

Hon. William C. Redfield, Secretary of Commerce.



INTRODUCTORY.

The progress of what is known as the International Classification of Diseases and Causes of Death is most remarkable. It can be explained only by the fact that there was a widely recognized need for national and international uniformity of classification, and that the system proposed met fairly well the demands of registration offices and of the users of mortality statistics and proved capable of progressive development as those demands changed with the advance of medical knowledge.

As late as 1893 no two countries in the world employed precisely the same forms and methods for the statistical classification of causes of death, the compilation of which is universally regarded as of the utmost importance for the advancement of sanitary science and practice. This lack of uniformity rendered the statistical results of such classification incomparable, and it was imperative that an effort be made to remedy this defect.

The past 18 years have seen the successful accomplishment of this task, at least to a degree that warrants the most sanguine hopes of ultimate success and of the early approach of the time when all nations shall be in agreement in this respect. At the session of the International Statistical Institute held at Chicago in 1893, the eminent French demographer, Dr. Jacques Bertillon, presented on behalf of a special committee appointed for the purpose a draft of a classification for international use. This draft was promptly adopted by several countries and was earnestly recommended by the American Public Health Association for use in the United States by resolutions passed at the session of Ottawa, 1898. The resolutions also suggested the propriety of keeping the classification abreast of scientific progress by means of a regular decennial revision by an International Commission appointed by the various countries employing This suggestion was approved by the International Statistical Institute and two sessions of the International Commission have been held, one in 1900 and one in 1909, the latter having been advanced a year at the special request of the Bureau of the Census in order that the revised classification might be available for use in connection with the statistics for the census year 1910. sessions were held at Paris, having been convened by the Government of France, to which and to the permanent Secretary General, Dr. Bertillon, for his assiduous labors, the most cordial gratitude is due for the present success of the movement.

The measure of this success may be inferred from the large number of countries represented at the two sessions, as given in the official reports of the proceedings, although all countries that employ the classification were not represented by delegates in 1909. In a paper before the Fourteenth International Congress of Hygiene and Demography, held at Berlin in 1907, Dr. Bertillon estimated that the system was in effect for over 212 millions of population. This estimate was a very conservative one, the United States being credited with only the population (33.1 millions) shown for the registration area in 1904. Since the meeting of 1909 the very important accession of Great Britain has been received, as announced in the letter of Hon. Bernard Mallet, Registrar-General of England and Wales, transmitting his annual report for 1909:

The next change will be the substitution of the recently revised International List of Causes of Death for that at present in use in this office. When it was determined to publish mortality statistics on an extended scale for administrative areas, it became necessary to consider how to avoid the anomaly of the use of a different classification of causes of death in these reports from that in use by the local sanitary authorities concerned. The solution of this difficulty has been found in the adoption, by all concerned in the matter, of the proposal contained in the following letter which I addressed on the 20th of October last to the President of the Royal College of Physicians:-

"I beg to inform you that from the commencement of the year 1911 onwards I propose to adopt the International List of Causes of Death in the various publications

propose to adopt the International List of Causes of Death in the various publications issued by this office in place of that hitherto in use.

"This decision, which was foreshadowed in my Annual Report for 1908 (page lxxv), has been arrived at after consultation with the Medical Officer of the Local Government Board and with representatives of the Scottish and Irish General Register Offices. Ample precautions will be taken in the scheme of publication to provide for complete comparability of the new records with those published in the present form, so that the continuity of the records concerned will be unimpaired.

"The change of classification will greatly facilitate international mortality comparisons and there is moreover every reason to anticipate that it will for the first time

sons, and there is, moreover, every reason to anticipate that it will for the first time render possible complete comparability between the tables compiled in this office and those issued by local authorities."

The acceptance of this proposal will bring the publications of the General Register Office, of the Local Government Board, and of the local sanitary authorities into line, not only with one another, but also with those of the principal Colonies and of most foreign countries both in North and South America and on the Continent of Europe, in which the International List is already in use. I may add that copies of the International List as now adopted have been forwarded to the Colonial Office for distribution to the various authorities concerned throughout the Empire.

Many countries, among them the United States, that have expressed their cordial approval of the International List and have adopted it for practical use so far as material is available for the statistical compilation of causes of death, do not enforce the complete registration of deaths throughout their entire territory. not the case, however, in the British possessions, for as an almost invariable rule there is thorough registration of vital statistics wherever the British flag flies. The addition of the British Empire is thus a most important one, even apart from the prestige and traditions of the home office, with its memories of William Farr. All the English-speaking and Spanish-speaking countries of the world are now united in the adoption of the International List. The entire Western Hemisphere, including North, Central, and South America; Australia and New Zealand; China, Japan, and British India in Asia; Egypt, Algeria, and South Africa in Africa; and many countries of Europe are now, or soon will be, represented among those thus seeking international uniformity. Progress during the present decade should be even more gratifying, and by the time of the Third Decennial Revision, which is to be made in 1919, it may be hoped that all countries will join in the movement.

PURPOSE AND SCOPE OF THE MANUAL.

As soon as possible after the receipt of the French edition of the Second Decennial Revision of the International Classification, a translation of the French text and index was made and published under the title of "International Classification of Causes of Sickness and Death." In the Introduction of this work appeared the following statement relative to the old Manual of 1902 and the present or revised Manual:

The Manual of International Classification of Causes of Death issued by the Bureau of the Census in 1902 has been employed very generally by those state and city registration officials of the United States who are charged with the compilation of mortality statistics. By its use a much greater degree of comparability has been brought about in the statistics of causes of death. The Second Decennial Revision of the International Classification, which took place at Paris, July 1 to 3, 1909, at the invitation and under the auspices of the French Government, will make necessary a new edition of the Manual, so that it may serve as a guide to American registration officials for the 10 years beginning January 1, 1910.

The revised Manual, it is expected, will be a work of far more useful and authoritative character than the old one. It will contain (1) the terms of the French list, or at least as many of them as may be used properly in English; (2) the terms found upon medical certificates of causes of death as reported by American physicians; (3) the terms of the Nomenclature of Diseases of the Royal College of Physicians of London, for over 40 years the authoritative guide of English physicians in regard to the proper designation of diseases and causes of death; and (4) those of the Bellevue Hospital Nomenclature of Diseases and Conditions. In its preparation the assistance of the Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association will be of special value. The members of this committee are: Dr. Frank P. Foster, chairman, New York; Dr. J. Chalmers Da Costa, Philadelphia; Dr. W. A. Newman Dorland, Philadelphia; Dr. Alexander Duane, New York; and Dr. Victor C. Vaughan, Ann Arbor. The committee is operating under the following resolutions unanimously adopted by the House of Delegates of the American Medical Association on June 3, 1908:

"Resolved, By the American Medical Association:

"1. That the International Classification of Diseases and Causes of Death be recommended for all official mortality and morbidity statistical reports.

[&]quot;5. That after the revision of the International Classification in 1910 [date changed to 1909] the Nomenclature of Diseases be recast in corresponding form, so that there will be available under a uniform arrangement and with precise agreement in the meaning of terms (1) International Classification of Causes of Death; (2) International Classification of Sickness and Disability; (3) International Nomenclature of Diseases and Injuries."

The present Manual has been prepared according to the plan indicated, and is intended to replace as a practical reference work for registration officials both the old "Manual of International Classification," published in 1902, and also the translation of the French text or "International Classification of Causes of Sickness and Death," published in 1910. It may be referred to as the "revised Manual," which is a more convenient expression than the "Manual based upon the (Second) Revised Classification." The word "classification" has been dropped in the title—although it seems impossible to disuse this word entirely in writing upon the subject—and the distinctive title adopted of "Manual of the International List of Causes of Death." This is done for the reason, explained more fully below, that the system is merely a practical one for the statistical treatment of causes of death and makes no claim to consideration as a scientific classification of diseases.

The translation of the official French version of the results of the International Commission of 1909 was taken as the basis of the present Manual. As stated in the text of the "International Classification of Causes of Sickness and Death," as given below, many common terms were not found therein and it was necessary to supplement its use with that of the old Manual:

Many terms that frequently occur in the usage of American physicians will not be found in the Index or Tabular List. It was recognized by the International Commission that a special list would have to be prepared for each language, as there are many expressions in English, for example, for which no equivalents exist in French medical nomenclature, and vice versa. Until a complete and thoroughly comprehensive Index can be prepared, in connection with the revised edition of the Manual, it will be necessary to use the present Index in conjunction with that of the old edition of the Manual.

Such a comprehensive list was formed by adding to the terms that appeared in the translation of the French list many other terms derived from the Nomenclature of Diseases of the Royal College of Physicians of London (fourth edition, being the third decennial revision, 1906); from the Nomenclature of Diseases and Conditions of Bellevue and Allied Hospitals, New York; and from the lists of terms found among the returns to the Bureau of the Census. Terms from these sources were brought together into a single list, alphabetically arranged, with the International List number indicated, and were thus compared, with the elimination of some minor differences of form, before rearranging under the titles of the detailed Interna-This comparison was no light task, the combined index tional List. comprising 1,044 typewritten pages of over 30 lines to a page, completely cross-indexed so that all the various relations of the terms would be indicated, and with the source of each expression indicated as coming from the French, Census, Bellevue, or English lists (by initials "F," "C," "B," and "E"). Thus, for example:

Tuberculosis 28 FCBE
abdominal 31 FC
acute 29 FC
articular 33 C
axillary 34 C
bronchial 28 C
bronchopneumonic, acute 29 B

of intestines 31 CBE
joint 33 CBE
kidney 34 CBE
knee 33 C
larynx 28 FCBE
etc., etc.

The assignments to the International List were determined with the aid of sets of assignments of the terms of the London and Bellevue Nomenclatures prepared by Dr. Wilmer R. Batt, State Registrar of Pennsylvania, and by Dr. William H. Guilfoy, Registrar of Records of New York City, in addition to the decisions made in this bureau. Acknowledgment should be made especially of the valuable assistance furnished by the Committee on Clinical Records of Bellevue and Allied Hospitals of New York City, which consists of Drs. Robert J. Carlisle, Warren Coleman, Thomas A. Smith, and Edmund L. Dow. Numerous conferences have been held with this committee, complete agreement has been reached as to the assignment of all terms included in the Bellevue Nomenclature, and an entire rearrangement of the latter in the order of the International List is now available in the revised edition just published (1911) that will be most serviceable for the promotion of uniformity in hospital statistics throughout the United States. The constant interest and aid of Dr. Frank P. Foster. Chairman, and other members of the American Medical Association's Committee on the Nomenclature of Diseases have been extended. and valuable suggestions have been received from Dr. T. H. C. Stevenson, Medical Superintendent of the General Register Office of England and Wales, some of them as the result of a special conference with Dr. Bertillon at Paris since the date of the revision. Stevenson also kindly transmitted a typewritten copy of the Tabular List of the English Manual now in preparation, which has been compared with the Tabular List of the present work. The extremely valuable services of Mr. George H. Van Buren, section chief in the Bureau of the Census, and the staff of clerks engaged under his charge in the editing of causes of death are also deserving of special mention in connection not only with the preparation of the present Manual but also with the former publications on this subject.

NATURE AND USE OF A STATISTICAL LIST OF CAUSES OF DEATH.

No registration office that deals with a considerable number of returns of deaths can present a compilation in which each individual cause will be shown. The number of medical terms employed by physicians is so very great that a table prepared on this basis would be chiefly a list of names of diseases. The length of such a list would preclude the presentation of the important statistical relations of the various causes, and the number of deaths returned for the less common terms would be too few to render the results of statistical value. Moreover, many of the terms would be more or less synonymous, and the actual number of deaths from a given disease could be learned only by examining the entire list of terms.

A process of condensation or consolidation is therefore necessary in compiling statistics of causes of death. A selected list of titles is prepared, and under each title are arranged the various terms which it is agreed shall be referred thereto in compilation. The Tabular List (pp. 47 to 141) is formed by such an arrangement, and careful examination should be made of it by the compiler in order to understand the general character and scope of each of the 189 titles that make up the International List of Causes of Death in its present form.

Such a list might have been arranged in any order—for example, the alphabetical. This plan would have the advantage of avoiding the appearance of a theoretical grouping or "classification" of the causes of death—a matter with which the International List is very little concerned. On the other hand, it would have the disadvantage of separating widely many causes that are frequently studied together, such as the various acute infective diseases, bronchitis and pneumonia, the puerperal affections, etc. On the whole, therefore, the grouping according to the general "classes," and in a conventional order, is more convenient. It is desirable also to print the International List number with the title, as thereby all uncertainty is removed as to the exact inclusion of the title, regardless of the particular language employed. The process, then, of "classifying" causes of death relates only to the assignment of any given cause to the particular title number, as shown in the Index for all terms that appear in the Tabular List.

The Index is cross-referenced, so that any significant word in a medical expression may be found, a plan which will facilitate reference by those not accustomed to medical terms. Thus "Fatty degeneration of heart" will be found under "Fatty," "Degeneration," and "Heart." In the Tabular List each term appears only once, as a rule, and in its natural order of expression. Subsidiary lists of "Frequent complications" are given under certain titles, thus indicating terms that may be neglected when occurring in combination with the primary cause.

All terms in the Index are supposed to occur in the exact form stated without further qualification or definition. If additional information is obtained, it may lead to a very different reference. Special attention should be paid to the distinctions of assignment according to the ages of decedents. It is unfortunate that special age limits should be required in a list of causes of death, but the tendency is to increase rather than to diminish the number of titles thus affected. In order to promote international comparability and after consultation with Drs. Bertillon and Stevenson, some indefinite terms e. g., "Debility," "Cachexia," and the like, reported without qualification for decedents of 70 years and over, are now assigned to "Senility" (154) instead of to "Ill defined causes" (189) as was formerly the practice of this office. The increase in the age limit of title 151 from "under 3 months" to "under 1 year" will also result in the transfer of a considerable number of deaths from "Ill defined causes," thus causing apparent improvement in the returns. But the title "Senility" itself is really an indefinite one, as is also "Congenital debility" to a considerable extent, so that these changes may be regarded as only transpositions among the groups of ill defined causes and hence of no very great significance.

The words "cancer" and "tumor" are used in a general sense to include all forms of malignant and nonmalignant neoplasms, respectively. Reference should be made to the lists of specific forms under titles 39 and 46 of the Tabular List, and also under the head of "Cancer" and "Tumor" in the Index. Explanations and special lists are given also in the Index under the heads of "Parasitic disease," "Poisoning," "Premature birth," and "Stillbirth"—the last, of course, only for the purpose of insuring exclusion of all stillbirths from deaths.

NOMENCLATURE AND CLASSIFICATION OF DISEASES.

The International List of Causes of Death makes no pretension of being a proper nomenclature of diseases or of including a scientific classification of diseases. It is only a practical working list whereby statistical compilers can assign medical terms reported by physicians as causes of death to certain more or less definite titles representing individual diseases or groups of diseases of similar character. Statistics of causes of death are vitiated to a considerable extent, and sometimes to a very large extent, by the fact that many deaths are reported under what the Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association very graphically calls certain blind returns. How applicable this phrase is can be appreciated most fully by those who have puzzled over returns as received in registration offices, and an inspection of the many unsatisfactory and indefinite causes included in this Manual (see Tabular List) will make it clear that reform is

necessary in order to place our statistics of causes of death upon a satisfactory basis.

Nosology, or the scientific classification of diseases, was cultivated with fervor a hundred years ago,1 and was believed to be a necessary part of the knowledge required for the practical treatment of disease. "The distinction of the genera of diseases, the distinction of the species of each, and often even that of the varieties, I hold to be a necessary foundation of every plan of physic, whether dogmatical or empirical," said Cullen in his "First Lines of the Practice of Physic." The system devised by him came to be the predominant one, although many other systems were presented, among them those of Sauvages, Linnæus, Vogel, Sagar, Macbride, Young, and Mason Good. All these systems have vanished; the subject is almost entirely neglected at the present day, but its influence may be traced in the forms of statistical lists in present use. Dr. William Farr found the Cullenian system in general use in the public services at the time of the establishment of the modern system of registration of deaths in England. It had not, however, been revised to meet the demands of the advance of medical science and was not suited to statistical purposes. One of Dr. Farr's first duties, therefore, was to prepare a "Statistical Nosology," which had a marked effect upon subsequent classifications, including that of the Second Revision of the International List. Dr. Farr said at that time:2

The advantages of a uniform statistical nomenclature, however imperfect, are so obvious, that it is surprising no attention has been paid to its enforcement in Bills of Mortality. Each disease has in many instances been denoted by three or four terms, and each term has been applied to as many different diseases; vague, inconvenient names have been employed, or complications have been registered instead of primary diseases. The nomenclature is of as much importance in this department of inquiry, as weights and measures in the physical sciences, and should be settled without delay.

As a result of his practical experience with this system Dr. Farr was selected, together with Dr. Marc d'Espine of Geneva, by the First Statistical Congress, Brussels, 1853, to prepare a report upon a classification that might be used in all countries for the statistics of causes of death.³ The resolution to this effect was introduced by Dr. Achille Guillard, a distinguished botanist and statistician, creator of the word "demography," and maternal grandfather of Dr. Jacques Bertillon, to whose efforts the present success of the International List is chiefly due:

Il y a lieu de former une nomenclature uniforme des causes de décès applicable à tous les pays.

¹ See the interesting oration on "The Classification and Nomenclature of Piseases with Remarks on Diseases Due to Treatment," by Dr. H. D. Rolleston, before the Medical Society of London, Lancet, May 22, 1909.

²First Annual Report of the Registrar-General of Births, Deaths, and Marriages in England. London: 1839, p. 99.

Sixteenth Annual Report of Registrar-General of England, 1853. Appendix. p. 73.

This was the beginning of the present International List. The classification was adopted in Paris in 1855, in Vienna in 1857, and was translated into six languages. Again revised at Paris in 1864 "sur le modèle de celle de W. Farr," and in 1874, 1880, and 1886, the final form was substantially that which was recommended by the International Statistical Institute, the successor of the old Statistical Congress, at Chicago in 1893, and which, after the First Decennial Revision of 1900 and the Second Decennial Revision of 1909, is now the International List in force in a large number of countries for the decade beginning January 1, 1910, and ending December 31, 1919.

The preface of the first edition (1869) of the Nomenclature of Diseases drawn up by a Joint Committee appointed by the Royal College of Physicians of London declares that—

For perfecting the statistical registration of diseases, with a view to the discovery of statistical truths concerning their history, nature, and phenomena, the want of a generally recognized Nomenclature of Diseases has long been felt as an indispensable condition.

Among the great ends of such a uniform Nomenclature must be reckoned that of fixing definitely, for all places, the things about which medical observation is exercised, and of forming a steady basis upon which medical experience may be safely built.

The committee began its labors in 1859, not long after the action of the Statistical Congress in favor of an international classification of causes of death. The successive decennial revisions of this work (dated 1885, 1896, and 1906) have continued to afford a steady basis of authority for British physicians in the use of medical terms and have contributed markedly to the value of the statistical reports relating to causes of death. No such authority has heretofore been available in the United States, and probably owing to this fact, at least in part, the returns of causes of death in this country contain a much larger variety of indefinite causes than do those of England. Efforts in the direction of nomenclature were made, it is true, early in the history of the American Medical Association, and an American Nomenclature of Diseases was actually prepared by a distinguished committee of that association nearly 40 years ago.4 The work was discontinued, however, and was not taken up again until within very recent years and in connection with the preparations for the Second Revision of the International List.⁵ Following is the report of the Reference Committee on Hygiene and Public Health to the House of Delegates of the Sixty-second Annual Session of the American

¹ J. Bertillon: Cours élémentaire de statistique administrative, 1895, pp. 262 and 284 (Note).

² Reference (1), p. 43.

^{*} Reference (2), p. 43.

⁴ Transactions of the American Medical Association, 1872, Appendix.

[•] See Mortality Statistics, 1907, p. 16, and Journal of the American Medical Association, June 15, 1907.

Medical Association, Los Angeles, June, 1911, and also the report of the Committee on Nomenclature and Classification of Diseases to which it refers: 1

REPORT OF REFERENCE COMMITTEE ON HYGIENE AND PUBLIC HEALTH.

Dr. Alexander Marcy, New Jersey, Chairman, presented the report of the Reference Committee on Hygiene and Public Health, as follows:

Your Reference Committee on Hygiene and Public Health begs leave to report having had under consideration the report of the Committee on Nomenclature and Classification of Diseases and recommends the adoption of the report and the continuance of the committee with such additions as may be necessary to complete its full membership, and that said committee be instructed to continue its work in cooperation with other organizations working along the same lines, and that such classification as they may adopt, together with the International Classification of Causes of Death, be published and supplied to the members of the American Medical Association.

We further recommend that in case of a vacancy on this committee such vacancy

be filled by a member especially interested in tropical diseases.

ALEXANDER MARCY, Jr., Chairman.

On motion, the report was adopted. The nomenclature report referred to was as follows:

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON NOMENCLATURE AND CLASSIFICATION OF DISEASES.

To the Members of the House of Delegates of the American Medical Association:

Your Committee on the Nomenclature and Classification of Diseases begs leave to submit the following report:

Up to a time shortly preceding the rendering of our last report, at the meeting of 1910, our work was hampered by the necessity of waiting for the appearance of the revised version of the International Classification of Causes of Death, for we had been instructed to have due regard for that classification; indeed, early in our labors we were again admonished to follow it closely. This resolution, however, was overlooked by us, and time soon made it clear, for reasons which need not now be set forth,

that the resolution could not be followed literally.

We had been very favorably impressed with the Bellevue Hospital Nomenclature of Diseases and Conditions, prepared by a committee consisting of Dr. Robert J. Carlisle, Dr. Warren Coleman, Dr. Thomas A. Smith, and Dr. Edmund L. Dow, which first appeared in 1903, and the appearance of a revision of that work, early in 1909, led us to examine it still more closely. It was not long before a second revision was begun, and our chairman was very courteously invited to observe the progress of the work. This second revision is not yet published, but is in press and will probably be out some weeks before the Los Angeles meeting. The close examination that we have been able to give it leads us to the opinion that, from the clinical point of view, it is superior to any other nomenclature with which we are acquainted and to any which we ourselves could prepare within a reasonable length of time. Moreover, it is very well known and many hospitals have either adopted it or indicated a readiness to study it further, with a view to its probable adoption. These hospitals include 3 in California, 1 in Colorado, 2 in Connecticut, 7 in Illinois, 2 in Louisiana, 1 in Maryland. 2 in Massachusetts, 4 in Michigan, 2 in Missouri, 3 in New Jersey, 34 in New York, 13 in Pennsylvania, 1 in Tennessee, 1 in Texas, 3 in Utah, 1 in Australia, 1 in Canada, 1 in Denmark, 1 in England, 1 in Italy, and 1 in Switzerland. Men do not take up with systems of nomenclature for light reading; we must therefore conclude that the Bellevue nomenclature has very favorably impressed our confrères in various localities. We recommend that it be made a part of whatever publication on the subject of the nomenclature and classification of diseases the American Medical Association may decide to issue—and the prominent part, by reason of its clinical character.

may decide to issue—and the prominent part, by reason of its clinical character.

It will be well, we think, to publish also a Latin list, if only for purposes of international correspondence. Such a list as has lately been prepared by Surgeon Charles N. Fiske, of the Navy, and is published in the *United States Naval Medical Bulletin*, April, 1911, would be excellent for the purpose, though a little editorial work would be required to make it conform in minor details to the Bellevue nomenclature.

As a matter of course, we recommend the adoption of the International Classification of Causes of Death. It seems to us in need of further revision, but for that we must wait until 1919. Meantime, the excellent Manual made of its expanded list by Dr.

¹ Journal of the American Medical Association, July 8, 1911.

Cressy L. Wilbur, chief statistician of the division of vital statistics of the Bureau of the Census, makes a list which should figure prominently in our publication if we issue one. This, too, is not yet off the press. It is of value from many points of view, but will be particularly of service to health officials who have to determine what is meant by certain blind returns.

There is a great awakening to the importance of nomenclature and classification, and it may be well for the American Medical Association to provide for cooperative work with the profession in other countries, to the end that we may eventually have a

uniform nomenclature and classification.

Very respectfully,

FRANK P. FOSTEB, Chairman. W. A. N. DORLAND, VICTOR C. VAUGHAN, ALEXANDER DUANE, J. CHAIMERS DA COSTA.

That the American Medical Association is to continue this important work is indeed gratifying. It may be remembered that the United States participated, through Drs. Billings and Folsom, in the preparation of the London Nomenclature of 1885, and there may be, now that the registration offices of both countries are united in the use of the International List, further cooperation in the preparation of an International Nomenclature, at least one for all English-speaking countries and one which will afford valuable suggestions for the next revision of the International List (1919).

STATISTICAL TREATMENT OF JOINT CAUSES OF DEATH.

The expression "joint causes of death" is a convenient one for those cases in which the physician reports two or more causes or conditions upon the certificate of death of an individual. According to the general practice of statistical compilation only one cause can be tabulated for each death, consequently a process of selection is necessary. The method employed for this purpose may have a very considerable influence upon the resulting statistics. Dr. Julius J. Pikler has very forcefully directed attention to the importance of the study of contributory causes of death that usually are lost entirely in compilation, but the full statement of such causes would be difficult, especially for related tables and a detailed classification, in a report dealing with large numbers of returns.

The International Commission did not give special consideration to this subject in 1909, but at the suggestion of Dr. Bertillon it was agreed that the rules employed since 1900 should be continued in force and a special committee was appointed to report on the subject. Following are the rules in question as given in the French edition of 1903:

1. If one of the two diseases is an *immediate and frequent* complication of the other, the death should be classified under the head of the primary disease. Examples:

Infantile diarrhea and convulsions, classify as infantile diarrhea.

Measles and bronchopneumonia, classify as measles.

Scarlet fever and diphtheria, classify as scarlet fever. Scarlet fever and nephritis, classify as scarlet fever.

¹ Das Budapester System der Todesursachenstatistik, 1909.

2. If the preceding rule is not applicable, the following should be used: If one of the diseases is *surely* fatal and the other is of less gravity, the former should be selected as the cause of death. Examples:

Cancer and bronchopneumonia, classify as cancer.

Pulmonary tuberculosis and puerperal septichemia, classify as tuberculosis.

Icterus gravis and pericarditis, classify as icterus gravis.

3. If neither of the above rules is applicable, then the following: If one of the diseases is *epidemic* and the other is not, choose the epidemic disease. Examples:

Typhoid fever and saturnism, classify as typhoid fever.

Measles and biliary calculi, classify as measles.

4. If none of the three preceding rules is applicable, the following may be used: If one of the diseases is *much more frequently fatal* than the other, then it should be selected as the cause of death. Examples:

Rheumatism (without metastasis) and salpingitis, classify as salpingitis.

Pericarditis and appendicitis, classify as pericarditis.

5. If none of the four preceding rules applies, then the following: If one of the disease is of rapid development and the other is of slow development, the disease of rapid development should be taken. Examples:

Diabetes and icterus gravis, classify as icterus gravis.

Cirrhosis and angina pectoris, classify as angina pectoris.

Pleurisy and senile debility, classify as pleurisy.

6. If none of the above five rules applies, then the diagnosis should be selected that best characterizes the case. Example:

Saturnism and peritonitis, classify as saturnism.

Precise diagnoses should be given the preference over vague and indeterminate ones, such as "Hæmorrhage," "Encephalitis," etc. Arbitrary decisions should be avoided as much as possible by the use of the preceding rules. None of them is absolute, but all are subject to exceptions which may vary according to local usages.² In practice the first rule, which is the most logical of all, is the one of most frequent application. The others have been formulated only to prepare for all cases and to treat them with system and uniformity.

These rules differ but slightly from those given in the Manual of 1902, which were based upon the French edition of 1900. They are a development of practical experience, as shown by the forms in which they have appeared in various editions of the International Classification, and may be compared with the rules given in the introductory text of the Alphabetische Liste von Krankheiten und Todesursachen, Kaiserliches Gesundheitsamt, Germany, 1905:

When several diseases are reported as causes of death, the following rules should be observed:

1. The death is, as a rule, to be assigned to that number which represents the probable primary cause (Grundleiden). For example, when nephritis and valvular heart disease are returned, the death should be classified under the heart disease as the probable primary cause. Only when the primary cause is not a real disease may it be disregarded. For example, with "senile debility and bronchitis" or "debility

I Apart from all treatment. This provision is necessary to assure stability in the application of the rules. Otherwise a therapeutic discovery, for example that of the antidiphtheritic serum, would modify the tables and injure the comparability of the statistics.

² Particularly we should note the impropriety of certain expressions. For example, if a physician writes Typhoid lever, chronic nephruis, it is aimost certain that he intended to indicate typhoid lever complicated with albuminuria and not a patient with Bright's disease attacked with typhoid lever.

When a disease ordinarily rare or absent undergoes a large extension (e. g. cholera, yellow fever, etc.), the total deaths should be noted without any exception whatever. For such cases it is necessary to waive all ordinary rules.

and intestinal catarrh," the deaths should be classified, not as senile debility or congenital debility, but as chronic bronchitis and as intestinal catarrh.

- 2. With two independent diseases, the more severe should be chosen.
- 3. With an infectious disease and a noninfectious disease, the former should be chosen. Example: Insanity and typhoid fever, classify as typhoid fever.
- 4. If acute diseases are reported with chronic diseases, the acute diseases are to be preferred. Example: Gastric ulcer and croupous pneumonia, classify as croupous pneumonia.
- 5. If two infectious diseases are reported as causes of death, then smallpox, scarlet fever, measles, typhus fever, diphtheria and croup, whooping cough, croupous pneumonia, influenza, typhoid fever, paratyphoid fever, Weil's disease, relapsing fever, cerebrospinal fever, erysipelas, tetanus, septichæmia, puerperal fever, plague, Asiatic cholera, dysentery, anthrax, glanders, rabies, and trichiniasis should have the preference over tuberculosis, malaria, or a venereal disease.
 - 6. Causes of death from violence are usually preferred.
- 7. Such returns as heart weakness ["heart failure"], cardiac paralysis, paralysis of the lungs, pulmonary cedema, coma, and the like, should be disregarded if other causes are named.
- 8. With tuberculosis of several organs, including that of the lungs, tuberculosis of the lungs should be selected.

It will be interesting also to compare the rules published by the Society of Medical Officers of Health of England:

RULES AS TO CLASSIFICATION OF CAUSES OF DEATH.

With the following exceptions the general rule should be to select from several diseases mentioned in the certificate the disease of the longest duration. In the event of no duration being specified, the disease standing first in order should be assumed to be the disease of longest duration.

Exceptions to the above rule.

Any one of the chief infective diseases should be selected in preference to any other cause of death. If two infective diseases in succession be specified, the disease of longer duration should be selected.

Thus scarlet fever should be selected in preference to bronchopneumonia, and phthisis in preference to bronchitis.

Definite diseases, ordinarily known as constitutional diseases, should have preferenceover those known as local diseases.

Thus cancer should be selected in preference to pneumonia, and diabetes in preference to heart disease.

When apoplexy occurs in conjunction with definite disease of the heart or kidneys, the heart disease or the kidney disease, as the case may be, should be preferred.

When hemiplegia is mentioned in connection with embolism, the embolism should be selected.

When embolism occurs in connection with childbirth, the death should be referred to accidents of childbirth.

In calculating the death rate from "diarrhoea," deaths certified as due to diarrhoea, either alone or coupled with some ill-defined cause (such as "atrophy," "debility," "marasmus," "thrush," "convulsions," "teething," "old age," or "senile decay"), epidemic or summer diarrhoea, epidemic or zymotic enteritis, intestinal or enteric cutarrh, gastro-intestinal or gastro-enteric cutarrh, dysentery or dysenteric diarrhoea, cholera (not being "Asiatic cholera"), cholera nostras, cholera infantum, and choleraic diarrhoea should be included.

¹The New Tables Issued by the Local Government Board and the Schedules of Causes of Death Issued by The Incorporated Society of Medical Officers of Health. London: 1901.

The following miscellaneous examples are given as indicating the method of classification in cases of difficulty that frequently arise:

Causes of Death in Order Given in Death Certificate.

Whooping cough, bronchopneumonia. scarlet fever. Scarlet fever 6 months, otitis media.

abscess of brain. Laryngeal and pulmonary phthisis.

Pneumonia, old age.

Old age, bronchitis.
Phthisis, diabetes mellitus.
Diphtheria 9 months, paralysis.

Puerperal perimetritis. Cerebral embolism. Spasmodic croup.

Acute hydrocephalus.

Bronchitis, phthisis.

To be Classified Under-

Whooping cough, if of longer duration than scarlet fever. Scarlet fever.

Phthisis. Pneumonia. Bronchitis.

Select disease of longest duration.

Diphtheria. Puerperal fever. Embolism. Larvngismus stridulus.

Tubercular meningitis. Phthisis.

Through the kindness of Dr. John Tatham, formerly Medical Superintendent of the Registrar-General's office, England, a copy of the Instructions to Abstractors, as employed in that office in 1909, was supplied to the Bureau of the Census. Certain decisions of special interest are taken therefrom:

1. Any general disease (except pyrexia, premature birth, congenital defects, want of breast milk, teething, and chronic rheumatism) to be taken in preference to any local disease except aneurysm and strangulated hernia.

2. Any of the following diseases are to be given preference over any other diseases: Aneurysm, anthrax, Asiatic cholera, cancer, carcinoma, glanders, rabies, industrial poisoning, malignant disease, opium or morphine habit, puerperal septic disease, sarcoma, smallpox, strangulated hernia, tetanus, and vaccination.

3. Any disease in this group is to be preferred over any other disease except those named in the preceding group: Cerebrospinal fever, diphtheria, dysentery, typhoid fever, German measles, malaria, measles, mumps, relapsing fever, scarlet fever, typhus fever, and whooping cough.

4. The following diseases to be preferred except for those named in the two preceding lists: Acute hydrocephalus, alcoholism, influenza, lupus, phthisis, pulmonary tuberculosis, rheumatic fever (acute and subacute rheumatism), scrofula, syphilis, tabes mesenterica, tuberculous meningitis, tuberculous peritonitis, tuberculosis of other organs, and general tuberculosis.

5. For the following list, prefer the disease of longer duration or the disease first written: Carbuncle (not anthrax), diabetes mellitus, epidemic diarrhœa, epidemic enteritis, enteritis, diarrhœa due to food, erysipelas, gout, hæmophilia, infective endocarditis, infective enteritis, pernicious anæmia, phagedæna, phlegmon (not anthrax), pneumonia (all forms), purpura hæmorrhagica, pyæmia (not puerperal), rheumatoid arthritis, rheumatic gout, rheumatism of heart, rickets, scurvy, septichæmia, other septic diseases, septic infections, starvation, and varicella.

6. Premature birth and congenital defects (malformations) to be preferred for decedents under 3 months of age to other causes except those of groups (2) and (3).

7. Chlorosis and anæmia (not pernicious) only when alone.

8. For combinations of local diseases, usually select disease of longer duration or that first written.

9. Any definite disease accelerated by violence is to be classed to the disease.

10. Tetanus, septichæmia, blood poisoning, pyæmia, or erysipelas following violence to be classed to tetanus or the septic disease if the injury is slight; but if severe enough to kill by itself, the death should be classed to the form of violence.

The instructions employed in the Registrar-General's office are of special value because the certificate of death used in England and the standard certificate recommended by the American Public Health Association and used in by far the greater part of the registration area are practically identical in their provisions for the statement of cause of death. The American certificate does not use the word "primary" on its face, but it is explained fully on the reverse side that the "cause of death" to be first written is the primary cause and the words "Contributory (secondary)" for the second cause indicate this relation. Both certificates provide also for the very important statement of the duration of each cause. If physicians generally understood the distinction between "primary" and "secondary" as used in this connection and were particular to give the duration in each case, there would be little difficulty in selecting for tabulation the proper cause of death. Following is the form provided upon the Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death i for the statement of cause of death, together with the accompanying instructions for use:

[Medical Certificate of Death.]

The CAUSE OF	DEATH* was as follows:
	·
	(Duration) yrs mos ds.
	·
(SECONDARY)	
	(Duration) yrs, mos, ds.
(Signed)	, M, D,
, 1	91 (Address)
*State the DISEAS (1) MEANS OF INJURY	E CAUSING DEATH, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal.

¹ Adopted by the American Public Health Association, Richmond, 1909, and approved by the Bureau of the Census. See Bulletin 108, Mortality Statistics, 1909; also Census pamphlet No. 107, Modes of Statement of Cause of Death and Duration of Illness Upon Certificates of Death, for comparison of American and foreign blanks.

[Reverse side.]

Statement of cause of death.-Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonxum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Branchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anæmia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hæmorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uræmia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septichæmia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train—accident: Revolver wound of head homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

Note.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hæmorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phlebitis, pyæmia, septichæmia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.

For returns upon the Standard Certificate of Death, and especially for those returns in which the instructions have been regarded by the reporting physicians, the following suggestions for classifying may be helpful:

- 1. Select the primary cause, that is, the real or underlying cause of death. This is usually—
 - (a) The cause first in order.
 - (b) The cause of longer duration. If the physician writes the cause of shorter duration first, inquiry may be made whether it is not a mere symptom, complication, or terminal condition.
 - (c) The cause of which the contributory (secondary) cause is a frequent complication. See lists of "Frequent complications" under the various titles of the Tabular List.
 - (d) The physician may indicate the relation of the causes by words, although this is a departure from the way in which the blank was intended to be filled out. For example, "Bronchopneumonia following measles" (primary cause last) or "Measles followed by bronchopneumonia" (primary cause first).
- 2. If the relation of primary and secondary is not clear, prefer general diseases, and especially dangerous infective or epidemic diseases, to local diseases.
 - 3. Prefer severe or usually fatal diseases to mild diseases.
- 4. Disregard ill defined causes (Class XIV), and also indefinite and ill defined terms (e.g., "debility," "atrophy") in Classes XI and XII that are referred, for certain ages, to Class XIV, as compared with definite causes. Neglect mere modes of death (failure of heart or respiration) and terminal symptoms or conditions (e.g., hypostatic congestion of lungs).
- 5. Select homicide and suicide in preference to any consequences, and severe accidental injuries, sufficient in themselves to cause death, to all ordinary consequences. Tetanus is preferred to any accidental injury, and erysipelas, septichæmia, pyæmia, peritonitis, etc., are preferred to less serious accidental injuries. Prefer definite means of accidental injury (e. g., railway accident, explosion in coal mine, etc.) to vague statements or statement of the nature of the injury only (e. g., accident, fracture of skull).
- 6. Physical diseases (e. g., tuberculosis of lungs, diabetes) are preferred to mental diseases as causes of death (e. g., manic depressive psychosis), but general paralysis of the insane is a preferred term.
- 7. Prefer puerperal causes except when a serious disease (e. g., cancer, chronic Bright's disease) was the independent cause.
- 8. Disregard indefinite terms and titles generally in favor of definite terms and titles. The precise line of demarcation is difficult to lay down, but may be indicated broadly by the kinds of type employed in the International List presented on page 35. The List in this form has been distributed by the Census to all physicians in the United States, so that the proportion of indefinite returns should become less.

From these suggestions and from the instructions employed in various offices it will be apparent that there is a considerable factor of uncertainty in the results when a large proportion of joint causes is involved. No rules yet formulated will insure absolutely identical compilations from the same material, and the methods employed in the same office may vary from year to year. The most efficient editor is not the one who follows any set of listed arbitrary decisions, but rather the one who is constantly on the lookout for cases in which it should not be followed, and who calls attention to such cases. A list

of this kind can not incorporate considerations of duration, sex, place of death, age, occupation, etc., any or all of which may have an important bearing upon the classification of deaths, and in individual cases such data on transcripts often indicate an assignment contrary to the listed one.

Even if general rules are very specific, it is difficult to carry them out in precisely the same manner, and a real need is felt for a system that will insure a greater degree of uniformity in this respect. A very ingenious and convenient plan was proposed by Dr. Bertillon as a supplement to the general rules given on a previous page (p. 17), whereby a definite decision is given for any two titles or subtitles of the International List. The following example shows the relations of typhoid fever, definitely reported as such (1 a), and also indefinitely reported (1 b), to the other titles of the First Revision (1900), preferred titles being indicated by bold-faced type:

1a.-2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 14 b/s. 15. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 36 A to C. 36 D. 36 bis. 37. 38. **39.** 40. 41. 42. 43. 45. **47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54 a. 54 b. 55. 56.** 57. 58. 60. 59. 63 a. 63 b. 63 c. 63 d. 63 e. 63 f. 63 g. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 70. 73. 74 A. 74 B. 74 Ca. 74 Cb. 74 Cc. 74 Cd. 74 Ce. 74 Cf. 78. **79. 80.** 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100. 101. 102. 103. 104. 105. 105 bis. 106. 107. 108. 109. 109 bis. 110. 111. 112. 113. 114. 115. 116. 117. 118. 119. 120. 121. 122. 123. 124. 125. 126. 127. 128. 129. 130. 131. 132. 133. 134. 135. 136. 137. 138. 139. 140. 141. 142. 143. 144. 145. 146. 147. 148. 149. 150. 151. 152. 153. 154. 155-163. 164. 165. 166. 167. 168. 169. 170. **171. 172.** 173. **174. 175. 176.** 177–179.

1b.-2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 14 bis. 15. 16. 17. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 36 bis. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54 a. 54 b. 55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74 A. 74 B. 74 Ca. 74 Cb. 74 Cc. 74 Cd. 74 Ce. 74 Cf. 75. 76 a. 76 b. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83 a. 83 b. 84. 85. 86. 87 a. 87 b. 87 c. 88. 89 a. 89 b. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94 a. 94 b. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99 a. 99 b. 99 c. 99 d. 99 e. 99 f. 100, 101, 102, 103, 104 a. 104 b. 104 c. 104 d. 105. 105 bis. 106. 107. 108. 109 a. 109 b. 109 c. 109 d. 109 e. 109 bis. 110. 111. 112. 118. 114 a. 114 b. 114 c. 114 d. 115. 116. 117. 120. 121 a. 121 b. 121 c. 121 d. 121 e. 122. 123 a. 123 c. 123 d. 124 a. 124 b. 124 c. 125. 126. 127. 128. 129. 130 a. **180** c. 131. 132 a. **182** b. 133. **184. 185. 186** a. 136 b. **186** c. **187**. **139. 140. 141. 142. 143. 144. 145. 146. 147. 148. 149. 150.** 153. 154. 155-163. 164. 165. 166. 167. 168. 169. 170. 171. **174. 175. 176.** 177-179.

A similar arrangement is presented with reference to each title and subdivided title of the International List. In use, the ordinary assignment of each of two joint causes is ascertained by reference to the Index, then the paragraph corresponding to the smaller number is sought in the preferential list. If the other number appears in bold-faced type in that paragraph, it takes precedence in classifica-

tion. Thus for "Typhoid fever" (1 a) reported upon the same certificate with "Cancer of the tongue" (39), the assignment would be to the latter; for "Typhoid fever" (1 a) and "Chronic Bright's disease" (120), the former would be preferred. Subdivisions of typhoid fever and of some other titles were found necessary in order to give greater precision to the assignment of individual terms. "Continued fever," a somewhat indefinite term, is compiled as typhoid fever, but is included in a separate subdivision (1 b) for this purpose; it is subordinate to title 120, for example, and not superior to it as is typhoid fever when stated definitely.

In the preceding example the title numbers are those of the First Revision (1900), although in many instances they correspond exactly to those of the Second Revision (1909). The detailed arrangement is not available for the latter nor was it practicable to maintain the subdivisions of titles, shown in the translation of the French version, for the many additional terms included in the present Manual.

On the next page may be seen a tentative arrangement of the titles of the Second Revision of the International List in which the general relations are indicated as they might appear to the mind of the compiler. It affords a bird's-eye view of the situation and might be made a fairly satisfactory basis of judgment in many cases. A title is to be preferred to any other situated below it, whether in the same or another column. It is evident that the cases of interference, namely, those in which several titles appear upon the same line, might be eliminated by expanding the table vertically so that a definite relation would be shown in each case. This is not necessary, however, for the mere purpose of illustration. Subdivisions also might be employed, as in the cases of cerebrospinal fever (61 a) and premature birth (151 a). Certain terms in residual titles (e.g., sleeping sickness in title 55) would have a much higher relative position than the average for the general title.

¹International Classification of Causes of Sickness and Death, 1910.

GENERAL ORDER OF PREFERENCE (TENTATIVE) OF THE TITLES OF THE DETAILED INTERNATIONAL LIST OF CAUSES OF DEATH, ARRANGED BY CLASSES. (Higher Cause Preferred.)

Ia.	Ib.	II.	III.	īv.	v.	VI.	VII.	VIII.	ıx.	X.	XI.	XII.	XIII.	XIV.
15 16 12 17 5 2 7 9 1 6 8 3 11	21 22 23 24 39-45 28-30 35 31-34	61a	80		111 104	100	137			150	151-		XIII 182-184 155-163 166 165 173 168 178	
8 3 11	57 58 50 51 52		80 79 77 78	92 91 89 90	102 108 109 113	120	134			150	151a		179 180 169 170 171 174 175	
4	53 26 46 27	62 63 64	81	93 88	103	121	}						181 167	
10		67 69	81 82	87 95	101 100 106	119 131	136						164	
18	25	00	•	96 97	117 112	129 123	130	142	146				172	
13 14	20 36 37				114 116 110	128 132	139				152		176	
19	56 59 49 38	61b	83	94	105 115	129 126 124	140	144	147		153		177	
	47	68 65 66 72	84	98	118 107	130 125	141	143			151b		185 186	
	48	60 73 74 75	85	86	99	127			148					
	54 55	75 76 70 71				133		145	149					
								140				154		187 188 189

Note.—Residual or group titles in *italics*. All deaths from violence, if the immediate and direct cause of death, to be considered as indicated by Class number (XIII).

No entirely mechanical system of procedure can, however, be devised for the satisfactory treatment of joint causes of death, although the general principles already discussed will, if carefully applied, give a certain amount of uniformity. The practice of the Bureau of the Census has been to depend upon a list of individual decisions, added to from time to time as new cases arose, and thus to insure uniformity of method. These decisions are arranged in the form of a card list, and are followed strictly for all combinations of terms that are found therein, subject to the limitations previously noted. An example may be given as follows:

Arteriosclerosis—Cirrhosis of liver 113.

Coma—Diabetes 50.

Cranial hæmorrhage 64.

Croupous pneumonia 92.

Cystitis 81.

Disease of brain 81.

kidneys 81.

Meningitis 81.

Nephritis 120.

etc.

The ultimate solution of the problem will depend probably upon a painstaking comparison and study of individual cases, with thorough investigation of the actual pathological relations. Neither the titles nor the subtitles can be treated as units, but the individual terms must be considered, together with the practice of the reporting physicians, and the information derived from special inquiries which should be undertaken more generally by registration offices. Reference may be made to a proposed general method whereby the process of decision as to the choice of two causes of death jointly returned is reduced to two factors, namely, (1) the relative importance of the titles under which the terms would fall if returned separately, and (2) the validity of each term as properly belonging to the title assigned. Each of these factors might be represented by a rating number on a convenient scale, and the product of these numbers for each term would then represent its relative value as a preferred cause of death. Thus, for the same causes taken as examples on page 25, this method could be applied as follows:

1. Typhoid fever (rating of importance=10).

This title includes:

Continued fever (rating of validity=4). Typhoid fever (10).

89. Cancer and other malignant tumors of the buccal cavity (9.8).

This title includes:

Cancer of tongue (10).

120. Bright's disease (9).

This title includes:

Chronic Bright's disease (10).

¹ Census pamphlet No. 105, Statistical Treatment of Causes of Death; also Journal of the American Medical Association, Aug. 15, 1903.

The product of the rating numbers or relative weights for each term may be expressed conveniently as a superior in the Index, so that it would be necessary only to turn to each of two joint causes therein to ascertain the assignment of each and the preferred assignment when returned together:

> Cancer of tongue 98 Continued fever 40 1 Chronic Bright's disease 90 120 Typhoid fever 100 1

This method, tested by practical application to a large mass of returns, has been found to give results closely in accordance with those obtained by reference to the lists of decisions; to be capable of adjustment, and to afford also a definite basis for recommendations as to the inclusion or exclusion of terms from various titles in the next general revision of the system. The labor incident to the inclusion of the many new terms in the present edition of the Manual precluded the introduction of this method. It is, besides, more important that the method be considered as a possible plan for international use than that it be adopted by a single national office.

DETAILED AND ABRIDGED INTERNATIONAL LISTS OF CAUSES OF DEATH.

The International Commission prepared detailed and abridged lists for (1) morbidity and (2) mortality statistics, together with a list of causes of intrauterine death (stillbirths). These may be found in the previously published "International Classification of Causes of Sickness and Death," and reference may be made also to the Bellevue Nomenclature and to the list of diseases employed by the Surgeon General of the United States Army, who has employed the International Classification for hospital statistics since 1903. The following comparison relates solely to the detailed and abridged international lists as employed for mortality statistics:

Death.

I.—GENERAL DISEASES.

- 1. Typhoid fever
- 2. Typhus fever
- 3. Relapsing fever
- 4. Malaria
 - 4a. Including: Malarial cachexia
- 5. Smallpox
- 6. Measles
- 7. Scarlet fever
- 8. Whooping cough
- 9. Diphtheria and croup 9a. Including: Coup

Detailed International List of Causes of | Abridged International List of Causes of Death.

(Title numbers of detailed list included as shown in parentheses.)

- 1. Typhoid fever (1)
- 2. Typhus fever (2)
- 3. Malaria (4)
- 4. Smallpox (5)
- 5. Measles (6)
- 6. Scarlet fever (7)
- 7. Whooping cough (8)
- 8. Diphtheria and croup (9)

Detailed International List of Causes of Death—Continued.

I.—General Diseases—Continued.

- 10. Influenza
- 11. Miliary fever
- 12. Asiatic cholera
- 13. Cholera nostras
- 14. Dysentery
- 15. Plague
- 16. Yellow fever
- 17. Leprosy
- 18. Ervsipelas
- 19. Other epidemic diseases
- 20. Purulent infection and septichæmia
- 21. Glanders
- 22. Anthrax
- 23. Rabies
- 24. Tetanus
- 25. Mycoses
- 26. Pellagra
- 27. Beriberi
- 28. Tuberculosis of the lungs
- 29. Acute miliary tuberculosis
- 30. Tuberculous meningitis
- 31. Abdominal tuberculosis
- 32. Pott's disease
- 33. White swellings
- 34. Tuberculosis of other organs
- 35. Disseminated tuberculosis
- 36. Rickets
- 37. Syphilis
- 38. Gonococcus infection
- 39. Cancer and other malignant tumors of the buccal cavity
- 40. Cancer and other malignant tumors of the stomach, liver
- 41. Cancer and other malignant tumors of the periton rum, intestines, rectum
- 42. Cancer and other malignant tumors of the female genital organs
- 43. Cancer and other malignant tumors of the breast
- 44. Cancer and other malignant tumors of the skin
- 45. Cancer and other malignant tumors of other organs or of organs not specified
- 46. Other tumors (tumors of the female genital organs excepted)
- 47. Acute articular rheumatism
- 48. Chronic rheumatism and gout
- 49. Scurvy
- 50. Diabetes

Abridged International List of Causes of Death—Continued.

(Title numbers of detailed list included as shown in parentheses.)

- 9. Influenza (10)
- 10. Asiatic cholera (12)
- 11. Cholera nostras (13)
- 12. Other epidemic diseases (3, 11, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19)

- 13. Tuberculosis of the lungs (28, 29)
- 14. Tuberculous meningitis (30)
- 15. Other forms of tuberculosis (31, 32, 33, 34, 35)

16. Cancer and other malignant tumors (39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45)

Death-Continued.

I .- GENERAL DISEASES-Continued.

- 51. Exophthalmic goitre
- 52. Addison's disease
- 53. Leuchæmia
- 54. Anæmia, chlorosis
- 55. Other general diseases
- 56. Alcoholism (acute or chronic)
- .57. Chronic lead poisoning
- 58. Other chronic occupation poisonings
- 59. Other chronic poisonings

II.-DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM AND OF THE ORGANS OF SPECIAL SENSE.

- 60. Encephalitis
- 61. Simple meningitis 61a. Including: Cerebrospinal fever
- 62. Locomotor ataxia
- 63. Other diseases of the spinal cord
- 64. Cerebral hæmorrhage, apoplexy
- 65. Softening of the brain
- 66. Paralysis without specified cause
- 67. General paralysis of the insane
- 68. Other forms of mental alienation
- 69. Epilepsy
- 70. Convulsions (nonpuerperal)
- 71. Convulsions of infants
- 72. Chores
- 73. Neuralgia and neuritis
- 74. Other diseases of the nervous system
- 75. Diseases of the eyes and their annexa
- 76. Diseases of the ears

III.—DISEASES OF THE CIRCULATORY SYSTEM.

- 77. Pericarditis
- 78. Acute endocarditis
- 79. Organic diseases of the heart
- 80. Angina pectoris
- 81. Diseases of the arteries, atheroma, aneurysm, etc.
- 82. Embolism and thrombosis
- 83. Diseases of the veins (varices, hæmorrhoids, phlebitis, etc.)
- 84. Diseases of the lymphatic system (lymphangitis, etc.)
- 85. Hæmorrhage; other diseases of the circulatory system.

Detailed International List of Causes of | Abridged International List of Causes of Death-Continued.

(Title numbers of detailed list included as shown in parentheses.)

17. Simple meningitis (61)

18. Cerebral hæmorrhage and softening (64, 65)

19. Organic diseases of the heart (79)

Detailed International List of Causes of Death—Continued.

IV.—DISEASES OF THE RESPIRATORY SYSTEM.

- 86. Diseases of the nasal fossæ
- 87. Diseases of the larynx
- 88. Diseases of the thyreoid body
- 89. Acute bronchitis
- 90. Chronic bronchitis
- 91. Bronchopneumonia
- 92. Pneumonia
- 93. Pleurisy
- 94. Pulmonary congestion, pulmonary apoplexy
- 95. Gangrene of the lung
- 96. Asthma
- 97. Pulmonary emphysema
- 98. Other diseases of the respiratory system (tuberculosis excepted)

V.—DISEASES OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM.

- 99. Diseases of the mouth and annexa
- 100. Diseases of the pharynx
- 101. Diseases of the œsophagus
- 102. Ulcer of the stomach
- 103. Other diseases of the stomach (cancer excepted)
- 104. Diarrhœa and enteritis (under 2 years)
- Diarrhœa and enteritis (2 years and over)

105a. Including: Due to alcoholism

- 106. Ankylostomiasis
- 107. Intestinal parasites
- 108. Appendicitis and typhlitis
- 109. Hernia, intestinal obstruction
- 110. Other diseases of the intestines
- 111. Acute yellow atrophy of the liver
- 112. Hydatid tumor of the liver
- 110. Cimb i of the liver
- 113. Cirrhosis of the liver
 113a. Including: Due to alcoholism
- 114. Biliary calculi
- 115. Other diseases of the liver
- 116. Diseases of the spleen
- 117. Simple peritonitis (nonpuerperal)
- Other diseases of the digestive system (cancer and tuberculosis excepted)

Abridged International List of Causes of Death—Continued.

(Title numbers of detailed list included as shown in parentheses.)

- 20. Acute bronchitis (89)
- 21. Chronic bronchitis (90)
- 22. Pneumonia (92)
- Other diseases of the respiratory system (tuberculosis excepted) (86, 87, 88, 91, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98)
- 24. Diseases of the stomach (cancer excepted) (102, 103)
- Diarrhœa and enteritis (under 2 years)
 (104)
- 26. Appendicitis and typhlitis (108)
- 27. Hernia, intestinal obstruction (109)
- 28. Cirrhosis of the liver (113)

Detailed International List of Causes of Death—Continued.

VI.—Nonvenereal Diseases of the Genitourinary System and Annexa.

- 119. Acute nephritis
- 120. Bright's disease
- 121. Chyluria
- 122. Other diseases of the kidneys and annexa
- 123. Calculi of the urinary passages
- 124. Diseases of the bladder
- 125. Diseases of the urethra, urinary abcess, etc.
- 126. Diseases of the prostate
- 127. Nonvenereal diseases of the male genital organs
- 128. Uterine hæmorrhage (nonpuerperal)
- 129. Uterine tumor (noncancerous)
- 130. Other diseases of the uterus
- 131. Cysts and other tumors of the ovary
- 132. Salpingitis and other diseases of the female genital organs
- 133. Nonpuerperal diseases of the breast (cancer excepted)

VII.-THE PUERPERAL STATE.

- 134. Accidents of pregnancy
- 135. Puerperal hæmorrhage
- 136. Other accidents of labor
- 137. Puerperal septichæmia
- 138. Puerperal albuminuria and convulsions
- 139. Puerperal phlegmasia alba dolens, embolus, sudden death
- 140. Following childbirth (not otherwise defined)
- 141. Puerperal diseases of the breast
- VIII.—DISEASES OF THE SKIN AND OF THE CELLULAR TISSUE.
- 142. Gangrene
- 143. Furuncle
- 144. Acute abscess
- 145. Other diseases of the skin and annexa
- IX.—DISEASES OF THE BONES AND OF THE ORGANS OF LOCOMOTION.
- 146. Diseases of the bones (tuberculosis excepted)
- 147. Diseases of the joints (tuberculosis and rheumatism excepted)
- 148. Amputations
- 149. Other diseases of the organs of locomotion

Abridged International List of Causes of Death—Continued.

(Title numbers of detailed list included as shown in parentheses.)

29. Acute nephritis and Bright's disease (119, 120)

 Noncancerous tumors and other diseases of the female genital organs (128, 129, 130, 131, 132)

31. Puerperal septichæmia (puerperal fever, peritonitis) (137)

 Other puerperal accidents of pregnancy and labor (134, 135, 136, 138, 139, 140, 141)

Death-Continued.

X.—MALFORMATIONS.

150. Congenital malformations (stillbirths not included)

XI.-EARLY INFANCY

151. Congenital debility, icterus, and sclerema

152. Other causes peculiar to early infancy

153. Lack of care

XII.-OLD AGE.

154. Senility

XIII.—EXTERNAL CAUSES.

155. Suicide by poison

156. Suicide by asphyxia

157. Suicide by hanging or strangulation

158. Suicide by drowning

159. Suicide by firearms

160. Suicide by cutting or piercing instruments

161. Suicide by jumping from high places

162. Suicide by crushing

163. Other suicides

164. Poisoning by food

165. Other acute poisonings

166. Conflagration

167. Burns (conflagration excepted)

168. Absorption of deleterious gases (conflagration excepted)

169. Accidental drowning

170. Traumatism by firearms

171. Traumatism by cutting or piercing instruments

172. Traumatism by fall

173. Traumatism in mines and quarries

174. Traumatism by machines

175. Traumatism by other crushing (vehicles, railways, landslides, etc.)

176. Injuries by animals

177. Starvation

178. Excessive cold

179. Effects of heat

180. Lightning

181. Electricity (lightning excepted)

182. Homicide by firearms

183. Homicide by cutting or piercing instruments

184. Homicide by other means

185. Fractures (cause not specified)

186. Other external violence

Detailed International List of Causes of | Abridged International List of Causes of Death-Continued.

> (Title numbers of detailed list included as shown in parentheses.)

> 33. Congenital debility and malformations (150, 151)

34. Senility (154).

36. Suicide (155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163)

35. Violent deaths (suicide excepted) (164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186)

Death-Continued.

Detailed International List of Causes of | Abridged International List of Causes of Death-Continued.

(Title numbers of detailed list included as shown in parentheses.)

37. Other diseases (20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 36, 37, 38, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 62, 63, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 99, 100, 101, 105, 106, 107, 110, 111, 112, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 133, 142, 143. 144. 145. 146, 147, 148, 149, 152, 153)

XIV.—ILL DEFINED DISEASES.

187. Ill defined organic disease

188. Sudden death

189. Cause of death not specified or ill

38. Unknown or ill defined diseases (187,

The abridged International List is thus seen to be simply a selection of some of the most important titles of the detailed International List, and is intended for use when the more complete list can not be presented and as a minimum for the general statement of causes of death. Upon the same principle other condensed lists may be formed for various purposes, the only essential requirement being that the definite inclusion of each title of such condensed lists be clearly stated.

In the French version and its translation a double reference is given for each term in the Index, one to the detailed and the other to the abridged classification. As the abridged list can be constructed readily from the assignments to the detailed list by simply grouping all title numbers corresponding to the various abridged heads, it has seemed preferable in the Index of the present work to give only the single reference to the detailed list. One advantage of this procedure is that the same term will have associated with it only a single code or editing number, thus avoiding some liability to error. With tabulation by punched cards such double assignments are quite unnecessary, since the cards are readily grouped in any combination.

SUGGESTIONS TO PHYSICIANS AND REGISTRARS IN REGARD TO REPORTING CAUSES OF DEATH.

Satisfactory statements of causes of death can be obtained only by means of a high degree of cooperation between members of the medical profession and the registration authorities. It is desirable that physicians appreciate the importance of exact statements of causes of death and realize, by means of study of the statistical results, how certain forms of reports may lead to misunderstanding and inaccuracy. An essential requirement is that the blanks employed for the statement of causes of death be uniform, as otherwise specific instructions can not readily be given. A very satisfactory result of the general adoption of the United States Standard Certificate of Death, as recommended by the American Public Health Association and approved by the Bureau of the Census, is that uniform instructions 1 are now employed for a very large proportion of the registration area.

In order to familiarize physicians with the general features of the International List of Causes of Death, a vest-pocket booklet 2 was prepared and distributed directly to all physicians of the United States, as well as to many thousands of local registrars through their state registration offices. The International List contains many indefinite and unsatisfactory titles, so that without special caution as to the use of undesirable terms it could not be submitted as an example of how deaths should be reported. To some extent this is indicated by the styles of type in the detailed list contained therein:

INTERNATIONAL LIST OF CAUSES OF DEATH.

In reporting causes of death upon certificates of death the physician is requested to read carefully the instructions upon the back of the certificate (see Standard Certificate of Death) and enter, first, THE NAME OF THE DISEASE CAUSING DEATH; second, the name of the contributory (secondary) cause, if any; and, third, the duration of each cause. (If death was influenced by occupation, please see that kind of work and industry are correctly stated.) In naming the disease causing death it is urgently recommended that the exact names printed in bold-faced type in the List below be employed, whenever they are applicable, and that no other terms be used instead. Thus always write Typhoid. fovor; not sometimes Typhoid fever, sometimes Enteric fever, or "Continued fever," "Typho-malarial fever," etc. Of course many diseases are not given in the terms in bold-faced type below, but only the most important ones. For others, any terms recommended by the Nomenclature of Diseases of the Royal College of Physicians, London (fourth edition, 1906), or the Nomenclature of Diseases and Conditions of Bellevue and Allied Hospitals, New York (last edition, 1911), may be used. Terms printed in italics are indefinite or otherwise undestrable, and should never be used when a more definite statement can be given. "Heart failure," for example, is simply equivalent to cause of death unknown. "Convulsions," "Marasmus," "Debility." "Old age," are terms of this character. Please aid in the improvement of our vital statistics by using only precise and definite terms.

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(I .- GENERAL DISEASES.)
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- 1. Typhoid fever.
- 2. Typhus fever.
 3. Relapsing fever. [Insert "(spirillum)."]
 4. Malaria.
- 5. Smallpox.
- 6. Measle
- 7. Scarlet fever.

- 8. Whooping cough.
 9. Diphtheria and croup.
 10. Influenza.
 11. Milary fever. [True Febris miliaris only.]
 12. Asiatic cholera.
- 13. Cholera nostras. 14. Dysentery.

¹ See the minimum instructions contained on the reverse side of the United States Standard Certificate. of Death, p. 22.

Physicians' Pocket Reference to the International List of Causes of Death.

(I.-GENERAL DISEASES)-Continued.

German measure,
Chicken-por,
Rocky Mountain spotted (tick) fever,
Giandular fever, etc.
20. Purulent infection and septichemia. [State
also cause; see Classes VII and XIII especially.]
21. Glanders.

22. Anthrax. 23. Rabies.

24. Tetanus. [State also cause; see Class XIII.] 25. Mycoses. [Specify, as Actinomycosis of lung,

26. Pellagra

27. Beriberi. 28. Tuberculosis of the lungs

29. Acute miliary tuberculosis. 30. Tuberculous meningitis. 31. Abdominal tuberculosis.

Pott's disease. [Preferably Tuberculosis of spine.]
33. White swellings. [Preferably Tuberculosis of

— joint.]

34. Tuberculosis of other organs. [Specify organ.]

85. Disseminated tuberculosis. [Specify organs affected.]

26. Rickets.

37. Syphilis. 38. Gonococcus infection.

Cancer 1 of the buccal cavity. [State part.]
 Cancer 1 of the stomach, liver.
 Cancer 1 of the peritonsum, intestines, rec-

tum

42. Cancer 1 of the female genital organs. [State organ.]
43. Cancer of the breast.
44. Cancer of the skin. [State part.]
45. Cancer of other organs or of organs not specified.

45. Cancer 1 of older organs or by organs not specifies.

[State organ.]
46. Other tumors (tumors of the female genital organs excepted.) [Name kind of tumor and organ affected. Malignant?]
47. Acute articular rheumatism.
48. Chronic rheumatism and gout. [Preferably Arthritis deformans.]

49. Scurvy.
50. Diabetes. [Diabetes mellitus.]
51. Exophthalmic goltre.
52. Addison's disease.

53. Leuchamia

55. Ansemia, chlorosis. [State form or cause.]
55. Other general diseases:
Diabetes insipidus,

Purpura hamorrhagica, etc.
56. Alcoholism (acute or chronic).
57. Chronic lead poisoning. [State cause. Occupational?

pationary

58. Other chronic occupation poisonings:

Phosphorus poisoning (match factory).

Marcury poisoning (felt hat factory), etc.

59. Other chronic poisonings:

Chronic morphinism,

Chronic cocainism, etc.

(II.—DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM AND OF THE ORGANS OF SPECIAL SENSE.)

60. Encephalitis.

Cerebrospinal fever or Epidemic cerebro-spinal meningitis, Simple meningitis. [State cause.]

62. Locomotor ataxia.
63. Other diseases of the spinal cord:

Acute anterior poliomyelitis,

Paralysis agitans, Chronic spinal muscular atrophy, Primary lateral sclerosis of spinal cord,

64. Cerebral hemorrhage, apoplery.
65. Softening of the brain. [State cause.]
66. Paralysis without specified cause. [State form or

General paralysis of the insane.

68. Other forms of mental alienation. [Name disease causing death. Form of insanity should be named as CONTRIBUTORY CAUSE only [Name unless it is actually the disease causing death.]

69. Epilepsy.
70. Convulsions (nonpuerperal). [State cont. Convulsions of injunts. [State cause.] [State cause.]

72. Chorea.

73. Neuralgia and neuritis. [State cause.] 74. Other diseases of the nervous system.

the disease.]

75. Diseases of the eyes and their annexa. [Name the disease.]
76. Diseases of the ears. [Name the disease.]

(III.-DISEASES OF THE CIRCULATORY SYSTEM.)

77. Pericarditis. [Acute or chronic; rheumatic (47), etc.]
78. Acute endocarditis. [Cause?]
79. Organic diseases of the heart: [Name the dis-

Chronic valvular disease, [Name the dis-

Acrtic insufficience Chronic endocarditis,

Fatty degeneration of heart, etc.

80. Angina pectoris.

- 81. Diseases of the arteries, atheroma, aneuryem. 82. Embolism and thrombosis. [State organ.
- Puerperal (139)?]
 83. Diseases of the veins (varices, hamorrhoids,

Diseases of the veins (varices, harmorrhoids, phlebitis, etc.).
 Diseases of the lymphatic system (lymphangitis, etc.). [Cause? Puerperal?]
 Harmorrhage; other diseases of the circulatory system. [Cause? Pulmonary harmorrhage from Tuberculosis of lungs (28)? Puerperal?]

(IV .- DISEASES OF THE RESPIRATORY SYSTEM.)

86. Diseases of the nasal fossæ. [Name disease.] 87. Diseases of the larynx. [Name disease. Diphtheritic?

theritic?

88. Diseases of the thyreoid body. [Name disease.]

89. Acute bronchitis. \[[Always state as acute

90. Chronic bronchitis.] or chronic.]

91. Bronchopneumonia. [If secondary, give pri-

mary cause. 992. Pneumonia. [If lobar, report as Lobar pneumonia.] 93. Pleurisy. [If tuberculous, so report (28).]

94. Pulmonary congestion, pulmonary apoplexy.

[Cause?]
95. Gangrene of the lung.

96. Asthma. [Tuberculosis?]

Astama. [Intercutess?]
 Pulmonary emphysema.
 Other diseases of the respiratory system (tuberculosis excepted). [Such indefinite returns as "Lung trouble," "Pulmonary hamorrhage," etc., compiled here, vittate statistics. Tuberculosis of lungs (28)? Name the disease.]

^{1 &}quot;Cancer and other malignant tumors." Preferably reported as Carcinoma of ---, Sarcoma of Epithelioms of ---, etc., stating the exact nature of the neoplasm and the organ or part of the body first affected.

(V .- DISEASES OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM.)

- 99. Diseases of the mouth and annexa. [Name] disease.]
- of the pharvnx. [Name disease. 100. Diseases Diphtheritic?
- Diphtheritie?]

 101. Diseases of the esophagus. [Name disease.]

 102. Ulcer of the stomach.

 103. Other diseases of the stomach (cancer excepted). [Name disease. Avoid such indefinite terms as "Stomach trouble," "Dyspepsia," "Indigestion," "Gastritis," etc., when used vaguely.]

 104. Diarrhosa and enteritis (under 2 years).

 105. Diarrhosa and enteritis (2 years and over).

 106. Ankylostomiasis. [Better, for the United States, Hookworm disease or Uncinariasis.]

- 107. Intestinal parasites. [Name species.]

- 119. Acute nephritis. [State cause, especially if due to Scarlet fever, etc.]
 120. Bright's disease. [Better, Chronic Bright's disease, Chronic interstitial nephritis, Chronic pareachymatous nephritis, etc. Never report mere names of symptoms, as "Uramia," "Uramia coma," etc.]
 121. Charles
- 121. Chyluria. 122. Other diseases of the kidneys and annexa.
- [Name disease.]

 123. Calculi of the urinary passages. [Name blad-
- der, kidney.]
 124. Diseases of the bladder. [Name disease.]
 125. Diseases of the urethra, urinary abscess
- [Name disease. Gonorrhosal (38)?]

- 108. Appendicitis and typhitis.
 109. Hernia, intestinal obstruction. [State form and whether strangulated. Include only organic intestinal obstruction.]
- 110. Other diseases of the intestines. Name dis-
- 111. Acute yellow atrophy of the liver.
 112. Hydatid tumor of the liver.
 113. Cirrhosis of the liver.

- 114. Biliary calculi.
 115. Other diseases of the liver. ["Liver complaint" is not a satisfactory return.]
 116. Diseases of the spleen. [Name disease.]

- 110. Diseases of the Spreen. [Name disease.]
 117. Simple peritonitis (nonpuerperal). [Give cause.]
 118. Other diseases of the digestive system (cancer and tuberculosis excepted). [Name disease.]

(VI.—Nonvenereal Diseases of the Genito-Urinary System and Annexa.)

- 126. Diseases of the prostate. [Name disease.]
 127. Nonvenereal diseases of the male genital organs. [Name disease.]
 128. Uterine hamorrhage (nonpuerperal).

- 129. Uterine tumor (noncanoerous). [State kind.]
 130. Other diseases of the uterus. [Name disease.]
 131. Cysts and other tumors of the ovary. [State
- 132. Salpingitis and other diseases of the female genital organs. [Name disease. Gonorrheeal (38)?]
- 133. Nonpurperal diseases of the breast (cancer excepted). [Name disease.]

(VII .- THE PUERPERAL STATE.)

NOTE.—The term puerperal is intended to include pregnancy, parturition, and lactation. Whenever parturition or miscarriage has occurred within one month before the death of the patient, the fact should be certified, even though childbirth may not have contributed to the fatal issue. Whenever a woman of childbearing age, especially if married, is reported to have died from a disease which might have been puerperal, the local registrar should require an explicit statement from the reporting physician as to whether the disease was or was not puerperal in character. The following diseases and symptoms are of this class:

A bacess of the breast, A lbuminuria, Metroperitonitis, Metrorrhagia. Cellulitis, Pelviperitonitis, Peritonitis, Phlegmasia alba dolens, Phlebitis, Coma, Convulsions, Eclampsia, Embolism, Pyzmia, Septichzmia, Sudden death, Emotism, Gastritis, Hæmorrhage (uterine or unqualified), Lymphangitis, Metritis, Tetanus, Thrombosis.

Physicians are requested always to write Puerperal before the above terms and others that might be puerperal in character, or to add in parentheses (Mot puerperal), so that there may be no possibility of error in the compilation of the mortality statistics; also to respond courteously to the requests

of the local registrars for additional information when, inadvertently, the desired data are omitted. The value of such statistics can be greatly improved by cordial cooperation between the medical prefession and the registration officials. If a physician will not write the true statement of puerperal character on the certificate, he may privately communicate that fact to the local or state registrar, or write the number of the International List under which the death should be compiled, e. g., "Peritonitis (137)."

- 134. Accidents 1 of pregnancy: [Name the condition.]
 - Abortion, [Term not used in invidious sense: Criminal abortion should be so specified (184).]
- Miscarriage,
 Ectopic gestation,
 Tabal pregnamey, etc.
 135. Puerperal kemorrhage.
 136. Other accidents 1 of labor: [Name the condition.]
 - Cesarean section, Forceps application, Breech presentation, Symphysectomy, Difficult labor,
- Rupture of uterus in labor, etc. 137. Puerperal septichemia. 138. Puerperal albuminuria and convulsions.
- 139. Puerperal phiegmasia alba delens, embolus, sudden death.
- 140. Following childbirth (not otherwise defined). Define
- 141. Puerperal diseases of the breast.

(VIII .- DISEASES OF THE SKIN AND CELLULAR TISSUE.)

- [State part affected, Diabetic | 142. Gangrene. (50), etc.] 143. Furuncie.
- 144. Acute abscess. [Name part affected, nature, or
- cause.]
 145. Other diseases of the skin and annexa. [Name disease. 1

In the sense of conditions or operations dependent upon pregnancy or labor, not "accidents" from external causes.

(IX.—DISEASES OF THE BONES AND OF THE ORGANS OF LOCOMOTION.)

146. Diseases of the bones (tuberculosis excepted); | [Name disease.]
Osteoperiostitis, [Give cause.] Osteomyelitis,

Mecrosis, [Give cause,]

Mastoiditis, etc. [Following Otitis media

147. Diseases of the joints (tuberculosis and rheuma tism excepted). [Name disease; always specify Acute articular rheumatism (47), Arth-

ritis deformans (48), Tuberculosis of —
joint (38), etc., when cause is known.]

in putations. [Name disease or injury requiring amputation, thus permitting proper as-

signment elsewhere.]

149. Other diseases of the organs of locomotion.
[Name disease.]

(X.-MALFORMATIONS.)

150. Congenital malformations (stillbirths not included): [Do not include Acquired hydrocephalus (74) or Tuberculous hydrocephalus (Tuberculous meningitis) (30) under this head.] Congenital hydrocephalus, Congenital malformation of heart, Spina bifida, etc.

(XI.-EARLY INFANCY.)

151. Congenital debility, icterus, and scierema: | 152. Other causes peculiar to early infancy: Umbilical hamorrhage, Premature birth.

Atrophy, [Give cause.]

Marasmus, [Give cause.]

Inanition, etc. [Give cause.]

Atelectasis.

Injury by forceps at birth, etc. 153. Lack of care.

(XII.-OLD AGE.)

154. Senility. [Name the disease causing the death of the old person.]

(XIII.—EXTERNAL CAUSES.)

NOTE.—Coroners, medical examiners, and physicians who certify to deaths from violent causes. should always clearly indicate the fundamental distinction of whether the death was due to Accident, Suicide, or Homicide; and then state the Means or instrument of death. The qualification "probably" may be added when necessary.

155. Suicide by poison. [Name poison.]
156. Suicide by asphyxia. [Name means of death.]
157. Suicide by hanging or strangulation. [Name means of strangulation.]
158. Suicide by drowning.
159. Suicide by drowning or piercing instruments. [Name instrument.]
159. Suicide by the proper from high places. [Name instrument.]

161. Suicide by jumping from high places. [Name

161. Suicide by jumping a low man.

place.]
162. Suicide by crushing. [Name means.]
163. Other suicides. (Name means.]
164. Poisoning by food. [Name kind of food.]
165. Other acute poisonings. [Name poison; specify Accidental.]
166. Confiagration. [State fully, as Jumped from window of burning dwelling, Smothered—burning of theater, Forest fire, etc.]
167 Burns (confiagration excepted). [Includes

167. Burns (confiagration excepted). [Includes Scalding.]
 168. Absorption of deleterious gases (conflagration

excepted):

Asphysia by illuminating gas (accidental), Inhalation of --- (accidental), [Name

Asphyria (accidental), [Name gas.]
Suffocation (accidental), etc. [Name gas.]
Accidental drowning.

170. Traumatism by firearms. [Specify Accidental.]

Traumatism by cutting or piercing instruments. [Name instrument. Specify Accidental.]

172. Traumatism by fall. [For example, Accidental fall from window.]
173. Traumatism in mines and quarries:
 Fall of rock in coal mine,
 Injury by blasting, slate quarry, etc.
174. Traumatism by machines. [Specify kind of machine, and if the Occupation is not fully given under that head, add sufficient to show the exact industrial character of the fatal injury. Thus, Crushed by passenger elevator; Struck by piece of emery wheel (knife grinder), etc.]
175. Traumatism by other crushing:
 Railway collision,
 Struck by street car,
 Automobile accident,
 Run over by dray,

Run over by dray, Crushed by earth in sewer excavation,

etc. 176. Injuries by animals. [Name animal.]
177. Starration. [Not "inanition" from disease.]
178. Excessive cold. [Freesing.]
179. Effects of heat. [Sunstroke.]

179. Effects of heat. [Sunstand.]
180. Lightning.
181. Electricity (lightning excepted). [How? Occupational?]
182. Homicide by firearms.
183. Homicide by cutting or piercing instrument. [Name instrument.]
184. Homicide by other means. [Name means.]
185. Fractures (cause not specified). [State means of injury. The nature of the lesion is necessary for hospital statistics, but not for general injury. The nature of the lesion is neces-sary for hospital statistics, but not for general

mortality statistics.

186. Other external violence:

Legal hanging,

Legal electrocution,

Accident, injury, or traumatism (unqualified). [State Means of injury.]

(XIV .- ILL DEFINED DISEASES.)

Note.—If physicians will familiarize themselves with the nature and purposes of the International List, and will cooperate with the registration authorities in giving additional information so that returns can be properly classified, the number of deaths compiled under this group will rapidly diminish, and the statistics will be more creditable to the office that compiles them and more useful to the medical profession and for sanitary purposes.

187. Ill defined organic disease: Dropsy. [Name the disease of the heart, liver, or kidneys in which the dropsy occurred.] Astites, etc.

Ascites, etc.

188. Sudden death. [Give cause. Puerperal?]

189. Cause of death not specified or ill defined. [It may be extremely difficult or impossible to determine definitely the cause of death in some cases, even if a post-mortem be granted. If the physician is absolutely unable to sat-

189. Cause of death not specified or ill defined—Continued.

Isfy himself in this respect, it is better for him to write Unknown than merely to guess at the cause. It will be helpful if he can specify a little further, as Unknown disease (which excludes external causes), or Unknown chronic disease (which excludes the acute infective diseases), etc. Even the ill defined causes included under this head are at least useful to a limited degree, and are preferable to no attempt at statement. Some of the old "chronics," which well-informed physicians are coming less and less to use, are the following: Ashyzic, Asthenia; Bilious fever; Cachezia; Cutarrhal fever; Collapse; Coma; Congestion; Cyanosis; Deblity; Delirium; Dentition; Dyspaca; Exhaustion; Fever; Gastrie fever; HEAR T FAIL UR E; Lagrotomy; Marasmus; Paralysis of the heart; Surjical sheck; and Teething. In many cases so reported the physician could state the disease (not mere symptom or condition) causing death.

LIST OF UNDESIRABLE TERMS.

As a result of the conference between the Committee on Nomenclature and Classification of Diseases appointed by the American Medical Association with committees of other national medical organizations and with medical representatives of the Army, Navy, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, and the Bureau of the Census, it was agreed:

That practical suggestions be framed relative to the reporting of causes of death and of sickness by physicians, and that a list of the most undesirable terms frequently employed be brought to their attention with the recommendation that they be disused.

In framing the following list of undesirable terms use has been made of the London Nomenclature, the Bellevue Nomenclature, and especially of the "Suggestions to Medical Practitioners respecting Certificates of Causes of Death," issued by the Registrar-General of England and Wales, which constitutes a part of the book of "Forms for Medical Certificates of the Cause of Death" employed in that country.

Undesirable Term.	
(It is understood that the term criticised is in the exact form given below, without further explanation or qualification.)	REASON WHY UNDESIRABLE, AND SUGGESTION FOR MORE DEFINITE STATEMENT OF CAUSE OF DEATH.
"Abocess"	May be tuberculous, gonorrheal, from appendicitis, etc., or relate to any part of the body. The return is worthless. State cause (in which case the fact of "abscess" may be quite unimportant) and location.
"Accident," "Injury," "External causes," "Violence." Also more specific terms, as "Drowning," "Gunshot," which might be either accidental, suicidal, or homicidal.	Impossible to classify satisfactorily. Always state (1) whether Accidental, Suiddal, or Homicidal; and (2) Means of injury (e. g., Railroad accident). The lesion (e. g., Fracture of skull) may be added, but is of secondary importance for general mortality statistics.
"A trophy," "Debility," "Decline," "Ex- haustion," "Inantion," "Weakness," and other vague terms.	Frequently cover tuberculosis and other definite causes. Name the disease causing the condition.

UNDERGRABLE TERM. (It is underdenoted that the term cittle deals in the exact form given below without further explanation or qualification.) (**One, **Congestion of the properties of the pr		
### Concepts of Congestion of bouels," "Congestion," "Congestion of bouels," "Congestion of brain," "Congestion of lange," "Congestion of lange, "Congestion of lange, "Congestion of lange," "Congestion of lange,	(It is understood that the term criticised is in the exact form given below,	REASON WHY UNDESIRABLE, AND SUGGESTION FOR MORE DEFINITE STATEMENT OF CAUSE OF DEATH.
Congestion?* Congestion of boxels." **Congestion of brain.*** Congestion of kidneys.** Congestion aboutle not be restricted to those cases in which the true cause of that symptom can not be assertained. At present more than 11 per cent of the total deaths of infants under 1 year old The Chicago Health Department networks to accept this term. **Crowp**		
"Congestion of fungs," "Congestion of lungs," etc. "It is almost equally undesirable. If the disease amounted to- inflammation, use the proper term (pensumoin, suphritis, enteritis, etc.); merely passive congestion should not be ascertained. "It is hoped that this indefinite term will henceforth be restricted to those cases in which the true cause of that symptom can not be ascertained. At present more than It is not be the proper term (in the proper term of the term of the term of the term of the proper term of the term of the proper term of the term of the proper term of t		
restricted to those cases in which the true cause of that symptom can not be ascertained. At present more than 11 per cent of the total deaths of infants under 1 year old are referred to "consultions" more than 11 per cent of the total deaths of infants under 1 year old are referred to "consultions" merely."—Registra-General. The Chicago Health Department refuses to accept this statement, and has entirely chiminated this indefinite return. "Croup"	"Congestion," "Congestion of bowels," "Congestion of brain," "Congestion of kidneys," "Congestion of lungs," etc.	it is almost equally undesirable. If the disease amounted to- inflummation, use the proper term (pneumonia, nephritis, enteritis, etc.); merely passive congestion should not be reported as a cause of death when the primary disease can be
of view, is not contained in any form in the London or Bellevue Normenclatures, and should be entirely disused. Write Diphtheria when this disease is the cause of death. "Dropsy" should never be returned as the cause of death with out particulars as to its probable origin, e.g., in disease of the heart, liver, kidneys, and death. "Fracture," "Fracture of skull," etc Indefinite; the principle of classification for general mortality statistics is not the lesson but (1) the nature of the violence that produced it (Accidental, Buildidal, Homieldal), and (2) the Means of signey. "Gastritis," "Acute indigestion" Frequently worthless as a statement of the actual cause of death; the terms should not be loosely used to cover almost any fattal affection with irritation of stomach. "Heart disease," "Heart trouble," even "Organic neart trouble." "Gardiac weakness," "Cardiac weakness," "Wart failure," "Cardiac stakente," "Paralysis of the heart," etc The state clearly the exact form of the cardiac affection, as Kitral ragargitations, Acrtis reteness, or ena ex Vairy-lar heart," etc. "Heart failure," "Paralysis of the heart," etc The state of the cause of death on the part of the physician can make no more definite statement, if the physician can make no more definite statement, if must be compiled emong the class of ill defined diseases (not under Organic heart disease). "Hemorrhage," "Hemophysis". "Hemorrhage," "Hemophysis". "Frequently mask tuberculosis or deaths from injuries (trau match hemography), Paerperal hemography, Paerperal hemograp	" Convulsions"	restricted to those cases in which the true cause of that symptom can not be ascertained. At present more than 11 per cent of the total deaths of infants under 1 year old are referred to 'convulsions' merely."—Registrar-General. The Chicago Health Department refuses to accept this state-
out particulars as to its probable origin, e.g., in disease of the heart, liver, kidneys, act."—Registror-General. Name the disease causing (the dropsy and) death. "Fracture," "Fracture of skull," etc	•	of view, is not contained in any form in the London or Bellevue Nomenciatures, and should be entirely disused. Write
statistics is not the lesion but (1) the nature of the violence that produced it (Accidental, Suicidal, Romicidal), and (2) the Means of injury. Frequently worthless as a statement of the actual cause of death; the terms should not be loosely used to cover almost any fatal affection with irritation of stomach. Heart disease," "Heart trouble," even "Organic weart trouble." Heart failure, "Cardiac weakness," "Cardiac weakness," "Cardiac asthents," "Paralysis of the heart disease, rather than to use the less precise language. Heart failure," "Cardiac weakness," "Heart failure" is a recognized synonym, even among the laity, for ignorance of the cause of death on the part of the physician. Such a return is forbidded by law in Connecticut; if the physician can make no more definite statement, it must be compiled among the class of ill defined disease. (not under Organic heart disease). Frequently mask tuberculosis or deaths from injuries (traumatic hemorrhage," "Hæmoptysis". "Hydrocephalus". "It is desirable that deaths from hydrocephalus of tuberculous origin should be definitely assigned in theocertificate to Tuberculous meningitis, so as to distinguish them from deaths caused by simple infiammation or other disease of the brain or its membranes. Congenital hydrocephalus should always be returned as such."—Registrar-General. Hydrocephalus". Frequently mask tuberculosis or deaths from hydrocephalus should always be returned as such."—Registrar-General. See Operation. This term is sometimes used for paralysis of infants caused by instrumental delivery, etc. The importance of the disease in its present endemic and epidemic prevalence in the Onited States makes the exact and unmistakable expressions Acute auterior polionayelitis) desirable. "Infammation". Of what organ or part of the body? Cause? "Leparatomy". Should be restricted to use as qualification for neoplasms; see	"Dropsy"	out particulars as to its probable origin, e. g., in disease of the heart, liver, kidneys, etc."—Registrar-General. Name the
death; the terms should not be loosely used to cover almost any fatal affection with irritation of stomach. "Heart disease," "Heart trouble," even "Organic neart trouble." Some cavil at the probable correctness of such returns, and it is better to state clearly the exact form of the cardiac affection, as Mitral regurgitation, Aertis stancia, or even as Valvalar and the disease, rather than to use the less precise language. "Heart failure," "Cardiac weakness," "Heart failure," "Paralysis of the heart," etc. "Heart failure," "Paralysis of the heart," is forbidden by law in Connecticut; if the physician can make no more definite statement, it must be compiled among the class of lill defined diseases (not under Organic heart disease). "Hemorrhage," "Hemophysis". Frequently mask tuberculosis or deaths from injuries (trau matic hamorrhage, Puerperal hemocrhage, or hemorrhage after operation for various conditions. Hame the disease causing death in the course of which the "Hemorrhage" was an incident. "Hydrocephalus" "It is desirable that deaths from hydrocephalus of tuberculous origin should be definitely assigned in theocrificate to Taberculous manigitis, so as to distinguish them from deaths caused by simple inflammation or other disease of the brain or its membranes. Congenital hydrocephalus should always be returned as such."—Registrar-General. "Hysterectomy" See Operation. "Infantile paralysis" Of what organ or part of the body? Cause? "Lapsrotomy" See Operation. "Malignent," "Jalignest disease" Should be restricted to use as qualification for neoplasms; see	"Fracture," "Fracture of skull," etc	statistics is not the lesion but (1) the nature of the violence that produced it (Accidental, Suicidal, Homicidal), and
"Heart failure," "Cardiac weakness," "Cardiac asthenia," "Parelysis of the heart," etc. "Heart failure" is a recognized synonym, even among the laity, for ignorance of the cause of death on the part of the physician. Such a return is forbidden by law in Connecticut; if the physician can make no more definite statement, it must be compiled among the class of ill defined diseases (not under Organic heart disease). "Hæmorrhage," "Hæmoptysis". "Hæmorrhage," "Hæmoptysis". "Hydrocephalus". "Hydrocephalus". "It is desirable that deaths from hydrocephalus of tuberculous origin should be definitely assigned in theoerificate to Taberculous meningitis, so as to distinguish them from deaths caused by simple inflammation or other disease of the brain or its membranes. Congenital hydrocephalus should always be returned as such."—Registrar-General. "Hysterectomy". "Infantile paralysis". This term is sometimes used for paralysis of infants caused by instrumental delivery, etc. The importance of the disease in its present endemic and epidemic prevalence in the United States makes the exact and unmistakable expressions Acute anterior pollomyelitis or infantile paralysis (acute anterior pollomyelitis) desirable. "Infanmation". "Laparotomy". See Operation. "Malignant," "Jalignant disease". Should be restricted to use as qualification for neoplasms; see	"Gastritis," "Acute indigestion"	death; the terms should not be loosely used to cover almost
### Buch a return is forbidden by law in Connecticut; if the physician can make no more definite statement, it must be compiled among the class of ill defined diseases (not under Organic heart disease). ###################################	"Heart disease," "Heart trouble," even "Organic neart trouble."	is better to state clearly the exact form of the cardiac affection, as Mitral regurgitation, Aertic stenosis, or even as Valvular heart disease, rather than to use the less precise lan-
matic hamorrhage). Fuerperal hamorrhage, or hamorrhage after operation for various conditions. Hame the disease causing death in the course of which the "Hamorrhage" was an incident. "Hydrocephalus" "It is desirable that deaths from hydrocephalus of tuberculous origin should be definitely assigned in theoertificate to Tuberculous meningitis, so as to distinguish them from deaths caused by simple inflammation or other disease of the brain or its membranes. Congenital hydrocephalus should always be returned as such."—Registrar-General. "Hysterectomy" Bee Operation. "Infantile paralysis" This term is sometimes used for paralysis of infants caused by instrumental delivery, etc. The importance of the disease in its present endemic and epidemic prevalence in the United States makes the exact and unmistakable expressions Acute anterior pollomyelitis or Infantile paralysis (acute anterior pollomyelitis) desirable. "Infammation" Of what organ or part of the body? Cause? "Laparotomy" See Operation. "Malignant," "Jalignant disease" Should be restricted to use as qualification for neoplasms; see	"Heart failure" "Cardiac weakness," "Cardiac asthenia," "Paralysis of the heart," etc.	for ignorance of the cause of death on the part of the physician. Such a return is forbidden by law in Connecticut; if the physician can make no more definite statement, it must be compiled among the class of ill defined diseases (not under Organic
origin should be definitely assigned in theoretificate to Tuber- culous meaningtits, so as to distinguish them from deaths caused by simple inflammation or other disease of the brain or its membranes. Congenital hydrocophalus should always be returned as such."—Registrar-General. #Hysterectomy". Bee Operation. This term is sometimes used for paralysis of infants caused by instrumental delivery, etc. The importance of the disease in its present endemic and epidemic prevalence in the United States makes the exact and epidemic prevalence in the United States makes the exact and unmistakable expressions Acute anterior pollomyelitis or Infantile paralysis (acute ante- rior pollomyelitis) desirable. #Halsmantion". Of what organ or part of the body? Cause? #Lapsrotomy". See Operation. Should be restricted to use as qualification for neoplasms; see	"Hæmorrhage," "Hæmoptysis"	matic hemorrhage), Puerperal hemorrhage, or hemorrhage after operation for various conditions. Name the
"Infantile paralysis" This term is sometimes used for paralysis of infants caused by instrumental delivery, etc. The importance of the disease in its present endemic and epidemic prevalence in the United States makes the exact and unmistakable expressions Acute anterior pollomyelitis or Infantile paralysis (acute anterior pollomyelitis) desirable. "Infammation" Of what organ or part of the body? Cause? "Lapsrotomy" See Operation. "Malignant," "Jalignant disease" Should be restricted to use as qualification for neoplasms; see	" Hydrocephalus"	origin should be definitely assigned in theoretificate to Tuber- culous meningitis, so as to distinguish them from deaths caused by simple inflammation or other disease of the brain
"Inflammation"	"Hysterectomy"	See Operation.
"Inflammation"	" Infantile paralysis"	This term is sometimes used for paralysis of infants caused by instrumental delivery, etc. The importance of the disease in its present endemic and epidemic prevalence in the United States makes the exact and unmistakable expressions Acute anterior poliomyelitis or Infantile paralysis (acute anterior poliomyelitis) desirable.
"Malignant," "Jalignant disease" Should be restricted to use as qualification for neoplasms; see	4 Inflammation"	
"Malignant," "Jalignant disease" Should be restricted to use as qualification for neoplasms; see Tumor.	"Laparotomy"	See Operation.
	"Malignant," "Jalignant disease"	Should be restricted to use as qualification for neoplasms; see Tumor.

Undestrable Term.		
(It is understood that the term criti- cised is in the exact form given below, without further explanation or qualifica- tion.)	REASON WHY UNDESERABLE, AND SUGGRESSION FOR MORE DEFINITE STATEMENT OF CAUSE OF DEATH.	
"Marasmus"	This term covers a multitude of worthless returns, many of which could be made definite and useful by giving the name of the disease causing the "marasmus" or wasting. It has been dropped from the English Nomenclature since 1885 ("Marasmus, term no longer used"). The Bellevue Hospital Nomenclature also omits this term.	
"Meningitis," "Cerebral meningitis," "Cerebrospinal meningitis," "Spinal meningitis,"	Only two terms should ever be used to report deaths from Cerebrospinal fever, synonym, Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis, and they should be written as above and in no other way. It matters not in the use of the latter term whether the disease be actually epidemic or not in the locality. A single sporadic case should be so reported. The first term (Cerebrospinal fever) is preferable because there is no apparent objection to its use for any number of cases. No one can intelligently classify such returns as are given in the margin. Mere terminal or symptomatic meningitis should not be entered at all as a cause of death; name the disease in which it occurred. Tuberculous maningitis should be reported as such.	
" Natural causes"	Coroners and justices of the peace may often be able to make a more definite return, although even this has value as alimi- nating external causes. What disease caused death?	
"Operation," "Surgical operation," "Surgical shock," "A inputation," "Hysterectomy," "Laparotemy," etc.	All these are entirely indefinite and unsatisfactory—unless the surgeon desires his work to be held primarily responsible for the death; in which case, as in some certificates actually returned, he may facilitate understanding by signing his name as the cause of death! Name the disease or form of external violence (Means of death; accidental, suicidal, or houseidalt).	
"Paralysis," "General paralysis," "Pere- sis," "General paresis," "Palsy," etc.	The vague use of these terms should be avoided, and the precise form stated, as Acute ascending paralysis, Paralysis agitams, Bulbar paralysis, etc. Write General paralysis of the insane in full, not omitting any part of the name; this is essential for satisfactory compilation of this cause. Distinguish Paraplegia and Hemiplegia; and in the latter, when a sequel of Apopiery or Gerebral hemorrhage, report the primary cause.	
"Peritonitis"	"Whenever this condition occurs—either as a consequence of Hernia, Perforating ulcer of the stomach or bowell Typkoid fever!]. Appendictis, or Metritis (puerperal or otherwise), or else as an extension of morbid processes from other organs [Name the disease], the fact should be mentioned in the certificate."—Registrar-General. Always specify Puerperalperitonitis in cases resulting from abortion, miscarriage, or labor as full term. When traumatic, report means of injury and whether accidental, suicidal, or homioidal.	
"Pneumonia," "Typhoid pneumonia"	"Pneumonia," without qualification, is indefinite; it should be clearly stated either as Bronchopneumonia or Lobar pneumonia. The terms Gronpous pneumonia and Lobular pneumonia are also clear, and the London Nomenclature provides for the variety Epidemic pneumonia. "The term 'Typhoid pneumonia' should never be employed, as it may mean either Enteric fever [Typhoid fever] with pulmonary complications, on the one hand, or Pneumonia with so-called typhoid symptoms on the other."—Registrar-General. When occurring in the course of or following a disease, the primary cause should be reported, as Pneumonia typhoid, Plague (pneumonia form), Measles followed by bronchopneumonia, Influenza (pneumonia), etc. Do not report "Hypostatic pneumonia" or other mere terminal conditions as causes of death when the disease causing death can be ascertained.	
"Ptomaine poisoning," "Autointoxication," "Toxemia," etc.	These terms are used very loosely and it is impossible to compile statistics of value unless greater precision can be obtained. "Ptomaine poisoning" should be restricted to deaths resulting from the development of putrefactive alkaleids or other poisons in food, and the food should be named, as Ptomaine poisoning (mussels), etc. Such terms should not be used when merely descriptive of symptoms or conditions arising in the course of diseases, but the disease causing death should alone be named.	

UNDESTRABLE TERM. (It is understood that the term criticised is in the exact form given below, without further explanation or qualification.)	REASON WHY UNDESTRABLE, AND SUGGESTION FOR MORE DEFINITE STATEMENT OF CAUSE OF DEATH.
4 Tabes mesenterica," " Tabes"	"The use of this term [" Tabes mesenterica"] to describe tuber- culous disease of the peritoneum or intestines should be discontinued, as it is frequently used to denote various other wasting diseases which are not tuberculous. Tuberculous peritonitis the better term to employ when the condition is due to tuberce!"—Registrar-General. Tabes dorsalis should not be abbreviated to "Tabes."
"Tuberculosis"	The organ or part of the body affected should always be stated, as Tuberculous of the lungs, Tuberculous of the spine, Tuberculous meningitis, Acute general miliary tuberculous, etc.
"Tumor," "Neoplasm," "New growth"	These terms should never be used without the qualifying words Malignant, Nonmalignant, or Benign. If malignant, they belong under Cancer, and should preferably be so reported, or under the more exact terms Carcinoms, Sarcoma, etc. In all cases the organ or part affected should be specified.
" Uremia"	Name the disease causing death.

By systematic inquiry relative to defective statements of cause of death much improvement can be made in the quality of the statistics. Such inquiry can be made by the local registrar or by the state registrar for returns that reach the central office of the state in unsatisfactory form. In Pennsylvania, for example, returns are examined carefully and a correction card employed:

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH. BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS.

The enclosed certificate is defective for the reason that the diseased condition necessitating an operation should always be given.

Please correct and return immediately, together with this card, in the accompanying stamped envelope.

WILMER R. BATT, M. D.,

State Registrar.

Note.—The words in italics are typewritten for the individual case. Other formulas employed are "the location of the cancer is not given;" "drowning should be given as accidental, suicidal, or homicidal," etc.

It is hardly necessary to say that much discretion and tact should be exercised in asking for additional information after the physician has, presumably, filled out carefully his statement of the cause of death, and that it is unwise to be too dogmatic concerning somewhat unsettled points of professional opinion. For example, the International List provides for the statement of "Acute nephritis" (119), but leading authorities declare that the terms acute, subacute, and chronic have lost their pathological and much of their clinical meaning, and may even be actually misleading. No objection, however, can be made in regard to questions relating to the more indefinite and ill defined forms of returns. The Registrar-General of England has made such inquiries for a number of years and the class of cases dealt with chiefly is shown by the following extract from a recent report (1908):

As in previous years inquiries have been sent to medical practitioners asking for further information respecting deaths certified as due to some indefinite condition. The number of cases thus dealt with was about 5,000.

The inquiries chiefly related to certificates of peritonitis, tumors of various organs, septichæmia, pyæmia, hydrocephalus, cerebrospinal meningitis, paralysis, convulsions and eclampsia.

The additional information obtained led to the transference of many of the deaths to more definite headings.

Inquiries were also sent relating to deaths described as due to carcinoma, sarcoma, or cancer, in which no mention was made of the organ or part affected, and as a result this information was supplied in the majority of these cases.

REFERENCES ON THE DEVELOPMENT AND USE OF THE INTERNATIONAL LIST OF CAUSES OF DEATH.

The following list is not exhaustive, but contains references to perhaps the most important publications relating to the development and use of the International List in its present form.

- (1) Développement et Explication des Rubriques de la Nomenclature des Causes de Décès adoptée par la Commission permanente de statistique de la ville de Paris. Par le Dr. Jacques Bertillon, chef des travaux de la statistique de la ville de Paris, membre du Conseil supérieur de statistique et du Comité consultatif d'hygiène publique de France. Paris: Imprimerie Municipale, 1890. [Extrait de l'Annuaire statistique de la ville de Paris pour l'année 1888.] This list consists of 161 titles (the subdivisions of tuberculosis, cancer, and suicide not being numbered separately) and was practically identical with the detailed lists given in (2) and (3). It was stated that the nomenclature was prepared in 1865 by a committee of distinguished physicians, and that it was revised in 1874, 1880, and finally in 1886.
- (2) Trois Projets de Nomenclature des Maladies (Causes de décès—Causes d'incapacité de travail) par le Dr. Jacques Bertillon, chef de la statistique de la ville de Paris. Bulletin de l'Institut International de Statistique, tome VIII, première livraison, p. 304. (Session of Chicago, 1893.) This was the report of the Comité de la nomenclature des professions dans le recensement et de la nomenclature des causes de décès, reconstituted in 1891 (Vienna session) and consisting of Messrs. Blenck, Bodio, Cheysson, Cook, Körösi, Levasseur, Loua, Ogle, Sidenbladh, Vannacque, and Bertillon (rapporteur). It is reprinted, practically without change, in the following (3) and should be referred to for an account of the history and principles of construction of the International List.
- (3) De la Nomenclature des Maladies (Causes de décès—Causes d'incapacité de travail) adoptée par le service de statistique de la ville de Paris. Par le Dr. Jacques

¹ Horst Oertel: The Anatomic Histological Processes of Bright's Disease, 1910.

Bertillon, chef de la statistique de la ville de Paris, etc. Paris: 1898. [Annuaire statistique, 1896.]

- (4) The Bertillon Classification of Causes of Death. Recommended for the use of Registrars of Vital Statistics (after the First Revision of Paris, 1900) by the American Public Health Association and by the Conference of State and Provincial Boards of Health of North America. Issued under the auspices of the American Public Health Association. Lansing: 1899. [Reprint from Appendix of Michigan Registration Report, 1898.] This was the first English translation, based on the preceding French edition of 1898, of what is now the International List. It was used to obtain suggestions for revision, many of which were printed from time to time in the current issues of the Michigan Monthly Bulletin of Vital Statistics. Three Commissions were appointed by the American Public Health Association to represent Canada, Mexico, and the United States.
- (5) Zur Internationalen Nomenclatur der Todesursachen. Kritische Bemerkungen zu Dr. Bertillon's Vorschlägen. Von Dr. Josef von Körösy, Director des Budapester communalstatistischen Bureau's. Berlin: 1899.
- (6) Exposé Sommaire des Observations présentées par diverses autorités statistiques à la Commission Internationale chargée de reviser la Nomenclature Internationale des Maladies (Causes de décès—Causes d'incapacité de travail). (Bertillon Classification.) Paris: 1900.
- (7) Commission Internationale chargée de reviser la Nomenclature des Causes de Décès (Classification Bertillon), 18 août-21 août, 1900. Procès-verbaux. Paris: 1900.
- (8) Nomenclatures des Maladies (Statistique de morbidité.—Statistique des causes de décès) arrêtées par la Commission Internationale chargée de reviser les nomenclatures nosologiques (Paris, 18-21 août 1900) pour être en usage à partir du 1er janvier 1901. Développement des rubriques.—Dictionnaire des maladies.—Tableaux indiquant comment doivent être classés les décès attribués simultanément à deux causes de mort différentes. Publiées par le Dr. Jacques Bertillon, chef des travaux statistiques de la ville de Paris. Paris: 1900. This is the first edition of the First Revision of the International List.
- (9) Same. Montévrain: 1903. This is the second and final edition of the First Revision. It differs chiefly in the more precise indications for the assignment of joint causes of death. Perhaps a reprint from the Recueil trimestriel de statistique municipale de la ville de Paris, 3e trimestre 1902. No English edition has ever been published of this final version.
- (10) The International System of Nomenclature of Diseases and Causes of Death (Bertillon Classification) as adopted by the Eighth International Congress of Hygiene and Demography, Paris, August 18–21, 1900. Translated in the Bureau of the Marine-Hospital Service by Passed Asst. Surg. H. D. Geddings. [Supplement to Public Health Reports, Dec. 7, 1900.]
- (11) Manual of International Classification of Causes of Death. Adopted by the United States Census Office for the compilation of mortality statistics, for use beginning with the year 1900. Prepared under the supervision of William A. King, chief statistician for vital statistics. Washington: 1902.
- (12) Index of the Bertillon Classification of Diseases and Causes of Death. United States Department of Labor, 1902.
- (13) Relation of Physicians to Mortality Statistics. The International Classification of Causes of Death as adopted by the United States Census Office and approved by the American Public Health Association. Washington: 1903. This pamphlet, explanatory of the International Classification and seeking to secure more definite statements of cause of death, was distributed to all physicians in the United States.
- (14) The Nomenclature of Diseases and of Causes of Death, as revised and adopted in 1900 by the International Commission and published by Dr. Jacques Bertillon

(Chef des travaux statistiques de la ville de Paris), together with a Guide for Tabulation in cases where more than one cause of death is assigned. For the use of members of the medical profession, of statisticians, of registrars of death, and for general information. Published by the Commonwealth Bureau of Census and Statistics, Australia. Melbourne: [1907].

- (15) Exposé Sommaire des Observations présentées par diverses autorités statistiques à la Commission Internationale chargée de la revision décennale de la Nomenclature Internationale des Maladies (Causes de décès—Causes d'incapacité de travail). (Bertillon Classification.) Deuxième session—1909. Paris: 1909.
- (16) Commission Internationale chargée de la revision décennale de la Nomenclature Internationale des Maladies (Causes de décès—Causes d'incapacité de travail). (Classification Bertillon.) Deuxième session—1909. Procès-verbaux. Paris: 1911.
- (17) Nomenclature des Maladies (Statistique de morbidité—Statistique des causes de décès) arrêtée par la Commission Internationale chargée de la revision décennale de la Nomenclature Nosologique Internationale (Nomenclature Bertillon) dans sa deuxième session, 1909. (Paris, 1er, 2, 3 juillet 1909.) Paris: 1909. A first and a second slightly corrected impression of the Second Revision of the International List.
- (18) International Classification of Causes of Sickness and Death. Revised by the International Commission at the session of Paris, July 1 to 3, 1909, for use beginning January 1, 1910, and until December 31, 1919. Washington: 1910. A translation of the French edition of the Second Revision for the use of American registration officials until a new edition of the Manual (the present publication) could be prepared.
- (19) Physicians' Pocket Reference to the International List of Causes of Death. Washington: 1910. Distributed by the Bureau of the Census to all physicians and to many state and city registration offices in the United States.
- (20) Nomenclature of Diseases (Statistics of morbidity—Statistics of causes of death) agreed upon by the International Commission charged with the Decennial Revision of the International Nosological Nomenclature (Bertillon Nomenclature) in its Second Session—1909. (Paris: July 1, 2, and 3, 1909.) Sydney: 1910. Prepared by the Bureau of Census and Statistics of the Commonwealth of Australia.
- (21) The Bellevue Hospital Nomenclature of Diseases and Conditions with Rules for the Recording and Filing of Histories. Compiled by the Committee on Clinical Records composed of: Robert J. Carlisle, M. D.; Warren Coleman, M. D.; Thomas A. Smith, M. D.; Edmund L. Dow, M. D. Revised and made to conform to the International Classification, 1911. Copyright, 1911, by the Board of Trustees of Bellevue and Allied Hospitals. New York: 1911. This is the first Nomenclature, in the sense of an arrangement of accepted medical terms recommended, and indeed, so far as the returns to be made by physicians under the authority of the Board are concerned, prescribed, in which the desirability of uniformity for the comparison of hospital statistics has led to the adoption of the International List as a basis.
- (22) Nomenclature for Causes of Physical Disability in the Navy. By Surg. Charles N. Fiske, United States Navy. United States Naval Medical Bulletin, Vol. 5, No. 2, April, 1911, page 149. Contains a valuable chart comparing the "Lists of Titles of Diseases and Causes of Death" of the International with the Army and Navy nomenclatures.
- (23) MANUAL OF THE INTERNATIONAL LIST OF CAUSES OF DEATH. The present volume.
- (24) Manual soon to be published by the Registrar-General of England and Wales. A typewritten copy of the Tabular List, with inclusions, of this work has been available for reference through the courtesy of Dr. T. H. C. Stevenson, Medical Superintendent of the General Register Office, in the preparation of the present publication.

DEATH OF DOCTOR FOSTER.

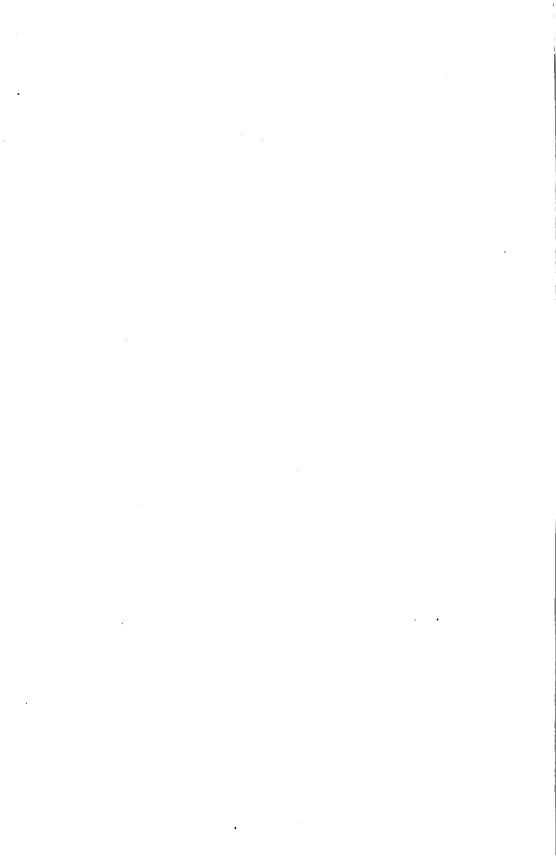
During the passage of the Manual through the press the death of Dr. Frank P. Foster, on August 13, 1911, was announced. Doctor Foster was for over thirty years the editor of the New York Medical Journal and was recognized as the dean of the medical editors of this country. His Encyclopædic Medical Dictionary and other standard works of medical reference are lasting memorials of his broad scholarship. As chairman of the Committee on Nomenclature and Classification of Diseases of the American Medical Association, Doctor Foster took an active part in all the work preliminary to the Second Decennial Revision of the International List and was a member of the special Census Commission appointed under authority of an act of Congress to represent the United States. He personally examined the manuscript of the Tabular List of this Manual and on page 15 may be found the report of the Committee on Nomenclature to the American Medical Association at Los Angeles, 1911, the last of several prepared by him on this subject.

As stated in an appreciative editorial in the Journal of the American Medical Association, "Doctor Foster was a moral and intellectual force in medical literature. He took an active interest in all that related to medicine, and his influence was always in the right direction. His friends count it a privilege to recall his fine character, his charitable judgment, his facile pen, and his ever-ready assistance so freely given from his great store of knowledge."

TABULAR LIST.

SHOWING TERMS INCLUDED UNDER EACH TITLE OF THE DETAILED INTERNATIONAL LIST OF CAUSES OF DEATH (SECOND DECENNIAL REVISION BY THE INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION, PARIS, IULY I TO 3, 1909).

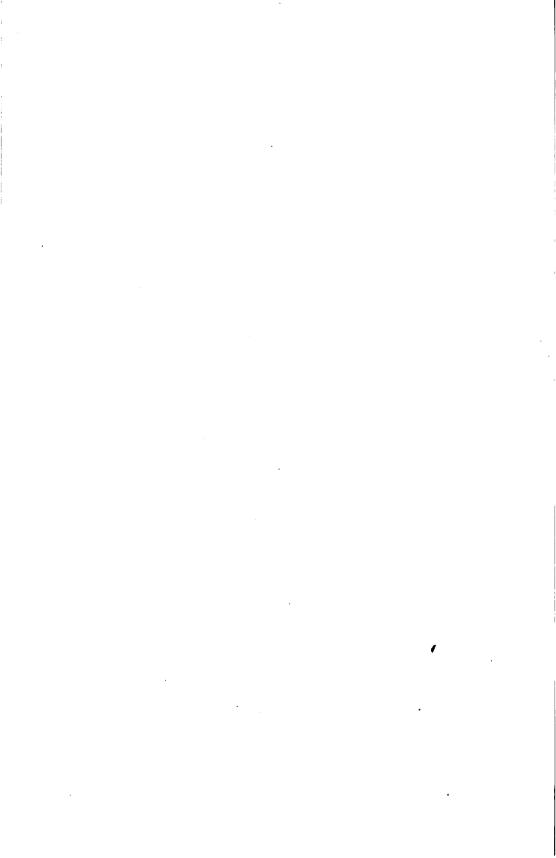
WITH ADDITIONAL TERMS DESIGNATING CAUSES OF DEATH FROM THE NOMENCLATURE OF DISEASES OF THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS OF LONDON (FOURTH EDITION), FROM THE BELLEVUE HOSPITAL NOMENCLATURE OF DISEASES AND CONDITIONS, AND FROM TRANSCRIPTS OF CERTIFICATES OF DEATH RETURNED TO THE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS.



EXPLANATORY.

The terms included in the following Tabular List are chiefly those that are reported as causes of death. Many terms, as, for example, the names of certain affections of the eye, ear, skin, trivial injuries, etc.. that occur in the International List of Diseases as employed for hospital or general morbidity statistics, are omitted. The present publication is intended for use solely in connection with the compilation of mortality statistics. It is not intended to be a complete nomenclature of diseases and pathological conditions, but it contains all the important terms likely to be employed as denoting causes of death that are given in the last editions of the Nomenclatures of the Royal College of Physicians of London and of Bellevue and Allied Hospitals of New York. It also contains many additional terms, some of them indefinite and incapable of satisfactory assignment, that occur upon certificates of death and hence must be provided for in the scheme of statistical tabulation. It is hoped that by cooperation of the medical profession many of these terms may pass into disuse, and that as a result the accuracy of the mortality statistics will be improved.

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TABULAR LIST

SHOWING TERMS INCLUDED UNDER EACH TITLE OF THE DETAILED INTER-NATIONAL LIST OF CAUSES OF DEATH (SECOND DECENNIAL REVISION, PARIS, JULY 1 TO 3, 1909).

I.—GENERAL DISEASES.

1. Typhoid fever.

This title includes:

Abdominal fever typhoid typhus Abortive typhoid Ambulant typhoid Cerebral typhoid typhus Continued fever Enteric fever Enterica Gastroenteric fever Hæmorrhagic typhoid fever Ileotyphus Intermittent typhoid fever Malignant typhoid fever Mountain fever Paratyphoid fever

Paratyphus Posttyphoid abscess Rheumatic typhoid fever Typhobilious fever Typhoenteritis Typhogastric fever Typhoid fever malaria meningitis stupor ulcer Typhomalaria Typhomalarial fever Typhoperitonitis Typhus (unqualified) 1 àbdominalis

Frequent complications: Pneumonia.—Pulmonary congestion.—Intestinal perforation.—Peritonitis.— Hæmorrhage.—Sloughing.—Albuminuria.—Phlebitis.—Thrombosis.—Cholecystitis.

2. Typhus fever.

This title includes:

Exanthematic typhus Petechial fever

Petechial typhus Typhus fever 1

This title does not include: Abdominal typhus (1).

3. Relapsing fever.

This title includes:

Famine fever Febris melitensis Maita fever 2 Mediterranean fever 2 Recurrent fever typhus 8 Relapsing fever

(spirillum) fever

Frequent complications: Hæmorrhages.—Abscess.—Furuncles.—Parotiditis.—Sloughing.

¹The majority of deaths returned in the United States from "typhus" or "typhus fever" are in reality from typhoid fever. Deaths properly chargeable to International title No. 2 are so extremely rare in this country that the Bureau of the Census invariably makes an effort to identify each as a case of true exantematic typhus. If no additional information can be obtained, "typhus" is compiled under (1) and "typhus fever" under (2).

¹ Malta fever should preferably be given as a subdivision of (19). Any deaths reported from this cause will be noted on the total for (3), which is numerically unimportant.

³ Verify; if typhoid fever, compile under (1), and if typhus fever, under (2).

4. Malaria.

This title includes:

Æstivoautumnal fever malaria

Bilious intermittent fever remittent fever

Blackwater fever Chagres fever

Chill (in malarial regions)

Chills and fever Congestive malaria

malarial fever remittent fever

Dumb ague Estivoautumnal fever Fever and ague

chills Gastric remittent fever

Gastromalarial fever Hæmoglobinuric fever (malaria) Hæmorrhagic malaria

Impaludism (unqualified)

Intermittent fever Malaria

of liver

of spleen Malarial anæmia

> cachexia congestion

of brain

diarrhœa disease dropsy fever hæmaturia Paludal anæmia Panama fever Pernicious attack

cachexia chill (in malarial regions) fever

intermittent fever malaria

Quartan fever malaria

Quotidian fever

malaria Remittent fever

Malarial hæmoglobinuria

hepatitis infection

neuralgia

poisoning

spleen

Malignant tertian

Marsh anæmia

Miasma.

Maremmatic fever

fever

Miasmatic fever

cachexia

toxæmia

cachexia

fever

pneumonia

malaria

Tertian fever malaria

5. Smallpox.

This title includes:

Black smallpox Confluent smallpox Discrete smallpox Hæmorrhagic smallpox Malignant smallpox

Petechial smallpox Purpuric smallpox Smallpox Variola Varioloid

This title does not include: Varicella (19).

6. Measles.

This title includes:

Black measles Hæmorrhagic measles Measles Measly eruption

ous stomatitis.

Morbilli Morbillous eruption Rubeola 1 Suppressed measles

This title does not ordinarily include: Rubeola (19).—Rubeolar eruption (19).

Most frequent complications: Bronchitis, --Bronchopneumonia, etc. --Otitis. --Mastoiditis. --Gangren-

7. Scarlet fever.

This title includes:

Canker rash
Febris rubra
Nephritis following scarlet fever
Puerperal scarlatina
Scarlatina
anginosa
maligna
Scarlatinal (any disease or condition so

Scarlatinal (any disease or condition so qualified)

Frequent complications: Acute nephritis.—Albuminuria.—Bright's disease.—Eclampsia.—Ædema of the glottis.—Hæmorrhage.—Endocarditis.—Nephritis.—Pericarditis.—Paralysis.—Diphtheria.—Convulsions.—Arthritis.—Cellulitis.—Erysipelas.—Otitis.—Mastoiditis.—Pneumonia.—Suppurative pleurisy.—Thrombosis of cerebral sinus.

8. Whooping cough.

This title includes:

Pertussis Tussis convulsiva Whooping cough

Frequent complications: Bronchitis.—Convulsions.—Bronchopneumonia.

9. Diphtheria and croup.

This title includes:

Acute exudative angina Exudative angina Angina trachealis Bronchial croup Fibrinous laryngitis Gangrenous angina (diphtheritic) Buccal diphtheria diphtheria sore throat Croup tonsillitis Croupous angina Infectious angina laryngitis tonsillitis croup Cutaneous diphtheria Inflammatory croup Laryngeal croup Cynanche tonsillaris (diphtheritic) Malignant angina Diphtheria cynanche of bronchi diphtheria conjunctiva laryngitis fauces pharyngitis larynx sore throat tonsillitis mouth nose Membranous angina œeophagus bronchitis palate croup pharynx laryngitis pharyngitis tonsillitis akin tonsil trachea tracheitis vulva Nasal diphtheria wound Postdiphtheritic nephritis Diphtheritic anæmia neuritis angina Pseudodiphtheria bronchopneumonia Pseudomembranous angins conjunctivitis bronchitis croup croup laryngitis neuritis laryngitis tonsillitis ophthalmia Putrid sore throat Ulcerated sore throat paralysis tongillitia

This title does not include: Stridulous croup (87).—Spasmodic croup (87).—False croup (87).

Frequent complications: Pneumonia.—Albuminuria.—Paralysis.—Acute nephritis.—Œdema globitdis.—Cellulitis.

10. Influenza.

This title includes:

Bronchial influenza
Bronchitis due to grippe
Bronchopneumonia due to grippe
Catarrhal influenza
Epidemic catarrh
Epizootic
Gastric influenza

Grippe
Influenza
followed by pneumonia
Influenzal pneumonia
La grippe
Meningeal grippe
Pneumonia due to grippe

Frequent complications: Otitis .- Meningitis.

11. Miliary fever.

This title includes:

Miliary fever Sweating fever Sweating sickness

Frequent complications: Anæmia.—Convulsions.—Hæmorrhages.—Pneumonia.—Enteritis.

12. Asiatic cholera.

This title includes:

Asiatic cholera Cholera (where Asiatic cholera is prevalent) Epidemic cholera (where Asiatic cholera is prevalent)

13. Cholera nostras.

This title includes:

Acute cholera ¹
Bilious cholera ¹
Cholera (except where Asiatic cholera is prevalent) ¹
gravis ¹
morbus ¹
nostras ¹
Choleraic diarrhea (2v+)

Choleriform diarrhœa (2y+)
enteritis (2y+)
Cholerine
English cholera
Malignant cholera morbus
Spasmodic cholera
Sporadic cholera
Winter cholera

This title does not include: Cholera infantum (104).—Antimonial cholera (165).—Hernial cholera (109).

14. Dysentery.

This title includes:

Amœbic dysentery
enteritis
Asylum dysentery
Bacillary dysentery
Balantidic dysentery
Bilious dysentery
Bloody flux
Catarrhal dysentery
Choleriform dysentery
Cochin-China dysentery

Dysenteric diarrhea
Dysentery
Entamebic dysentery
Epidemic dysentery
Gangrenous dysentery
Hæmorrhagic dysentery
Malarial dysentery
Serosanguineous flux
Sporadic dysentery
Tropical diarrhea
dysentery

Frequent complication: Abscess of liver.

¹ The word "Cholera" should never be used except for "Asiatic cholera."

15. Plague.

This title includes:

Bubonic plague Climatic bubo Malignant polyadenitis Pest

Plague (pulmonary form) (septichæmic form) Pneumonic plague

16. Yellow fever.

This title includes:

Black vomit Febris flava

Hæmogastric fever Yellow fever

17. Leprosy.

This title includes:

Anæsthetic leprosy Elephantiasis Græcorum Leprosy of conjunctiva cornea external meatus fauces larynx nerve

Leprosy of nose œsophagus palate pharynx sclerotic skin tongue Nodular leprosy Tubercular leprosy

This title does not include: Elsphantiasis Arabum (145).—Morvan's disease (63).—Syringomyslia (63)

18. Erysipelas.

This title includes:

Erysipelas after vaccination neonatorum of brain evelid face head leg lip lymphatic vessel meninges orbit scrotum skin

Erysipelas of umbilical cord wound

Erysipelatous fever meningitis phlegmon

toxæmia Gangrenous erysipelas Infantile erysipelas Phlegmonous erysipelas Saint Anthony's fire Suppurative erysipelas Surgical erysipelas Traumatic erysipelas

This title does not include: Erysipelatous laryngitis (87).—Erysipelatous angina (100).—Puerperal erysipelas (137).

Prequent complications: Purulent otitis.—Meningitis.—Diffuse phlegmon.—Phlegmon and gangrene of the eyelids.—Keratitis.—Conjunctivitis.—Parotiditis.—Endocarditis.—Myocarditis.—Nephritis.—Albuminuria.—Pneumonia.

19. Other epidemic diseases.

NOTE.—Should any of the diseases included under title 19 show marked prevalence, it will be necessary to provide special provisional subtitles here.

This title includes:

Acrodynia Hæmoglobinuric fever (nonmalarial) Mexican typhus (tabardillo) Acute parotiditis parotitis Milk sickness (trembles) Breakbone fever Mumps Chicken pox Pappataci fever Parotid cynanche Dengue fever Parotiditis (mumps) **Epidemic** Parotitis (mumps) disease (not elsewhere included) Rocky Mountain spotted fever parotitis Rose rash Roseola rose rash Epizootic stomatitis Rötheln Exanthematic fever Rubella Filariasis Rubeola (when not signifying measles) 1 Foot and mouth disease Tabardillo (Mexican typhus) Frambœsia Tick bite fever Trembles (milk sickness) Gangosa German measles Varicella Glandular fever Vowe

This title does not include: Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis (61).

20. Purulent infection and septichæmia.

Note.—When a female of childbearing age (approximately 15 to 44 years) is reported to have died of "Septichæmia," or other equivalent term, and without further explanation, the certificate should be returned so that the attending physician may state whether the condition was or was not puerperal. See also page 117.

This title includes:

Pyogenic infection Pyohæmia Absorption of pus Aerogenes capsulatus infection Pyoseptichæmia Anatomical wound Autovaccination Sapræmia Blood poisoning Sepsis Septic absorption Cowpox Dissection wound autoinfection General sepsis cellulitis septichæmia chill Hospital gangrene fever Infected wound infection Infection from vaccination intoxication Postmortem wound mania Purulent infection Septichæmia Putrid fever Staphylococcus infection infection Streptococchæmia Streptococcus infection Pyæmia of joint Suppurative septichæmia Vaccinal infection Pyæmic abscess Vaccination embolism Vaccinia fever obstruction synovitis

21. Glanders.

This title includes:

Equinia Farcy Glanders Glanders of nose skin Malleus sepsis

of lymphatic gland

22. Anthrax.

This title includes:

Anthrax

of intestine lip skin stomach Charbon
Malignant pustule
Splenic fever
Woolsorters' disease

23. Rabies.

This title includes:

Bite of mad dog Hydrophobia Rabies

This title does not include: Lyssophobia (68).—Sitiophobia (68).

24. Tetanus.

This title includes:

Emprosthotonos Lockjaw Opisthotonos Pleurosthotonos Tetanus Traumatic tetanus

Trismus

neonatorum of newborn

This title does not include: Tetany (74).

25. Mycoses.

This title includes:

Actinomycosis

Aspergillosis

of bone
cæcum
intestine
jaw
liver
lung
mouth

Favus

Fungoid mycosis Madura disease foot Mycetoma

Mycosis fungoides of pharynx tonsil

Parasitic cyst Pneumomycosis Sporotrichosis Streptomycosis

Blastomycosis of skin

of skir Discomycosis

This title does not include: Hydatid cyst or hydatid tumor: of the liver (112), or of the lung (98).—Intestinal parasites (107).—Distoma hepaticum (107).—Cysticerci (107).

26. Pellagra.

This title includes:

Insanity of pellagra

Pellagra

Frequent complications: Cachexia.—Dermatitis.—Diarrhœa.—Insanity.—Suicide.

27. Beriberi.

This title includes:

Beriberi Kakké | Neuritis multiplex endemica | Panneuritis endemica

28. Tuberculosis of the lungs.

Note.—Deaths from tuberculosis of two or more organs should be assigned to title 28 (or 29) if the lungs are involved; otherwise to title 35.

This title includes:

Caseous bronchitis pneumonia tuberculosis Catarrhal tuberculosis Chronic phthisis pneumonic phthisis tuberculosis tuberculosis tuberculous disease inflammation pneumonia ulcerative tuberculosis Congenital tuberculosis Consumption of lung throat Fibroid phthisis tuberculosis Infantile phthisis tuberculosis Interstitial tuberculosis Laryngeal phthisis tuberculosis Lupus of larynx Phthisis of larynx lung pulmonalis Plastic bronchitis Pneumonic phthisis tuberculosis Pulmonary cavity consumption phthisis tuberculosis Scrofulous bronchitis consumption Septic tuberculosis Specific 1 bronchitis

Specific 1 laryngitis pneumonia tuberculosis Subacute phthisis of larynx tuberculosis of larvnx Tubercle of larynx Tuberculosis of air passage bronchi bronchial gland larynx lung pleura throat trachea . pulmonalis Tuberculous abscess of lung anæmia asthma bronchitis bronchopneumonia. diathesis disease (undefined) emphysema empyema hæmoptysis hydropneumothorax infection inflammation laryngitis marasmus phthisis pleurisy pneumonia pneumothorax pyæmia Ulcerative tuberculosis

This title does not include: Hæmoptysis (unqualified) (98).—Pulmonary hæmorrhage (98).—Bronchorrhagia (unqualified) (98).—Apical pneumonia (92).—Pulmonary anthracosis (98).

Frequent complications: Hæmorrhage.—Pneumonia.—Pleurisy.—Diarrhœa.—Pneumothorax.

29. Acute miliary tuberculosis.

Note.—See note under preceding title.

This title includes:

Acute bronchopneumonic tuberculosis
general miliary tuberculosis
tuberculosis
miliary tuberculosis
phthisis
pneumonic phthisis
tuberculosis
pulmonary miliary tuberculosis
tuberculosis
tuberculosis
tuberculosis disease
inflammation

ulcerative tuberculosis

Galloping consumption
phthisis
tuberculosis
General miliary tuberculosis
Malignant tuberculosis
Miliary phthisis
tuberculosis
Pernicious tuberculosis
Phthisis florida
Quick consumption
Tuberculosis florida
Typhoid tuberculosis

30. Tuberculous meningitis.

pneumonia

This title includes:

Basilar meningitis
Caseous meningitis
Cerebral tuberculosis
tuberculous meningitis
Cerebrospinal tuberculosis
Consumption of brain
Granular meningitis
Miliary meningitis
Neoplastic meningitis
Purulent basilar meningitis
Specific 1 meningitis
Tuberculosis of brain
cerebellum
cerebral meninges

Tuberculosis of cerebrospinal meninges
cerebrum
membrane of brain
meninges
spinal membrane
meninges
Tuberculous encephalitis
hydrocephalus
inflammation of membrane
of brain
meningitis
of brain
spinal cord
tumor of brain

This title does not include: Meningitis (unqualified), even among very young children (61).

31. Abdominal tuberculosis.

This title includes:

Abdominal consumption tuberculosis Consumption of bowel intestine Disease of mesenteric gland Enteric tuberculosis Enteromesenteric fever Intestinal tuberculosis Mesenteric disease fever tuberculosis Specific 1 peritonitis Tabes mesenterica Tuberculosis of abdomen alimentary canal anus appendix bowel digestive tract

Tuberculosis of intestine mesenteric gland omentum peritonæum rectum stomach Tuberculous appendicitis ascites colitis diarrhœa dysentery enteritis gastritis gastroenteritis ileocolitis peritonitis proctitis ulcer of bowel intestine

32. Pott's disease.

This title includes:

Abscess of spine vertebræ Caries of spine vertebræ Cerebrospinal caries Disease of backbone spine vertebræ Inflammation of spine Lumbar abscess Necrosis of lumbar vertebra spinal column spine Polyarthritis of spine Pott's disease Pressure-atrophy of spine Psoas abscess

Spinal abecess
caries
disease
tuberculosis
Spondylitis (not deformans)
Tuberculosis of spinal column
spine
vertebræ
Tuberculous abecess of vertebræ
caries of sacrum
inflammation of spine
lumbar abecess
spondylitis
Ulcer of spine
Vertebral caries

disease

necrosis polyarthritis

and lumbar abscess

Frequent complications: Cold abscess—Paraplegia,

33. White swellings.

This title includes:

Abscess of hip
Articular tuberculosis
Coxalgia
Coxitis
Disease of hip joint
Fungous growth of joint
tumor of knee
Hip disease
joint disease
Morbus coxarius
Pulpy degeneration of synovial membrane
Scapulalgia

White swelling tumor

34. Tuberculosis of other organs.

This title includes:

Caseation of lymphatic gland Caseous epididymitis Chronic abscess Cold abscess Consumption of liver Ganglionic tuberculosis General glandular tuberculosis Genitourinary tuberculosis King's evil Lupus exedens of conjunctiva fauces nose œsophagus palate pharynx vulgaris Lymphatic tuberculosis Ocular tuberculosis

Osseous tuberculosis Ossifluent abscess Osteal tuberculosis Scrofula Scrofulide Scrofulodermia Scrofulosis Scrofulous abscess adenitis bubo diathesis lymphatism ulcer Struma Strumous abscess adenitis

Struma
Strumous abscess
adenitis
lymphangitis
ulcer
Tubercle of bone
testicle

34. Tuberculosis of other organs—Continued.

This title includes:

Tuberculide Tuberculosis of spinal cord spleen Tuberculosis of artery testicle axilla thymus gland thyreoid gland bladder bone breast tongue bursa. tonsil chorioid ureter conjunctiva urethra cornea uterus Cowper's gland uvula vagina vulva epididymis Tuberculous abscess Falloppian tube of breast fauces gland perinæum femur gland side gum heart adenitis cellulitis kidnev cyst of ovary cystitis lip liver degeneration of pancreas lymph gland spinal cord node disease of heart lymphatic gland epididymitis gangrene hepatitis mammary gland middle ear lymphadenitis mouth lymphangitis muscle necrosis nasal passage nephritis nasopharynx oophoritis nerve orchitis nose osteitis œsophagus of femur ovary osteomyelitis palate otitis ovaritis pancreas pelvis perineal abscess penis pharyngitis pericardium prostatitis pharynx pyonephrosis prepuce salpingitis prostate tonsillitis reproductive organ tumor scrotum ulcer skin Universal scrofulosis spermatic cord

35. Disseminated tuberculosis.

Note.—Deaths from tuberculosis of two or more organs should be assigned to title 28 (or 29) if the lungs are involved.

This title includes:

Chronic general miliary tuberculosis tuberculosis miliary tuberculosis
Diffuse tuberculosis
Disseminated tuberculosis
General tuberculosis

General tuberculous infection Generalized tuberculosis Multiple tuberculosis Systemic tuberculosis Tuberculous degeneration

36. Rickets.

This title includes:

Achondroplasia
Angular curvature of spine
deformity of spine
Anterior curvature of spine
Curvature of spine
Cyphosis
Hypertrophic osteoarthropathy
Kyphoscoliosis
Kyphosis
Lateral curvature of spine
Lordosis

Mollities ossium
Osteomalacia
Posterior curvature of spine
Pulmonary osteoarthropathy
Rhachitis deformity of chest
Rhachitism
Rickets
Scoliosis
Softening of bone

37. Syphilis.

This title includes:

Chancre (unqualified)
of face
mouth
Condyloma of anus
penis
vulva
Congenital lues
specific pemphigus
syphilis
syphilitic hepatitis
Gumma
of brain
Gummatous liver
Hard chancre

Hard chancre
Hereditary lues
syphilis
Indurated chancre
Infecting chancre
Inherited syphilis
Lues
infantum

venerea
Morbus Gallicus
Mucous patches
Osteocopic pains
Pox
Primary lesion

syphilis Pulmonary syphilis

Gleet

Rupia Secondary lesion syphilis Snuffles Specific adenitis blood poisoning disease inanition iritis lesion lichen marasmus meningoencephalitis myelitis paralysis rhachitis ulcer Spinal syphilis Syphilide of newborn Syphilis (unqualified, or of any organ or part of the body) Syphilis insontium neonatorum Syphilitic (any affection) Tertiary lesion syphilis Tubercular syphilide

38. Gonococcus infection.

This title includes:

Balanitis
Balanoposthitis
Balanoposthitis
Balanorrhagia
Blennorrhagic (see Gonococcic)
Blennorrhea
Bubo of soft chancre
Chancroid
of penis
vulva
Chordee
Clap
Conjunctivitis of newborn infant

Gonococcic arthritis
bubo
conjunctivitis
cystitis
disease
endocarditis
epididymitis
infection
iritis
metritis
metrovaginitis
ophthalmia
orchitis
peritonitis
rheumatism

Venereal disease

38. Gonococcus infection—Continued

This title includes:

Gonococcic urethritis
vaginitis
vulvitis
Gonococcus infection (of any organ)
Gonorrheea
Gonorrheeal (see Gonococcic)
Infantile conjunctivitis
Inguinal bubo
Ophthalmia neonatorum
Phagedenic abscess
bubo
chancre
ulcer
Purulent conjunctivitis

ophthalmia

Adenocarcinoma

Purulent ophthalmia of newborn infant
Simple chancre
Soft chancre
of penis
scrotum
vulva
sore
Specific rheumatism
urethritis
Urethritis
Vaginitis
Venereal adenitis
bubo

This title does not include: Chancre, or bubo: infecting or syphilitic (37).—Chancre of the mouth (37).—Scrofulous bubo (34).—Suppurating bubo (84).—Bubo of plague (15).—Bubo (unqualified) (84).—Vaginismus (132).—Vaginalitis (127).

Frequent complications: Bubo.—Adenitis.—Cystitis.—Orchitis.—Arthritis.—Ophthalmia.—Epididymitis.—Salpingitis.—Endometritis.

Virulent bubo

Malignant disease

CANCERS AND OTHER MALIGNANT TUMORS.

Note.—The term "Cancer," for statistical purposes, is a general one that includes all forms of malignant neoplasms.

Forms of cancer.

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Alveolar cancer sarcoma Angiosarcoma Cancer Cancerous new growth tumor ulcer Carcinoma myxomatodes Cancroid Cephaloma Chondrosarcoma Colloid carcinoma tumor Columnar-celled carcinoma Cvstosarcoma Encephaloid cancer carcinoma tumor Endothelioma **Epithelioma** Fibrocarcinoma Fibrosarcoma. Fungus hæmatodes Giant-celled sarcoma Glandular cancer Hæmendothelioma Heteromorphic tumor Hypernephroma Lymphendothelioma Lymphosarcoma Malignant degeneration

endothelioma fungous tumor growth neoplasm new growth perithelioma tumor ulcer ulceration Medullary cancer fungus Melanoid tumor Melanosarcoma Melanotic cancer Metastatic cancer Myeloid sarcoma Myxosarcoma Neoplastic tumor (malignant) Ossifying sarcoma Osteosarcoma Papilliferous carcinoma Plexiform sarcoma Rose cancer Round-celled cancer Sarcoma Scirrhous carcinoma Scirrhus Spheroidal-celled carcinoma Spindle-celled carcinoma Squamous-celled carcinoma Superficial cancer Transitional-celled carcinoma

The location of the cancer, or preferably, as recommended by the Committee of the American Medical Association, the seat of origin of the cancer, if known, should always be stated so that the return may be classified properly under one of the titles 39 to 45. Nonmalignant tumors or "tumors" of uncertain character are classified under the organ or part of the body affected or under title 46.

39. Cancer and other malignant tumors of the buccal cavity.

This title includes:

Cancer and other malignant tumors (see | forms of cancer, p. 63) of-Buccal cavity

Cheek Gum

Jaw Lip Maxilla Mouth

Cancer, etc.—Continued. Palate

Salivary gland Soft palate Tongue Tonsil

Carcinoma linguæ Lingual cancer Smokers' cancer

40. Cancer and other malignant tumors of the stomach,

This title includes:

Cancer and other malignant tumors (see

forms of cancer, p. 63) of-Bile duct

Cardia

Cardiac orifice of stomach

Gall bladder duct

Liver **Esophagus**

Pharynx

This title does not include: Hæmatemesis (103).

Cancer, etc.—Continued.
Pylorus

Stomach

Carcinoma ventriculi

Gastric tumor Gastrocarcinoma Hepatic cancer Melanosis of liver

Tumor of stomach

41. Cancer and other malignant tumors of the peritonæum, intestines, rectum.

This title includes:

Cancer and other malignant tumors (see

forms of cancer, p. 63) of-Abdominal viscera

Anus

Appendix Cæcum

Caput coli Colon

Duodenum

Ileum Intestinal gland

Intestine Mesentery

Omentum

Cancer, etc.—Continued.

Peritonæum

Rectum

Retroperitoneal gland Sigmoid flexure

Cancerous peritonitis

Carcinoma entericum

Lymphosarcoma of peritonæum

Malignant internal stricture

peritonitis

stricture of intestine

ulceration of intestine

Retroperitoneal cancer

42. Cancer and other malignant tumors of the female genital organs.

This title includes:

Cancer and other malignant tumors (see |

forms of cancer, p. 63) of— Broad ligament

Cervix

Falloppian tube

Female genital organ

Ovary Uterine ligament

Uterus Vagina Cancer, etc.—Continued.

Vulva

Womb

Cervical cancer

Chorioepithelioma

Deciduoma malignum

Hydatid mole Hydatidiform mole

Neoplasm of uterus

Syncytioma

43. Cancer and other malignant tumors of the breast.

This title includes:

Cancer and other malignant tumors (see forms of cancer, p. 63) of—
Breast
Mammary gland

Cancer, etc.—Continued.
Nipple
Cancer en cuirasse
Neoplasm of breast

44. Cancer and other malignant tumors of the skin.

This title includes:

Cancer, etc.—Continued. Cancer and other malignant tumors (see forms of cancer, p. 63) of— Umbilicus Cancroid (unqualified) Auricle (of ear) Chin Cervicofacial cancer Connective tissue Columnar epithelioma Epithelial tumor (location not indicated) Ear Face Epithelioma (location not indicated) Noli me tangere Head Nose Rodent dermatitis ulcer Scalp

This title does not include: Esthiomene (34).—Lupus (34).

45. Cancer and other malignant tumors of other organs or of organs not specified.

Note.—This is a residual title that includes all deaths from cancer that can not be assigned to the preceding titles, 39-44, and especially those in which the location or origin of the disease is not stated. Inquiry should be made in such cases and fuller information obtained if possible.

This title includes:

3571°-13--5

Cancer and other malignant tumors (see | Cancer, etc.—Continued. forms of cancer, p. 63), with location not Groin stated, or of-Hand Abdomen Heart Accessory sinus Hip Adrenal Iliac region Anterior mediastinum Inguinal gland Antrum region Arm Iria Artery Joint Axilla Kidney Lacrimal apparatus Back Bladder Larynx Leg Lower extremity Body Bone Brain Lung Lymph gland Bronchi node Cervical gland Lymphatic gland Chest Chorioid Mediastinal gland Conjunctiva Mediastinum Cord Membrane of brain Cornea Extremity spinal cord Meninges Eye Muscle Fauces Nates Ganglia Genital organ (male) Neck Nerve Gland Glandular system Orbit

I.—GENERAL DISEASES-Continued.

45. Cancer of other organs—Continued.

This title includes:

Cancer, etc.—Continued.

Pancreas Parotid gland

Pectoral region Pelvic viscera

Pelvis .

Penis

Pericardium

Perinæum Pleura

Posterior nares

Prepuce Prostate

Sacrum Scapula

Scrotum Shoulder

Spinal cord

Spine Spleen

Sternum Suprarenal

Temporal region

Testicle Thorax

Throat

Thymus gland Thyreoid gland

Traches

Upper extremity

Ureter

Urethra

Cancer, etc.—Continued.

Vertebra Viscera

Zygoma Cancerous cachexia

goitre ... humor neuritis toxemia

Carcinomatous septichemia Chimney sweeps' cancer Disseminated cancer

General carcinomatosis

Intraabdominal cancer Lobstein's cancer

Malignant disease (undefined)

fistula prostatitis

Miliary carcinosis Multiple cancer

melanosarcomata

Pelvic cancer
Pulmonary cancer

Renal cancer Retropharyngeal cancer

Rhabdomyosarcoma of kidney

Sarcomatosis (unqualified)

Sarcomatous phlebitis

Thyreosarcoma

This title does not include: Cancer of esophagus (40).—Cancer of the anus (41).—Cancer: of the ovary, of the vagina, of the vulva (42).

46. Other tumors (tumors of the female genital organs excepted).

Note.—The term "Tumor," for statistical purposes, is a general one that includes all forms of nonmalignant neoplasms.

Forms of tumor.

Adenofibroma

Adenoma Adenomyxoma

Angioma

Arterial angioma Benign tumor

Blood tumor

Cartilaginous tumor

Cavernous lymphangioma nævus

Chondroma

Cyst

Cystadenoma

Cystic hygroma

lymphangioma

tumor

Cystoma

Dermoid cyst

Enchondroma Erectile tumor

Fatty tumor

| Fibroid

tumor

Fibrolipoma

Fibroma molluscum

Fibroplastic tumor

Fibrous tumor

Fungous tumor Ganglionic neuroma

Glandular cyst

tumor

Glioma

Hæmangioma

Hæmatoma (nontraumatic)

Leiomyoma

Lipoma

Lymphangioma

Lymphatic nævus

Lymphatocele

Lymphoma

Mucous cyst

I.—GENERAL DISEASES—Continued.

46. Other tumors, etc.—Continued.

Forms of tumor-Continued.

Myoma
Myxochondroma
Myxofibroma
Myxoma
Nævolipoma
Nevolipoma
Neoplasm (nonmalignant or unqualified)
Neoplastic growth (nonmalignant or unqualified tumor (nonmalignant or unqualified)
Neurofibroma
Neurofibroma
Neurofibromatosis
New growth (nonmalignant or unqualified)

Papilloma
Polypus
Retention cyst
Rhabdomyoma
Sebaceous cyst
tumor
Sequestration dermoid cyst
Serous cyst
Striped muscle tumor
Suppurative cystic tumor
Teratoma
Tumor (nonmalignant or unqualified)
Vascular tumor

The location of the tumor should always be stated. The word "tumor" is frequently used indefinitely and may mean a malignant tumor or cancer (titles 39 to 45); inquiry should always be made on this point and a definite statement of malignancy or nonmalignancy obtained if possible. Title 46 is misleading in its wording because not only are tumors of the female genital organs (uterus, ovary) excepted, but also all other tumors that can be referred to a definite organ or part of the body (see Tumor in Index). The title is a residual one and contains only those tumors for which the location is ill defined or not stated.

This title includes:

Billroth's disease
Myomectomy
Pelvic tumor
Rupture of cyst
Tumor (see forms of tumor above), with
location not stated, or of—
Abdomen
Axilla
Blood vessel

Tumor, etc.—Continued.
Connective tissue
Gland
Hip
Mediastinal gland
Mediastinum
Muscle
Neck
Thorax

This title does not include: Cancer and its synonyms (38-45).—Tumor of the stomach (40).—Stercoral tumor (109).—Tumor of the uterus (129).—Hydatid tumor (112).—Cyst of the ovary (131).—Aneurysmal tumor (81).—Varicose tumor (83).—Polypus of the ear (76).—Polypus of the nasal fossæ, or nasopharynx (86).—Uterine polypus (129)—[and many other "tumors." See Cancer and Tumor in Index.]

Frequent complication: Purpura.

47. Acute articular rheumatism.

This title includes:

Chest

Acute articular rheumatism inflammatory rheumatism rheumatic arthritis endocarditis fever neuritis rheumatism of joint spine rheumatoid arthritis

Articular rheumatism Congenital rheumatism Febrile rheumatism Inflammatory rheumatism Inflammatory rheumatism Intercostal rheumatism

Malignant rheumatism
Rheumatic arthritis
carditis
endocarditis
fever
hyperpyrexia
meningitis
myocarditis
pancarditis
pericarditis
pericarditis
peritonitis
pleurisy
vertigo
Rheumatism
of abdomen

I.—GENERAL DISEASES—Continued.

47. Acute articular rheumatism-Continued.

This title includes:

Rheumatism of brain

heart joint pericardium peritonæum Schönlein's disease Sciatic rheumatism Septic rheumatism Subacute rheumatic fever rheumatism Visceral rheumatism

This title does not include: Organic disease of rheumatic origin (79, etc.).—Rheumatic iritis (75).—Nodose rheumatism (48).—Blennorrhagic rheumatism (38).

48. Chronic rheumatism and gout.

This title includes:

Arthritis deformans

nodosa Chronic articular rheumatism inflammatory rheumatism rheumatic arthritis

fever neuritis

rheumatism of joint spine

rheumatoid arthritis

Gout of bone joint Gouty diathesis

iritis synovitis Heberden's disease nodes Lithæmia

Lithemia
Metastatic rheumatism
Neuralgic rheumatism
Nodose rheumatism
Osteoarthritis
Podagra

Rheumatic anæmia diathesis dropsy

gout neuritis paralysis

Rheumatism of spine Rheumatoid arthritis Spondylitis deformans

49. Scurvy.

This title includes:

Barlow's disease Infantile scurvy Scorbutic inflammation of alveoli of teeth purpura

Scorbutus

Scurvy

of bone gum rickets Werlhof's disease

50. Diabetes.

This title includes:

Acetonæmia Acidosis (diabetic) Diabetes

mellitus Diabetic (any condition so qualified)

coma gangrene Diabetic iritis Glychæmia Glycosuria

Insanity of diabetes
Pancreatic diabetes

Pentosuria Saccharine diabetes

This title does not include: Diabetes insipidus (55).

Frequent complications: Pneumonia.—Carbuncie.—Gangrene.—Cerebral hamorrhage and softening.—Tuberculosis.—Albuminuria.—Furunculosis.—Nebnitis, chronic interstitial.—Diabetic coma.

51. Exophthalmic goitre.

This title includes:

Basedow's disease
Exophthalmic cachexia
goitre
Graves's disease

Insanity of Graves's disease Parry's disease Stokes's disease

Frequent complications: Hypertrophy of the heart.—Endocarditis.—Cachexia.—Multiple gangrene.—Visceral.hæmorrhages.—Tachycardia.

I.—GENERAL DISEASES—Continued.

52. Addison's disease.

This title includes:

Addison's disease
Adrenal adenoma
melasma
Atrophy of adrenal ¹
Bronze disease
of Addison
Brown disease
Cloudy swelling of adrenal ¹
Cyst of adrenal ¹
Degeneration of adrenal ¹
Disease of adrenal ¹

Frequent complications: Cachexia.-Ascites.

Fatty degeneration of adrenal ¹ Fibrosis of adrenal ¹ Hyaline degeneration of adrenal ¹ Inflammation of adrenal ¹ Inflammation of adrenal ¹ Lardaceous degeneration of adrenal ¹ Necrosis of adrenal ¹ New growth of adrenal (nonmalignant) ² Suppuration of adrenal ¹ Supparenal melasma
Tuberculosis of adrenal ¹ Tumor of adrenal ¹

53. Leuchæmia.

This title includes:

Adenoleuchæmia
Hodgkin's disease
Infantile pseudoleuchæmia
Leuchæmia
of spleen
Leuchæmic adenia
adenitis
Leucocythæmia
of liver
lymph gland
lymphatic gland
spleen

Leucocythæmic liver retinitis Lymphadenia

Lymphadenoma

Lymphadenoma of lymphatic gland spleen

Lymphadenosis
Lymphatic leuchæmia
leucocythæmia
Lymphocythæmia
Malignant lymphadenoma
Multiple lymphadenoma
Pseudoleuchæmia
Splenolymphatic leuchæmia
leucocythæmia
Splenomedullary leuchæmia
leucocythæmia
Splenomyelogenous leuchæmia

leucocythæmia

Frequent complications: Hæmorrhage.—Apoplexy.—Cachexia.—Ascites.—Pneumonia.—Anæmia.—Thrombosis.

54. Anæmia, chlorosis.

This title includes.

Addison's anæmia
Anæmia
Anæmic fever
Banti's disease
Chlorosis
Congenital anæmia
Green sickness
Griesinger's disease
Hæmoglobinanæmia
Hydræmia
Hysterical chlorosis

Impoverished blood
Kala-Azar
Malignant progressive anæmia
Melanæmia
Pernicious anæmia
of spleen
Progressive anæmia
Simple anæmia

Progressive anæmis Simple anæmia Spanæmia Splenic anæmia

This title does not include: Anæmia, or chlorosis; miners' or Egyptian (106).—Intertropical hyphæmia (106).

¹ Or of suprarenal, adrenal or suprarenal gland or capsule. The assignment of tuberculosis of adrenals to this title is the only exception to the inclusion of (known) tuberculosis under titles 28 to 35. Addison's disease is perhaps usually tuberculous, so that the entire title can be added to other forms of tuberculosis if desired; the minor inclusions are too few to be of any statistical importance.

I.-GENERAL DISEASES-Continued.

55. Other general diseases.

This title includes:

Acidosis (nondiabetic)
Acromegaly
of jaw
Adiposis
dolorosa

Albuminoid degeneration Amyloid degeneration

disease Autoinfection Autointoxication Autotoxæmia

Bleeder

Chronic polycythæmia
Congenital autotoxæmia (1y+)

infection

Corpulence Cutaneous hæmorrhage Diabetes insipidus Diapedesis

Diffuse fatty degeneration

Diuresis
Dwarfism
Eruptive fever
Excessive fat
Fatness

Fatty degeneration General amyloid degeneration

disease fatty degeneration

infection Gigantism Hæmochromatosis

Hæmophilia

neonatorum (3m+)

Hæmorrhage of skin Hæmorrhagic diathesis Henoch's purpura Infantilism Infectious fever

purpura Methæmoglobinæmia Negro lethargy

Obesity Ochronosis Polycythæmia

Ptomaine poisoning (not food poisoning)

Purpura hæmorrhagica

rheumatica Sleeping sickness Sulphæmoglobinæmia Toxæmia Toxichæmia

Toxichemia
Toxinfection
Trypanosomiasis
Uric acid diathesis
poisoning
Uricacidemia

Uricacidæmia Urichæmia

Virulent disease (unqualified)

Visceral steatosis` Waxy degeneration

56. Alcoholism (acute or chronic).

This title includes:

Absinthe poisoning
Absinthemia
Absinthism
Alcohol poisoning
Alcoholic coma
delirium
dementia
gastritis
insanity
intoxication
mania
meningitis

Debauchery
Delirium tremens
Dipsomania
Drunkenness
Ethylism
Inebriety
Intemperance
Intoxication

psychosis (alcoholic)

Mania a potu Serous alcoholic meningitis

Temulentia

Alcoholism

This title does not include: Alcoholic cirrhosis (113).—General alcoholic paralysis (67).—Atheroma (81), nor any other organic disease attributed to alcoholism.—Amblyopia from intoxication (75).

57. Chronic lead poisoning.

This title includes:

Chronic lead poisoning
Colica pictonum
Lead cachexia
colic
encephalitis
encephalopathy
insanity
palsy
paralysis
poisoning (not acute)

Molybdoparesis
Morbus pictorum
Painters' colic
Plumbism
Saturnine colic

encephalopathy gout

nephritis paralysis

Saturnism

I.-GENERAL DISEASES-Continued.

58. Other chronic occupation poisonings.

Note.—Include here mercurial, phosphorous, arsenical, or other chronic intoxications (except from lead, 57) when a special note by the certifying practioner (or, lacking this, the occupation of the decedent) indicates very clearly that the intoxication was due to the occupation. Hence the need that a full statement of occupation should be given, including both (1) the kind of work and (2) the nature of the industry, as provided for upon the Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death. See also *Poisoning* in Index.

This title includes:

Mercurial insanity (occupational) ptyalism (occupational) Arsenical ædema (occupational) Brass poisoning (occupational) Chronic arsenical poisoning stomatitis (occupational) (occupatremor (occupational) tional) brass poisoning (occupational) Necrosis from phosphorus mercurial poisoning (occupaof maxilla (from phosphorus) tional) Neuritis from chemical poison (occupaphosphorus poisoning poisoning (occupational)
Fatty degeneration of liver from phospho-Phosphoric inflammation of alveoli of teeth necrosis of alveoli of teeth rus poisoning Hydrargyrism (occupational) iawbone Phosphorus poisoning Maxillary necrosis from phosphorus Mercurial inflammation of gum (occupa-Poisoning (occupational) tional) Tea poisoning (occupational)

59. Other chronic poisonings.

This title includes:

Argyria Arsenical neuritis œdema Bromide poisoning Chronic acetanilide poisoning antipyrine poisoning arsenic poisoning caffeine poisoning cannabis indica poisoning chloral hydrate poisoning coca poisoning cocaine poisoning codeine poisoning dionine poisoning ergot poisoning ergotism ether intoxication poisoning etherism heroine poisoning mercury poisoning (not occupational) morphine poisoning morphinism nicotine poisoning opium poisoning paraldehyde poisoning phenacetin poisoning poisoning silver poisoning

Chronic sulphonal poisoning tobacco poisoning toxic gastritis gastroenteritis trional poisoning veronal poisoning Cocaine habit Cocainism Coffee poisoning Epidemic gangrene Ergotism Hydrargyrism (not occupational) Insanity of haschisch Lathyrism Mercurial salivation stomatitis (not occupational or unqualified) Mercury poisoning (not occupational) Morphine habit Morphinism Morphinomania Neuritis from chemical poison (not occupational) Nicotine poisoning Nicotinism Opium habit Poisonous maize Tea poisoning Tobacco heart poisoning

This title does not include: Amblyopia from intoxication (75).—Uræmic poisoning (120).—Urinary intoxication (125).—Ptomaine poisoning (55).—Pellagra (26).—Beriberi (27).

60. Encephalitis.

This title includes:

Abscess of brain

cerebellum cranium

pons Varolii

Brain fever Cephalitis

Cerebral fever inflammation

Cerebritis

Encephalitis
Inflammation of brain
Intracranial abscess
Phrenitis
Spurious encephalitis
Suppuration of brain
Suppurative encephalitis
Traumatic encephalitis
inflammation of brain

61. Simple meningitis.

Note.—This title is somewhat misleading, since it may cover deaths from Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis. An attempt is made by the Census, as indicated below, to distinguish the forms of meningitis so that this important infectious disease may be segregated; but it can not be said that the distinction is clearly drawn at present, nor will it be in future until physicians use more definite terms in their reports of causes of death.

(1) Simple meningitis.

This subtitle includes:

Time subtitue vicetudes

Abscess of meninges Acute periencephalitis

Arachnitis

Catarrhal meningitis Cerebral meningitis

pachymeningitis Cerebrocervical meningitis

Cervical pachymeningitis Chronic cerebrospinal meningitis

Congenital meningitis Congestive meningitis Diffuse meningitis Encaphalomeningitis

Encephalomeningitis Hydromeningitis Infantile meningitis

Infection of brain Infectious meningitis

Inflammation of arachnoid

cerebral membrane dura mater

membrane of brain spinal cord

meninges pia mater spinal membrane

Internal pachymeningitis Leptomeningitis Membranous meningitis Meningeal septichæmia

Meningitis of brain Meningitis of spinal cord Meningocerebritis Meningoencephalitis

Meningomyelitis Metastatic meningitis Pachymeningitis

Periencephalitis

Pneumococcic meningitis Postbasic meningitis

Posterior basal meningitis meningitis

Postoperative meningitis Progressive meningitis Purulent meningitis

Septic inflammation of membrane of brain

meningitis of brain

Serous meningitis Simple cerebral meningitis cerebrospinal meningitis

meningitis Spinal fever

meningitis
pachymeningitis
Subacute meningitis

of spinal cord

spinal meningitis
Suppurative inflammation of membrane
of brain
meningitis

61. Simple meningitis—Continued.

(2) Cerebrospinal meningitis (undefined).

This subtitle includes:

Acute cerebrospinal meningitis Cerebrospinal arachnitis arachnoiditis Cerebrospinal inflammation meningitis

(3) Cerebrospinal fever.

This subtitle includes:

Cerebrospinal fever Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis | Meningococcic cerebrospinal meningitis | Spotted fever

This title does not include: Tuberculous meningitis (or any synonym of this term) (30).—Rheumatic meningitis (47).

62. Locomotor ataxia.

This title includes:

Arthropathy of tabes dorsalis
Ataxia
Charcot's joint disease
Degeneration of lateral and posterior columns of spinal cord
Duchenne's disease
Locomotor ataxia
Partial ataxia
Posterior sclerosis

Posterior sclerosis of spinal cord spinal sclerosis Posterolateral sclerosis of spinal cord Progressive ataxia locomotor ataxia Spasmodic tabes dorsalis Spastic ataxia Tabes dorsalis

Frequent complications: Pneumonia.—Tuberculosis.—Diarrhœa.—Cystitis.

63. Other diseases of the spinal cord.

Note.—Acute anterior poliomyelitis (infantile paralysis) may be stated separately as a subdivision of this title in case of epidemic prevalence. Exact statistical segregation is extremely difficult owing to the numerous terms used synonymously or without careful discrimination (see Bulletin 108, Mortality Statistics, 1909, p. 24.). Inquiry should be made in regard to every suspicious case, and a definite statement obtained, if possible.

This title includes:

Abscess of spinal cord
Acute anterior poliomyelitis
ascending anterior poliomyelitis
myelitis
poliomyelitis
spinal paralysis
atrophic infantile paralysis

bulbar poliomyelitis
infantile paralysis
myelitis
paralysis of spinal cord
polioencephalomyelitis
poliomyelitis
progressive infantile paralysis
spinal anterior poliomyelitis

paralysis

Amyloid degeneration of muscle
spinal cord

Amyotrophia Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis paralysis sclerosis

Amyotrophy

Anæmia of spinal cord
Anterior poliomyelitis
Apoplexy of spinal cord
Arthropathy of syringomyelia
Ascending neuritis
paralysis
Atrophic muscular paralysis
paralysis

progressive paralysis spinal paralysis Atrophy of spinal cord Brown-Séquard's paralysis Bulbar paralysis Cephalic poliomyelitis Cerebrospinal sclerosis tumor

Charcot's disease
Chronic anterior poliomyelitis
myelitis
paralysis of spinal cord
poliomyelitis
spinal muscular atrophy
paralysis

63. Other diseases of the spinal cord—Continued.

This title includes: Combined sclerosis of spinal cord Myasthenia Compression of medulla gravis Myelitis spinal cord Congenital paralysis from pressure of spinal cord Congestion of medulla spinal cord Myelomalacía Creeping paralysis Myelomeningitis New growth of membrane of spinal cord Degeneration of anterior cornua of spinal (nonmalignant) cord lateral column of spinal spinal cord (nonmalignant) Paralysis agitans spinal cord of spinal cord Degenerative sclerosis Parasitic disease of spinal cord Descending lateral sclerosis Parkinson's disease Polioencephalitis Poliomyelitis Disease of bulb spinal cord Disseminated cerebrospinal sclerosis Posterior lateral sclerosis mvelitis poliomyelitis sclerosis Primary lateral sclerosis of spinal cord myopathy spastic paraplegia Progressive ascending anterior poliomye-Erb's disease Essential paralysis of infancy litis Family ataxia bulbar paralysis Fatty degeneration of muscle spinal cord multiple paralysis Fibrous degeneration of muscle muscular atrophy Friedreich's ataxia dystrophy disease myelitis myopathy paralysis of spinal cord General sclerosis Hæmatomyelia Hæmatomyelitis peripheral paresis Hæmatorrhachis spinal paralysis Pseudohypertrophic paralysis Hæmorrhage of spinal cord membrane of muscle Hereditary ataxia paresis Putnam's disease spastic paraplegia Hyaline degeneration of muscle Removal of clot from spinal cord Sclerosis (unqualified) Infantile hypertrophy paralysis in plaques paresis of spinal cord Secondary lateral sclerosis spinal paralysis Infectious paralysis spastic paraplegia Inferior nuclear paralysis Shaking palsy paralysis Softening of spinal cord Spasmodic dorsal tabes Inflammation of spinal cord Insular sclerosis Intraspinal abscess Spastic family paralysis tumor Irritation of spinal cord paralysis of spinal cord spine Labioglossal paralysis paraplegia Labioglossolaryngeal paralysis Labioglossopharyngeal paralysis spinal paralysis Spinal atrophy Landry's disease degeneration paralysis effusion Lateral sclerosis hæmorrhage Lesion of spinal cord irritation Morvan's disease myelitis Multiple cerebrospinal sclerosis neuritis paralysis paralysis

sclerosis

spinal sclerosis

of spinal cord

sclerosis

tumor Subacute myelitis

63. Other diseases of the spinal cord—Continued.

This title includes:

Subacute poliomyelitis Symmetrical sclerosis Syringomyelia Syringomyelitis Transverse myelitis

Trembling paralysis Tumor of spinal cord meninges Wasting palsy paralysis

64. Cerebral hæmorrhage, apoplexy.

This title includes:

Alcoholic apoplexy cerebral apoplexy

congestion cedema of brain

wet brain

Apoplectic dementia hemiplegia pneumonia stroke

Apoplexy

of brain meninges

Atheroma of brain Basilar apoplexy hæmorrhage Brain-stroke

Bulbar apoplexy

hæmorrhage Capillary apoplexy

Cataplexy Cerebral apoplexy atheroma

congestion effusion hæmorrhage hyperæmia

œdema Cerebrospinal congestion effusion

Clot on brain Congestion (sudden death)

of brain Congestive apoplexy Cranial hæmorrhage Dementia of apoplexy

Frequent complication: Arterial sclerosis.

Effusion on brain

meninges Epidural hæmorrhage Hæmatoma of dura mater

meninges Hæmorrhage of brain

cerebellum cerebrum medulla

membrane of brain

meninges pons

under dura mater Hæmorrhagic pachymeningitis Hyperæmia of brain Intracranial hæmorrhage

Meningeal hæmorrhage Miliary hæmorrhage of brain

Œdema of brain Paralytic shock stroke

Passive congestion of brain Pontine hæmorrhage Progressive apoplexy Rupture of blood vessel in brain

Sanguineous apoplexy

Seizure

Serous apoplexy Shock of paralysis. Stroke

of apoplexy paralysis Subdural hæmorrhage Ventricular hæmorrhage Wet brain

65. Softening of the brain.

This title includes:

Cerebral mollities necrobiosis softening Cerebrospinal softening Encephalomalacia

Inflammatory softening of brain Marasmus of brain Necrencephalus Necrotic softening of brain Softening of brain

This title does not include: Senile dementia (154). Frequent complications: Hemiplegia.—Paralysis.—Pulmonary congestion.

66. Paralysis without specified cause.

This title includes:

Ataxic paraplegia
Bilateral paralysis
Cerebral hemiplegia
palsy
paralysis
Congenital hemiplegia
Cortical hemiplegia
Disseminated paralysis
Facial paralysis
General paralysis
Generalized paralysis
Hemiplegia

of brain Lateral paralysis Local paralysis Monoplegia Motor paralysis Old hemiplegia
Palsy
of brain
Paralysis
of brain
cranial nerve
face
muscle
old age
spinal nerve

Muscle tremor

Paraplegia Progressive paralysis Pseudoparalysis Secondary paralysis Senile paralysis tremor

This title does not include: Diphtheritic paralysis (9).—Atrophic muscular paralysis (63).—Pseudo-hypertrophic paralysis (63).—General paralysis of the insane (67).—Paralytic cachexia or marasmus (67).—Paralytic dementia or insanity (67).—Paralysis: agitans, or trembling (63).—Bulbar paralysis (63).—Ascending paralysis (63).—Essential paralysis of infancy (63).—Labioglossolaryngeal paralysis (63).—Paralysis of the soft palate (100).—Paralysis of the muscles of the eye (75).—Paralysis of the heart (189).

67. General paralysis of the insane.

This title includes:

Generalized paralysis (insane)
Imbecile paralysis
Paralysis of insane
Paralytic cachexia
dementia
insanity
lunacy
marasmus
Paresis
Paretic dementia
Progressive dementia
general paralysis

This title does not include: Disseminated paralysis (66).

1 Not general paralysis of the insane (67). See note thereon.
2 The assignment of "General paralysis," returned without qualification, to title No. 67, General paralysis of the insane, can not be followed in American returns without including many deaths that are not due to the specific disease, but merely ordinary cases of para ysis of undetermined cause (66). Hence it is the practice by the Census to differentiate such cases, so far as possible, by the distinctions given in parentheses.

68. Other forms of mental alienation.

This title includes:

Agitated dementia melancholia Alternating insanity Anergic mental stupor Apathetic dementia Bell's mania Catatonia Chronic delirium Circular insanity Climacteric insanity melancholia Confusional insanity Crazy Delirious mania Delusional insanity mental stupor Delusions of persecution Dementia præcox Developmental dementia Exhaustive psychosis Hallucination Hebephrenia Hypochondria Hypochondriacal melancholia Hypochondriasis Impulsive insanity Infective psychosis Insanity Involutional melancholia Katatonia Korssakoff's disease

Lycanthropy Lypemania Madness Mania Maniacal delirium Manic depressive psychosis Megalomania Melancholia Mental aberration alienation disease insufficiency stupor Monomania Nostalgia Obsessive insanity Organic dementia Paranoia Paranoid state Postfebrile insanity Primary dementia Psychasthenia Psychosis Recurrent mania melancholia Secondary dementia Sitiophobia Stuporous melancholia Terminal dementia Toxic insanity psychosis Traumatic psychosis Unsoundness of mind

This title does not include: Dementia or delirium: alcoholic (56).—Delirium tremens (56).—Delirium (189).—Uramic delirium (120).—Apoplectic dementia (64).—Paralytic dementia (67).—Epileptic dementia (69).—Choreic dementia (72).—Senile dementia (154).—Hysteria (73).—Idiocy (74).—Cretinism (74).—Puarperal insanity (140).

69. Epilepsy.

Lunacy

syndrome

This title includes:

Cerebral epilepsy
Climacteric epilepsy
Congenital epilepsy
Epilepsy
Epileptic coma
convulsions
dementia
fit
insanity
mania
psychosis

Epileptic vertigo
Falling sickness
Fit
Grand mal
Haut mal
Hysteroepilepsy
Morbus comitialis
Petit mal
Senile epilepsy
Status epilepticus

This little does not include: Epileptoid convulsions (70).—Epilepsy: symptomatic, or Jacksonian (74).

70. Convulsions (nonpuerperal) [5 years and over].

71. Convulsions of infants [under 5 years of age].

Note.—These titles relate to mere symptoms of which the causes (epilepsy, nephritis, diarrhæa, etc.) should be ascertained. Assignments of the terms given below are made to titles 70 and 71 according to the age limits stated in brackets, but only when no definite term showing the cause of the "convulsions" is obtainable. When a female of childbearing age (approximately 15 to 44 years) is reported to have died from "Convulsions" or "Eclampsia," without further explanation, the certificate should be returned to the certifying physician for an explicit statement as to whether the condition was or was not puerperal. See also p. 117.

These titles include:

Convulsions
Cramps
Eclampsia
Epileptiform convulsions
Epileptoid convulsions
Infantile convulsions

Infantile spasms
Internal convulsions
Nervous spasms
Reflex convulsions
Spasms
Spasms
Spasmodic convulsions

These titles do not include: Scarlatinal eclampsia (7).—Uræmic eclampsia (120).—Trismus of the newborn (24).

72. Chorea.

This title includes:

Bergeron's disease Chorea insaniens major minor Choreic dementia Insanity of chorea Paralytic chorea Rheumatic chorea Saint Vitus's dance Spasmodic chorea Sydenham's chorea

73. Neuralgia and neuritis.

This title includes:

Alcoholic neuritis
polyneuritis
Anorexia nervosa
Cerebral neuralgia
Degenerative neuritis
Febrile polyneuritis
General neuritis
Hysteria
Hysterical anorexia
asthenia
colic
contractures
convulsions
mania
psychosis

Hysterical spasms
Inflammation of cranial nerve
nerve
Intercostal neuralgia
Multiple neuritis
Neuralgia (of any nerve)
Neuritis (of any nerve)
Peripheral neuritis
Polyneuritis
Sciatic neuritis
Sciatica
Spasmodic hysteria
Tic douloureux
Trigeminal neuralgia

74. Other diseases of the nervous system.

This title includes:

Diffuse sclerosis of brain Acquired hydrocephalus Acute hydrocephalus Disease of brain Amentia cerebellum Amnesia nerve Amyloid degeneration of nervous system Anæmia of brain nervous system Divers' palsy Angiospastic cedema paralysis Division of nerve Aphasia Encephalopathy (unqualified) Associated nuclear paralysis Ataxia of brain Enlargement of brain Erichsen's disease Ataxic aphasia Facial hemiatrophy Athetosis spasm Atrophy of brain Basilar tumor Fatty degeneration of brain nervous system Bends Boulimia Fright Caisson disease Gastrointestinal neuraethenia Catalepsy Cephalalgia Gatism General ataxia sclerosis of brain Cerebellar tumor Cerebral anæmia Glioma of brain ataxia cerebellum atrophy Hardening of brain compression (not injury at birth) Hemicrania Hereditary chorea convulsions Hernia of brain degeneration Hiccough diplegia of children Huntington's chorea dysphagia glioma disease Hydatid of brain ischæmia Hypertrophy of brain Idiocy lesion Imbecility necrosis pressure (not injury at birth) Induration of brain sclerosis Infantile cerebral diplegia paralysis tumor cortical degeneration (of brain) Cerebrospinal toxemia toxichæmia disease of brain Chronic progressive chorea (Huntington's imbecility spastic paralysis chorea) Cirrhocis of brain Internal hydrocephalus Intracranial tumor Compression of brain (not injury at birth) Congenital imbecility Irritation of brain lesion of brain Jacksonian epilepsy Lesion of brain Craft neurosis Craniectomy Little's disease Masturbation Cretinism Cyst of brain Meningeal tumor cerebellum Migraine Miliary sclerosis of brain · Necrosis of brain membrane of brain Cystic tumor of brain Cysticercus of brain Nervous asthenia Degeneration of brain debility cranial nerve disease exhaustion nerve nervous system irritation Dementia from organic brain disease legion Diffuse cerebral sclerosis prostration

74. Other diseases of the nervous system-Continued.

This title includes:

Nervous shock Neuraethenia Neurectomy Neuroma. Neurorrhaphy Neurosis produced by occupation Neurotomy New growth of brain (nonmalignant) membrane of brain (nonmalignant) nerve (nonmalignant) Occupational neurosis Onanism Organic dementia (from organic brain disease) disease of brain lesion of brain Paracentesis of cerebral ventricle Paralysis of diaphragm gastric nerve phrenic nerve pneumogastric nerve tongue Paramyoclonus multiplex Parasitic disease of brain Policencephalitis inferior superior Pressure on brain (not injury at birth)
Progressive atrophy of brain cerebral degeneration

degeneration of brain

Psammoma. Psychosis due to organic brain disease Railroad neurosis Sclerosis of brain Section of nerve Senile atrophy of brain cerebral atrophy neurosis Singultus Somnambulism Spasm of muscle tongue Stretching of nerve Superior nuclear paralysis Symptomatic epilepsy Tetany Tic Traumatic epilepsy neuraethenia neurosis Tumor of brain corpora quadrigemina meninges of brain motor tract nerve pituitary body pons Varolii Vertigo Wallerian degeneration Writers' cramp neuralgia

This title does not include: Dementia, or imbecility, or gatism: senile (154).—Epileptic dementia (69).—Syringomyelia (63).—Myxosdema (88).—Pachydermic cachexia (88).—Hydrocephalus: congenital, or unqualified (160).

75. Diseases of the eyes and their annexa.

This title includes:

Abscess of cornea

eye
eyelid
lacrimal gland
sac
orbit
Amaurosis
Atrophy of optic nerve
Blepharitis
Blepharoconjunctivitis
Blepharoplasty
Canthoplasty
Cataract (all forms)
Chorioiditis
Conjunctivitis
Cyst of orbit
Dacryocadenitis
Dacryocystitis

Disease of cornea eye (any part) orbit (except cancer) **Ectropion** Emphysema of orbit Entropion Evisceration of eye Extraction of lens Fistula of cornea nasal duct Foreign body in eye orbit Gangrene of cornea Glaucoma Hæmorrhage of orbit Inflammation of cornea optic.nerve Iridectomy

75. Diseases of the eyes and their annexa—Continued.

This title includes:

```
Iridochorioiditis
                                            Perforation of cornea
Iridotomy
                                            Postorbital abscess
Iritis
                                            Pseudoglioma.
Keratitis
                                            Pterygium
Lacrimal abscess
                                            Ptosis
Neuroretinitis
New growth of conjunctiva (nonmalig-
                                            Retinitis
                  nant)
                cornea (nonmalignant)
                                            Scleritia
                eye (any part) (nonma-
lignant)
                eyelid (nonmalignant)
                                            Sclerotitis
                lacrimal gland (nonma-
lignant)
                                            Sclerotomy
                                            Staphyloma
                optic nerve (nonmalig-
                  nant)
                orbit (nonmalignant)
                                            Synechia
                sclerotic (nonmalignant)
                                            Trachoma
Obstruction of nasal duct
Œdema of conjunctiva
Ophthalmia
Ootic neuritis
      neuroma
                                            Ulcer of cornea
Pannus
                                                    eye
Parasitic disease of eve
```

Pustular conjunctivitis Rheumatic iritis Sclerochorioiditis Scleroconjunctivitis Stenosis of nasal duct Suppurative keratitis Tumor of eye (any part, nonmalignant or unqualified)
orbit (nonmalignant or unqualified)

This title does not include: Diphtheritic conjunctivitis (9).—Conjunctivitis, or ophthalmia; purulent, or blennorrhagic, or gonorrhoeal (88).—Cancer of the eye (45).—Ocular tuberculosis (34).—Exophthalmic goitre (51).

76. Diseases of the ears.

This title includes:

Abscess of auricle of ear **Myringitis** Necrosis of ear (any part)
New growth of ear (nonmalignant or unqualified) ear external ear middle ear Caries of external meatus Ossiculectomy Ossification of auricle labyrinth middle ear Otalgia ossicle Otic meningitis petrous bone Otitis Catarrh of ear externa Disease of ear (any part) interna media Eustachian tube Otorrhœa tympanum Parasitic disease of ear Eustachian salpingitis Perforation of tympanum Exostosis of ear Foreign body in ear Perichondritis of auricle Phlegmonous otitis Hæmatoma of ear Polypus of ear Purulent otitis media Inflammation of ear (any part) tympanum Septic inflammation of ear Labyrinthine suppuration Suppurative otitis media vertigo Tumor of ear Ménière's disease **Tympanitis** vertigo

This title does not include: Mastoiditis (146), unless stated to result from disease of the ear.

3571°-13--6

III.-DISEASES OF THE CIRCULATORY SYSTEM.

77. Pericarditis.

This title includes:

Adherent pericardium Adhesion of pericardium Adhesive pericarditis Calcification of pericardium Cardiac adhesion Cardiopericarditis Dilatation of pericardium Dropey of heart pericardium Effusion of pericardium Fibrinous pericarditis Fibrous pericarditis Granular pericarditis Hæmopericardium Hæmorrhage of pericardium Hæmorrhagic pericarditis Hydropericarditis Hydropericardium Hydropneumopericarditis

Inflammation of pericardium.
Mediastinopericarditis
New growth of pericardium (nonmalignant)
Paracentesis of pericardium
Parasitic disease of pericardium
Pericardial abscess
Pericarditis
with effusion
Plastic pericarditis
Pneumopericarditis
Pneumopericarditis
Pneumopericarditis
Pyopericarditis
Pyopericardium

Hydropneumopericarditis
Hydropneumopericardium

This title does not include: Rheumatic pericarditis (47).—Endopericarditis (78).—Pleuropericarditis (93).

NOTE.—Refer to the reporting physicians certificates on which the terms "Endocarditis" or "Myocarditis" appear without statement as to whether acute or chronic. If no further information can be had, classify deaths so returned under title 78 for ages under 60 years and under title 79 for ages of 60 years and over.

This title includes:

78. Acute endocarditis.

Acute endocarditis
interstitial myocarditis
mitral endocarditis
myocarditis
myocarditis
ulcerative endocarditis
Bouillaud's disease
Congenital endocarditis
Endocarditis (-60y)
Endopericarditis
Infective endocarditis
Inflammation of myocardium
Malignant endocarditis
Mycotic endocarditis

Myocarditis (-60y)
Myoendocarditis (-60y)
Myopericarditis
Periendocarditis
Purulent endocarditis
Septic endocarditis
Supacute endocarditis
Suppurative endocarditis
Toxic myocarditis
Ulcerated heart
Ulcerative endocarditis
Valvular endocarditis
Vegetative endocarditis

Pyopneumopericardium

Suppurative pericarditis

Tumor of pericardium

Septic pericarditis

This title does not include: Rheumatic endocarditis, nor the other acute cardiac affections which follow during the course of a rheumatic attack (47).—Chronic endocarditis (79).

Complications: Cerebral embolism.—Pulmonary embolism.—Splenic.—Renal.—Petechial.

III.-DISEASES OF THE CIRCULATORY SYSTEM-Continued.

79. Organic diseases of the heart.

This title includes:

Abscess of heart Chronic myocarditis Adenoma of heart. rheumatic endocarditis Amyloid degeneration of heart Aneurysm of heart ulcerative endocarditis valvular endocarditis valve of heart heart disease Aortic disease Cirrhosis of heart incompetency Clot of heart insufficiency Collapse of heart lesion Contraction of valve of heart Corrigan's disease obstruction regurgitation Degeneration of heart stenosis muscle myocardium stricture valvular disease of heart Degenerative myocarditis Apoplexy of heart Dilatation of cardiac orifice Arterial cardiopathy heart Asystole orifice of valve of heart of heart ventricle Atheroma of heart Dilated heart valve of heart Disease of aortic valve Atheromatous degeneration of heart bicuspid valve Atrophy of heart cardiac valve myocardium Blood clot of heart cavity of heart heart valve mitral valve Brown atrophy of heart Calcareous degeneration of heart pulmonary valve tricuspid valve myocardium Calcification of heart Displacement of heart Effects of strain on heart Cardiac albuminuria Endocarditis (60y+)1 apoplexy Enlarged fatty heart Enlargement of heart ascites asthma asvstole Excessive growth of fat in heart Failure of compensation atheroma cachexia Fatty degeneration of heart degeneration mvocardium dilatation heart disease myocarditis dropsy Fibroid disease of heart ì hydrothorax heart hypertrophy myocarditis insufficiency Fibrous degeneration of heart lesion myocardium mitral disease Gouty degeneration of heart Granular heart disease neurasthenia Hæmorrhage of heart neurosis stenosis Heart (all chronic diseases of) **clot** stricture thrombosis disease Cardiectasis strain Cardiomalacia Hyaline degeneration of heart Cardiopathy myocardium) Cardiorrhexis Hypertrophy of heart Cardiosclerosis myocardium Cardiostenosis Imperfect valvular action Cardiovascular sclerosis Incompetency of aortic valve mitral valve Carditis Chronic endocarditis tricuspid valve valve of heart interstitial myocarditis

1 See note under (78).

Inflammation of heart

mitral endocarditis

III.—DISEASES OF THE CIRCULATORY SYSTEM—Continued.

79. Organic diseases of the heart—Continued.

This title includes:

regurgitation

Insufficiency of aortic valve Pulmonary stenosis mitral valve valvular disease of heart Pulmonic regurgitation
Regurgitant disease of valve of heart
Retraction of valve of heart tricuspid valve valve of heart Interstitial myocarditis Laceration of chorde of heart Rheumatic heart disease valve of heart valvular disease of heart Lesion of heart Rupture of chordæ of heart valve of heart heart Mitral cardiac lesion valve of heart disease Sclerous endocarditis of heart myocarditis incompetency Senile endocarditis insufficiency Softening of heart lesion Steatosis of heart obstruction Stenosis of cardiac orifice reflux heart regurgitation orifice of valve of heart sclerosis Strain of heart stenosis Stricture of aortic valve stricture mitral valve valvular disease of heart valve of heart Morbus cordis Suppurative inflammation of heart Muscular degeneration of heart Thickening of mitral valve heart disease valve of heart Myocardial degeneration Thrombosis of heart insufficiency Thrombus of heart Myocarditis (60y+)¹ Myoendocarditis (60y+)¹ Tricuspid disease incompetency Necrosis of heart insufficiency mitral valve lesion New growth of heart (nonmalignant) Obstruction of valvular orifice regurgitation stricture Obstructive disease of valve of heart valvular disease of heart Tumor of heart Œdema of heart Ulceration of valve of heart Organic cardiac disease lesion Valvular cardiac disease lesion disease of heart heart disease collapse lesion of heart disease Ossification of heart of heart incompetency valve mitral valve insufficiency Pancarditis (unqualified) lesion Parasitic disease of heart of heart Pigmentary degeneration of heart stenosis stricture myocardium Valvulitis Progressive myocarditis Vegetation of valve of heart Pulmonary insufficiency (1y+)

This title does not include: Cardiac symptoms (indeterminate) (85).—Persistence of the foramen of Botallo (150).—Paralysis of the heart (189).

Frequent complications: Dropsy.—Bronchitis and pneumonia.—Albuminuria.—Embolism.—Thrombosis.—Nephritis, chronic parenchymatous.—Nephritis, chronic interstitial.

Vitium cordis

III.-DISEASES OF THE CIRCULATORY SYSTEM-Continued.

80. Angina pectoris.

This title includes:

Angina of heart
pectoris
Cardiac angina
neuralgia
spasm
Neuralgia of chest

Neuralgia of heart pericardium Spasm of heart Stenocardia Sternalgia

81. Diseases of the arteries, atheroma, aneurysm, etc.

This title includes:

Abdominal aneurysm Amyloid degeneration of artery Aneurysm by anastomosis of aorta artery brain carotid lung (of pulmonary artery) pulmonary artery thorax Aneurysmal tumor Angiosclerosis Annular calcification of artery Aortic ectasis sclerosis Aortitis Arterial degeneration sclerosis of brain Arteriectasis Arteriocapillary fibrosis Arteriofibrosis Arteriosclerosis of brain Arteriotomy Arteriovenous aneurysm Arteritis obliterans Atheroma of artery Atheromatoria Atheromatous degeneration of artery senility Basilar atheroma Calcareous degeneration of artery Calcification of artery Cerebral arterial sclerosis arteriosclerosis endarteritis Cirsoid aneurysm of artery Degeneration of aorta

Diffuse arteriosclerosis Diffused aneurysm Dilatation of artery Disease of artery cerebral artery coronary artery Dissecting aneurysm Endarteritis deformans obliterans of brain Erosion of artery Fatty degeneration of artery Femoral aneurysm Fusiform aneurysm General arteriosclerosis atheroma Gull and Sutton's disease Hardening of artery Hodgson's disease Hyaline degeneration of artery Hypertrophy of artery Infective endarteritis periarteritis Intrathoracic aneurysm Lardaceous degeneration of artery Malignant aneurysm Miliary aneurysm of brain Obliteration of artery Obstruction of artery Ossification of artery coronary artery Periarteritis Rupture of aorta from disease Saccular aneurysm Sclerosis of artery coronary artery Stricture of artery Subclavian aneurysm Varicose aneurysm

Vascular sclerosis

This title does not include: Aortic affection (79).

III.—DISEASES OF THE CIRCULATORY SYSTEM—Continued.

82. Embolism and thrombosis.

This title includes:

```
Aortic thrombosis
                                           Iliac thrombosis
                                           Obstruction of artery by clot
Basilar thrombosis
Cardiac embolism
                                           Occlusion of artery by clot
Cerebral embolism
                                           Phlegmasia alba dolens (nonpuerperal)
        thrombosis
                                           Pulmonary embolism
Embolic abscess
                                                      thrombosis
        aneurysm
                                           Septic embolism
        apoplexy
                                                            of brain
        gangrene
                                                  thrombosis
                                                  thrombus
        paralysis
        pneumonia
                                           Thrombosis
Embolism
                                                       of artery
          of artery
                                                         brain
                                                         cerebral sinus
             brain
             coronary artery
             heart
                                                         iliac arterv
             intestine
                                                         intestine
             kidney
                                                         kidney
                                                         lateral sinus
             liver
                                                         lung
             lung (pulmonary artery)
             mesenteric artery
                                                         mesentery
             pulmonary artery
                                                         portal vein
             spleen
                                                         pulmonary artery
             thigh
                                                         spinal cord
Embolus
                                                         splenic vessel
         of heart
                                                         uterine vein
Fat thrombosis of heart
                                                          vein
Fatty embolism of heart
                                           Thrombotic softening of brain .
Femoral embolism
                                           Thrombus of meninges
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This title does not include: Embolism (puerperal) (139).

83. Diseases of the veins (varices, hæmorrhoids, phlebitis, etc.).

This title includes:

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Aneurysmal varix
                                           Pyæmic phlebitis
Disease of sinus of brain
                                           Pylephlebitis
                                           Pyophlebitis
          vein
Endophlebitis
                                           Rupture of varicose vein
                                           Septic phlebitis
External piles
Hæmorrhoidal tumor
                                                  thrombophlebitis
Hæmorrhoids
                                           Suppurative phlebitis
Infective phlebitis
                                           Thrombophlebitis
Inflammation of portal vein
                                           Ulcerated varicose vein
                vein
                                           Varices
                                           Varicocele
Infusion into vein
Internal piles
                                           Varicose tumor
Ligature of vein
                                                   ulcer
Mesophlebitis
                                                    vein
Obliteration of vein
                                           Varix
Obstruction of vein
                                                 of bladder
Parasitic disease of vein
                                                   broad ligament
Periphlebitis
                                                   œsophagus
Phlebitis
                                                   ovary
                                                   pelvis
         of cavernous sinus
            umbilicus (3m+)
                                                    pharynx
Phleboliths
                                                    uterine ligament
Piles
                                                    vulva
Pneumophlebitis
                                           Venous angioma
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This title does not include: Puerperal phlebitis (139).—Tumor: vascular, or erectile (46).—Angioma (46).

III .- DISEASES OF THE CIRCULATORY SYSTEM-Continued.

84. Diseases of the lymphatic system (lymphangitis, etc.).

This title includes:

Abscess of axilla

groin lymph node

lymphatic gland

Adenitis (unqualified)

of ganglia

inguinal region

neck

Adenopathy Adenophlegmon

Angioleucitis

Atrophy of thymus gland

Axillary adenitis

Calcification of lymphatic gland

Cervical adenitis

Chyle cyst of mesentery

Chylothorax

Compression of lymphatic vessel Cyst arising in lymphatic space

of lymphatic gland

thymus gland Dilatation of lymphatic vessel Disease of absorbent system

gland **Iymphatic**

gland

system vessel

thymus gland Enlargement of gland

thymus gland

Erosion of lymphatic vessel

Fatty degeneration of thymus gland

infiltration of thymus gland Fibrosis of lymphatic gland

thymus gland

Gangrenous lymphangitis Hæmorrhage of lymphatic gland

thymus gland Hyaline degeneration of lymphatic gland

Hyperplasia of cervical gland Hypertrophy of gland

ymphatic gland thymus gland

Infectious adenitis

Inflammation of gland lymphatic gland

Inflammation of lymphatic vessel thymus gland

Inguinal adenitis

lymphadenitis

Lardaceous degeneration of lymph gland lymphatic

gland

Lymph fistula

scrotum Lymphadenitis

Lymphangiectasis

of scrotum

Lymphangitic abscess

Lymphangitis Lymphatic abscess

Lymphatism

Lymphorrhœa

Necrosis of lymphatic gland

thymus gland New growth of lymphatic gland

thymus gland Nonfilarial chylocele

chylous ascites

Obliteration of lymphatic vessel

Parasitic disease of lymphatic gland vessel

Persistent thymus gland

Pigmentary infiltration of lymphatic

gland Polyadenitis

Rupture of cervical gland

lymphatic vessel (nontrau-

matic)

Sclerosis of gland

Septic adenitis

Status lymphaticus

thymicus

Suppurating adenitis

bubo

Suppuration of lymphatic gland

vessel thymus gland

Suppurative adenitis

cervical adenitis

cranial adenitis

lymphadenitis

Thymic asthma

Tumor of thymus gland

This title does not include: Leuchsemic adenia (53).—Lymphatism [in sense of "scrofula"] (34).—Adenoma (46).—Lymphoma (46).—Lymphadenoma (53).

III .- DISEASES OF THE CIRCULATORY SYSTEM-Continued.

85. Hemorrhage; other diseases of the circulatory system.

This title includes:

Adams-Stokes disease Angiectasis Angiectopia Arrhythymia cordis Bleeding Brachycardia Bradycardia Cardiac palpitation Degeneration of capillaries Dilatation of capillaries Disease of blood vessel capillaries circulatory system **Epistaxis** Fâtty degeneration of capillaries Functional disease of heart Hæmorrhage of abdomen adrenal artery breast navel (3m+)nose penis peritonæum scalp (not injury at birth) suprarenal gland throat umbilicus (3m+) viscera (3m+)

Hæmorrhagic anæmia Heart block Internal hæmorrhage Intraabdominal hæmorrhage Intrapelvic hæmorrhage (male) Irregular action of heart Lardaceous degeneration of capillaries Ligature of artery vessel for hæmorrhage Omphalorrhagia (3m+) Palpitation of heart Paroxysmal tachycardia Phlebotomy Plugging of nares Popliteal hæmorrhage Postoperative hæmorrhage Rupture of blood vessel capillaries vena cava Secondary hæmorrhage Spontaneous hæmorrhage Stokes-Adams disease Stomatorrhagia Subcutaneous hæmorrhage Suprarenal hæmorrhage Suture of artery Tachycardia Tamponing of nasal fossa Teleangiectasis Ulcerous hæmorrhage

This title does not include: Hæmorrhage: cerebral, or cerebellar, or builbar (64).—Meningeal hæmorrhage (84).—Pulmonary hæmorrhage (98).—Hæmoptysis (98).—Hæmatemesis (103).—Intestinal hæmorrhage (110).—Hæmaturia of warm countries (121).—Hæmaturia (unqualified) (122).—Uterine hæmorrhage (135 or 128, according to whether puerperal or nonpuerperal).—Metrorrhagia (135 or 128).—Umbilical hæmorrhage (—3m) (152).—Traumatichæmorrhage (from 155 to 186, according to the nature of the traumatism); if not given (186).—Vascular nævus (150).

IV.—DISEASES OF THE RESPIRATORY SYSTEM.

86. Diseases of the nasal fosse.

This title includes:

Abscess of nasal fossa

septum nose Adenoid growth vegetations of nasal fossa Adenoids Atrophic rhinitis Caries of nose Catarrh of nose Cerebrospinal rhinorrhœa Cold (coryza) Coryza of newborn Deviation of nasal septum Disease of nasal fossa septum nasopharynx

Disease of nose Ecchondrosis of nose Exostosis of nose Fibroma of nasal fossa Foreign body in nose Hæmatoma of nasal septum Hypertrophic rhinitis Hypertrophy of nose pharyngeal tonsil Inflammation of nasopharynx nose Nasal catarrh growth polypus Nasopharyngeal catarrh fibroma. growth polypus

86. Diseases of the nasal fossæ—Continued.

This title includes:

Necrosis of nose New growth of nasopharynx (nonmalig-

nose (nonmalignant)

Ozena
Parasitic disease of nose
Perforation of septum of nose
Perichondritis of nose
Periostitis of nose
Polypus of nasal fossa
nasopharynx

Rhinolith
Rhinoplasty
Rhinoscleroma
Suppurative inflammation of nose
Tumor of nasal passage
nose
Ulcer of nasal passage

Polypus of nose

Postnasal abscess Rhinitis

Vasomotor rhinitis

This title does not include: Epistaxis (85).—Syphilitic coryza (37).

87. Diseases of the larynx.

This title includes:

Abscess of larynx Adhesion of epiglottis Calcification of larynx Catarrh of larynx throat Catarrhal croup laryngitis Congestion of glottis Curetting of larynx Disease of glottis larynx **Epiglottiditis** Erysipelatous laryngitis False croup Fibrous tumor of larynx Fistula of larynx Gangrenous laryngitis Growth in larynx (nonmalignant) Infective laryngitis Inflammation of larynx Intubation of larynx Laryngismus stridulus Laryngitis Laryngotomy Laryngotracheotomy Narrowing of larynx Necrosis of larynx Neuralgia of larynx Neurosis of larynx New growth of larynx (nonmalignant) Obstruction of larynx Obstructive laryngitis Œdema glottidis

of glottis larynx

Œdematous laryngitis

Ossification of larynx Pachydermia verrucosa Papilloma of larynx Paralysis of glottis larynx Parasitic disease of larvnx Passive œdema of larynx Perichondritis of larvnx Phlegmonous laryngitis Polypus of larynx Postlaryngeal abscess Pseudocroup Retrolaryngeal abscess Sclerosis of larynx Septic laryngitis pharyngolaryngitis Spasm of glottis larynx Spasmodic croup laryngitis Stenosis of larynx Stricture of larynx Stridulous croup laryngitis Subglottic laryngitis Suppurative laryngitis Suprathyreoid laryngotomy Thyreotomy Tumor of epiglottis larynx Ulcer of epiglottis larynx Ulceration of epiglottis glottis larynx Ulcerative laryngitis

This title does not include: Tuberculous laryngitis (28).—Laryngeal tuberculosis (28).—Croup (9).—Diphtheritic laryngitis and its synonyms (9).—Foreign body in the larynx (186).

88. Diseases of the thyreoid body.

This title includes:

Abscess of thyreoid gland Adenoma of thyreoid gland Adenomatous goitre Atrophy of thyreoid gland Bronchocele Cachectic pachydermia Colloid goitre Cyst of thyreoid gland Cystic goitre Disease of thyreoid body gland Displaced thyreoid Enlargement of thyreoid gland Fibrous goitre Gangrene of thyreoid gland Goitre Hæmorrhage of thyreoid gland Hyperthyreoidism Hypothyreoidism Inflammation of thyreoid gland Injection of bronchocele Insanity of myxcedema

Internal goitre Lardaceous degeneration of thyreoid body disease of thyreoid gland Myxœdema of thyreoid gland New growth of thyreoid gland (nonmalig-Pachydermic cachexia Parasitic disease of thyreoid gland Parenchymatous goitre Pulsating goitre Suppuration of thyreoid gland Thyreocele Thyreoid tumor Thyreoidectomy Thyreoidism Thyreoiditis Thyreoigenous psychosis Thyreolingual cyst Tumor of parathyreoid gland thyreoid body gland

89. Acute bronchitis.

Note.—Deaths from bronchitis should be definitely reported as Acute bronchitis or as Chronic bronchitis, thus permitting proper assignment to this or the following title. When not so qualified, and when the registrar is unable to obtain a specific statement, deaths under 5 years of age are compiled under (89) and deaths of persons aged 5 years and over are compiled under (90).

This title includes:

Acute bronchitis
bronchorrhoea
capillary bronchitis
catarrh
of lung
catarrhal bronchitis
pulmonary catarrh
purulent bronchitis
Bronchitis (-5y)
Bronchoalveolitis
Capillary bronchitis
Catarrhal bronchitis (-60y)
tracheitis
Cold on lung
Congestion of bronchi
bronchial tube
trachea

Croupous bronchitis Cynanche trachealis Diffuse bronchitis (-5y) Fibrinous bronchitis Infantile tracheitis Inflammation of bronchi trachea Inflammatory bronchitis Plastic tracheitis Purulent bronchitis (-5y) Septic bronchitis Simple bronchitis Subscute capillary bronchitis Suffocating bronchitis Tracheal cynanche Tracheitis Tracheobronchitis

This title does not include: Bronchopneumnia (91).—Specific bronchitis, or any other synonym of tuberculosis of the lung. (See this word under title 28.)—Summer bronchitis (98).

90. Chronic bronchitis.

Note.—See statement under preceding title.

This title includes:

Abscess of bronchi Alveolar catarrh Asthmatic catarrh Bronchial catarrh Bronchiectasis Bronchitis (5y+) Bronchorrhœa Catarrh (unqualified) of bronchi bronchial tube lung respiratory organ on chest Catarrhal anæmia bronchitis (60y+) congestion hæmorrhage Chronic bronchitis bronchorrhœa capillary bronchitis catarrh of lung catarrhal bronchitis

Chronic pulmonary catarrh Cyst of bronchi Diffuse bronchitis (5y+) Dilatation of bronchi Disease of air tube bronchi trachea Fœtid bronchitis Hypostatic bronchitis Moulders' bronchitis Nasobronchial catarrh Paralysis of bronchi Peribronchitis Pituitous bronchitis catarrh Pulmonary catarrh Purulent bronchitis (5y+) bronchorrhœa Senile bronchitis Subacute bronchitis Suffocating catarrh Ulcerative bronchitis

This title does not include: Tuberculous bronchitis (28).

91. Bronchopneumonia.

This title includes:

Aspiration pneumonia
Asthmatic pneumonia
Bronchial pneumonia
Bronchopneumonia
Bronchopneumoniis
Capillary pneumonia
Catarrhal inflammation of lung
lung fever
pneumonia
Croupous bronchopneumonia

Deglutition pneumonia
Infantile pneumonia
Inhalation pneumonia
Inspiration pneumonia
Insular pneumonia
Lobular pneumonia
Septic bronchopneumonia
Typhoid bronchopneumonia
Vesicular pneumonia

This title does not include; Capillary bronchitis (89).

92. Pneumonia.

This title includes:

Acute congestive pneumonia hepatization of lung inflammation of lung interstitial pneumonia pleuropneumonia pneumonitis pulmonitis Adynamic pneumonia Alcoholic pneumonia pneumonitis Apex pneumonia
Apical pneumonia
Asthenic pneumonia
Bilateral lobar pneumonia
pneumonia
Central pneumonia
Circumscribed pneumonia
Congestive pneumonia
Consolidation of lung
Croupous pneumonia
Diplococcus pneumonia

92. Pneumonia—Continued.

This title includes:

Double pleuropneumonia pneumonia Epidemic pneumonia Fibrinous pneumonia Fungoid pneumonia Gangrenous pneumonia Hepatization of lung Infectious pneumonia Inflammation of chest Inflammation of lung Intermittent pneumonia Latent pneumonia Lobar pneumonia Lung fever Metastatic pneumonia Migratory pneumonia Peripneumonia. Pleuroperipneumonia Pleuropneumonia Pneumococchæmia

Pneumococcus infection (unqualified) Pneumonia Pneumonic congestion fever Pneumonitis Pneumopleurisy Pneumopleuritis Progressive pneumonia Pulmonitis Senile pneumonia Septic pleuropneumonia pneumonia Solidification of lung Splenopneumonia Suppurative pneumonia Surgical pneumonia Traumatic pneumonia Typhoid pneumonia Unresolved pneumonia

This title does not include: Pneumonia: caseous (28), or specific (28), or bacillary (28), or any other synonym of tuberculosis of the lungs (see title 28).—Catarrhal pneumonia (91).—Interstitial pneumonia (98).—Pulmonary congestion (94).—Hypotatic pneumonia (94).—Pneumatosis (189).

Complications: Suppurative pleurisy.—Pericarditis.

93. Pleurisy.

This title includes:

Abscess of pleura thorax Adhesion of lung pleura Calcification of pleura Chylous hydrothorax Diaphragmatic pleurisy Disease of pleura Double empyema hydrothorax pleuritis Dropsy of chest Effusion on pleura thorax Empyema Exudative pleurisy pleuritis Fibrinous pleurisy Fibrous pleurisy Hæmopneumothorax Hæmothorax **Hydropneumothorax** Hydrothorax Inflammation of pleura Intercostal fistula Paracentesis of pleura Parasitic disease of pleura Plastic pleurisy Pleural congestion

Pleural effusion fever Pleurisy with effusion Pleuritic adhesion effusion Pleuritis Pleuropericarditis Pleurorrhœa Pneumopyothorax Pneumothorax Pulmonary adhesion Purulent pleurisy pleuritis Pyopneumothorax Pyothorax Septic pleurisy Serofibrinous pleurisy Seropurulent pleurisy Subacute pleurisy Suppurative pleurisy pleuritis Thickening of pleura Thoracentesis Thoracic effusion fistula Thoracoplasty Unresolved pleurisy Water on chest

This title does not include: Pleurodynia (98).

94. Pulmonary congestion, pulmonary apoplexy.

This title includes:

Active congestion of lung Apoplexy of lung Collapse of lung (3m+) Congestion of lung Dropsy of lung Engorgement of lung Hyperæmia of lung Hypostatic congestion

of lung pneumonia Infarction of lung

Infiltration of lung Œdema of lung

Passive congestion of lung

Passive pneumonia Pulmonary anasarca

apoplexy collapse (3m+) congestion engorgement hyperæmia infarction

œdema

stasis Static pneumonia Stripe pneumonia Terminal pneumonia

95. Gangrene of the lung.

This title includes:

Gangrene of lung Mortification of lung Pulmonary gangrene

96. Asthma.

This title includes:

Asthma

Asthmatic bronchitis

dropsv

Bronchial asthma

Catarrhal asthma Curschmann's disease Infantile asthma Spasmodic asthma

This title does not include: Cardiac asthma (79) .- Suffocating catarrh (90) .- Hay fever (98).

97. Pulmonary emphysema.

This title includes:

Atrophic emphysema Congenital emphysema Emphysema of lung

Hypertrophic emphysema

Interlobular emphysema Pulmonary emphysema Senile emphysema Subpleural emphysema Vesícular emphysema

This title does not include: Subcutaneous emphysema (145).

98. Other diseases of the respiratory system (tuberculosis excepted).

This title includes:

Abscess of lung

trachea Alcoholic cirrhosis of lung

Anthracosis

of lung Aspergillosis of lung Atelectasis (3m+) Atresia of lung (ly+) Atrophy of lung Axe-grinders' disease

Black induration of lung Bronchopulmonary hæmorrhage Bronchorrhagia

Brown induration of lung Calcification of bronchi trachea

Calculus of lung Chronic congestive pneumonia hepatization of lung inflammation of lung

98. Other diseases of the respiratory system (tuberculosis excepted)—Continued.

This title includes:

Chronic interstitial inflammation of lung Organic lesion of lung pneumonia Ossification of bronchi pleuropneumonia trachea Paralysis of lung (1y+) Parasitic disease of bronchi pneumonia pneumonitis pulmonitis lung Cirrhosis of lung trachea Cirrhotic pneumonia Pleurodynia Colliers' lung Pneumoconiosis phthisis Pneumonectomy Contraction of bronchi Pneumopathy Cough Pneumorrhagia Disease of chest Potters' asthma Pulmonary abscess lung respiratory system (unqualianthracosis fied) atresia (1y+) Exploration of lung calculus Extravasation of lung (1y+) cirrhosis Fibroid disease of lung disease induration of lung extravasation (ly+) of lung fibrosis pneumonia hæmorrhage Fibrosis of lung infection Fistula of trachea lesion Grinders' asthma sclerosis consumption silicosis phthisis toxæmia Hæmoptysis tumor Hæmorrhage of bronchial tube Pyæmia of lung Respiratory paralysis Rupture of bronchial gland lung Hay asthma fever lung Hernia of lung pulmonary artery Hydatid cyst of lung of lung Sclerosis of lung Septichæmia of lung tumor of lung Silicosis Hypertrophic pneumonia Spitting of blood Imperfect inflation of lung (3m+) Stenosis of bronchi Induration of lung trachea Infection of lung Stonemasons' lung Interstitial pneumonia Iron-gray induration of lung Stricture of bronchi trachea Lesion of lung Summer bronchitis Lithosis catarrh Metal polishers' phthisis Miners' asthma Suppuration of lung Tracheal obstruction complaint Tracheocele Tracheostenosis consumption phthisis Tracheotomy Necrosis of bronchi Tumor of lung trachea pleura New growth of bronchi (nonmalignant) trachea lung (nonmalignant) Ulcer of bronchi lung trachea pleura (nonmalignant) trachea (nonmalignant) Undeveloped lung (3m+) Obstruction of bronchi Organic disease of lung Vomica of lung

This title does not include: Cancer of the lung (45).

V.—DISEASES OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM.

99. Diseases of the mouth and annexa.

This title includes:

Muguet

Abscess of buccal cavity New growth of gum (nonmalignant) parotid gland salivary gland submaxillary gland mouth (nonmalignant) salivary gland (nonmalig-nant) tongue tongue (nonmalignant) Nursing sore mouth Odontalgia Alveolar abscess Alveolodental periostitis Angioma of mouth Aphthae (thrush) Odontoma Oidium albicans Aphthous stomatitis Parasitic disease of mouth Black tongue tongue Buccal ulceration stomatitis Catarrhal inflammation of mouth Parotid tumor Parotiditis (not mumps) stomatitis Cheiloplasty Parotitis (not mumps) Chronic parotiditis **Ptyalism** Pyorrhœa alveolaris Ranula Concretion of salivary gland Cyst of lip Riggs's disease mouth Salivary calculus salivary gland tongue fistula Dental caries Salivation Disease of alveoli of teeth Septic parotiditis gum lip Sore mouth Sprue (thrush) Staphylitis mouth Staphyloplasty Staphylorrhaphy salivary gland teeth tongue Stomatitis Division of frenum of tongue Stomatomycosis Enlargement of lingual tonsil Sublingual abscess Epulis
Fissure of lip Submaxillary abscess Suppuration of gum Fistula of salivary gland parotid gland Gaseous tumor of parotid salivary gland Gingivitis Suppurative parotiditis Glossitis Thrush Hæmorrhage of gum Infected salivary gland Infection of parotid gland Toothache Tumor of gum lip Inflammation of gum mouth parotid gland lip mouth salivary gland salivary gland tongue Tylosis linguæ tongue Ulcer of gum lip Leucoplakia Lingual abscess hæmatoma mouth Macrocheilia tongue Macroglossia Ulcerative stomatitis Malignant stomatitis Ulorrhagia Mikulicz's disease Uranoplasty

This title does not include: Cancer: of the lips or tongue (38) — Chancre of the mouth (37).—Noma (142).— Mumps (19).—Gangrene of the nouth (142).—Diseases of the palate (146).—Fracture of the maxilla (185).—Necrosis of the maxilla (146).—Paralysis of the soft palate (100).

V.—DISEASES OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM—Continued.

100. Diseases of the pharynx.

This title includes:

Abscess of fauces pharynx throat tonsil Amygdalitis Amygdalolith Angina Ludovici of tonsil Aphthous angina Catarrhal angina inflammation of fauces pharyngitis Cellulitis of pharynx Chronic exudative angina Cynanche tonsillaris Dilatation of pharynx stricture of pharynx Disease of fauces palate pharynx throat Elongation of uvula Enlargement of tonsil Erysipelatous angina Erythematous angina Follicular amygdalitis inflammation of pharynx pharyngitis tonsillitis Foreign body impacted in pharynx Gangrene of pharynx throat Gangrenous angina Glandular angina Granular angina inflammation of pharynx pharyngitis pharynx Herpetic angina Hypertrophy of tonsil Inflammation of pharynx ${f tonsil}$ throat Lacunar tonsillitis Ludwig's angina disease Mortification of throat Nasopharyngeal abscess Neuralgia of throat Neurosis of pharynx New growth of fauces (nonmalignant) New growth of tonsil (nonmalignant) Papillary angina Paralysis of deglutition fauces palate pharynx soft palate throat velum palati Parenchymatous tonsillitis Perforation of pharvnx Peritonsillar abscess ulcer ٠, Pharyngitis Pharyngotomy Phlegmon of throat Phlegmonous angina. pharyngitis tonsillitis Postpharyngeal abscess Pultaceous angina Quinsy Retropharyngeal abscess gangrene Rupture of tonsil Septic disease of throat sore throat Simple angina Sore throat Spasm of pharynx Specific 1 growth in throat Streptococcic angina Stricture of pharynx Stridulous angina Subhyoid pharyngotomy Suppuration of tonsil Suppurative tonsillitis Tonsillitic angina Tonsillitis Tonsillopharyngeal abscess Tumor of pharynx throat tonsil uvula Ulcer of fauces palate pharynx throat tonsil Ulcerative pharyngitis tonsillitis Vincent's angina

This title does not include: Angina pectoris (80).—Cardiac angina (80).—Scarlatinal angina (7).—Diphtheritic paralysis (9).

pharynx (nonmalignant)

V.-DISEASES OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM-Continued.

101. Diseases of the cesophagus.

This title includes:

Abecess of cesophagus
Dilatation of cesophagus
Disease of cesophagus
Diverticulum of cesophagus
Dysphagia
Foreign body in cesophagus
Inflammation of cesophagus
Necrotic cesophagitis
New growth of cesophagus (nonmalignant)
Obstruction of cesophagus
Esophagismus
Esophagismus
Esophagitis

Esophagostomy
Esophagotomy
Paralysis of cesophagus
Perforation of cesophagus
Rupture of cesophagus
Spasm of cesophagus
Spontaneous rupture of cesophagus
Stenosis of cesophagus
Stricture of cesophagus
Tumor of cesophagus
Ulcer of cesophagus

This title does not include: Cancer of the cosophagus (40).—Syphilitic stricture of the cosophagus (37).

102. Ulcer of the stomach.

This title includes:

Erosion of stomach
Gastric erosion
ulcer
ulceration
Gastroduodenal ulcer
Gastroœsophageal ulcer
Peptic ulcer
Perforating gastric ulcer

Perforating ulcer of stomach
Round ulcer
of stomach
Ulcer of peptic gland
pylorus
stomach
Ulcus rotundum
ventriculi

Frequen complications: Hamatemests.—Perforation of the stomach.—Peritonitis.—Subphrenic abscess.

103. Other diseases of the stomach (cancer excepted).

This title includes:

Abscess of pyloric valve stomach Amylaceous dyspepsia (2y+) Apepeia Atonic dyspepsia Atony of stomach Atrophy of stomach Bilious gastritis indigestion vomiting Canker of stomach Cardialgia Cardiospasm Catarrh of stomach Catarrhal dyspepsia (2y+) gastritis gastrohepatitis indigestion inflammation of stomach Cirrhosis of stomach Colic of stomach Concretion of stomach Congenital dyspepsia (2y+) Congestion of stomach Contraction of pylorus stomach Deformity of stomach (acquired) 3571°-13---7

Degeneration of stomach Derangement of stomach Dilatation of stomach Disease of stomach Displacement of stemach Dyspepsia (2y+) Engorgement of stomach Enlargement of stomach Eructation Excessive appetite Fermentation of stomach Fistula of stomach Foreign body in stomach Gangrene of stomach Gastralgia Gastrectasis Gastrectomy Gastric atrophy catarrh colic convulsions derangement disease fermentation fistula hæmorrhage indigestion

V.—DISEASES OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM—Continued.

103. Other diseases of the stomach, etc.—Continued.

This title includes:

Gastric necrosis neuralgia neurasthenia toxæmia vertigo Gastritis Gastrodynia Gastroenterostomy

Gastrogastrostomy Gastrohepatic catarrh

inflammation

Gastrohepatitis Gastromalacia Gastroplasty Gastroptosis Gastrorrhagia Gastrorrhaphy Gastrorrhœa Gastrostenosis Gastrostomy

Gastrotomy Glandular gastritis

Hæmatemesis Hæmorrhage of stomach Hæmorrhagic gastritis

Heartburn

Hour glass stomach Hypersemia of stomach Hyperchlorhydria Hyperchylia gastrica

Hyperemesis (unqualified) Hypertrophic stenosis of pylorus

Hypertrophy of stomach

Hypochlorhydria Indigestion

Induration of stomach Inertia of stomach

Inflammation of stomach Irritation of stomach

Laceration of stomach (not external vio-

Lardaceous disease of stomach

Loss of appetite

Nausea

Necrosis of pylorus Necrosis of stomach

Nervous dyspepsia indigestion

Neuralgia of stomach Neurotic dyspepsia

New growth of stomach (nonmalignant)

Obstruction of pylorus Organic disease of stomach

lesion of stomach Paralysis of stomach

Parasitic disease of stomach

Paresis of stomach

Perforation of stomach (nontraumatic) Pernicious vomiting (female, -15y, 45y+)

male) Persistent vomiting (female, -15y, 45y+)

(male) Perversion of appetite Phlegmonous gastritis

Pica.

Pylorectomy Pyloric incontinence

Pyloroplasty Pylorospasm

Pyrosis Regurgitation from stomach

Rupture of stomach Scierosis of stomach Sclerotic gastritis Septic gastritis Softening of stomach Spasm of stomach

Stenosis of pylorus Stricture of cardia of stomach

pylorus stomach

Suppurative gastritis Ulcerative gastritis

Uncontrollable vomiting (female, -15y, 45y+)

(male)

Vomiting

of blood

This title does not include: Gastroenteritis (104 or 105 according to age). Uncontrollable vomiting in cases of women between 15 and 45 years of age (124).

DIARRHŒA AND ENTERITIS.

Note.—As the terms included under titles 104 and 105 are substantially identical, the distinction being with respect to the ages of decedents as under or over two years of age, it is unnecessary to give separate lists.

V.-DISEASES OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM-Continued.

DIARRHEA AND ENTERITIS—Continued,

104. Diarrhœa and enteritis (under 2 years).

105. Diarrhœa and enteritis (2 years and over).

For the following terms included under the above titles, compile deaths of infants under 2 years of age under title No. 104 and deaths of persons aged 2 years and over under title No. 105:

```
Amylaceous dyspepsia (-2y)^1
Athrepsia
Bilious colic
        diarrhea
Bloody diarrhoea
Bowel complaint
Catarrh of abdomen
           howel
           intestine
Catarrhal colitis
           diarrhœa
           dyspepsia (-2y)^1 enteritis
           gastroduodenitis
          gastroenteritis
ileocolitis
Cholera infantum
Choleraic diarrhœa 1
Choleriform diarrhoea 1
             enteritis 1
Chronic cholera
Colic
      of abdomen
         intestine
Colitie
Coloenteritis
Congenital dyspepsia (-2y)^1
Congestion of bowel
               intestine
Congestive enteritis
            gastroenteritis
Croupous colitis
           enteritis
Diarrhœa
           due to food
Diarrhœal enteritis
           gastritis
Dry colic
Duodenal ulcer
Duodenitis
Dyspepsia (-2y)<sup>1</sup>
Dyspeptic diarrhœa
Endemic diarrhœa
Enteric catarrh
         convulsions
         infection
         intoxication
Enteritis
Enterocolitis
```

Enterogastritis

Enteroperitonitis

```
Epidemic diarrhœa
           enteritis
gastroenteritis
Erosion of intestine
Exudative colitis
Fermental diarrheea
           enteritis
Fermentation in intestine
Flagellate diarrhoea
Flatulent colic
Follicular enteritis
          ileocolitis
Gangrenous colitis
            enteritis
Gastrocolitis
Gastroduodenal catarrh
Gastroduodenitis
Gastroenteric catarrh
              infection
Gastroenteritis
Gastrointestinal atrophy
                  catarrh
                  convulsions
                  dyspepsia
                  indigestion
                  infection
                  inflammation
                  intoxication
                  irritation
                  toxinfection
                  ulceration
Green diarrhosa
       stools
Hæmorrhagic colitis
              enteritis
               zastroenteritis
Hyperæmia of intestine
Ileocolitis
Infantile athrepsia
          colic
          diarrhœa
          enteritis
Infection of intestine
Infective diarrhœa
          enteritis
          gastroenteritis
Inflammation of alimentary canal
                 bowel
```

colon

Inflammatory colic

intestine

^{1 &}quot;Dyspepsia" is regularly included under title No. 103, but when returned for infants under 2 years (usually intestinal indigestion), is assigned to title 104. Similarly, "choleriform" diarrhoes and enteritis are assigned to title No. 13 for ages over 2 years.

V .- DISEASES OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM-Continued.

DIABRECEA AND ESTERITIS—Continued.

Septic diarrhosa

Spannodic colic

Specific enteritie

Sporadic diarrhosa

Summer complaint

Ulceration of bowel

Ulcerative colitis

Zymotic diarrhoea enteritis

Ulcer of colon

Spurious hydrocephalus Subacute enteritie

enterocolitis

milk infection

diarrhos

duodenum

colon

ileum

enteritis

ileocolitis

gastroenteritis

Uncontrollable diarrhosa

intestine

enterocolitis

perforation of intestine

intestine

inflammation of bowel

intestine

enteritis gastroenteritis Signoiditis Simple enteritis

Inflammatory diarrhosa
Intestinal autointoxication (-2y)

colic convalsions cramps dyspepsia indigestion infection ¹ intoxication maraname rhachitis spaces

toxemia toxinfection Irritation of bowel

intestine Membranous colitis enteritis

enterocolitis ileocolitis Milk infection

Mucoenterius Mucous colitis disease enteritis Mycotic disease

Necrotic colitie Perforating ulcer of intestine

Phlegmonous enteritis Purging Sarcinal infection Senile diarrhosa Septic colitis

These titles do not include: Tuberculous enteritis (31).

106. Ankylostomiasis.

This title includes:

Ankylostomiasis Egyptian chlorosis Epidemic ansemia Hookworm disease Miners' ansemia chlorosis Necatoriasis Uncinariasis

107. Intestinal parasites.

This title include:

Ascariasis
Ascaris lumbricoides
Bilharxiasis
Bothriocephalus latus
Cestodes
Coccidiasis
Distoma hepaticum
Distomiasis
Helminthiasis
Parasite of appendix
intestinal wall
intestine

Parasitic disease of intestine

Rectal bilharsiasis
Round worm
Tsenia mediocanellata
solium
Tseniasis
Tapeworm
Trematodes
Trichinasis
Trichinosis
Trichocephalus
dispar

Worm colic fever Worms in intestine

¹ This term can not, in American practice, be given the assignment of the French Manual, 483e No. 110. As used in this country, it is assignable to 104 or 105, according to age. The great majority of the deaths ascribed to this cause in the United States are those of children under 2 years of age, occurring during the bested season.

V.-DISEASES OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM-Continued.

108. Appendicitis and typhlitis.

This title includes:

Abscess of appendix

iliac fossa

vermiform appendix

Appendectomy Appendicitis

Appendicular abscess

Cæcitis

Catarrhal appendicitis

Fulminating appendicitis

Gangrenous appendicitis Iliac phlegmon

Inflammation of appendix

Perforative appendicitis

Pericæcai abscess Perityphlitic abscess Perityphlitis Phlegmon of iliac fossa Postcæcal abscess Recurrent appendicitis Ruptured appendix Septic thrombosis of appendix Sloughing appendix Suppurative appendicitie Tumor of appendix **Typhlitis Typhlodicliditis**

This title does not include: Abscess of the pelvis in the male (144).—Abscess of the pelvis in the female (130).—Perinterine abscess (130).—Pelvic suppuration in the male (144).—Pelvic suppuration in the female (130).

109. Hernia, intestinal obstruction.

NOTE.—This title may be subdivided as indicated below.

(1) Hernia.

This subtitle includes:

Adhesion of hernial sac

Breach

Bubonocele

Congenital hernia inguinal hernia

rupture

Diaphragmatic hernia

of stomach

Direct inguinal hernia. Double inguinal hernia

Dropsy of hernial sac Enterocele

Epigastric hernia

Epiplocele

External hernia

inguinal hernia Femoral hernia

Funicular inguinal hernia

Gangrenous hernia

Hernia

of intestine

scrotum spleen

etomach

umbilicus

Hernial cholera

colic

gangrene

Herniotomy

Incarcerated hernia Infantile inguinal hernia

Inflammation of hernial sac

Inguinal hernia

(bubonocele)

Internal hernia

inguinal hernia

Interstitial hernia

Intestinal hernia

Intrasbdominal hernia

Intraparietal hernia

Irreducible hernia Ischiadic hernia

Ischiorectal hernia

Kelotomy

Laceration of hernial sac

Lumbar hernia

Merocele

Oblique inguinal hernia Obturator hernia

Omental hernia

Perineal hernia

Pudendal hernia

Retroperitoneal hernia

Rupture

of bowel diaphragm

intestine

Sarcepiplocele

Sarcepiplomphalocele Sarcoepiplocele

Sciatic hernia

Scrotal hernia

Strangulated epigastric hernia

femoral hernia

hernia inguinal hernia

internal hernia

ischiadic hernia

ischiorectal hernia

lumbar hernia

obturator hernia

umbilical hernia

ventral hernia

Suppuration of hernial sac

Umbilical hernia

Vaginal hernia

Ventral hernia

V.—DISEASES OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM—Continued.

DIABREGA AND ENTERITIS—Continued.

Inflammatory diarrhœs
Intestinal autointoxication (-2y)

colic convulsions cramps dyspepsia indigestion infection intexication marasmus rhachitis spasms

toxæmia toxinfection Irritation of bowel

intestine
Membranous colitis
enteritis

enterocolitis ileocolitis

Mucoenteritis
Mucous colitis
disease
enteritis
Mycotic diarrhœa
Necrotic colitis

Milk infection

Perforating ulcer of intestine

Phlegmonous enteritis Purging Sarcinal infection

Senile diarrhœa Septic colitis Septic diarrhœa

gastroenteritis Sigmoiditis

Simple enteritis Spasmodic colic Specific enteritis Sporadic diarrhes Spurious hydrocephalus Subacute enteritis

enterocolitis

inflammation of bowel intestine

milk infection

Summer complaint diarrhœa Ulcer of colon

duodenum intestine Ulceration of bowel

colon ileum

ileum intestine Ulcerative colitis

enteritis enterocolitis ileocolitis

perforation of intestine

Uncontrollable diarrhœa Zymotic diarrhœa enteritis gastroenteritis

These titles do not include: Tuberculous enteritis (31).

106. Ankylostomiasis.

This title includes:

Ankylostomiasis Egyptian chlorosis Epidemic anæmia Hookworm disease Miners' anæmia chlorosis Necatoriasis Uncinariasis

107. Intestinal parasites.

This title includes:

Ascariasis
Ascaris lumbricoides
Bilharziasis
Bothriocephalus latus
Cestodes
Coccidiasis
Distoma hepaticum
Distomiasis
Helminthiasis
Parasite of appendix
intestinal wall
intestine

Parasitic disease of intéstine rectum Rectal bilharziasis Round worm Tænia mediocanellata solium Tæniasis Tapeworm

Tapeworm
Trematodes
Trichiniasis
Trichinosis
Trichocephalus

dispar

Worm colic fever Worms in intestine

¹ This term can not, in American practice, be given the assignment of the French Manual, #the No. 110. As used in this country, it is assignable to 104 or 105, according to age. The great majority of the destine ascribed to this cause in the United States are those of children under 2 years of age, occurring during the heated season.

V.-DISEASES OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM-Continued.

108. Appendicitis and typhlitis.

This title includes:

Abscess of appendix

iliac fossa

vermiform appendix

Appendectomy

Appendicitis

Appendicular abscess

Cæcitis

Catarrhal appendicitis

Fulminating appendicitis Gangrenous appendicitis

Iliac phlegmon

Inflammation of appendix

cæcum

Perforative appendicitis

Pericæcai abscess Perityphlitic abscess Perityphlitis Phlegmon of iliac fossa Postcæcal abscess Recurrent appendicitis Ruptured appendix Septic thrombosis of appendix Sloughing appendix Suppurative appendicitis Tumor of appendix **Typhlitis Typhlodicliditis**

This title does not include: Abscess of the pelvis in the male (144).—Abscess of the pelvis in the female (130).—Periuterine abscess (130).—Pelvic suppuration in the male (146).—Pelvic suppuration in the female (130).

109. Hernia, intestinal obstruction.

Note.—This title may be subdivided as indicated below.

(1) Hernia.

This subtitle includes:

Adhesion of hernial sac

Breach

Bubonocele

Congenital hernia

inguinal hernia

rupture

Diaphragmatic hernia

of stomach

Direct inguinal hernia Double inguinal hernia

Dropsy of hernial sac Enterocele

Epigastric hernia

Epiplocele

External hernia

inguinal hernia

Femoral hernia Funicular inguinal hernia

Gangrenous hernia

Hernia

of intestine

scrotum

spleen stomach

umbilicus

Hernial cholera

colic

gangrene

Herniotomy

Incarcerated hernia

Infantile inguinal hernia Inflammation of hernial sac

Inguinal hernia

(bubonocele)

Internal hernia

inguinal hernia Interstitial hernia

Intestinal hernia

Intraabdominal hernia

Intraparietal hernia Irreducible hernia

Ischiadic hernia

Ischiorectal hernia

Kelotomy Laceration of hernial sac

Lumbar hernia

Merocele

Oblique inguinal hernia

Obturator hernia

Omental hernia

Perineal hernia

Pudendal hernia Retroperitoneal hernia

Rupture

of bowel

diaphragm

intestine

Sarcepiplocele Sarcepiplomphalocele Sarcoepiplocele

Sciatic hernia

Scrotal hernia

Strangulated epigastric hernia

femoral hernia

hernia

inguinal hernia

internal hernia

ischiadic hernia ischiorectal hernia

lumbar hernia

obturator hernia

umbilical hernia

ventral hernia

Suppuration of hernial sac

Umbilical hernia

Vaginal hernia

Ventral hernia

V.—DISEASES OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM—Continued.

109. Hernia, intestinal obstruction—Continued.

(2) Intestinal obstruction.

This subtitle includes:

Artificial anus Constriction of intestine Contraction of bowel intestine

Enterostenosis Ileus Infarction of bowel intestine Internal strangulation Intestinal obstruction

Intussusception of bowel

intestine viacera

Invagination

of bowel intestine

Obstruction of alimentary canal

bowel intestine

Occlusion of bowel intestine · Stenosis of bowel

intestine

sigmoid flexure

Stercoral tumor vomiting

Stoppage of bowel intestine

Strangulation of bowel intestine

Stricture of bowel

colon duodenum intestine

sigmoid flexure

Telescoped bowel intestine

Twist of bowel Unnatural anus

Volvulus

of intestine Vomiting of feecal matter

This subtitle does not include: Laparotomy (unqualified) (189). Frequent complication: Peritonitis.

110. Other diseases of the intestines.

This title includes:

Abdominal neuralgia tympanites

Abscess of anus

bowel colon

intestine

Meckel's diverticulum rectum

Acquired diverticulum of intestine Adenitis of intestine

Adhesion of intestine

Anal ulcer Atony of intestine

Atresia of rectum Atrophy of intestine Calculus of intestine Cellulitis of anus

Colectomy Colibacillosis Colotomy

Compression of intestine (nontraumatic)

Concretion of intestine Constipation Copræmia Coprostasis

Costiveness

Degeneration of intestine

Dilatation of colon intestine

sphincter ani

Disease of alimentary canal anus

bowel intestine rectum

Diverticulitie Diverticulum of intestine

Enlargement of rectum Enteralgia Enterectomy Enteric paralysis Enterolith Enteroptosis Enterorrhagia

Enterorrhaphy Enterostomy Enterotomy

Fæcal abscess fistula

impaction obstruction Fissure of anus

Fistula in ano of intestine

V.—DISEASES OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM—Continued

110. Other diseases of the intestines—Continued.

This title includes:

Fistula of ischiorectal fossa

rectum

Foreign body in alimentary canal

appendix intestine

rectum

Gangrene of anus

bowel intestine rectum

Gastroenteric hæmorrhage Gastrointestinal hæmorrhage

Glénard's disease

Hæmorrhage of anus bowel

intestine

rectum Hypertrophy of intestine

Impacted feeces

Impaction of bowel

colon fæces

intestine rectum

Inflammation of anus rectum

Intestinal anastomosis

autointoxication (2y+)

neurosis

Intestinouterine fistula Intraperitoneal hæmorrhage Ischial abscess

Ischiorectal abscess.

fistula

hæmatocele

Laceration of anus

intestine rectum

Lardaceous degeneration of intestine

disease of intestine Malignant cedema of rectum

Melæna

neonatorum (3m+)

Meteorism

Mortification of bowel

intestine

Neuralgia of bowel

intestine

New growth of anus (nonmalignant) rectum (nonmalignant)

Obstination

Organic disease of intestine

Organic lesion of intestine

Paralysis of bowel

colon

digestive organs

intestine

Paresis of bowel intestine

Perforation of bowel intestine

Periproctitis

Perirectal abscess

cellulitis

Polypus of rectum

Procidentia recti

Proctalgia

Proctectomy

Proctitis

Proctocele

Proctoptosis Prolapse of anus

rectum

Pseudomembranous enteritis

Psilosis

Rectitis

Rectocele

Rectovaginal fistula

Resection of bowel

intestine

Rupture of duodenum

rectum

Sloughing of rectum Spasm of rectum

Spianchnoptosis

Sprue (psilosis)

Stercoræmia

Stercoral fever

fistula

infiltration

Stricture of anus

rectum

Suppuration of bowel

intestine

Suture of intestine

Tumor of anus intestine

rectum

Tympanites

of intestine

Ulceration of anus

rectum

Uterofæcal fistula

Uterointestinal fistula

This title does not include: Urinary fistulas even when they affect the rectum (125).—Artificial anus (109).—Unnatural anus (109).—Imperiorate anus (150).—Stercoral tumor (109).—Intestinal invagination or its synonyms (109).—Typhlitis (106).—Perityphlitis (106).

V.-DISEASES OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM-Continued.

111. Acute yellow atrophy of the liver.

This title includes:

Acute atrophy of liver infective jaundice parenchymatous hepatitis yellow atrophy of liver Icterus gravis
Malignant hepatitis (1y+) icterus (1y+)

jaundice (ly+)

Parenchymatous hepatitis Pernicious icterus Weil's disease Yellow atrophy of liver

This title does not include: Icterus (unqualified) (115).—Chronic icterus (115).—Icterus of the newborn (151).

112. Hydatid tumor of the liver.

This title includes:

Cysticercus cellulosse of liver Echinococcus

cyst of liver

of liver Hydatid (unqualified) Hydatid cyst of liver disease of liver tumor of liver

113. Cirrhosis of the liver.

This title includes:

Alcoholic cirrhosis

of liver

hepatitis liver

liver

Amyloid degeneration of liver

Atrophic cirrhosis

of liver

Biliary cirrhosis

Chronic atrophy of liver catarrhal hepatitis

cirrhosis of liver enlargement of liver.

fibrous hepatitis hepatitis.

hypertrophic hepatitis induration of liver

inflammation of liver interstitial hepatitis

Cirrhosis (unqualified) of Laënnec

liver

Congenital cirrhosis of liver (1y+) hepatic cirrhosis (1y+)

Contracted liver

Fatty degeneration of liver

liver

Fibroid liver Granular liver

Hanot's disease Hepatic ascites

cirrhosis

sclerosis Hobnail liver

Hypertrophic cirrhosis

of liver Induration of liver

Interstitial cirrhosis

of liver

hepatitis Lardaceous degeneration of liver

liver
Large waxy liver
Malarial cirrhosis

Malarial cirrhosis Portal cirrhosis Sclerosis of liver

Slow atrophy of liver Steatosis of liver

Waxy degeneration of liver liver

This title does not include: Organic lesion of the liver (115).—Hypertrophy of the liver (115). Frequent complications: Dropsy.—Hæmorrhage.—Pneumonia.—Tuberculosis.

V.-DISEASES OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM-Continued.

114. Biliary calculi.

This title includes:

Biliary calculus
colic
lithiasis
Calculus of gall bladder
liver.
Cholæmic gall stones
Cholelithiasis
Colic from gall stones

Gall stones
in intestine
Hepatic calculus
colic
Impacted calculus of liver
gall stones
Impaction of gall bladder

115. Other diseases of the liver.

This title includes:

Abscess of gall bladder liver Acholia Acquired deformity of liver Acute catarrhal hepatitis (1y+) jaundice (1y+) cirrhoeis of liver enlargement of liver fibrous hepatitis hepatitis (ly+) hypertrophic hepatitis induration of liver inflammation of liver interstitial hepatitis Adhesion of gall bladder Amœbic abscess of liver Angiocholecystitis Angiocholitis Atrophy of gall bladder liver Biliary fistula obstruction poisoning toxæmia Black jaundice (1y+) Catarrh of bile duct liver Catarrhal cholangitis cholecystitis hepatitis (ly+) icterus (ly+) jaundice(1y+)Cholæmia Cholangitis Cholecystectomy Cholecystenterostomy Cholecystitis Cholecystotomy Choledochitis Choledochotomy Cholesteræmia Choluria Chronic catarrhal jaundice Congenital icterus (1y+) Congestion of liver Contraction of gall bladder duct

Cyst of gall bladder duct liver Degeneration of liver Diffuse hepatitis suppurative hepatitis Dilatation of gall bladder Disease of liver Displacement of liver Dropsy of liver Empyema of gall bladder Enlargement of liver Fibroid tumor of liver Gangrene of gall bladder Gastrohepatic congestion disease Hæmatogenous icterus (1y+) aundice (ly+) Hæmorrhage of liver Hæmorrhagic icterus (1y+) jaundice (ly+) Hepatalgia Hepatectomy Hepatic abscess catarrh congestion disease dropsy fever hypertrophy obstruction ulcer Hepatitis (ly+) Hepatocystitis Hepatoptosis Hyperæmia of liver Hypertrophic hepetitis Hypertrophy of gall bladder duct liver Icterus (ly+) Infectious cholecystitis Inflammation of bile duct capsule of liver gall bladder

V.—DISEASES OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM—Continued.

115. Other diseases of the liver—Continued.

This title includes:

Pigmentary degeneration of liver Plugging of gall bladder Inflammation of gall duct hepatic duct liver Portal obstruction Jaundice (ly+)Liver complaint trouble phlebitis Prolapse of liver Morbus regius Necrosis of gall bladder liver Pyæmia of liver Result of tight lacing on liver Rupture of bile duct gall bladder New growth of gall bladder (nonmaligduct nant) duct (nonmalignant) Septic hepatitis liver (nonmalignant) jaundice (1y+) Stenosis of bile duct Nutmer liver gall duct Stricture of common duct Obstruction of bile duct common duct gall bladder gall bladder duct liver Subhepatic abscess portal circulation Suppuration of gall bladder Suppurative cholangitis vein Obstructive cholecystitis cholecystitis icterus (ly+) choledochitis jaundice (ly+) hepatitis Occlusion of bile duct gall duct inflammation of liver Suture of liver Torpid liver Organic disease of liver lesion of liver Toxic jaundice Tropical abscess of liver Paralysis of liver Parasitic disease of gall bladder Tumefaction of liver Tumor of bile duct gall bladder Perforation of bile duct duct gall bladder liver Ulcer of gall bladder duct Pericholecystitis duct Perihepatitis liver

This title does not include: Icterus gravis (111).-Icterus of the newborn (151).

116. Diseases of the spleen.

This title includes:

Pick's disease

Abscess of spleen Amyloid degeneration of spleen spleen Apoplexy of spleen Atrophy of spleen Congestion of spleen Cyst of spleen Disease of accessory spleen spleen Displacement of spleen Enlargement of spleen Erosion of spleen Fibroid growth of spleen Fibrosis of spleen Hæmorrhage of spleen Hydatid cyst of spleen Hypertrophy of spleen Infarction of spleen

Infection of spleen Inflammation of capsule of spleen spleen Interstitial splenitis
Lardaceous degeneration of spleen disease of spleen Megalosplenia Necrosis of spleen New growth of spleen (nonmalignant) Organic disease of spleen lesion of spleen Parasitic disease of spleen Perisplenitis Rupture of spleen Splenectomy Splenitis Splenocele Splenopathy

Yellow jaundice (ly+)

V.-DISEASES OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM-Continued.

116. Diseases of the spleen—Continued.

This title includes:

٠.

Splenoptosis Splenotomy Spontaneous rupture of spleen

Tumor of spleen Wandering spleen Waxy spleen

This title does not include: Diseases of the spleen due to leuchsamia (53) or to malarial cachexia (4) Banti's disease (54).—Tuberculosis (34), or cancer (45): of the spleen.

117. Simple peritonitis (nonpuerperal).

Note.—When a female of childbearing age (approximately 15 to 44 years) is reported to have died from "Peritonitis," without further explanation, return the certificate to the physician for an explicit statement as to whether the condition was or was not puerperal. See also page 117.

This title includes:

Abdominal adhesion

Abscess of Douglas's cul-de-sac

omentum peritonæum

Adhesion of peritonseum

stomach Adhesive peritonitis

Congenital peritonitis (3m+) Cyst of peritoneum

Diffuse peritonitis

Disseminated peritonitis

Epiploitis

Fibrinous peritonitis Fibropurulent peritonitis

Foreign body in peritonæum Gangrene of omentum

General peritonitis

purulent peritonitis septic peritonitis Hæmorrhagic peritonitis

Inflammation of peritonseum

Local peritonitis

Mesenteric abscess

Metroperitonitis (nonpuerperal)

Multiple septic peritonitis

Parasitic disease of peritonseum

Pelvic lymphangitis peritonitis

Pelviperitonitis (nonpuerperal)
Perforative peritonitis
Peritoneal infection (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

septichæmia

Peritonitis

from perforation

Phlegmonous peritonitis

Postoperative peritonitis

Purulent peritonitis Septic peritonitis

Serofibrinous peritonitis

Simple peritonitis (not puerperal)

Subacute general peritonitis Suppurative peritonitis

Traumatic peritonitis

This title does not include: Tuberculous peritonitis (31).—Cancer of the peritonseum (41).—Puerperal peritonitis (137).—Rheumatic peritonitis (47).

118. Other diseases of the digestive system (cancer and tuberculosis excepted).

This title includes:

Abdominal abscess Abscess of abdomen

pancreas

Apoplectic pancreatitis Apoplexy of pancreas

Atrophy of pancreas

Calculus of pancreas Cirrhosis of pancreas

Cyst of pancreas

Cystic pancreatitis

Degeneration of pancreas Dilatation of duct of pancreas Disease of digestive system (unqualified)

pancreas Fibrous pancreatitis Gangrene of pancreas Gangrenous pancreatitis Hæmorrhage of pancreas

Hæmorrhagic cyst of pancreas pancreatitis

Inflammation of pancreas Interstitial pancreatitis Necrosis of pancreas

New growth of pancreas (nonmalignant) Obstruction of pancreatic duct

Pancreatitis

Parasitic disease of pancreas Stone in pancreatic duct

Subacute pancreatitis Subdiaphragmatic abscess

Subphrenic abscess Suppuration of pancreas Suppurative pancreatitis

Tumor of pancreas

VI.—NONVENEREAL DISEASES OF THE GENITOURINARY SYSTEM AND ANNEXA.

119. Acute nephritis.

Note.—When acute nephritis is a sequel of an infective disease, e. g., scarlet fever, the disease causing the nephritis should be stated as the cause of death. Terminal symptoms of a chronic nephritis should not be reported as acute nephritis. In the lists under (119) and (120) the expression "inflammation of the kidney" may be understood wherever the word "nephritis" occurs.

This title includes:

Acute albuminous nephritis
alcoholic nephritis
Bright's disease
catarrhal nephritis
desquamative nephritis
diffuse nephritis
epithelial nephritis
exudative nephritis
glomerulonephritis
hæmorrhagic nephritis
inflammation of kidney

Acute interstitial nephritis
nephritis
parenchymatous nephritis
renal dropsy
tubal nephritis
tubular nephritis
Desquamative nephritis
Glomerular nephritis
Glomerulonephritis
Infantile nephritis
Infectious nephritis
Subacute nephritis

This title does not include: Scarlatinal nephritis (7).—Chronic nephritis (120).—Tuberculous nephritis (34).—Puerperal nephritis (138).—Nephritis from lead poisoning (57).

Complications: Anasarca.—Convulsions.

120. Bright's disease.

Note.—See note under preceding title.

This title includes:

Albuminous nephritis Albuminuria Albuminuric retinitis Alcoholic nephritis Amyloid degeneration of kidney kidney Atrophy of kidney Bright's disease Cardiorenal sclerosis Catarrhal nephritis Chalazonephritis Chronic albuminous nephritis albuminuria alcoholic nephritis Bright's disease catarrhal nephritis diffuse nephritis epithelial nephritis exudative nephritis glomerulonephritis hæmorrhagic nephritis inflammation of kidney interstitial nephritis nephritis parenchymatous nephritis tubal nephritis tubular nephritis Cirrhosis of kidney Cirrhotic Bright's disease Contracted kidney

Contracting granular kidney

Croupqus nephritis Degeneration of kidney Diffuse nephritis interstitial nephritis Epithelial nephritis Exudative nephritis Fatty degeneration of kidney Fibrosis of kidney Gouty kidney Granular kidney Hæmorrhagic nephritis Hypertrophic interstitial nephritis Inflammation of kidney Interstitial nephritis Lardaceous degeneration of kidney kidney Large white kidney of nephritis Nephritis Parenchymatous nephritis Postoperative nephritis uræmia Posturæmic abscess Purulent nephritis Renal albuminuria asthma cirrhosis dropey retinitis sclerosis Rheumatic inflammation of kidney

VI.—NONVENEREAL DISEASES OF THE GENITOURINARY SYSTEM AND ANNEXA—Continued.

120. Bright's disease—Continued.

This title includes:

Sclerosis of kidney
Septic nephritis
ursemia
Steatosis of kidney
Tubal nephritis
Tubular nephritis
Ursemia
Ursemia
Ursemic aphasia
apoplexy
coma
convulsions
delirium
dementia

Uræmic dropsy
dyspnæa
eclampsia
fever
intoxication
mania
paralysis
poisoning
toxæmia
vomiting

Waxy degeneration of kidney
kidney

This title does not incisde: Organic lesion of the kidneys (122).—Puerperal uramia (138).—Cardiac albuminuria (79).

Frequent complications: Anasarca.—Dropsy.—Convulsions.—Hæmorrhages.—Cerebral apoplexy.—Pneumonia.

121. Chyluria.

This title includes:

Chyluria Galacturia Hæmatochyluria Lipæmia Lipuria Milky urine Nonfilarial chyluria Piarrhæmia Tropical hæmaturia

Thistitle does not include: Hæmaturia (unqualified) (122).

122. Other diseases of the kidneys and annexa.

This title includes:

Abscess of kidney Albumosuria Alkaptonuria Anuria Ascending nephritis Catarrh of kidney Congestion of kidney Consecutive nephritis Cyst of kidney Cystic degeneration of kidney disease of kidney Cystinuria Cystopyelitis Decapsulation of kidney Disease of kidney ureter Displaced kidney Disseminated suppurative nephritis Double pyonephrosis Ectopic kidney Fistula of kidney Floating kidney Hæmatinuria Hæmatonephrosis Hæmatoporphyrinuria Hæmaturia

Hæmoglobinuria Hæmorrhage of kidney Hydatid cyst of kidney Hydronephrosis Hyperæmia of kidney Hypertrophy of kidney Inaction of kidney Infarct of kidney Intermittent hæmsturia Ischuria Lithuria Melanuria Movable kidney Necrosis of kidney Nephralgia Nephrectomy Nephritic abscess paralysis Nephroplegia Nephroptosis Nephropyosis Nephrorrhagia Nephrorrhaphy Nephrotomy New growth of kidney (nonmalignant)

Obstruction of kidney

VI.—NONVENEREAL DISEASES OF THE GENITOURINARY SYSTEM AND ANNEXA—Continued.

122. Other diseases of the kidneys and annexa.—Continued.

This title includes:

Organic disease of kidney lesion of kidney Oxaluria Paralysis of kidney Paranephric tumor Parasitic disease of kidney Paroxysmal hæmatinuria hæmaturia hæmoglobinuria

Perinephric abscess

phlegmon tumor

Perinephritic abscess Perinephritis Perirenal abscess Phosphaturia Polycystic kidney

Puncture of kidney (nontraumatic)

Purulent perinephritis Pyelitic uræmia Pvelitis Pyelonephritis 1

Pyonephritis

Pyonephrosis Renal abscess cachexia catarrh congestion cvst disease ectopia hæmaturia hyperæmia insufficiency

Septic kidney Stoppage of urine Suppression of urine Suppurative nephritis pyelitis

Surgical kidney Suture of kidney Tumor of kidney Ulceration of kidney Uric acid infarction (ly+) Urinary suppression

Urodialysis

This title does not include: Diseases of the suprarenal glands (52).

123. Calculi of the urinary passages.

This title includes:

Calculous disease pyelitis pyelonephritis pyonephrosis

Calculus

of bladder kidney pelvis of kidney ureter urethra urinary duct passage tract

Cystic calculus Gravel (urinary)

Impacted calculus of kidney ureter

urethra renal calculus

Lithiasis Lithoclastv Lithotomy Lithotrity

Nephritic calculus colic

Nephrolithiasis Nephrolithotomy

Pyonephrosis from calculus Renal calculus

colic Stone

in bladder kidney Ureteral colic

Ureterolithotomy Urinary calculus lithiasis

Vesical calculus This title does not include: Prostatic calculi (126),

124. Diseases of the bladder.

This title includes:

Abscess of bladder Acquired deformity of bladder Atony of bladder Bacteriuria Catarrh of bladder Catarrhal cystitis Cyst of ureter Cystic ursemia Cystitis Cystocele

Cystoplegia Cystoptosis Cystorrhagia Cystoscopy Cystotomy Disease of bladder urinary bladder

Distention of bladder Dvsuria.

Epicystotomy

VI.—NONVENEREAL DISEASES OF THE GENITOURINARY SYSTEM AND ANNEXA—Continued.

124. Diseases of the bladder—Continued.

This title includes:

Fibroma of bladder Foreign body in bladder Gangrene of bladder Gangrenous cystitis Hæmorrhage of bladder Hernia of bladder Hypertrophy of bladder Incontinence of urine Inertia of bladder Inflammation of bladder Inversion of bladder Malignant cystitis Neuralgia of bladder Neurosis of bladder New growth of bladder (nonmalignant) Papilloma of bladder Paralysis of bladder Parasitic disease of bladder Paresis of bladder **Periureteritis** Perivesical inflammation Prolapse of bladder Puncture of bladder Purulent cystitis **Pyocystitis** Pvuria. Rectovesical abscess

Retention of urine Rupture of bladder Section of bladder Septic cystitis Sloughing of bladder Spasm of bladder Specific cystitis Suppuration of bladder Suppurative cystitis Suprapubic cystotomy Suture of bladder Tapping of bladder Tumor of bladder Ulceration of bladder Urethral catarrh Urinary fever obstruction sepsis Vesical abacess catarrh hæmorrhage inertia infection paralysis paresis Villous tumor of bladder (nonmalignant)

This title does not include: Hæmaturia (unqualified) (122).—Urinary fistulas even when they involve the bladder (125).—Cystosarcoma (45).

125. Diseases of the urethra, urinary abscess, etc.

This title includes: Abscess of urethra Ankylurethria Caruncle of urethra Dilatation of stricture of urethra Disease of urethra (unqualified) urinary organ tract External urethrotomy Extravasation of urine Fistula of bladder perinæum urethra vagina Foreign body in urethra Hæmorrhage of urethra Ileovesical fistula Infiltration of urine Internal urethrotomy Intestinovesical fistula Laceration of urethra (not external vio-New growth of urethra (nonmalignant) Obstruction of urinary organs Organic stricture of urethra Perineal section Periurethral abscess

phlegmon

Prolapse of urethra

Rectourethral fistula

Rectovesical fistula Rupture of urethra Stricture (unqualified) of urethra Traumatic stricture of urethra urethral fever Tumor of urethra. Ulcer of urethra Urethral fever Urethralgia Urethritis (not gonorrhœal) Urethroplasty Urethrorectal fistula Urethrorrhagia Urethrorrhaphy Urethrotomy Urethrovaginal fistula Urethrovesical fistula Urinæmia Urinary abscess fistula infection infiltration intoxication toxæmia Uterovesical fistula Vesicometrorectal fistula Vesicoperineal fistula Vesicovaginal fistula

This title does not include: Urethral catarrh (124) .- Retention of urine (124) .- Ursemia (120).

VI.—NONVENEREAL DISEASES OF THE GENITOURINARY SYSTEM AND ANNEXA—Continued.

126. Diseases of the prostate.

This title includes:

Abscess of prostate Adenoma of prostate Calculus of prostate Cyst of prostate Disease of prostate Enlargement of prostate Fibroma of prostate Hæmorrhage of prostate Hypertrophy of prostate
Inflammation of prostate
New growth of prostate (nonmalignant)
Prostatectomy
Prostatitis
Prostatotomy
Prostatocystitis
Tumor of prostate

This title does not include: Cancer of the prostate (45).—Tuberculosis of the prostate (34).

127. Nonvenereal diseases of the male genital organs.

This title includes:

Abscess of Cowper's gland Hæmatoma of spermatic cord (nontrauepididymis. matic) genital organ (male) Hernia of testicle penis Hydrocele scrotum of spermatic cord seminal vesicle tunica vaginalis spermatic cord Infantile hydrocele testicle Inflammation of penis Acquired deformity of penis scrotum Amputation of penis spermatic cord Castration (male) Cellulitis of scrotum testicle tunica vaginalis Chylous hydrocele Malassez's disease Circumcision New growth of penis (nonmalignant) Cyst of epididymis scrotum (nonmalignant) testicle spermatic cord (nonmalig-Dermoid cyst of testicle nant) Diffuse hæmatocele of spermatic cord testicle (nonmalignant) Disease of genital organ (male) (non-Nonfilarial elephantiasis of scrotum Orchidectomy venereal) scrotum Orchitis testicle Paraphimosis Encysted hydrocele Pelvic hæmatocele (male) **Epididymitis** Periorchitis Fistula of scrotum Phimosis (not congenital) Septic orchitis Fungus of testicle Funiculitis Sloughing of scrotum Spermatocele Granuloma pudendorum (male) Hæmatocele (male) Traumatic orchitis of cord Tumor of penis scrotum scrotum spermatic cord testicle testicle Ulcer of penis Vaginalitis tunica vaginalis

This title does not include: Cancer of the testicle (45).—Tuberculosis of the testicle (34).—Sarcohydrocele (45).—Syphilitic sarcocele (37).—Variocele (83).

VI.-NONVENEREAL DISEASES OF THE GENITOURINARY SYSTEM AND ANNEXA-Continued.

128. Uterine hæmorrhage (nonpuerperal).

This title includes:

Excessive menstruation Flooding (nonpuerperal) Hæmorrhage of uterus (nonpuerperal) womb (nonpuerperal)

Hæmorrhagic metritis Intrauterine hæmorrhage Menorrhagia Metrorrhagia Tamponing of uterus vagina Uterine hæmorrhage (nonpuerperal)

129. Uterine tumor (noncancerous).

This title includes:

Bleeding fibroid (female) Cystic degeneration of uterus Deciduoma Fibrocyst of uterus Fibroid body of uterus of cervix of uterus uterus tumor of female genital organ uterus Fibroma (female) of uterus

Fibromyoma of uterus Fungous growth of uterus Huguier's disease Hysteromyoma Hysteromyomectomy Multiple fibroid Myoma of uterus New growth of uterus (nonmalignant) Polypus of uterus Recurrent cyst of uterus Submucous fibroid (female) Tumor of uterus

180. Other diseases of the uterus.

This title includes:

Abdominal hysterectomy Ablation of uterus Abscess of neck of uterus uterine ligament uterus Absent menstruation Amenorrhœa Amputation of cervix Anteflexion of uterus Anteversion of uterus Atresia of uterus Atrophy of uterus Catarrh of cervical canal cervix uteri uterus vagina Catarrhal inflammation of uterus

vagina metritis

Cervical catarrh metritis Change of life Climacteric disease Curetting of uterus Diffuse pelvic cellulitis (female) Dilatation of cervix uteri

•

Disease of cervix pelvic organs (female) uterus

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Displacement of uterus Distention of uterus Division of cervix uteri Dysmenorrhœa Eccrisis (nonpuerperal) Endometritis Endotrachelitis Erosion of cervix uteri uterus Exfoliative dysmenorrhœa Falling of womb Fistula of uterus Gangrene of uterus Hæmatometra Hernia of uterus Hydrometra Hyperplasia of uterus Hypertrophy of neck of uterus uterus

Hysterectomy Hysterotomy Imperforate cervix uteri Inflammation of cervix uteri uterus Inversion of uterus (nonpuerperal)

Laceration of cervix uteri (nonpuerperal) uterus (nonpuerperal)

Latent menstruation Laterocession of uterus

VI.—NONVENEREAL DISEASES OF THE GENITOURINARY SYSTEM AND ANNEXA—Continued.

130. Other diseases of the uterus-Continued.

This title includes:

Lateroversion of uterus Leucorrhea Malposition of uterus Membranous dysmenorrhea menstruation

Menopause Metritis Metrotomy

Obstruction of uterus Occlusion of cervical canal

Old laceration of cervix uterl Organic disease of uterus lesion of uterus

Painful menstruation
Paramenia

Parametritis
Parasitic disease of uterus

Parauterine abscess (nonpuerperal)

Pelvic abscess (female)
cellulitis (female)
inflammation (female)
phlegmon (female)
Perforation of uterus

Perimetric abscess Perimetritic abscess phlegmon

Perimetritis
Periuterine abscess
cellulitis

inflammation phlegmon

Phlebitis of uterus Plugging of cervix uteri uterus Precocious menstruation Precocity Procidentia of uterus

uteri Prolapse of uterus

vagina Prolapsus (female) Purulent endometritis

Purulent endometritis Pyometra

Repair of lacerated cervix uteri Retained menses

Retrocession of uterus Retroflexion of uterus Retrouterine abscess

phlegmon Retroversion of uterus

Rupture of uterus (nonpuerperal) Scanty menstruation

Septic endometritis metritis

phlebitis of uterus Stricture of cervical canal

uterus Suppression of menstruation Suppurative metritis

Suppurative metritis
Suprapelvic abscess
Supravaginal amputation of cervix.

hysterectomy
Traumatic metritis
Ulcer of cervix uteri

neck of uterus uterus Uterovaginal fistula

Vaginal hysterectomy
Whites

This title does not include: Puerperal diseases (134 to 141).—Pelvic peritonitis (117).—Abscess of the iliac fossa (108).—Uterovesical fistula (125).—Uterofacal fistula (110).

131. Cysts and other tumors of the ovary.

This title includes:

Castration (female)
Cyst of ovary
Cystic ovary
Cystoma of ovary
Dermoid cyst of ovary
Dropsy of ovary
Encysted dropsy
Fibroid of ovary
Hæmatoma of ovary
Multilocular cyst

New growth of ovary (nonmalignant)

Oophorectomy Ovarian cyst

dropsy tumor

Ovariotomy Papilloma of ovary

Paracentesis of cyst of ovary parovarian cyst Parasitic disease of ovary

Parasitic disease of Parovarian cyst Tumor of ovary

VI.—NONVENEREAL DISEASES OF THE GENITOURINARY SYSTEM AND ANNEXA—Continued.

132. Salpingitis and other diseases of the female genital organs.

This title includes:

Abscess of Bartholin's gland	Inflammation of Falloppian tube
broad ligament	ovary
	uterine ligament
conital organa (famala)	months tigations
Falloppian tube genital organs (female) labium majus	vagina .
labium majus	vulva
minus ,	intraligamentous cyst
ovary vagina	Intrapelvic hæmorrhage (female)
vagina	Lymphangitis of uterine ligament
vulva	Metrosalpingitis
vulvovaginal gland	Metrovaginitis
Amputation of clitoris	New growth of Fallonnian tube (nonma-
Annexitie	lionant)
Atronia of marina	Lymphangitis of uterine ligament Metrosalpingitis Metrovaginitis New growth of Falloppian tube (nonmalignant) uterine ligament (nonmalignant) vagina (nonmalignant)
Buth Neitin	liment (nonma-
Cata and a landarian site	iignant)
Catarrnal salpingitis	vagina (nonmalignant)
Chronic vaginitis (not gonorrhoeal)	Nonfilarial elephantiasis of vulva
vulvitis	Occlusion of Falloppian tube
Colpocele	vagina
Colporrhaphy	vulva
Cyst of accessory Falloppian tube	
Rowtholin's gland in the helbert	Onhoritie
bard linement	Oronion cimborio
broad ngament	Ovarian cirriosis
ralioppian tube	Ovaritis
uterinė ligament	Parametric abscess
vagina	Parasitic disease of vulva
· al. 114 vulva	Pelvic hæmatocele (female)
Cyst of accessory Falloppian tube Bartholin's gland broad ligament Falloppian tube uterine ligament vagina vulva vulvovaginal gland Cystic ophoritis ovaritis Disease of Falloppian tube genital organs (female) (unqualified)	Perimetrosalpingitis
Cystic cophoritis ovaritis Disease of Falloppian tube	Periuterine hæmatocele
overitie Burger	Phlegmon of broad ligament (nonpuer-
Discoss of Follonnian tuba	neral or unquelified)
bisease of ranoppian tube	Prolapse of anterior vaginal wall
. Kentar olkana (remare) (mi-	Trompse of anterior vaginar wan
genital organs (female) (unqualified) ovary tube Displacement of ovary Dropsy of broad ligament Falloppian tube Evacuation of retained menstrual fluid	ovary
ovary	posterior vaginal wall
tube	Purulent salpingitis
Displacement of ovary	Pus tube
Dropsy of broad ligament	Pyo-oophoritis
Falloppian tube	Pyosalpingitis
tube the transfer of the trans	'Pyosalpinx
Evacuation of retained menstrual fluid	Retrouterine hæmatocele
Granuloma pudendorum (female)	Rupture of Falloppian tube
Hæmatocele (female)	pus tube
of ovary	tubal abscess
	tube
	Despused masses being
Hæmatoma of broad ligament	Ruptured pyosalpinx
uterine ligament	Salpingectomy
vulva	Salpingitis
Hæmatosalpinx	Salpingo-oophorectomy
Hæmorrhage of ovary	Salpingo-oophoritis
Hernia of Falloppian tube	Salpingo-ovaritis
ovary	Salpingoperitonitis
Hydrocele of round ligament	Sclerosis of ovary
vulva	Septic salpingitis
Hydrosalpinx	
TT A COMPANY	1

VI.—NONVENEREAL DISEASES OF THE GENITOURINARY SYSTEM AND ANNEXA-Continued.

183. Salpingitis and other diseases of the female genital organs—Continued.

This title includes:

Shortening of round ligament Stricture of Falloppian tube

vagina Suppurating annexitis

bartholinitis

hæmatoma of broad ligament

Suppuration of Falloppian tube

Thrombus of vulva

Tubal abscess disease

inflammation

Tuboovarian abscess

Tuboovarian cyst infection Tumor of broad ligament vagina

vulva

Ulceration of labium majus minus

ovary

vulva

Vaginismus

Vaginitis (not gonorrhœal) Vulvitia

This title does not include: Urinary fistnise (125) and stereoral fistnise (110) even when they involve the genital organs.—Gangrene of the vulva (142).

133. Nonpuerperal diseases of the breast (cancer excepted).

This title includes:

Abecess of breast

mammary gland

nipple

Amputation of breast

Cyst of breast

mammary gland Diffuse mastitis

Disease of breast

nipple

Fibrous induration of breast

Fistula of breast (nonpuerperal)

mammary gland

Galactophoritis Hydatid cyst of breast

Hypertrophy of breast

mammary gland

Inflammation of breast

mammary gland

nipple

Lobular mastitis

Mamillary abscess **Mamillitis**

Mammary abscess Mammitia

Mastitis

Neurosis of mammary gland New growth of breast (nonmalignant)

mammary gland (nonma-

lignant) nipple (nonmalignant)

Paget's disease of nipple

Parasitic disease of breast

mammary gland

nipple

Reclus's cystic disease

disease

Submammary abscess

Suppuration of breast

mammary gland Tumor of breast (nonmalignant or unquali-

fied)

mammary gland

Ulcer of breast

This title does not include: Fistule of the breast: puerperal, or unqualified (141).--Cancerous tumor of the breast (43).

VII.-THE PUERPERAL STATE.

Note.—The purpose of this group of titles (134 to 141) is to include all deaths of women due more or less directly to childbearing. The word "puerperal" is used in the broadest sense to include all affections dependent upon pregnancy, parturition, and also diseases of the breast during lactation. It is to be understood as a qualification of every term included in this group, and is so expressed in the Index for many terms that might or might not be puerperal. The fact that childbirth occurred within a month of death should always be stated even though it may not have been a cause of death. It is preferable to show the direct connection, when it exists, as by writing "Puerperal septichsemia," "Peritonitis following labor," etc., but the separately stated joint causes "Childbirth" and "Septichsemia" or "Parturition" and "Peritonitis" would lead, by interpretation, to the same statistical assignment. Whenever a woman of childbearing age (approximately 15 to 44 years), especially if married, is reported to have died from any of the following causes which might have been puerperal, the local registrar should endeavor to secure a definite statement from the reporting physician:

Abscess of the breast
Albuminuria
Cellulitis
Coma
Convulsions
Eclampsia
Embolism
Gastritis
Hsemorrhage (uterine or unqualified)
Lymphangitis
Metritis

Metroperitonitis
Metrorrhagia
Pelviperitonitis
Phlegmasia alba dolens
Phlebitis
Pyæmia
Septichæmia
Sudden death
Tetanus
Thrombosis

The diseases included under titles 119, 124, 128, 130, 132, and 133 are understood to be nonpuerperal (or unqualified). Many deaths so compiled are, in fact, due to puerperal conditions, hence the importance of a definite statement in all cases concerning which there can be a reasonable doubt. The proportion of the "unqualified" should diminish with fuller cooperation of physicians and more effective administration of registration offices.

The terms under the following titles are to be understood in all cases as applying to the death of the mother. Certain terms may also designate the causes of death of

the child, which are, of course, elsewhere compiled (see Index).

134. Accidents of pregnancy.

This title includes:

Abdominal pregnancy Ablation of pregnant tube Abortion Accident of pregnancy Accidental abortion hæmorrhage of pregnancy Ante partum hæmorrhage Autointoxication of pregnancy Carneous mole connected with pregnancy Cornual pregnancy Cyesis Displacement of pregnant uterus Dropey of amnion Ectopic gestation pregnancy Emesis gravidarum Evacuation of uterus Extrauterine gestation pregnancy Gestation Hæmorrhage of pregnancy Hæmorrhagic mole

Hydramnios Hydrops amnii Hydrorrhœa gravidarum in pregnancy Hyperemesis gravidarum of pregnancy Hysteralgia of pregnant uterus Immature birth Immaturity Induction of abortion premature labor Interstitial pregnancy Menstruation during pregnancy Miscarriage Missed abortion labor Molar pregnancy Mole (pregnancy, not hydatidiform) Multiple pregnancy Neuralgia of pregnant uterus Pernicious vomiting (female, 15y-44y) Persistent vomiting (pregnancy)

VII.—THE PUERPERAL STATE—Continued.

134. Accidents of pregnancy—Continued.

This title includes:

Pregnancy
in abnormally formed uterus
Premature birth
delivery
Prolapse of pregnant uterus
Puerperal vomiting
Retention of dead ovum
Retroversion of pregnant uterus
Rupture of sac (tubal pregnancy)
(ectopic gestation)

Spurious labor pains
Tubal abortion
gestation
pregnancy
Uncontrollable vomiting (female,
15y-44y)
of pregnancy
Vesicular mole
Vomiting of pregnancy

This title does not include: Puerperal septichemia during the course of pregnancy (137).—Nephritis of pregnancy (138).

135. Puerperal hæmorrhage.

This title includes:

Accidental hæmorrhage of parturition puerperium

Adherent placenta
Apoplexy of placenta
Detachment of placenta
Hæmorrhage after labor
during parturition
from detachment of placenta
uterus after parturition
uterus during parturition

Hæmorrhage (puerperium)
Malposition of placenta
Placenta prævia
Postpartum hæmorrhage
Puerperal hæmorrhage
metrorrhagia
uterine hæmorrhage
Retained membranes
placenta
secundines
Retention of placenta
Vicious insertion of placenta

136. Other accidents of labor.

This title includes:

Abnormal labor parturition Accident of labor Accouchement Application of forceps Atony of uterus during parturition Breech presentation (mother) Cæsarean section Cephalotomy Cephalotripsy Childbed Childbirth Confinement Consequence of labor Craniotomy Deformed pelvis (female, 15y-44y)
Delayed delivery Difficult labor Diruptio uteri Disease of placenta Dvstocia. Embryotomy Faulty presentation Fistula from parturition Foot presentation Forced delivery

Forceps operation Hæmatoma of vulva, puerperium Hebeotomy Inertia of uterus Injury in delivery Instrumental delivery Inversion of uterus during parturition Labor (unqualified) Laceration of cervix perinæum (parturition) peritonæum (parturition) urinary bladder (parturition) uterus (parturition)
vagina (parturition)
vulva (parturition) Laparoelytrotomy Malpresentation Metrorrhexia Multiple birth parturition Parturition Perinæorrhaphy ' Porro's operation

VII.—THE PUERPERAL STATE—Continued.

136. Other accidents of labor-Continued.

This title includes:

Postpartum curettement Rupture of perinæum (parturition) Prolonged labor uterus (parturition) Protracted labor (mother) vagina (parturition) Puerperal apoplexy vulva (parturition) hæmatoma of vulva Shock of birth metrorrhexis Subinvolution of uterus perforation of uterus Retarded labor Symphysiotomy Transverse presentation Rupture of bladder (parturition) Version (during labor)

137. Puerperal septichæmia.

This title includes:

Childbed fever Puerperal¹ pelviperitonitis Decidual endometritis perimetritis Infected tubal pregnancy perimetrosalpingitis peritoneal infection Milk fever (female) Postabortive sepsis peritonitis Postpartum pyæmia periuterine cellulitis phlegmon of broad ligament sepsis septichæmia purulent endometritis Puerperal 1 abscess pyæmia pyohæmia of broad ligament pyrexia cellulitis endometritis salpingitis ervsipelas sapræmia fever sepsis septic endometritis infection inflammation of uterus fever infection lymphangitis metritis intoxication metroperitonitis metritis metrosalpingitis peritonitis parauterine abscess septichæmia pelvic cellulitis suppurative metritis peritonitis

This title does not include: Septichæmia (unqualified) [except in connection with childbirth] (20) — Puerperal scariatina (7).

138. Puerperal albuminuria and convulsions.

This title includes:

Albuminuria of pregnancy Puerperal eclampsia Chorea of pregnancy Eclampsia gravidarum nephritis spasms of labor tetanus pregnancy toxæmia Nephritis of pregnancy uræmia Postpartum eclampsia ursemic convulsions Postpuerperal nephritis coma delirium Puerperal albuminuria anuria dementia Bright's disease eclampsia coma intoxication convulsions poisoning cramps Toxeemia of pregnancy Uramia of pregnancy dropey

This title does not include: Puerperal scarlatina (7).

¹ Any of the conditions following are compiled as puerperal when returned in connection with abortion, miscarriage, childbirth, labor, etc., even if not definitely so stated.

VII.—THE PUERPERAL STATE—Continued.

139. Puerperal phlegmasia alba dolens, embolus, sudden death.

This title includes:

Milk leg (female)
Puerperal embolism

of lung

phlebitis

phlegmasia alba dolens

pulmonary embolism

sudden death

syncope

thrombosis
Sudden death after delivery

from cardiac e m b o l i s m
after delivery
cardiac thrombosis
after delivery
cerebral hæmcrrhage
after delivery

ery
entrance of air into
vein after delivery
nervous exhaus tion
after delivery
pulmonary embolism
after delivery
pulmonary thrombosis after delivery
shock after delivery
thrombosis after delivery

Sudden death from embolism after deliv-

in puerperium
Venous thrombosis consequent on parturition
White leg (female, 15y-44y)

This title does not include: Phlegmasia alba dolens (nonpuerperal) (82).

Frequent complications: Gangrene.—Embolism.

140. Following childbirth (not otherwise defined).

This title includes:

Following childbirth
Puerperal accident
insanity
mania
melancholia

Puerperal displacement of uterus state
Puerperium

Result of labor (without further explanation)

This title does not include: Nonpuerperal sudden death (188),—Puerperal scarlatina (7).

141. Puerperal diseases of the breast.

This title includes:

Abscess of breast following parturition
Fissure of nipple, puerperium
Fistula of breast (puerperal or unqualified)
Galactocele
Galactorrhea
Mammary fistula
Puerperal abscess of breast
mammary gland
disease of breast

Puerperal diffuse mastitis
fissure of nipple
fistula of breast
mammary gland
galactophoritis
inflammation of breast
mammary abscess
mammitis
mastitis

;

VIII.-DISEASES OF THE SKIN AND OF THE CELLULAR TISSUE.

142. Gangrene.

This title includes:

Acute infective gangrene Gangrenous anæmia Cancrum oris cellulitis Canker dermatitis Dermatitis gangrænosa glossitis Dropsical gangrene pemphigue Dry gangrene Erythromelalgia septichemia stomatitis Eschar ulcer Infective gangrene Malignant œdema Gangrene of abdomen Moist gangrene alveoli Mortification (see Gangrene) connective tissue Noma extremity of mouth face foot' vulva gum pudendi. Phagedæna leg mouth of penis old age vulva Raynaud's disease penis scrotum Senile gangrene Septic gangrene Sloughing phagedæna skin spine tendon Sphacelus testicle Symmetrical gangrene Tropical phagedæna vulva

This title does not include: Gangrene of the threat (100).—Gangrene of the lung (95).—Hernial gangrene (109).—Gangrenous erysipelas (18).—Diabetic gangrene (50).

143. Furuncle.

This title includes:

Boil Carbuncle Furuncle Furunculosis Malignant carbuncle Multiple carbuncle

144. Acute abscess.

This title includes:

Abscess (unqualified) of abdominal wall arm buttock cervical gland connective tissue gland hand head leg loin mediastinum nates neck perinæum scalp gide thigh umbilicus

Acute abscess (see Abscess) Cellulitis (see Abscess) Cervical abscess cellulitie Diffuse cellulitis pelvic cellulitis (male) phlegmon suppuration Femoral abscess phlegmon Fistulous abscess Glandular abscess Gluteal abscess Inflammation of connective tissue Inguinal abscess Internal abscess Malignant abscess cellulitis Metastatic abscess

VIII.-DISEASES OF THE SKIN AND OF THE CELLULAR TISSUE-Contd.

144. Acute abscess—Continued.

This title includes:

Multiple abscess
Panaris
Paronychia
Pectoral abscess
Pelvic abscess (male)
cellulitis (male)
phlegmon (male)
suppuration (male)
Pericellulitis
Pericranial suppuration
Pernicious abscess
Phlegmon (see Abscess)

Phlegmonous abscess
cellulitis
tumor
Pus cavity
Retroperitoneal abscess
Ruptured abscess
Scapular abscess
Sloughing abscess
Suppuration of muscle
Suppurative cellulitis
Ulcer of groin
Whitlow

This title does not include: Abscess: cold, or bacfliary, or ossifiuent, or by congestion (34).—Adenophlegmou (34).—Suppurating adenitis (34).—Bubo: suppurating, or unqualified (34).—Abscess: lymphangitic, or of the groin, or of the axilla (34).—Abscess: of the pharynx, or of the throat, or retropharyngeal (100).—Abscess of the liver (115).—Abscess of the liver (115).—Abscess of the breat (126).—Perinephric abscess (122).—Abscess: urinary. or perturethral or perineal (125).—Abscess of the breast (nonpuerperal) (133).—Abscess: urinary. or perturethral or perineal (125).—Abscess of the breast (nonpuerperal) (133).—Abscess of the breast (puerperal) (141).—Angloleucitis (34).—Phlegmonous erysipelas (18).—Erysipelatous phlegmon (18).—Abscess: of the frontal sinus, or of the maxillary sinus, etc. (146).

145. Other diseases of the skin and annexa.

This title includes: Acne Angiokeratoma Atrophic ulcer Autoplasty Bedsore Cheloid Chilblain Chloasma Chronic ulcer Clavus Congenital ichthyosis sclerema (ly+) Corn Crural ulcer Crusta lactea Dermatitis venenata Dermatosis Diffuse sclerodermia of cellular tissue skin Division of cicatricial adhesions Ecthyma Eczema Elephantiasis (nonfilarial) Arabum of connective tissue lymphatic vessel penis scrotum vulva Emphysema of cellular tissue connective tissue Erythema

Exfoliative dermatitis

Fistulous ulcer

General dermatitis Grafting skin Hebra's prurigo Herpes zoster Ichthyosis Impetigo Infantile eczema Ingrown nail Intertrigo Itch Keloid Keratosis Lichen Lupus erythematosus Malignant pemphigus Melanoderma Melasma Miliaria Milk crust Molluscum contagiosum fibrosum Morphæa Myiasis Nonfilarial elephantiasis Onychia Onvchoma Onyxis Pachydermatitis Pachydermia Parasitic disease of connective tissue

Pemphigus neonatorum of infants Pernio

skin

VIII.—DISEASES OF THE SKIN AND OF THE CELLULAR TISSUE—Contd.

145. Other diseases of the skin and annexa—Continued.

This title includes:

Pityriasis Polysarcia Prurigo Pruritus **Proriegis** Ringworm Rosacea Salt rheum Scabies Scalled head Sclerema (1y+)Sclerodermia Serpiginous ulcer Shingles Skin parasites Sloughing ulcer Subcutaneous emphysema

Surgical emphysema Sycosis Trophoneurosis Tumor of nail skin Ulcer (unqualified) of leg neck perinæum Ulceration Urticaria Verruca Vicious cicatrix Wardrop's disease Wart Zona Zoster

This title does not include: Pachydermic cachexia (88).—Elephantiasis Græcorum (17).

IX.—DISEASES OF THE BONES AND OF THE ORGANS OF LOCOMOTION.

146. Diseases of the bones (tuberculosis excepted).

This title includes:

Abscess of antrum of Highmore bone ethmoidal sinus frontal sinus mastoid process maxillary sinus periosteum sphenoidal sinus Caries of bone orbit Circumscribed periostitis Correction of deformity of bone by fracture Craniotabes Cyst of bone jaw Depressed bone of skull Diffuse periostitis Disease of accessory sinus bone frontal sinus mastoid cell periosteum Empyema of accessory sinus frontal sinus mastoid process Epiphysitis of bone Ethmoidal sinusitis Ethmoiditis Exostosis Faulty union of bone Fever sore

Foreign body in accessory sinus

antrum

of Highmore

Foreign body in frontal sinus (and other sinuses) maxillary sinus Fragilitas ossium Frontal sinusitis Gangrene of bone General necrosis Grafting bone Hypertrophy of bone Infective necrosis osteomyelitis periostitis Inflammation of accessory sinus bone Leontiasis ossea Mastoid abscess disease fistula Mastoiditis Maxillary sinusitis Myelomatosis Necrosis of antrum bone femur jaw mastoid maxilla orbit pelvis New growth of accessory sinus (nonmalignant) bone (nonmalignant) jaw (nonmalignant)

spine (nonmalignant)

IX.—DISEASES OF THE BONES AND OF THE ORGANS OF LOCOMOTION—Continued.

146. Diseases of the bones—Continued.

This title includes:

Node Nonunion of fractured bone Osseous tumor Osteitis

deformans Osteochondroma Osteoclasis Osteodynia Osteoma Osteomyelitis

Osteoperiostitis of palate

Osteoplastic resection (of skull) Osteotomy

Pansinusitis

Parasitic disease of accessory sinus

bone frontal sinus jaw maxillary sinus spine

Perforation of mastoid antrum cell

Perforation of palatine vault Periosteal abscess

Hi.

Periostitis Periostosis Purulent osteitis

Sacrococcygeal tumor

Sequestrum Sinusitis

Sphenoidal sinusitis Sphenoiditie

Spinal osteoarthritis Spontaneous fracture of bone

Suppuration of frontal sinus Suppurative osteomyelitis

periostitis Symmetrical exostosis osteoma.

Tumor of bone cranium skull Ununited fracture

This title does not include: Abscess: essifiuent, or by congestion (34).—Osteocopic pains (37).—Osteocor-coma (45).—Phosphoric necrosis (58).—Caries of the petrous bone (76).—Dental earlies (99).—Fractures (185).

147. Diseases of the joints (tuberculosis and rheumatism excepted).

This title includes:

Abscess of joint Ankylosis

of joint spine

Arthralgia Arthrectomy Arthritia Arthrocele Arthrodesis Arthrodynia Arthropathy Arthrophyte Arthropyosis

Bow-leg (nonrhachitic)

Chondromalacia Contracture of joint Coxa valga

vara Cyst of joint Disease of joint

Dislocation of bone (nontraumatic)

intraarticular cartilage (disease)

joint (nontraumatic)

Epiphysitis of hip Fibrous ankylosis of joint Foreign body in joint

General ankylosis Genu extrorsum recurvatum

valgum varum

Hæmorrhage of joint (nontraumatic)

Hydrarthrosis Infective synovitis Inflammation of joint Loose body in joint cartilage

Necrosis of hip

Neuropathic joint disease New growth of joint (nonmalignant) Osseous ankylosis of joint

Polyarthritis (nonvertebral) Purulent arthritis

synovitis Septic arthritis Spondylolisthesis Suppuration of joint Suppurative synovities Synostosis of joint

Synovitis Tapping joint Villous synovitis

Thistitle does not include: Rheumatic arthritis (47).

IXO DISEASES OF THE BONES AND OF THE ORGANS OF LOCOMOTION—Continued.

148. Amputations.

Note.—The cause for which the amputation was made should always be stated. This will enable the death to be classified elsewhere, as a rule.

This title includes:

Amputation Disarticulation Resection (unqualified)

This title does not include: Amputation of the breast (133).—Amputation of the penis (127).
Complications: Septichæmia.—Erysipelas.—Tetanus.—Hæmorrhage.

149. Other diseases of the organs of locomotion.

This title includes:

Abacess of bursa muscle tendon Adhesion of tendon Ainhum Amyotonia congenita Atrophy of muscle Bunion Bursal cyst Bursitis Chondritis Club foot (not congenital) hand (not congenital) Contracted palmar fascia Contraction of fascia tendon Contracture of muscle Cramp of muscle Crepitating synovitis Deformity of foot (acquired) hand (acquired) limb (acquired) Degeneration of muscle **Dermatomyositis** Diastasis of muscle Diffused ganglion Disease of aponeuroses tendon Division of fascia Dupuytren's contraction disease Fatty infiltration of muscle Flat foot Ganglion Grafting tendon Hæmorrhagic polymyositis Hallux valgus Hammer toe Hernia of muscle Housemaids' knee Hygroma Hypertrophy of muscle Infective myositis Inflammation of bursa fascia muscle

sheath of tendon

tendon

Intercostal myalgia Loose body in sheath of tendon Lumbago Mallet finger Metatarsalgia Muscular dystrophy rheumatism Myalgia of muscle Myodiastasis Myositis fibrosa. ossificans Myotomy Myotonia congenita Neuromyositis New growth of bursa (nonmalignant) tendon (nonmalignant) Ossification of cartilage muscle Painful flat foot talipes valgus Parasitic disease of muscle Perichondritia Pes cavus planus valgus Polymyositis **Polymyositis** Progressive ossifying myositis Psoitis Retraction of finger palmar fascia Rheumatism of muscle Rupture of muscle tendon Shortening of tendon Spasmodic torticollis Talipes calcaneovalgus calcaneus CAVUS equinovalgus equinovarus valgus varus Tarsalgia Tenontosynovitis Tenophyte Tenorrhaphy

IX.—DISEASES OF THE BONES AND OF THE ORGANS OF LOCOMOTION—Continued.

149. Other diseases of the organs of locomotion—Contd.

This title includes:

Tenosynovitis
Tenotomy
Thecal abscess
Thomsen's disease
Torticollis
Traumatic ossifying myositis

Tumor of bursa cartilage fascia sheath of tendon tendon Union of divided tendon

X.—MALFORMATIONS.

150. Congenital malformations (stillbirths not included).

Note.—All malformations or deformities acquired after birth are classified under the diseases of the organ or part involved. This title may be subdivided as follows, only those malformations of sufficient importance to be returned as causes of death being considered:

(1) Hydrocephalus.

This subtitle includes:

Chronic hydrocephalus
Congenital cerebral tumor
hydrocephalus
tumor of brain
Dropsy of brain
Ependymitis

Hydrocephalus (unqualified) of brain Megalocephalus Natal hydrocephalus Water on brain in head

This subtitle does not include: Acquired hydrocephalus (74).—Hydrocephalus from tuberoulous meningitis (30).

(2) Congenital malformations of the heart.

This subtitle includes:

Aortic malformation
Atelocardia
Blue baby
disease
Cardiac deformity
Congenital aortic stenosis
disease of heart
malformation of heart
mittal stenosis
pulmonary stenosis
valvular heart disease
vitium cordis
Cyanosis (due to malformation of he

Cyanosis (due to malformation of heart)
(persistence of foramen ovale)
from nonclosure of foramen of
Botallo

Deformity of heart

Imperfect closure of foramen ovale development of heart heart

Intrauterine malformation of heart septum

Malformation of heart
Morbus cæruleus
Nonclosure of Eustachian valve
foramen of Botallo
ovale

Open foramen ovale
Patent ductus arteriosus
foramen ovale
Persistence of foramen of Botallo
ovale

Pervious ductus arteriosus Premature valvular disease of heart

X.-MALFORMATIONS-Continued.

150. Congenital malformations—Continued.

(3) Other congenital malformations.

This subtitle includes:

Abnormality Abnormity Adenoids (congenital) Anaspadias Arrest of development Branchial cyst Cerebral hernia (congenital) meningocele. Cleft palate Congenital abnormality abnormity amputation atresia (of any part of body) club foot cystic disease of kidney deformity dislocation fracture imperforate urethra intestinal obstruction laryngeal stenosis malformation (stillbirth not included, see also Malformation) obstruction of intestine pyloric stenosis spina bifida stenosis of intestine larynx talipes tumor Deformity **Ectopia** of bladder vesicae Encephalocele **Epispadias** Exomphalos Exstrophy of bladder Extroversion of bladder Fissure of lip (harelip) malformation palate spinal column Harelip Hemicephalus Hydrencephalocele Hydromyelia Hydromyelocele Hydrorrhachis Hypospadias

Imperfect development

intestinal canal

Imperforate anus pharynx rectum Malformation of abdominal wall anus artery bladder bone brain digestive system intestine iaw larynx lip lymphatic system. membrane of brain spinal cord (meningocele) nervous system cesophagus palate rectum skull spinal column cord membrane spine Meningocele Meningomyelocele Microcephaly Monster Myelocele Nævus of skin pigmentosus Nondevelopment of brain ... Occlusion of anus (infant) Omphalocele Phimosis Podencephalus Preternatural birth

This subtitle does not include: Coloboma (75).—Painful valgus flatfoot (149).—Acquired hydrocephalus (74).

Spina bifida

Spinal hernia

Syndactylism

Urachal cyst

Syringomyelocele

Ulcerating spina bifida

Torsion of penis

Vascular nævus

meningocele

of skin

XI.—EARLY INFANCY.

151. Congenital debility, ictorus, and sclerema.

Note.—Formerly this title included only infants under 3 months of age, as is still the case with the other titles (152 and 153) of this group. This direction has now been withdrawn and no other substituted. In the United States and in England this title will be restricted to deaths of children under 1 year of age. It is desirable to subdivide this title in order to segregate the very important group of deaths reported as due to "premature birth."

(1) Premature birth (not stillborn).1

This subtitle includes:

Accidental abortion
Immature birth
Immaturity
Incomplete gestation
Injury of mother causing premature
birth.
Miscarriage

Nondevelopment Nonviability Partus intempestivus Premature birth Prematurity Puerperal eclampeia

(2) Congenital debility.

This subtitle includes:

```
Acute catarrhal hepatitis (-1y) jaundice (-1y) hepatitis (-1y)
Artificial feeding (-1y)
Asthenia (-1y)
Atony (-1y)
Atresia of lung (-1y)
Atrophy (-1y)
Black jaundice (-1y)
Bottle feeding (-1y)
Buhl's disease
Cachexia (-1y)
Catarrhal hepatitis (-1y)
icterus (-1y)
               jaundicè (– ĺy)
Congenital (-1y) ascites (-1y)
                asthenia (-1y)
                autotoxæmia (-1y)
                cirrhosis of liver (-1y)
                \begin{array}{l} \textbf{debility} \ (-1y) \\ \textbf{dyspnœa} \ (-1y) \end{array}
                hepatic cirrhosis (-1y)
                icterus (-ly)
                insufficiency (-1y)
malnutrition (-1y)
                sclerema(-1y)
                uræmia (-1y)
                weakness (-1y)
Constitutional weakness (-1y)
Debility (-1y)
Decline (-1y)
Emaciation (-1y)
```

```
Exhaustion (-1y)
Extravasation of lung (-1y)
Failure of circulation (-1y)
respiration (-1y)
Feeble constitution (-1y)
         infant(-ly)
General atrophy (-1y)
          breaking down (-1y)
          debility (-1y)
decline (-1y)
          maraemus (-1y)
          œdema (-1y)
          weakness (-1y)
Gradual decline (-1y)
Hæmatogenous icterus (-ly)
jaundice (-ly)
Hæmorrhagic icterus (-ly)
jaundice (-ly)
Hepatitis (-ly)
            of newborn
Hydrops neonatorum
Icterus (-ly)
         neonatorum
         of newborn
Ill-development
Imperfect circulation (-1y)
Improper food (-1y)
Inanition (from disease, -1y)
Infancy (-1y)
Infantile atrophy (-1y)

dropey (-1y)

heart failure (-1y)
```

¹ Deaths are compiled under Premature birth only when decedents are infants under ¹ year of age. For those at or over that age, deaths are charged to title 189 unless another cause is stated in connection with the fact of prematurity. The fact of prematurity is sometimes inferred from the statements of cause of death of mother (e.g., "abortion," "miscarriage"), and it is of course necessary to spply such statement only to children born alive. Stillbirths are not included among deaths at all, no matter what the cause of death prox to birth (complete separation from body of mother) may have been. On the other hand, it is not permissible to exclude deaths of children prematurely born alive from the compilation of deaths.

XI.—EARLY INFANCY—Continued.

151. Congenital debility, icterus, and sclerema—Contd.

(2) Congenital debility—Continued.

This subtitle includes:

Infantile inertia (-1y)Progressive asthenia (-1y)tabes (-1y)
Infirmity (-1y)
Invisbility weakness (-1y)Prostration (-1y) Pulmonary atresia (-1y) Jaundice (-1y) extravasation (-1y)of newborn insufficiency (-1y) Malassimilation (-1y)Sclerema (-1y)Maldevelopment^{*} neonatorum Septic jaundice (-1y)Sick from birth (-1y)Malignant hepatitis (-ly) icterus (-ly) Spasmodic asthenia (-1y)
Tabes (infants)
Uric acid infarction (-1y) jaundice (-ly) Malnutrition (-1y)
Marasmus (-1y)
Multiple birth (child) Vital degeneration (-1y)
Want of breast milk Newborn vitality (-ly) Obstructive icterus (-1v)jaundice (-1y)Wasting (-1y) disease (infants) \mathbb{E} dems (-1y)Weakness (-1y)Worn out (-1y)neonatorum of newborn Pædatrophia (-1y)Yellow jaundice (-1y)Paralysis of lung (-1y)

152. Other causes peculiar to early infancy.

Note.—This title includes only deaths of infants under 3 months of age.

(1) Injuries at birth (not stillborn).

This subtitle includes:

Abnormal labor parturition Accident of labor Accidental suffocation in labor (-3m) Apoplexy neonatorum Breech presentation Cæsarean operation Cephalæmatoma Cephalic hæmorrhage (at birth) Cerebral compression (injury at birth) hæmorrhage (injury at birth) pressure (injury at birth) Compression during birth of brain (injury at birth) umbilical cord Consequence of labor Delayed confinement delivery Difficult birth labor **Dystocia** Excessive pressure in delivery Foot presentation Forced delivery Forceps operation Hæmatoma of brain Hæmorrhage before birth parturition

Hæmorrhage of scalp (injury at birth) Injury at birth in delivery Inspiration of vaginal mucus Instrumental delivery Malpresentation Placenta prævia Podalic version Pressure during birth of funis on brain (injury at birth) Prolapse of funis umbilical cord Prolonged labor Protracted dry birth labor Puncture of fœtal membrane Retarded labor Rupture of brain (incident to birth) Shock of birth Strangulation of umbilical cord Suffocation in childbirth (-3m)1 of fœtus during parturition 1 Transverse presentation Traumatism of birth Vectis (use of) Version

¹ But not resulting in death before complete separation of the body of the child from the mother.

XI.-EARLY INFANCY-Continued.

152. Other causes peculiar to early infancy—Continued.

(2) Other causes peculiar to early infancy. 1

This subtitle includes:

Apnœa (—3m) neonatorum Asphyxia ²

neonatorum of newborn pallida

Atelectasis

neonatorum of newborn

Cellulitis of umbilicus (-3m)

Collapse of lung Congenital atelectasis

cyanosis peritonitis e asphyxia

Congestive asphyxia Cyanopathy

Cyanosis

(not due to malformation of heart, -3m)

neonatorum of newborn

Disease of navel umbilicus

Gangrene of umbilical cord Hæmoglobinuria neonatorum Hæmophilia neonatorum

Hæmorrhage of funis

navel newborn Hæmorrhage of umbilical cord

umbilicus

viscera Hereditary sepsis

Imperfect inflation of lung (-3m)

Infantile derangement disease

Infected navel umbilicus

Infectious omphalitis

Inflammation of navel

umbilical cord

umbilicus

Melæna neonatorum Mortification of umbilical cord

Omphalitis Omphalorrhagia Phlebitis of umbilicus

Postnatal asphyxia Sepsis of umbilicus

Septic infection of umbilicus umbilical cord

Septichæmia from navel of umbilicus

Simple apnœa
Ulcer of navel cord
Undeveloped lung (-3m)
Winckel's disease

153. Lack of care.

Note.—This title includes only deaths of infants under 3 months of age.

This title includes:

Bad treatment (newborn)
Desertion (newborn)
Exposure
to cold

Lack of care

Lack of care (newborn)
clothing (newborn)
Neglect

Uncleanliness (newborn)

¹ Exclusive of injuries at birth.
² The very indefinite term "asphyxia" is sometimes returned by physicians with no statement as to disease or condition causing it. When no definite information can be secured, death is compiled under title No. 152 for infants under 3 months of age and under title No. 189 for persons above that age.

XII.-OLD AGE.

154. Senility.

This title includes:

```
Progressive asthenia (70y+)
Age(70y+)
Asthenia (70y+)
                                                               weakness (70y+)
Atony (70y+)
                                                  Prostration (70y+)
Atrophy (70y+)
                                                  Senectus
          of old age
                                                  Senile asthenia
Cachexia (70y+)
of old age
                                                         atrophy
                                                         cachexia
Debility (70y+)
of old age
                                                         debility
                                                         decay
Decline (70y+)
Degeneration (70y+)
Dementia of old age
                                                         degeneration
                                                          dementia
                                                          exhaustion
Euthanasia (70y+)
                                                          fibrosis
Exhaustion (70y+)
                                                         heart
             of old age
                                                         imbecility
General atrophy (70y+)
breaking down (70y+)
                                                         insanity
                                                         mania
         debility (70y+)
decline (70y+)
                                                         marasmus
                                                         melancholia
         marasmus (70y+)
                                                         paresis
         senile failure
                                                         prostration
         weakness (70y+)
                                                         psychosis
Gradual decline (70y+)
                                                         softening
                                                          vascular degeneration
Imbecility of old age
Inanition (from disease, 70y+)
Infirmity (70y+)
Malassimilation (70y+)
                                                          weakness
                                                  Senility
                                                  Vital degeneration (70y+)
Want of vitality (70y+)
Malnutrition (70y+)
                                                  Wasting (70y+)
Marasmus (70y+)
           of old age
                                                  Weakness (70y+)
Morbus senilis
                                                  Worn out (70y+)
Old age
```

This title does not include: Senile gangrene (142).—Senile paralysis (66).

XIII.—EXTERNAL CAUSES.

Note.—Under suicide should be classed only those deaths in which suicide or attempt at suicide is proved. In collective suicides, only adults should be classed under suicide and minors should be considered as the victims of murder (182-184).

155. Suicide by poison.

This title includes:

```
Poisoning (suicidal) 1
Suicide by poison (any solid or liquid) 1

This title does not include: Morphinism (59).—Cocainism (59).
```

¹ See list under *Poisoning* in Index. Of course any poison not included in list, if taken with suicidal intent, should be included under this title (155), unless a gas or vapor killing by inhalation (156).

156. Suicide by asphyxia.

This title includes:

Suicide by asphyxia (any gas or vapor) 1 | Suicide by inhalation of gas (any gas or carbon monoxide vapor) 1 chloroform (vapor) gas (any gas) 1 illuminating gas

suffocation (any gas or vapor) i vapor (any vapor)

157. Suicide by hanging or strangulation.

This title includes:

Suicide by hanging

| Suicide by strangulation

158. Suicide by drowning.

This title includes:

Suicide by drowning

| Suicide by submersion

159. Suicide by firearms.

This title includes:

Suicide by firearms

Suicide by shooting

160. Suicide by cutting or piercing instruments.

This title includes:

Suicide by cutting instrument

Suicide by piercing instrument

161. Suicide by jumping from high places.

This title includes:

Suicide by jumping from high places

162. Suicide by crushing.

This title includes:

Suicide by crushing jumping before train Suicide by jumping before other vehicles.

163. Other suicides.

This title includes:

Felo de se Suicidal wound Suicide (unqualified) Suicide by burns fire scalds

¹ See list under *Poisoning* in Index, with alternative references to 155 or 156, accordingly as certain poisonous agents may be used, with suicidal intent, in either the solid or liquid forms (155) or as a vapor by inhalation (156). When the form is not known, preference is given to the usual method, e. g., suicide by chloroform (156).

164. Poisoning by food.

This title includes:

Acute food poisoning
Botulism
Cheese poisoning
Creatoxismus
Damaged meat poisoning
Diseased food
Egg albumen poisoning
Fish poisoning
Food poisoning (unqualified)
Ichthyotoxicon poisoning
Meat poisoning

Milk poisoning
Mouldy bread poisoning
Mushroom poisoning
Mussel poisoning
Poisonous food
Pork poisoning
Potato poisoning
Ptomaine poisoning (food poisoning)
Sausage poisoning
Shell fish poisoning
Tyrotoxicon poisoning

165. Other acute poisonings.

This title includes:

Accidental poisoning
Acute ergotism
 poisoning
 toxic gastritis
 gastroenteritis
Antimonial cholera
Antitoxin poisoning
Bite of insect
 venomous serpent
 viper
Opium narcosis

Poisoned wound
Poisoning 1
Serum intoxication
poisoning
Snake bite
Toxic gastritis
gastroenteritis
meningitis
Venom of animal
centipede
Venomous bite

This title does not include: Saturnism (57).—Hydrargyrism, etc. (58 or 59, according to circumstances).—
Morphinism, Chronic ergotism, etc. (59).—Intoxication by ptomaines (autointoxication) (55).—Autointoxication (55).—Urinary intoxication (125).—Uremic intoxication (120).—Poisoning by food (164).—Suicide by poisoning (155).—Homicidal poisoning (184).

166. Conflagration.

This title includes:

Conflagration (to include all injuries of whatsoever nature resulting therefrom)
Crushed at fire (conflagration)
Fire (in sense of conflagration)

Inhalation of smoke (burning building) Jumped from burning building Suffocation (burning building)

167. Burns (conflagration excepted).

This title includes:

Burn (conflagration excepted, of any organ or part)
by boiling liquid
water
coal oil
corrosive substance
fire
gasoline
kerosene
petroleum
steam

Burn by vitriol
Dermatitis actinica
ambustionis
Effects of corrosives
radium
x rays
Explosion of lamp
Lamp accident
Scald (of any part of body)
by steam
Sunburn

This title does not include: Configuration (166).

sulphuric acid

¹ See list under *Poisoning* in Index. Solid or liquid poisons not known to be used with suicidal or homicidal intent (accidental or *probably* accidental), and not included under chronic occupational poisoning (57 or 58), habit poisoning (59), or food poisoning (104), belong under this title.

168. Absorption of deleterious gases (conflagration excepted).

This title includes:

```
Accidental asphyxia
                                              Ether (vapor)
Acetylene poisoning
                                              Gas
Acute etherism
Ammonia poisoning
Amyl nitrite poisoning
Anæsthesia chloroform
                                              Kiln vapors
Anæsthetic
                                              Laughing gas
            for operation (unqualified)
                                              Marsh gas
Asphyxia (accidental)
                                              Nitrous oxide
           by fumes
              gas (accidental)
smoke (conflagration ex-
                                              Overlain
                cepted)
              stove
                                              Poisonous gas
              vapor
Bisulphide of carbon poisoning
Carbon bisulphide poisoning
       dioxide poisoning
monoxide poisoning
Charcoal fumes
Chloroform (vapor)
Choke damp poisoning (not in mines)
Coal gas poisoning
Cordite poisoning (vapor)
Cyanogen poisoning
Delayed chloroform poisoning (vapor)
                                              Water gas
Deleterious gas
```

Hydrogen sulphide Illuminating gas Inhalation of gas Noxious vapors or effluvia (including those produced by explosives) Poisoning (gas or vapor) 1 vapor Sewer gas poisoning poisoning Suffocation (unqualified) (by abnormal atmospheric pressure) (by gas or vapor) by gas, poisonous smoke (conflagration excepted) in bed Sulphuretted hydrogen

This title does not include: Asphyxia of an adult (without further statement) (189).—Chronic etherism (59).—Suicide by asphyxia (156).—Homicidal gas poisoning (184).

169. Accidental drowning.

Note.—This title includes all drowning not definitely stated to be suicidal (158) or homicidal (184) in character.

This title includes:

Accidental drowning submersion Asphyxia by drowning Cramp while bathing Drowning (unqualified) Found drowned (open verdict)
Lost at sea
Suffocation by drowning
submersion

170. Traumatism by firearms.

Note.—This title includes all deaths resulting from injuries by firearms not definitely stated to be suicidal (159) or homicidal (182) in character.

This title includes:

Pistol wound

Accidental wound by firearms (of any part of body)
Firearms
Gunshot

Shooting Shot Traumatism by firearms Wound by firearms

171. Traumatism by cutting or piercing instruments.

Note.—This title includes all deaths resulting from injuries of this character, except those definitely stated to be due to suicide (160) or homicide (183).

This title includes:

Cut (of any part of body)
Incised wound (of any part of body)
Knife cut
stab (accidental)
Punctured wound (of any part of body)
Stab wound (of any part of body, accidental)

Traumatism by cutting instrument
piercing instrument
Wound by cutting instrument (of any
part of body)
piercing instrument (of any
part of body)

172. Traumatism by fall.

This title includes:

Accidental fall Fall down stairs from horse in ship Fall into hold (ship, etc.)
Injury by diving
from fall
Traumatism by falling

173. Traumatism in mines and quarries.

Note.—The exact nature of the accident and the particular employment of all persons killed in or about the mine or quarry should be stated; also the kind of mine. The title should be subdivided to show the data for mines and quarries separately, or even by kind of mine, if sufficiently important.

This title includes:

Accident in mine
quarry
Asphyxia by gas in mine
Choke damp (unqualified)
Explosion of fire damp
Fall in pit (mine or quarry)
shaft (mine)
of coal (mine)
stone (quarry)

Injury by mining machinery
wagon in mine
in mine
quarry
Mining accident
Traumatism in mine
quarry
Violent death in mine
quarry

174. Traumatism by machines.

This title includes:

Accidental fall of machinery Caught in shafting Crushed by traveling crane Elevator accident Injury by machinery Traumatism by machinery passenger elevator

XIII.-EXTERNAL CAUSES-Continued.

175. Traumatism by other crushing (vehicles, railways, landslides, etc.).

Note.—This title may be subdivided to show important groups, such as railroad accidents, etc. The nature of the industry in which the machinery was employed should be noted, as "agricultural machinery," "machinery in woolen mill," etc.

This title includes:

Automobile accident Bicycle accident injury Collision Crushing by bumpers Cycle accident Derailment Earthquake Electric railway accident Elevated railway accident Fall from car or engine carriage or with aeroplane balloon parachute Found dead on railroad Injury getting off car or engine Interurban railway accident Killed on railroad Landslide Motor cycle accident Railroad accident

Run over by automobile car (any vehicle) Runaway accident Street car accident railway accident Struck by automobile car or engine Subway accident Surface car accident Thrown from automobile Traumatism by aeroplane automobile balloon crushing electric railroad landslide other crushing railroad street railroad vehicle (carriage, wagon, bicycle, etc.) Trolley accident

176. Injuries by animals.

This title includes:

Bite (of any animal) Dog bite Gored Injury by any animal (due to viciousness) Kick (by horse or other animal) Traumatism by horses (due to viciousness)

177. Starvation.

This title includes.

Deprivation of water Destitution Fatigue Hunger Insuition (starvation) Insufficient nourishment Misery
Overexertion
Privation
Starvation
Thirst

Wound by crushing

This title does not include: Lack of care (newborn infants) (153).—Insufficient nourishment (newborn infants) (153).—Sitiophobia (68).—Hysterical anorexia (73)

¹ The words "starvation" and "inanition" are sometimes used, in the United States, to denote exhaustion from defective nourishment, due to disease or to senile or congenital debility. Only where death was caused by actual privation should assignment be made to International title No. 177.

XIII.—EXTERNAL CAUSES—Continued.

178. Excessive cold.

This title includes:

Congelation
Effects of cold (temperature)
Exposure to cold (3m+)

Freezing Frostbite Frozen

This title does not include: Cold (of the newborn) (153).

179. Effects of heat.

This title includes:

Atmospheric pyrexia Effects of heat

in engine rooms, laundries, etc.

Excessive heat Heat

> apoplexy cramps exhaustion fever prostration

Heat stroke
Hot weather
Hyperthermia
Insolation
Overheated
Sunstroke
Thermic fever
Thermonosus
Thermoplegia

180. Lightning.

This title includes:

Lightning

181. Electricity (lightning excepted).

This title includes:

Accidental electric shock electrocution Electric shock Electricity (lightning excepted)
Injury by electric shock

182. Homicide by firearms.

This title includes:

Assassination by firearms Gunshot (homicidal) Homicide by firearms gunshot Shooting (homicidal) Shot (homicidal)
by burglar
in duel
Wound by firearms (homicidal)

183. Homicide by cutting or piercing instruments.

This title includes:

Assassination by cutting or piercing instrument
Cut (homicidal)
Homicide by cutting instrument

Homicide by piercing instrument Knife cut (homicidal) stab

Wound by cutting instrument (homicidal)

XIII.—EXTERNAL CAUSES—Continued.

184. Homicide by other means.

This title includes:

Assassination (without further explana-Infanticide (unqualified) Killed in fight Bite of human being Lynching Manslaughter Murder (unqualified) Criminal abortion (death of mother or child) Duel Throwing of sulphuric acid Homicidal poisoning vitr**i**ol Traumatism (homicidal) wound Homicide (unqualified) Wound (homicidal) Incendiarism

185. Fractures (cause not specified).

Note.—This is an indefinite title. The cause of the fracture should be stated so that the death can be classified according to the means of death (railroad accident, fall of elevator, etc.).

This title includes:

Avulsion of bone
Compound fracture
Detachment of epiphyses
Dislocation (any bone or cartilage)
Fracture (any bone)
Green stick fracture
Impacted fracture

Laceration of ligament of joint
Luxation
of spine
vertebra
Separation of epiphyses
Subluxation
Wiring fractured bone

186. Other external violence.

Note.—This is the residual title for external causes. Many indefinite returns found here could be assigned elsewhere if the means of death and the character of violence (accidental, suicidal, or homicidal) were stated. Deaths from legal execution and war are also included, and may be stated separately if deemed desirable.

This title includes:

Abrasion (of any part of body) Accident Accidental wound Air embolism Asphyxia by vomiting Avulsion (unqualified) Bad treatment (of a child) Battle Blow (unqualified) Bruise (of any part of body) Brushburn Capital punishment Casualty Choked while vomiting Compression of chest Concussion of brain spinal cord spine Contusion (of any part of body) Decapitation Division of vein Electrocution (legal execution only) Entrance of air into vein Evisceration Execution Explosion Exposure (3m+)External causes Foot ball accident Foreign body in abdominal cavity wall air passage brain bronchi larynx lung nasal passage pharynx pleural cavity trachea vagina

Friction-burn Gangrene of wound Hæmorrhage from wound

XIII.-EXTERNAL CAUSES-Continued.

186. Other external violence—Continued.

This title includes:

```
Hanging (legal execution only)
                                              Traumatic abscess of liver
Ill treatment (of child)
                                                         amputation
Injury (of any part of body)
by falling body
                                                         aneurysm
cellulitis
Inspiration of foreign material Killed
                                                         cerebral meningitis
                                                         cerebritis
       in cyclone
                                                         compression of brain
Laceration (of any part of body)
                                                                         spinal cord
Malpractice
                                                         convulsions
Obstructive laryngitis (foreign body)
                                                         delirium
Perforation of abdomen (cause not indi-
                                                         emphysema
                                                         eventration
                 cated)
               chest (cause not indicated)
                                                         fever
               cranium (cause not indi-
                                                         gangrene
                                                         meningeal hæmorrhage
                 cated)
                                                         meningitis
               skull (cause not indicated)
               thoracic cavity (cause not
                                                         nephritis
                 indicated)
                                                         paralysis
               thorax (cause not indicated)
                                                         perforation (of any organ)
                                                         pleuritis
Puncture of vein
                                                         pyæmia
Rupture of bladder (traumatic)
            liver (traumatic)
                                                         rupture of heart
Septic wound
                                                                    muscle
Severed extremity
                                                                    uterus
Severing of artery
Strangulation
                                                         septichæmia
                                                         shock 1
                                              Traumatism (of any organ or part of body)
Suffocation by plugging of air passage
                strangulation
                                              Violence
Suture of heart
                                              Wound (of any organ or part of body)
```

XIV.—ILL DEFINED DISEASES.

Note.—The following titles relate chiefly to diseases not well defined by the physician, either because his means of information were not sufficient, because the disease was lacking in distinctive features, or, perhaps, because he failed to make a complete diagnosis. There are also included (under title 189) some cases in which the cause of death is entirely unspecified or reported as "Unknown," sometimes on account of the absence of medical attendance. Registrars should not accept any returns compiled under these titles if it is possible to secure more definite statements.

187. Ill defined organic disease.

This title includes:

```
Anagarca
                                         General anasarca
                                                 œdema (ly+)
Ascites
Congenital ascites (1y+)
                                         Hydroperitonæum
                                         Hydrops
Dropsy
       of abdomen
                                         Infantile dropsy (ly+)
                                         Œdema (ly+)
          bowel
         foot
                                                 of connective tissue
         intestine
                                                   extremity
                                         Universal hydrops
         peritonæum
```

This title does not include: Cedema of the newborn (151).—Cedema of the glottis (87).—Cedema of the ungs (94).—Cedema of the brain (64).

¹ Although this term is an inclusion of title No. 175 in the French manual (index only), it is the Census practice to compile such deaths under International title No. 186 in agreement with the assignment of *Traumatism* (unqualified). Both are indefinite and unsatisfactory returns.

XIV.—ILL DEFINED DISEASES—Continued.

188. Sudden death.

This title includes:

Cardiac syncope Died suddenly Dropped dead Fainting fit

Sudden death (nonpuerperal) Syncope (fatal) of heart

This title does not include: Puerperal sudden death (139), nor "sudden death" with an explanatory expression, such as "due to diabetes" (50), or "caused by apoplexy" (64), etc.

189. Cause of death not specified or ill defined.

This title includes:

```
Constitutional weakness (ly+)
Abdominal disease
             section
                                                  Cyanosis (not due to malformation of
Acute delirious mania
                                                              heart, 3m+
                                                            (without further qualification,
       delirium
                                                  3m+)
Cystic degeneration
Anorexia
Apnœa (3m+)
Artificial feeding (1y+)
Asphyxia (3m+) (not violence)
Asthenia (1y-69y)
                                                 Debility (1y-69y)
Decline (1y-69y)
                                                 Degeneration (1y-69y)
Delirium
           of heart
Asthenic delirium
                                                  Dentition
          fever
                                                  Diathesis
Atony (1y-69y)
Atrophy (1y-69y)
                                                  Dilatation
                                                  Disease of head
                                                             navel (3m+)
Bilious
        catarrh
                                                  Distention of abdomen
        fever
                                                  Dyspnæa
Bottle feeding (1y+)
                                                  Effusion
Cachexia (1y-69y)
                                                  Emaciation (1y+)
Capillary congestion
Carbon dioxide poisoning (pathological)
                                                  Ephemeral fever
                                                  Exacerbation
Cardiac asthenia
                                                  Exhaustion (1y-69y)
         exhaustion
                                                  Failure of circulation (1y+
         failure
                                                             respiration (1y+)
         paralysis
                                                  Feeble constitution (ly+)
Carphology
Catarrhal fever
                                                          infant (1y+)
                                                  Fever (undefined)
           inflammation
                                                         of unknown cause
           sclerosis
                                                  Fistula
"Chronic"
                                                  Found dead
Cœliotomy
                                                  Gastric fever
Collapse (unqualified)
Colliquative fever
                                                  Gastrointestinal fever
                                                  General atrophy (1y-69y)
Coma
                                                           breaking down (1y-69y)
Complication of diseases
                                                           catarrh
Congenital (1y+)
asthenia (1y+)
debility (1y+)
                                                           collapse
                                                           congestion
debility (1y-69y)
decline (1y-69y)
             dyspnœa (ly+)
             insufficiency (1y+)
malnutrition (1y+)
                                                           marasmus (1y-69y)
                                                            weakness (ly-69y)
             weakness (1y+)
                                                  Gradual decline (1y-69y)
Congestion
                                                  Hæmorrhagic fever
             of heart
                                                  Headache
                vein
                                                  Heart exhaustion
Congestive asphyxia (3m+)
                                                         failure
             chill
                                                  Hyperæmia
             fever
                                                  Hyperpyrexia
```

XIV.--ILL DEFINED DISEASES-Continued.

189. Cause of death not specified or ill defined—Continued.

This title includes:

```
Hypertrophy
                                               Progressive weakness (1y-69y)
Immature birth (child, 1y+)
Immaturity (child, 1y+)
                                               Prostration (1v-69v)
                                               Pyrexia (of uncertain origin)
Imperfect circulation (ly+)
                                               Rash
Improper food (1y+)
Inanition (from disease, 1y-69y)
                                               Rupture of viscera
                                               Seasickness
                                              Section of abdomen
Infancy (ly+)
Infantile atrophy (ly+)
                                              Shock
          derangement (3m+)
                                               Sick from birth (ly+)
          disease (3m+)
                                               Simple continued fever
          fever
                                               Slow fever
                                               Softening
          heart failure (ly+)
          inertia (ly+)
                                               Sore
          tabes (ly+)
                                               Stenosis
                                               Stupor
Infection
Infectious disease
                                               Subdelirium
Infirmity (1y–69y)
Inflammation
                                               Suppuration
                                               Surgical apoplexy
               of abdomen
                                                        exhaustion
Inflammatory fever
                                                        mania
Inquest pending
Insomnia
                                                        operation
                                                        shock
Laparotomy
                                               Synochal fever
Malassimilation (1y-69y)
                                               Tabes
Malignant fever
                                               Tapping of abdomen
                                               Teething
Transfusion of blood
Malnutrition (1y-69y)
Marasmus (1y–69y)
Natural causes
                                               Trepanning
Neglect (3m+)
                                               Trephining
Nervous fever
                                                           of skull
No disease
"Noncontagious"
                                               Typhomania
                                               Undetermined
Obstruction
                                               Unknown
Operation
                                                          cause
Overwork
                                                          disease
Paracentesis 

                                               Unspecified
Paralysis cordis
                                               Venous congestion
          of heart.
                                               Violent fever
Paresis of heart
                                               Visitation of God
Perforation
                                               Vital degeneration (1y-69y)
Polvuria 

                                               Want of vitality (1y-69y)
Postoperative shock
                                               Wasting (1y-69y)
Premature birth (child, 1y+)
Prematurity (child, 1y+)
                                               Weak heart
                                               Weakness (1y-69y)
Worn out (1y-69y)
Progressive asthenia (1y-69y)
```

This title does not include: Congenital debility (151).—Exhaustion, cachexia, or debility: in old persons 154).—Fever: ataxoadynamic (1), or continued (1), or summer (98), or hay (98).—Asphyxia from external cause (156 or 168).—Cyanosis of the newborn (152).



INDEX.

SUGGESTIONS ON USE OF INDEX.

References are to the titles of the detailed International List of Causes of Death, Second Decennial Revision (1909), as shown in the preceding Tabular List. For use with abridged lists, see p. 34.

Terms are to be understood with the qualifications indicated only. The expression "not otherwise defined" may be considered as implied in each assignment.

The names of organs or parts of the body and also of diseases are shown with the adjective form in parentheses, as "Abdomen (abdominal)," "Heart (cardiac)," "Kidney (renal)," "Tuberculosis (tuberculous)," etc. Either word may be read with the indented list of words following, as "Abscess of abdomen" or "Abdominal abscess," etc., as may be necessary to identify the form returned.

Stillbirths are not included in deaths. Reference may be made to the heads "Stillbirth" and "Premature birth" for certain terms that require a distinction in this respect.

Symbols are used for age limits that govern the reference to certain titles, especially 70, 71, 89, 90, 104, 105, 151, 152, 153, 154, and 189:

```
Under 3 months (-3m)
3 months and over (3m+)
Under 1 year (-1y)
1 year and over (1y+)
Under 5 years (-5y)
5 years and over (5y+)
15 to 44 years, both inclusive (15y-44y)

Under 5 years and over (60y+)
70 years and over (70y+)
```

The words "Cancer" and "Tumor" are used as general terms for all varieties of malignant and nonmalignant neoplasms, respectively; for lists of forms, see pages 63 and 66. See also "Injury" or "Wound" for the general assignment of terms denoting external violence, and "Poisoning" for the distinctions involved in the assignment of poisonings and intoxications. Under "Arm" may be found assignments applicable to leg, thigh, extremity, etc.; under "Bone," those of any particular bone; and under "Joint," the general references for any articulation.

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INDEX OF CAUSES OF DEATH.

A	Abnormal
	atmospheric pressure, suffocation 168
Abdomen (abdominal)	labor
abscess 118	(child) 152
adhesion 117	(mother) 136
aneurysm 81	parturition
cancer 45	(child) 152
catarrh	(mother) 136
(-2y) 104	Abnormality 150
(2y+) 105	congenital 150
colic	Abnormally formed uterus, pregnancy
(-2y) 104	134 Abnormity 150
(2y+) 105	Abnormity 150
consumption 31	congenital 150 Abortion
disease 189 distention 189	(child) 151
	(mother) 134
dropsy 187 fever 1	accidental
fistula 189	(child) 151
foreign body 186	(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)
gangrene 142	(mother) 134
hæmorrhage 85	criminal 184
	induced 134
hysterectomy 130 inflammation 189	missed 134
neuralgia 110	septichæmia 137
paracentesis 189	tubal 134
perforation 186	Abortive typhoid 1
pregnancy 134	Abrasion (see Wound) 186
rheumatism 47	Abscess 144
section 189	abdomen 118
tapping 189	abdominal wall 144
tuberculosis 31	acute 144
tumor 46	alveolar 99
tympanites 110	amœbic, liver 115
typhoid 1	antrum, Highmore 146
typhus 1	anus 110
wound 186	appendix 108
Abdominal (see Abdomen)	areola
cavity, foreign body 186	(nonpuerperal) 133
muscle, rupture 186	(puerperal) 141
viscera.	arm 144,
cancer 41	auricle, ear 76
rupture 186	axilla 84 Powtholin's sland 199
tumor 46	Bartholin's gland 132
wound 186 wall	bladder 124
abscess 144	bone 146 bowel 110
burn 167	brain 60
congenital malformation 150	breast
foreign body 186	(nonpuerperal or unqualified)
hæmatoma 186	133
injury 186	(puerperal) 141
wound 186	broad ligament
Aberration, mental 68	(nonpuerperal or unqualified)
Ablation	132
pregnant tube 134	(puerperal) 137
uterus 130	bronchi 90

Ah	cess—Continued.
21.00	huggal gariter 00
	buccal cavity 99
	bursa 149
	buttock 144
	cerebellum' 60
	cerebral 60
	cervical 144
	aland 144
	gland 144 chest wall 144
	chest wall 144
£ . • .	chronic / 84
	cold 34
	colon 110
	connective tissue 144
	cornea 75
	Cowper's gland 127
	cranium 60
	Douglas's cul-de-sac 117
	ear 76
	embolic 82
	epididymis 127
	ethmoidal sinus 146
	external ear 76
	eye 75
	eyelid 75
	fæcal 110
	Folloppien tube 199
	Falloppian tube 132
	fauces 100
•	femoral 144
	fistulous 144
	frontal sinus 146
	gall bladder 115
	gastric 103
	genital
	(female) 132
	(male) 127
	gland 144
	gluteal 144
	groin 84
	hand 144
	head 144
	heart 79
	hepatic 115
	hip 33
	Hip do
	iliac fossa 108 inguinal 144 internal 144
	inguinal 144
	internal 144 intestine 110
	intestine 110
	intracranial 60
	intraspinal 63
	ischial 110
	ischiorectal 110
	jaw 146
	joint 147
	kidney 122
	labium
	majus 132
	minus 132
	lacrimal
	gland 75
	sac 75
	larynx 87
	101 JA4
	leg 144
	lingual 99
	liver 115
	loin 144
	lumbar 32

```
Abscess—Continued.
    lung 98
lymph node 84
    lymphangitic 84
    lymphatic 84
        gland 84
    malignant 144
mamillary 133
    mammary gland
         (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
         (puerperal) 141
    mastoid process 146
    maxillary sinus 146
    Meckel's diverticulum 110
    mediastinum 144
    meninges 61
mesenteric 117
metastatic 144
middle ear 76
    multiple 144
    muscle 149
    nasal
         fossa 86
         septum 86
    nasopharyngeal 100
    nates 144
    neck 144
    uterus 130
nephritic 122
    nipple 133
    nose 86
    œsophagus 101
omentum 117
    orbit 75
    ossifluent 34
    ovary 132
    pancreas 118
    parametric 132
    parauterine
         (nonpuerperal) 130
    (puerperal) 137
parotid gland 99
    pectoral 144
    pelvic
         (female) 130
(male) 144
         (male)
    penis 127
    pericæcal 108
    pericardial 77
    perimetric 130
    perimetritic 130
    perinæum 144
    perinephric 122
    perinephritic 122
    periosteum 146
    perirectal 110
    perirenal 122
    peritonæum 117
    peritonsillar 100
    perityphlitic 108
periurethral 125
    periuterine 130
pernicious 144
phagedenic 38
    pharynx 100
```

Malforma-

Abscess—Continued.	Abscess—Continued.
phlegmonous 144	tuberculous—Continued.
pleura 93	lung 28
pons Varolii 60	perinæum 34
postcæcal 108	side 34
postlaryngeal 87	vertebra 32
postnasal 86	tuboovarian 132
postorbital 75	umbilicus 144
postpharyngeal 100	urethra 125
posttyphoid 1	urinary 125
posturæmic 120	uterine ligament 130
prostate 126	uterus 130
psoas 32	vagina 132
puerperal 137	vermiform appendix 108
pulmonary 98	vertebra 32
pyæmic 20	tuberculous 32
pyloric valve 103	vesical 124
rectovesical 124	vulva 132
rectum 110	vulvovaginal gland 132
renal 122	Absent
retrolaryngeal 87	(any organ or part) (see Malforms
retroperitoneal 144	tion)
retropharyngeal 100	menstruation 130
retrouterine 130	Absinthæmia 56
ruptured 144	Absinthism 56
salivary gland 99	Absorbent system, disease 84
scalp 144	Absorption, pus 20
scapular 144	Acardiac fœtus (see Stillbirth)
scrofulous 34	Accessory sinus
scrotum 127	cancer 45
seminal vesicle 127	disease 146
side 144	empyema 146
sloughing 144	foreign body 146
spermatic cord 127	inflammation 146
sphenoidal sinus 146	parasitic disease 146
spinal 32	tumor 146
cord 63	Accident (accidental) 186
spine 32	abortion
spleen 116	(child, -ly) 151
stomach 103	(mother) 134
strumous 34	asphyxia 168
subdiaphragmatic 118	automobile 175
subhepatic 115	bicycle 175
sublingual 99 submammary 133	car or engine falling from 175
submammary 133 submaxillary 99	injury, getting on or off 175
gland 99	run over by 175
subphrenic 118	struck by 175
suprapelvic 130	cycle 175
tendon 149	drowning 169
testicle 127	
thecal 149	electric railway 175 electric shock 181
thigh 144	electrocution 181
thorax 93	elevated railway 175
throat 100	elevator 174
thyreoid gland 88	fall 172
tongue 99	machinery 174
tonsil 100	football 186
tonsillopharyngeal 100	haemorrhage 186
trachea 98	puerperal 135
traumatic 186	horses
tropical, liver 115	(due to viciousness) 176
tubal 132	(fall from, etc.) 172 interurban railway 175
tuberculous 34	interurban railway 175
breast 34	labor
gland 34	(child) 152
knee 33	(mother) 136

Accident—Continued.	Acute—Continued.
lamp 167	ascending
mining 173	anterior poliomyelitis 63
motorcycle 175	myelitis 63
poisoning 165	poliomyelitis 63
pregnancy 134	spinal paralysis 63
pregnancy 134 puerperal 140	asthmatic bronchitis 96
quarry 173	atrophic infantile paralysis 63
railroad 175	
electric 175	atrophy, liver 111 Bright's disease 119
elevated 175	Bright's disease 119 bronchitis 89
interurban 175	bronchopneumonic tuberculosis 29
steam 175	bronchorrhea 89
street 175	bulbar poliomyelitis 63
underground 175	capillary bronchitis 89
runaway 175	catarrh 89
street	lung 89
car 175	catarrhal
(elevated) 175	bronchitis 89
(surface) 175	hepatitis
(underground) 175	(-ly) 151
railway 175	(ly+) 115
subway 175	jaundice '
submersion 169	(-1y) 151
suffocation, childbirth (-3m) 152	(1y+) 115
surface car 175	nephritis 119
trolley 175	cerebrospinal meningitis 61
wound 186	cholera 13
	cirrhosis, liver 115
firearms (any part of body) 170 Accidental (see Accident)	congestive pneumonia 92
Accouchement (see Birth) 136	consumption 29
Acetonæmia 50	delirious mania 189
Acholia 115	delirium 189
Achondroplasia 36	desquamative nephritis 119
Acidosis 30	diffuse nephritis 119
(diabetic) 50	endocarditis 78 enlargement, liver 115
(nondiabetic) 55	
Acne 145	epithelial nephritis 119
Acormous fœtus (see Stillbirth)	ergotism 165
Acquired	etherism 168
deformity	exudative
bladder 124	angina 9
liver 115	nephritis 119
penis 127	fibrous hepatitis 115
diverticulum, intestine 110	general
hydrocephalus 74	miliary tuberculosis 29
Acrania (see Stillbirth)	tuberculosis 29
Acrodynia 19	glomerulonephritis 119
Acromegaly 55	hæmorrhagic nephritis 119
Actinomycosis 25	hepatitis
bone 25	(-1y) 151
cæcum 25	(1y+) 115
intestine 25	hepatization, lung 92
jaw 25	hydrocephalus 74
liver 25	hypertrophic hepatitis 115
lung 25	induration, liver 115
mouth 25	infantile paralysis 63
Active congestion, lung 94	infective
Acute	gangrene 142
abscess (see Abscess) 144	jaundice 111
albuminous nephritis 119	inflammation
albuminuria 119	kidnev 119
alcoholic nephritis 119	kidney 119 liver 115
anterior poliomyelitis 63	lung 92
articular rheumatism 47	inflammatory rheumatism 47

Adh

Acute—Continued.	Acute—Continued.
interstitial	ulcerative
hepatitis 115	endocarditis 78
myocarditis 78	tuberculosis 29
nephritis 119	yellow atrophy, liver 111
pneumonia 92	Adams-Stokes disease 85
miliary tuberculosis 29	Addison, bronze disease 52
mitral endocarditis 78	Addison's
morphinism 165	anæmia 54
myelitis 63	disease 52
myocarditis 78	Adenia, leuchæmic 53
nephritis 119	Adenitis 84
opium poisoning 165	axillary 84
paralysis, spinal cord 63	cervical 84 suppurative 84
parenchymatous	cranial, suppurative 84
hepatitis 111	ganglia 84
nephritis 119	infectious 84
parotiditis 19	inguinal 84
parotitis 19 perioncephalitis 61	region 84
perioncephalitis 61 phthisis 29	intestine 110
pulmonalis 29	leuchæmic 53
pleuropneumonia 92	neck 84
pneumonia 92	scrofulous 34
pneumonic	septic 84
phthisis 29	specific 37
tuberculosis 29	strumous 34
pneumonitis 92	suppurating 84
polioencephalomyelitis 63	suppurative 84 tuberculous 34
poliomyelitis 63	tuberculous 34 venereal 38
progressive infantile paralysis 63	Adenocarcinoma (see Cancer)
pulmonary	Adenofibroma (see Tumor)
catarrh 89	Adenoid
consumption 29	growth 86
miliary tuberculosis 29	vegetations 86
phthisis 29	nasal fossa, 86
tuberculosis 29	Adenoids 86
pulmonitis 92	(congenital) 150
purulent bronchitis 89	Adenoleuchæmia 53
renal dropsy 119	Adenoma (see Tumor)
rheumatic	Adenomatous goitre 88
arthritis 47 endocarditis 47	Adenomyxoma (see Tumor)
fever 47	Adenopathy 84
neuritis 47	Adenophiegmon 84
rheumatism 47	Adenosclerosis 46 Adheront
joint 47	pericardium 77
spine 47	placenta 135
rheumatoid arthritis 47	Adhesion
spinal	abdominal 117
anterior poliomyelitis 63	cardiac 77
paralysis 63	cicatricial, division 145
suppurative nephritis 122	epiglottis 87
toxic	galf bladder 115
gastritis 165	hernial sac 109
gastroenteritis 165	intestine 110
tubal	lung 93
inflammation, kidney 119 nephritis 119	pericardium 77
tuberculosis 29	peritonæum 117
lung 29	pleura 93 pulmonary 93
tuberculous	stomach 117
disease 29	tendon 149
inflammation 29	Adhesive
pneumonia 29	pericarditis 77
tubular nephritis 119	peritonitis 117

4 1' ' ""	
Adiposis 55	Alcohol poisoning (see Poisoning)
dolorosa 55	Alcoholic
Adrenal (suprarenal)	apoplexy 64
absent 150	cerebral
atrophy 52	apoplexy 64
	1
cancer 45	congestion 64
cloudy swelling 52	cirrhosis 113
cyst 52	liver 113
degeneration 52	lung 98
fatty 52	coma 56
hyline 52	delirium 56
	1 • •
lardaceous 52	dementia 56
disease 52	gastritis 56
fibrosis 52	hepatitis 113
hæmorrhage 85	insanity 56
inflammation 52	intoxication 56
	l ••
injury 186	liver 113
malformation 150	mania 56
melasma 52	meningitis 56
necrosis 52	serous 56
suppuration 52	nephritis 120
syphilis 37	
	acute 119
tuberculosis 52	chronic 120
tumor 52	neuritis 73
Adynamic pneumonia 92	œdema, brain 64
Aerogenes capsulatus infection 20	paralysis 67
Aeroplane, traumatism 175	chronic 67
Aestivoautumnai	general 67
fever 4	pneumonia 92
malaria 4	pneumonitis 92
Affection (see Disease)	polyneuritis 73
•	wet brain 64
Age (1) 151	1
(-1y) 151	Alcoholism 56
(1y-69y) 189 (70y+) 154	Algid fever 189
(70y+) 154	Alienation, mental 68
old 154	Alimentary canal
Agitated	disease 110
dementia 68	foreign body 110
melancholia 68	inflammation
Ague 4	(-2y) 104
and fever 4	(2y+) 105
dumb 4	obstruction 109
fever 4	tuberculosis 31
Ainhum 149	
	Alkaptonuria 123
Air	Alternating insanity 68
embolism 186	Alveolar (see Alveoli)
entrance, into vein 186	sarcoma (see Cancer)
passage	Alveoli (alveolar)
foreign body 186	abscess 99
suffocation from plugging 186	catarrh 90
1 00 0	l
tuberculosis 28	gangrene 142
tube, disease 90	injury 186
Albuminoid degeneration 55	teeth
Albuminous nephritis 120	disease 99
acute 119	inflammation
chronic 120	
Albuminuria 120	scorbutic 49
acute 119	necrosis, phosphoric 58
cardiac 79	syphilis 37
chronic 120	wound 186
	Alveolodental periostitis 99
pregnancy 138	
puerperal 138	Amaurosis 75
renal 120	Ambulant typhoid 1
scarlatinal 7	Amenorrhœa 130
Albuminuric retinitis 120	Amentia 74
Albumoguria 122	Ametropia 75

Amnesia 74	Anæmia—Continued.
Amnion, dropsy 134	tuberculous 28
Amœbic	Anæmic fever 54
abscess, liver 115	Anæsthesia 168
dysentery 14 enteritis 14	chloroform 168
enterius 14	ether 168
Amputation 148	Anæsthetic (see Poisoning)
breast 133	(unqualified) 168
cervix 130 clitoris 132	leprosy 17 Anal (see Anus)
congenital 150	Anasarca 187
penis 127	general 187
traumatic 186	pulmonary 94
extremity 186	Anaspadias 150
Amygdalitis 100	Anastomosis
follicular 100	aneurysm 81
syphilitic 37	intestinal 110
Amygdalolith 100	Anatomical wound 20
Amylaceous dyspepsia	Anemia (see Anæmia)
(-2y) 104	Anencephalus (see Stillbirth)
(2y+) 103	Anergic mental stupor 68
Amyloid	Anesthesia (see Anesthesia)
degeneration 55	Aneurism (see Aneurysm)
artery 81 general 55	Aneurysm 81 abdominal 81
heart 79	anastomosis 81
kidney 120	aorta 81
liver 113	arteriovenous 81
muscle 63	artery 81
nervous system 74	traumatic 186
spinal cord 63	brain 81
spleen 116	miliary 81
disease 55	carotid 81
kidney 120	cirsoid 81
liver 113	artery 81
spleen 116	diffused 81
Amyotonia congenita 149	dissecting 81 embolic 82
Amyotrophia 63 Amyotrophic	femoral 81
lateral sclerosis 63	fusiform 81
paralysis 63	heart 79
sclerosis 63	intrathoracic 81
Amyotrophy 63	lung (pulmonary artery) 81
Anæmia 54	malignant 81
Addison's 54	miliary 81
brain 74	pulmonary artery (branches of) 81
catarrhal 90	saccular 81
cerebral 74	subclavián 81
congenital 54 diphtheritic 9	thorax 81
epidemic 106	traumatic 186 valve, heart 79
gangrenous 142	varicose 81
hæmorrhagic 85	Aneurysmal
hookworm 106	tumor 81
malarial 4	varix 83
marsh 4	Angeio- (see Angio-)
miners' 106	Angiectasis 85
paludal 4	Angiectopia 85
pernicious 54	Angina 100
progressive 54	aphthous 100
malignant 54 rheumatic 48	cardiae 80 catarrhal 100
simple 54	croupous 9
spinal cord 68	diphtheritic 9
splenic 54	erysipelatous 100
pernicious 54	erythematous 100

Angina—Continued.	Anteflexion
exudative 9	uterus 130
acute 9	womb 130
chronic 100	Ante partum hæmorrhage 134
gangrenous	Anterior
(nondiphtheritic) 100	cornua, spinal cord, degeneration 63
(diphtheritic) 9	curvature, spine 36
glandlar 100	mediastinum, cancer 45
granular 100	poliomyelitis 63
heart 80	acute 63
herpetic 100	ascending 63
infectious 9	acute 63
Ludovici 100	progressive 63
Ludwig's 100	chronic 63
malignant 9	spinal, acute 63 vaginal wall, prolapse 132
membranous 9	
papillary 100 (diphtheritic) 9	Anteversion, uterus 130 Anthracosis 98
pectoris 80	lung 98
phlegmonous 100	pulmonary 98
(diphtheritic) 9	Anthrax 22
pseudomembranous 9	Antimonial cholera 165
pultaceous 100	Antrum
(diphtheritic) 9	cancer 45
scarlatinal 7	foreign body 146
simple 100	Highmore
streptococcic 100	abscess 146
stridulous 100	cancer 45
(diphtheritic) 9	foreign body 146
syphilitic 37	mastoid, perforation 146
tonsil 100	necrosis 146
tonsillitic 100	Anuria
trachealis 9	(nonpuerperal or unqualified) 122
Vincent's 100	(puerperal) 138
Angiocholecystitis 115	Anus (anal)
Angiocholitis 115	abscess 110 artificial 109
Angiokeratoma 145	1
Angioleucitis 84	cancer 41 cellulitis 110
Angioma (see Tumor) Angiosarcoma (see Cancer)	condyloma 37
Angiosclerosis 81	congenital malformation 150
Angiospastic cedema 74	
Angular	disease 110 fissure 110
curvature, spine 36	fistula 110
deformity, spine 36	gangrene 110
Animal	hæmorrhage 110
injury 176	imperforate 150
venom 165	inflammation 110
Ankle	injury 186
dislocation 185	laceration 110
joint, fracture 185	malformation 150
Ankylosis 147	occlusion (infant) 150
general 147	prolapse 110
joint 147	stricture 110 syphilis 37
osseous, joint 147	tuberculosis 31
spine 147 Ankylostomiasis 106	
Ankylurethria 125	tumor 110 ulcer 110
Annexitis 132	ulceration 110
suppurating 32	ulceration 110 unnatural 109
Annular calcification, artery 81	wound 186
Anorexia 189	Aorta (see also Aortic)
hysterical 73	aneurysm 81
nervosa 73	congenital 150

Aorta—Continued.	Apoplexy—Continued.
degeneration 81	puerperal 136
disease 81	pulmonary 94
ectasis 81	sanguineous 64
malformation 150	serous 64
rupture 81 sclerosis 81	spinal cord 63
	spleen 116
thrombosis 82	stroke 64
Aortic (see also Aorta) disease 79	surgical 189
incompetency 79	uræmic 120
insufficiency 79	Apparatus, lacrimal
lesion 79	cancer 45 disease 75
obstruction 79	
regurgitation 79	Appendectomy 108
stenosis 79	Appendicitis 108
congenital 150	catarrhal 108
stricture 79	fulminating 108 gangrenous 108 perforative 108
valve	nerforetive 108
disease 79	recurrent 108
incompetency 79	suppurative 108
insufficiency 79	tuberculous 31
stricture 79	Appendicular (see Appendix)
valvular disease, heart 79	Appendix (appendicular)
Aortitis 81	abscess 108
Apathetic dementia 68	cancer 41
Aper programania 00	congenital malformation 150
Apical programming 92	foreign body 110
Apical pneumonia 92 Aphasia 74	inflammation 108
ataxic 74	parasitic disease 107
uræmic 120	ruptured 108
Aphthæ (thrush) 99	sloughing 108
Aphthous	thrombosis, septic 108
angina 100	tuberculosis 31
stomatitis 99	tumor 108
Apnœa	vermiformis (see Appendix)
(-3m) 152	Appetite
(3m+) 189	excessive 103
neonatorum (—3m) 152	loss 103
Aponeuroses, disease 149	perversion 103
Apoplectic (see Apoplexy)	Application, craniotomy forceps (se
Apoplexy (apoplectic) 64	Stillbirth)
alcoholic 64	Arachnitis 61
cerebral 64 basilar 64	cerebrospinal 61
brain 64	Arachnoid, inflammation 61 Arachnoiditis, cerebrospinal 61
bulbar 64	Areola (see Breast)
	Argyria 59
capillary 64 cardiac 79	Arm (back, body, extremity, finger
cerebral 64	Arm (back, body, extremity, finger foot, forearm, hand, leg, shoulder, etc.)
congestive 64	abscess 144
dementia 64	amputation 148
embolic 82	burn 167
fit 64	cancer 45
heart 79	cellulitis 144
heat 179	congenital malformation 150
hemiplegia 64	crushed 175
lung 94	deformity (acquired) 149
meninges 64	disease 189
neonatorum 152	dislocation 185
pancreas 118	dropsy 187
pancreatitis 118 placenta 135	erysipelas 18 foreign body 186
pneumonia 64	fracture 185
progressive 64	frostbite 178

Arm—Continued.	Artery—Continued.
gangrene 142	ossification 81
hæmatoma 186	pulmonary
œdema 187	embolism 82
traumatic amputation 186	(postpartum) 139
tuberculosis 34	rupture 98
tuberculous osteitis 34	stricture 81
tumor 46	thrombosis 82
ulcer 145	rupture 81
wound 186	disease 81
Arrest of development. 150	injury 186
Arrhythymia cordis 85	sclerosis 81
Amonia (amonical) (see also Poisoning)	cerebral 81
Arsenic (arsenical) (see also Poisoning)	
neuritis 59	severing 186
cedema 59	stricture 81
(occupational) 58	suture 85
Arterial (see Artery)	syphilis 37
Arteriectasis 81	thrombosis 82
Arteriocapillary fibrosis 81	tuberculosis 34
Arteriofibrosis 81	tumor 46
Arteriosclerosis 81	wound 186
brain 81	Arthralgia 147
cerebral 81	Arthrectomy 147
diffuse 81	Arthritis 147
general 81	blennorrhagic 38
Arteriotomy 81	deformans 48
Arteriovenous aneurysm 81	gonococcic 38
Arteritis 81	gonorrhœal 38
obliterans 81	nodosa 48
Artery (arterial)	purulent 147
	rheumatic 47
aneurysm 81 traumatic 186	acute 47
	chronic 48
atheroma 81	
calcification 81	
annular 81	acute 47
cancer 45	chronic 48
cardiopathy 79	septic 147
cerebral, disease 81	tuberculous 33
cirsoid aneurysm 81	hip joint 33
coronary	Arthrocele 147
disease 81	Arthrodesis 147
embolism 82	Arthrodynia 147
ossification 81	Arthropathy 147
sclerosis 81	syringomyelia 63
degeneration 81	tabes dorsalis 62
amyloid 81	Arthrophyte 147
atheromatous 81	Arthropyosis 147
calcareous 81	Articular
fatty 81	rheumatism 47
hyaline 81	acute 47
lardaceous 81	chronic 48
dilatation 81	tuberculosis 33
disease 81	Artificial
	1
embolism 82	
erosion 81	feeding
hæmorrhage 85	(-1y) 151 $(1y+)$ 189
hardening 81	(1y+) 189
hypertrophy 81	Ascariasis 107
ligature 85	Ascending
malformation 150	anterior poliomyelitis 63
mesenteric, embolism 82	acute 63
obliteration 81	progressive 63
obstruction 81	myelitis, acute 63
clot 82	nephritis 122
occlusion, clot 82	neuritis 63

Ascending—Continued.	Asthenic (see Asthenia)
paralysis 63	Asthma (asthmatic) 96
poliomyelitis, acute '63	bronchial 96
	bronchitis 96
spinal paralysis, acute 63 Ascites 187	
	cardiac 79
cardiac 79	catarrh 90
chylous, nonfilarial 84	catarrhal 96
congenital	dropsy 96
(-1y) 151	grinders' 98
(1y+) 187	hay 98
hepatic 113	infantile 96
tuberculous 31 Asiatic cholera 12	miners' 98
Asiatic cholera 12	pneumonia 91
Aspergillosis 25	potters' 98
lung 98	renal 120
Asphyxia	spasmodic 96
(-3m) 152	thymic 84
(3m+) 189	tuberculous 28
(accident) 168	Asthmatic (see Asthma)
(homicide) 184	Asylum dysentery 14
(accident) 168 (homicide) 184 (suicide) 156	Asystole 79
conflagration 166	cardiac 79
congestive	heart 79
(-3m) 152	Ataxia (ataxic) 62
$\begin{pmatrix} -3m \end{pmatrix} \frac{162}{189}$	aphasia 74
drowning 169	brain 74
fumes 168	cerebral 74
gas	
(accident) 168	family 63 Friedreich's 63
(homicide) 184 (suicide) 156	general 74 hereditary 63
in mine 173	
neonatorum (-3m) 152	locomotor 62
newborn $(-3m)$ 152	paraplegia 66
pallida 152	partial 62
pathological 189	progressive 62
postnatal 152	spastic 62
smoke (conflagration excepted) 168	Ataxic (see Ataxia)
stove gas 168	Atelectasis
suicide 156	(-3m) 152
suicide 156 vapor 168	(3m+) 98
vomiting 186	congenital (-3m) 152
Aspiration pneumonia 91	neonatorum $(-3m)$ 152
Assassination 184	newborn (-3m) 152
cutting or piercing instrument 183	Atelocardia 150
firearms 182	Atheroma (atheromatous) 81
Associated nuclear paralysis 74	artery`81
Asthenia (asthenic)	basilar 81
(-1y) 151	brain 64
(1y-69y) 189	cardiac 79
(70y+)' 154	cerebral 64
cardiac 189	degeneration 81
congenital	general 81
(-1y) 151	heart 79
	senility 81
(1y+) 189 delirium 189	valve, heart 79
fever 189	Atheromatosis 81
heart 189	Atheromatous (see Atheroma)
hysterical 73	Athetosis 74
nervous 74	Athrepsia
	(-2y) 104
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	$\begin{pmatrix} -2y & 104 \\ (2y+) & 105 \end{pmatrix}$
progressive	infantile
(-1y) 151	
(1y-69y) 189	
(70y+) 154	(2y+) 105

Atmospheric	Atrophy—Continued.
pressure, abnormal, suffocation 168	pancreas 118
pyrexia 179	paralysis 63
Atonic dyspepsia 103	progressive 63
Atony	rhinitis 86
(-1y) 151	senile 154
(1y - 69y) 189	slow, liver 113
(70y+) 154	spinal 63
bladder 124	chronic muscular 63
intestine 110	cord 63
stomach 103	paralysis 63
uterus, parturition 136	spleen 116
Atresia	stomach 103
congenital (any part of body) 150	suprarenal 52
lung	thymus 84
(-1y) 151	thyreoid gland 88
(1y+) 98	ulcer 145
pulmonary	uterus 130
(-1y) 151	yellow, liver 111
(1y+) 98	acute 111
rectum 110	Auricle
uterus 130	ear (see Ear)
vagina 132	hæmatoma, traumatic 186
Atrophic (see Atrophy)	malformation 150
Atrophy (atrophic)	wound 186
(-1y) 151	Auricular fibrillosis 85
(1y - 69y) 189	Autoinfection 55
(70y+) 154	septic 20
acute yellow, liver 111	Autointoxication 55
adrenal 52	intestinal
brain 74	(-2y) 104 (2y+) 110
progressive 74	(2v [⊥]) 110
ŝenile 74	pregnancy 134
brown, heart 79	Automobile
cerebral 74	accident 175
cirrhosis 113	explosion, gasoline tank 175
liver 113	run over by 175
emphysema 97	struck by 175
galf bladder 115	thrown from 175
gastric 103	traumatism 175
gastrointestinal	Autoplasty 145
(-2y) 104	Autotoxæmia 55
$\langle 2y+\rangle$ 105	
general	congenital
	(-ly) 151
(-1y) 151	(1y+) 55
(1y-69y) 189	Autovaccination 20
(70y+) 154	Avulsion 186
heart 79	alveolar process 185
infantile	bone 185
(-1y) 151 $(1y+)$ 189	scalp 186
(1y+), 189	Ax-grinders' disease 98
paralysis, acute 63	Axilla (axillary)
intestine 110	abscess 84
kidney 120	adenitis 84
liver 115	cancer 45
acute 111	injury 186
chronic 113	tuberculosis 34
lung 98	tumor 46
mammary gland	Axillary (see Axilla)
(nonpuerperal) 133	gland, infection 189
(puerperal) 141	grand, infection 100
muscle 149	_
	\mathbf{B}
muscular paralysis 63	
progressive 63	Regillery dynamtory 14
myocardium 79 old age 154	Bacillary dysentery 14 Bacilluria 124
	FNG

Th. 1 ()	
Back (see Arm)	Biliary—Continued.
Backbone, disease 32	poisoning 115
Bacteriuria 124	toxæmia 115
Bad treatment	Bilious 189
(child) 186	catarrh 189
· (newborn) 153	cholera 13
Balanitis 38	colic
Balanoposthitis 38	(-2y) 104
Balanorrhagia 38	(2y+) 105
Balantidic dysentery 14 Balloon	diarrhœa
fall 175	(-2y) 104
traumatism 175	(2y+) 105
Banti's disease 54	dysentery 14
Barlow's disease 49	fever 189
Bartholinitis 132	gastritis 103
suppurating 132	indigestion 103
Bartholin's gland	intermittent fever 4
abscess 132	remittent fever 4 vomiting 103
cyst 132	Billroth's disease 46
Basal meningitis, posterior 61	Birth (accouchement, childbirth, deliv-
Basedow's disease 51	ery, labor, parturition, etc.) (see also
Basilar	Puerperal)
apoplexy 64	abnormal
atheroma 81	(child) 152
hæmorrhage 64	(mother) 136
meningitis 30	accident
thrombosis 82	(child) 152
tumor 74	(mother) 136
Battle 186	accidental hæmorrhage 135
Bayles's disease 67	asphyxia, infant (see Stillbirth)
Bed, suffocation in 168	atony, uterus 136
Bedsore 145 Bell's mania 68	compression 152
Bends 74	(stillborn) (see Stillbirth)
Benign tumor (see Tumor)	consequence
Bergeron's disease 72	(child) 152
Beriberi 27	(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)
Bicuspid valve, heart, disease 79	(mother) 136
Bicycle	delayed
accident 175	(child) 152
injury 175	(mother) 136
Bilateral	died during (stillborn) (see Stillbirth)
lobar pneumonia 92	difficult
paralysis 66	(child) 152
pneumonia 92	(mother) 136
Bile duct	dry, protracted
cancer 40	(child) 152 (mother) 136
catarrh 115	
impervious 150	eclampsia (child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)
inflammation 115	(child, not stillborn) 151
obstruction 115	(mother) 138
occlusion 115 perforation 115	excessive pressure
rupture 115	(child) 152
stenosis 115	(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)
tumor 115	fistula 136
Bilharziasis 107	forced
rectal 107	(child) 152
Biliary	(mother) 136
calculus 114	hæmatoma, vulva, ruptured dur-
cirrhosis 113	ing 136
colic 114	hæmorrhage
fistula 115	after
lithiasis 114	(child) 152
obstruction 115	(mother) 135

Birth—Continued.	Birth—Continued.
hæmorrhage—Continued.	sudden death
before	cardiac
(child) 152	embolism 139
(child, stillborn) (see Still-	thrombosis 139
birth)	cerebral hæmorrhage 139
(mother) 134	embolism 139
uterus (after or during) 135	entrance of air into vein 189
immature `	nervous exhaustion 139
(child, -1y) 151	pulmonary
(child, 1y+) 189	embolism 139
(child, 1y+) 189 (child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)	thrombosis 139
(mother) 134	shock 139
injury	thrombosis 139
(child) 152	suffocation
(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)	(-3m) 152
(mother) 136	(stillborn) (see Stillbirth)
instrumental	traumatism 152
(child) 152	venous thrombosis 139
(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)	Bite
(mother) 136	dog 176
inversion, uterus 136	human being 184
laceration	insect 165
perinæum 136	mad dog 23
peritonæum 136	nonvenomous 176
uterus 136	serpent 165
vagina 136	snake 165
vagina 136 vulva 136	venomous 165
missed 134	serpent 165
multiple	viper 165
(child) 151	Black
(mother) 136	induration, lung 98
premature	jaundice
(child, -1y) 151	(—1y) 151
(child, 1y+) 189	(1y+) 115
(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)	measles 6
(mother) 134	smallpox 5
induction 134	tongue 99
pressure (child) 152	vomit 16
preternatural 150	Blackwater fever 4
prolonged	Bladder (vesical)
(child) 152	abscess 124
(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)	acquired deformity 124
(mother) 136	atony 124
protracted	calculus 123
(child) 152	cancer 45
(mother) 136	catarrh 124
result (unqualified) 140	congenital malformation 150
retarded	disease 124
(child) 152	distension 124
(mother) 136	ectopia 150
rupture	exstrophy 150
bladder 136	extroversion 150
perinæum 136	fistula 125
uterus 136 vagina 136	foreign body 124
vagina 136	gangrene 124
vulva 136	hæmorrhage 124
shock	hernia 124
(child) 152	hypertrophy 124
(mother) 136	inertia 124
sick from	infection 124
(-1y) 151	inflammation 124
(1y+) 189	l injury 186

Bladder—Continued.	Blue
inversion 124	baby 150
irritation 124 laceration 186	disease 150
	Body
parturition 136	falling, injury 186
malformation 150	fibroid, uterus 129
neuralgia 124	foreign (see Foreign body)
neurosis 124	loose
paralysis 124	joint 147
parasitic disease 124	sheath of tendon 149
paresis 124	pituitary, tumor 74
prolapse 124	thyreoid
puncture (not due to violence) 124	degeneration, lardaceous 88
rupture 124	disease 88
parturition 136	injury 186
traumatic 186	Boil 143
section 124	Boiler explosion 174
sloughing 124	locomotive 175
spasm 124	stationary 174
stone 123	steamboat 174
suppuration 124	Boiling
suture 124	liquid, burn 167
syphilis 37	water, burn 167
tapping 124	Bold hives 189
tuberculosis 34	Bone
tumor 124	abscess 146
villous (nonmalignant) 124	actinomycosis 25
ulcer 124	cancer 45
varix 83	caries 146
wound 186	congenital malformation 150
Blastomycosis 25	correction deformity, by fracture 146
skin 25	cyst 146
Bleeder 55	disease
Bleeding (see Hæmorrhage)	(exclusive of spine) 146
fibroid (female) 129 Blonnowbegie (blonnowbegie) (acc Gono	(spine) 32
Blennorrhagia (blennorrhagic) (see Gono-coccic) 38	dislocation (nontraumatic) 147
Blennorrhœa 38	epiphysitis 146 excision 146
Blepharitis 75	face, fracture 185
Blepharoconjunctivitis 75	faulty union 146
Blepharoplasty 75	foot, fracture 185
Block, heart 85	forearm, fracture 185
Blood	foreign body 186
clot, heart 79	fracture 185
impoverished 54	nonunion 146
poisoning 20	wiring 185
specific 37	gangrene 146
spitting 98	gout 48
transfusion 189	grafting 146
tumor (see Tumor)	hand, fracture 185
vessel	hypertrophy 146
brain, rupture 64	inflammation 146
disease 85	injury 186
injury 186	leg, fracture 185
malformation 150	malformation 150
rupture 85	necrosis 146
tumor 46	parasitic disease 146
vomiting 103	petrous, caries 76
Bloody	resection 148
diarrhœa	scurvy 49
(-2y) 104	softening 36
(2y+) 105	syphilis 37
flux 14	tubercle 34
Blow (unqualified) 186	tuberculosis 34

Bone—Continued.	Brain—Continued.
tumor 146	effusion 64
wound 186	embolism 82
Botallo, foramen	septic 82
nonclosure 150	endarteritis 81
cyanosis from 150	enlargement 74
persistence 150	epilepsy 69
Bottle feeding	erystpelas 18
(-1y) 151	fever 60
(1y+) 189 Botulism 164	foreign body 186 glioma 74
Bouillaud's disease 78	gumma 37
Boulimia 74	hæmorrhage 64
Bowel (see Intestine)	injury at birth 152
complaint	miliary 64
(-2y) 104	sudden death, after delivery 139;
(2y+) 105	hæmatoma 152
Bow-leg 147	hardening 74
Brachycardia 85	hemiplegia 66
Bradycardia 85	hernia 74
Brain (cerebral)	congenital 150
abacess 60	hydatid 74
alcoholic apoplexy 64	hydrocephalus 150
anæmia 74	acquired 74
aneurysm 81 miliary 81	acute 74 chronic 150
apoplexy 64	congenital 150
arterial sclerosis 81	tuberculous 30
arteriosclerosis 81	hyperæmia 64
artery, disease 81	hypertrophy 74
ataxia 74	induration 74
atheroma 64	infection 61
atrophy 74	inflammation 60
progressive 74	traumatic 60
senile 74	injury 186
blood vessel, rupture 64	irritation 74
cancer 45	ischæmia 74
cirrhosis 74	laceration 186
clot 64	lesion 74
compression (injury at birth) 152	congenital 74 organic 74
(not injury at birth) 74	malformation 150
traumatic 186	marasmus 65
concussion 186	membrane
congenital malformation 150	cancer 45
congestion 64	cyst 74
alcoholic 64	hæmorrhage 64
malarial 4	inflammation 61
passive 64	septic 61
consumption 30 convulsions 74	suppurative 61
convulsions 74 cyst 74	syphilitic 37 tuberculous 30
cysticercus 74	laceration 186
degeneration 74	malformation 150
fatty 74	syphilis 37
progressive 74	tuberculosis 30
diplegia	tumor 74
children 74	meninges
infantile 74	syphilis 37
disease 74	tuberculosis 30
infantile 74	tumor 74
organic 74	meningitis 61
dementia 74	septic 61
psychosis 74 dropsy 150	simple 61 traumatic 186
dvsphagia 74	tuberculous 30

Brain—Continued.	Bronst Continued
meningocele 150	Breast—Continued.
mollities 65	burn 167
	cancer 43
necrobiosis 65	congenital malformation 150
necrosis 74	cyst 133
neuralgia 73	hydatid 133
nondevelopment 150	disease
œdema 64	(nonpuerperal) 133
alcoholic 64	(puerperal) 141
pachymeningitis 61	excision 133
palsy 66	fistula
paralysis 66	
infantile 74	
parasitic disease 74	(nonpuerperal) 133
pressure	foreign body 186
(injury at birth) 152	hæmatoma 186
	hæmorrhage 85
(not injury at birth) 74	hypertrophy
rheumatism 47	(nonpuerperal) 133
rupture (incident to birth) 152	(puerperal) 141
sclerosis 74	induration, fibrous
diffuse 74	
general 74	(nonpuerperal) 133
miliary 74	(puerperal) 141
sinus	inflammation
disease 83	(nonpuerperal) 133
thrombosis 82	(puerperal) 141
softening 65	malformation 150
inflammatory 65	milk, want of (-1y) 151
necrotic 65	neoplasm 43
thrombotic 82	neuralgia 73
stroke 64	neurosis 133
	parasitic disease 133
suppuration 60	suppuration
syphilis 37	(nonpuerperal) 133
thrombosis 82	(puerperal) 141
tuberculosis 30	syphilis 37
tuberculous meningitis 30	
tumor 74	tuberculosis 34
congenital 150	tumor 133
syphilitic 37	ulcer 133
tuberculous 30	ulceration 133
typhoid 1	wound 186
typhus 1	Breech presentation
ventricle, paracentesis 74	(child) 152
water on 150	(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)
wet 64	(mother) 136
alcoholic 64	Brightii morbus 120
wound 186	Bright's disease (see also Nephritis) 120
Branchial cyst 150	acute 119
	chronic 120
Brass poisoning 58	cirrhotic 120
Breach 109	l
Breakbone fever 19	puerperal 138
Breaking down, general	Broad ligament
(-1y) 151	abscess
(1y-69y) 189	(nonpuerperal or unqualified)
(70v+) 154	132
Breast (mammary)	(puerperal) 137
abscess	cancer 42
(nonpuerperal or unqualified)	cyst 132
133	dropsy 132
(puerperal) 141	hæmatoma 132
tuberculous 34	phlegmon
amputation 133	
atrophy	(nonpuerperal or unqualified)
(nonnuernerel or unavalifical)	132
(nonpuerperal or unqualified) 133	(puerperal) 137
(puerperal) 141	tumor 132
(Pucipeiai) 141	variy 83

Bronchi (bronchial)	Bronchitis—Continued.
abscess 90	grippal 10
asthma 96	hypostatic 90
calcification 98	inflammatory 89
cancer 45	membranous 9
catarrh 90 congenital malformation 150	molders' 90
	pituitous 90
congestion 89 contraction 98	plastic 28 pseudomembranous 9
croup 9	purulent
cyst 90	(-5y) 89
dilatation 90	$\langle 5y + \rangle$ 90
diphtheria 9	acute 89
disease 90	chronic 90
parasitic 98	scrofulous 28
foreign body 186	senile 90
inflammation 89	septic 89
influenza 10	simple 89
injury 186	specific 28
malformation 150	(when signifying syphilis) 37
obstruction 98	subacute 90
ossification 98	suffocating 89
paralysis 90	summer 98
parasitic disease 98	tuberculous 28
pneumonia 91 rupture 186	ulcerative 90 Bronchoalveolitis 89
stenosis 98	Bronchocele 88
stricture 98	injection 88
syphilis 37	Bronchopneumonia 91
tuberculosis 28	croupous 91
tumor 98	diptheritic 9
ulcer 98	due to grippe 10
Bronchial (see also Bronchi)	grippal 10
gland	septic 91
rupture 98	syphilitic 37
tuberculosis 28	tuberculous 28
tube	typhoid 91
catarrh 90	Bronchopneumonic tuberculosis, acut
congestion 89	Describent menows homewhere 08
hæmorrhage 98	Bronchopulmonary hæmorrhage 98 Bronchopulmonitis 91
Bronchiectasis 90 Bronchitis	Bronchorrhagia 98
(-5y) 89	Bronchorrhœa 90
⟨5y+⟩ 90	acute 89
acute 89	chronic 90
asthmatic 96	purulent 90
acute 96	Bronze disease 52
chronic 96	of Addison 52
capillary 89	Brown
acute 89	atrophy, heart 79
chronic 90	disease 52
subacute 89	induration, lung 98
caseous 28	Brown-Séquard's paralysis 63 Bruise (any part of body) 186
catarrhal (-60y) 89	Brushburn 186
(60y+) 90	Bubo 84
acute 89	blennorrhagic 38
chronic 90	climatic 15
chronic 90	gonococcic 38
croupous 89	gonorrhœal 38
diffuse	l inguinal 38
(-5y) 89	phagedenic 38
(5y+) 90	scrofulous 34
due to grippe 10	soft chancre 38
fibrinous 89	suppurating 84
fœtid 90	syphilitic 37

Bubo—Continued.	Cachexia—Continued.
venereal 38	cardiac 79
virulent 38	exophthalmic 51
Bubonic plague 15	lead 57
Bubonocele 109	malarial 4
Buccal	marsh 4
cavity	nervous 189
abscess 99	old age 154
cancer 39	pachydermic 88
diphtheria 9	paiudal 4
ulceration 99	paralytic 67
Buffy angina 9	pernicious 4
Buhl's disease 151	renal 122
Building operations, machines, trauma-	sclerotic 81
tism 174	sclerous 81
Bulbar	senile 154
apoplexy 64	Cæcitis 108
disease 63	Cæcum
hæmorrhage 64	actinomycosis 25
paralysis 63	cancer 41
progressive 63	inflammation 108
poliomyelitis, acute 63	Cæsarean
Bulimia 74	operation
Bumpers, crushed by 175	(child) 152
Bunion 149	(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)
Burglar, shot by 182	(mother) 136
Burn	section (see Cæsarean operation)
(conflagration excepted, any organ or	Caisson disease 74
part) 167	Calcareous
boiling	degeneration 189
liquid 167	artery 81
water 167	heart 79
coal oil 167 corrosive substance 167	myocardium 79 · Calcification
fire 167	
	annular, artery 81
gasoline 167 kerosene 167	artery 81 bronchi 98
petroleum 167	heart 79
steam 167	larynx 87
suicide 163	lymphatic gland 84
sulphuric acid 167	pericardium 77
vitriol 167	pleura 93
Burning building, jumping 166	trachea 98
Bursa (bursal)	Calculous
abscess 149	disease 123
cyst 149	pyelitis 123
inflammation 149	pyelonephritis 123
injury 186	pyonephrosis 123
syphilis 37	Calculus 123
tuberculosis 34	biliary 114
tumor 149	bladder 123
wound 186	cystic 123
Bursal (see Bursa)	gall bladder 114
Bursitis 149	hepatic 114
Buttock	intestine 110
abscess 144	kidney . 123
cellulitis 144	impacted 123
a	liver 114
C	impacted 114
Cashastia mashudamuia 00	lung 98
Cachectic pachydermia 88	nephritic 123
Cachexia	pancreas 118
(-1y) 151	pelvis, kidney 123
(1y-69y) 189	prostate 126
(70y+) 154	pulmonary 98
cancerous 45	pyonephrosis from 123

Calculus—Continued.	Cancer—Continued.
renal 123	en cuirasse 43
impacted 123	extremity 45
salivary 99 ureter 123	eye 45
	eyelid 45
impacted 123	face 44
urethra 123	Falloppian tube 42
impacted 123	fauces 45
urinary 123	gall bladder 40
duct 123 passage 123	bladder 40 duct 40
passage 123 tract 123	ganglia 45
vesical 123	gastric 40
	genital organs
CANCER (carcinoma, endothelioma, ma-	(female) 42
lignant tumor, malignant new growth.	(male) 45
sarcoma, etc.) 45	gland 45
abdomen 45	glandular system 45
abdominal viscera 41	groin 45
accessory sinus 45	gum 39 hand 45
adrenal 45 anterior mediastinum 45	hand 45 head 44
antrum 45	heart 45
Highmore 45	hepatic 40
anus 41	hip 45
appendix 41	ileum 41
areola 43	iliac region 45
arm 45	inguinal
artery 45	gland 45
auricle of ear 44	region 45
axilla 45	intestinal gland 41
back 45 bile duct 40	intestine 41 intraabdominal 45
bladder 45	iris 45
body 45	jaw 39
bone 45	joint 45
brain 45	kidney 45
breast 43	lacrimal
broad ligament 42	apparatus 45
bronchi 45	gland 45
buccal cavity 39	larynx 45
cæcum 41	leg 45
caput coli 41 cardia 40	lingual 39 lip 39
cardiac orifice, stomach 40	lip 39 liver 40
cervical 42	Lobstein's 45
gland 45	lower extremity 45
cervicofacial 44	lung 45
cervix 42	lymph
cheek 39	gland 45
chest 45	node 45
chimney sweeps' 45	lymphatic
chin 44 chorioid 45	gland 45
chorioid 45 colon 41	vessel 45 mammary gland 43
conjunctiva 45	maxilla 39
connective tissue 44	mediastinal gland 45
cord 45	mediastinum 45
cornea 45	membrane
cranial nerve 45	brain 45
disseminated 45	spinal cord 45
duodenum 41	meninges 45
ear 44	mesentery 41

¹ See forms of cancer on p. 63. Any form of cancer with location not stated is assigned to (45), except epithelioma and epithelial tumor (44). When the location is stated, assignment is to titles 39 to 45, according to the list of organs or parts of the body affected.

0	(O O +
Cancer—Continued.	Cancer—Continued.
metastatic 45	testicle 45
middle ear 45	thorax 45
mouth 39	throat 45
multiple 45	thymus gland 45
muscle 45	thyreoid gland 45
nasopharynx 44	tongue 39
nates 45	tonsil 39
neck 45	trachea 45
nerve 45	umbilicus 44
	universal 45
nipple 43	
nose 44	upper extremity 45
œsophagus 40	ureter 45
omentum 41	urethra 45
optic nerve 45	uterine ligament 42
orbit 45	uterus 42
ovary 42	vagina 42
palate 39	vertebra 45
pancreas 45	vesical 45
parotid gland 45	viscera 45
pectoral region 45	vulva 42
	womb 42
pelvic viscera, 45	
pelvis 45	zygoma 45
penis 45	Cancerous
pericardium 45	cachexia 45
perinæum 45	goitre 45
peritonæum 41	humor 45
pharynx 40	neuritis 45
pleura 45	new growth (see Cancer)
posterior nares 45	peritonitis 41
prepuce 45	toxæmia 45
prostate 45	tumor (see Cancer)
	ulcar (see Cancer)
gland 45	ulcer (see Cancer)
pubes 45	Cancroid (unqualified) 44
pulmonary 45	Cancrum oris 142
pylorus 40	Canker 142
rectum 41	mouth 99
renal 45	rash 7
retina 45	stomach 103
retroperitoneal 41	Canthoplasty 75
gland 41	Capillaries
retropharyngeal 45	degeneration 85
sacral joint 45	fatty 85
sacrum 45	
salivary gland 39	dilatation 85
scalp 44	disease 85
scapula 45	rupture 85
scrotum 45	Capillary
shoulder 45	apoplexy 64
sigmoid flexure 41	bronchitis 89
skin 44	acute 89
smokers' 39	chronic 90
soft palate 39	subacute 89
spermatic cord 45	congestion 189
spinal	pneumonia 91
cord 45	Capital punishment 186
membrane 45	Capsule
spine 45	liver, inflammation 115
spleen 45	spleen, inflammation 116
sternum 45	suprarenal (see Adrenal)
stomach 40	Caput coli, cancer 41
superficial 45	Car
suprarenal 45	fall from 175
capsule 45	injury 175
temporal region 45	run over by 175

Car—Continued.	Carneous mole connected with pregnancy
struck by 175	134
surface, accident 175	Carotid aneurysm 81
Carbon monoxide	Carphology 189
absorption 168	Carpus (see Bone)
inhalation, accidental (not otherwise	Carriage, fall from 175
specified) 168	Cartilage
poisoning (see Poisoning)	costal
suicide 156	dislocation 185
Carbonic	fracture 185
acid gas	intraarticular, dislocation (disease)
absorption 168	lawrent fracture 195
poisoning (see Poisoning) suicide 156	larynx, fracture 185
ovide absorption 169	loose 147 nasal, dislocation 185
oxide, absorption 168 Carbuncle 143	ossification 149
malignant 143	semilunar, dislocation 185
Carcinoma (see Cancer)	tracheal, fracture 185
entericum 41	tumor 149
linguæ 39	Cartilaginous tumor (see Tumor)
ventriculi 40	Caruncle, urethra 125
Carcinomatosis, general 45	Caseation, lymphatic gland 34
Carcinomatous septichæmia 45	Caseous
Carcinosis, miliary (see Cancer)	bronchitis 28
Cardia	epididymitis 34
cancer 40	meningitis 30
stomach, stricture 103	pneumonia 28
Cardiac (see Heart)	tuberculosis 28
dropsy 79	Castration
orifice	(female) 131
stenosis 79	(male) 127
stomach, cancer 40	traumatic 186
Cardialgia 103	Casualty 186
Cardiectasis 79	Catalensy 74
Cardiomalacia 79	Cataplexy 64
Cardiopathy 79	Cataract (all forms) 75
arterial 79	Catarrh (catarrhal) 90
Cardiopericarditis 77	abdomen
Cardiorenal sclerosis 120	(-2y) 104
Cardiorrhexis 79	(2y+) 105
Cardiosclerosis 79	acute 89
Cardiospasm 103	alveolar 90
Cardiostenosis 79	anæmia 90
Cardiovascular sclerosis 79	angina 100
Carditis 79	appendicitis 108
rheumatic 47	asthma 96
Care, lack of	asthmatic 90
(-3m) 153	bile duct 115
(3m+) 189	bilious 189
newborn (-3m) 153	bladder 124
Caries 146	bowel
bone 146	(-2y) 104
cerebrospinal 32	$\langle 2y+\rangle = 105$
dental 99	bronchi 90
external meatus 76	bronchial tube 90
labyrinth 76	bronchitis
middle ear 76	(-60y) 89
nose 86	(60y+) 90
orbit 146	acute 89
ossicle 76	chronic 90
petrous bone 76	cervical 130
sacrum, tuberculous 32 spine 32	canal 130
spille 32	cervix uteri 130
syphilitic 37	chest 90
vertebra 32	cholangitis 115

Catarrh—Continued.	Catarrh—Continued.
cholecystitis 115	inflammation—Continued.
chronic 90	inflammation—Continued. stomach 103
colitis	uterus 130
(-2y) 104	vagina
$\langle 2y+\rangle$ 105	(nonpuerperal) 130
congestion 90	(puerperal) 137
croup 87	influenza 10
cystitis 124	intestine
diarrhœa	(-2y) 104
	(2y+) 105 jaundice
	\. \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
dyspepsia	
(-2y) 104 (2y+) 103	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{acute} \\ (-1\mathbf{v}) 151 \end{array}$
(-) /	(-1y) 151
ear 76	(ly+) 115
enteric	chronic 115
(-2y) 104	kidney 122
(2y+) 105	laryngitis 87
enteritis	larynx 87
(-2y) 104	liver 115
(2y+) = 105	lung 90
epidemic 10	acute 89
fever 189	chronic 90
gastric 103	fever 91
gastritis 103	meningitis 61
gastroduodenal	metritis 130
(-2y) 104	nasobronchial 90
(2y+) 105	nasopharyngeal 86
gastroduodenitis	nephritis 120
(-2y) 104	acute 119
(2y+) 105	chronic 120
gastroenteric	nose 86
(-2y) 104	pharyngitis 100
(2y+) 105	pituitous 90
gastroenteritis	pneumonia 91
(-2y) 104	pulmonary 90
(2y+) 105	acute 89
gastrohepatic 103	chronic 90
gastrohepatitis 103	respiratory organs 90
gastrointestinal	salpingitis 132
(-2y) 104	sclerosis 189
(2v ∔ \ 105	stomach 103
(2y+) 105 general 189	stomatitis 99
hæmorrhage 90	suffocating 90
hepatic 115	summer (hay) 98
hepatitis	throat 87
(-1y) 151	tracheitis 89
(1y+) 115	tuberculosis 28
acute	urethra 124
(-1y) 151	uterus 130
$\langle 1y+\rangle = 115$	vagina 130
chronic 113	vesical 124
icterus	Catarrhal (see Catarrh)
(-ly) 151	Catatonia 68
$\langle 1y+\rangle$ 115	Caught in shafting 174
ileocolitis	Cause
(-2v) 104	external 186
\- = y (====	
	natural 189
indigestion 103	unknown 189
inflammation 189	Cavernous
fauces 100	lymphangioma (see Tumor)
lung 91	nævus (see Tumor)

Cavity	Cephalotomy
abdominal, foreign body 186	(mother) 136
buccal	(fœtus, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)
abscess 99	Cephalotripsy
cancer 39	(mother) 136
heart, disease 79	(fœtus, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)
peritoneal, foreign body 117	Cerebellar (see Cerebellum) Cerebellum (cerebellar)
pleural, foreign body 186	Cerebellum (cerebellar)
pulmonary 28	abscess 60
pus 144	cyst 74
thoracic, perforation 186 Cecum (see Cæcum)	disease 74
	glioma, 74
Cell, mastoid	hæmorrhage 64
disease 146	tuberculosis 30
perforation 146	tumor 74
syphilis 37	Cerebral (see Brain)
Cellular	Cerebritis 60
erysipelas 18	traumatic 186
tissue disease 145	Cerebrocervical meningitis 61
emphysema 145	Cerebrospinal arachnitis 61
Cellulitis 144	arachnoiditis 61
anus 110	cariess 32
arm 144	congestion 64
buttock 144	effusion 64
cervical 144	fever 61
diffuse 144	inflammation 61
gangrenous 142	meninges
malignant 144	syphilis 37
neck 144	tuberculosis 30
pelvic	meningitis 61
(female, nonpuerperal) 130	acute 61
(female, puerperal) 137	chronic 61
(male) 144	epidemic 61
diffuse	meningococcic 61
(female, nonpuerperal) 130	simple 61
(female, puerperal) 137	tuberculous 30
(male) 144	rhinorrhœa 86
perirectal 110	sclerosis 63
periuterine	disseminated 63
(nonpuerperal or unqualified)	multiple 63
130	softening 65
(puerperal) 137	toxæmia 74
pharynx 100	toxichæmia 74
phlegmonous 144	tuberculosis 30
puerperal 137	tumor 63
scrotum 127	Cerebrum (see also Brain)
septic 20	hæmorrhage 64
suppurative 144	tuberculosis 30
traumatic 186 tuberculous 34	Cervical
umbilicus	abscess 144 adenitis 84
(-3m) 152	
(3m+) 144	suppurative 84
vulva 132	catarrh 130
Centipede, venom 165	occlusion 130
Central pneumonia 92	stricture 130
Cephalæmatoma 152	cancer 42
Cephalalgia 74	carbuncle 143
Cephalic	catarrh 130
hæmorrhage (birth) 152	cellulitis 144
poliomyelitis 63	gland
Cephalitis 60 .	abscess 144
Cephaloma (see Cancer)	cancer 45

Cervical—Continued.	Chest—Continued.
gland—Continued.	catarrh 90
hyperplasia 84	compression 186
rupture 84	deformity, rhachitic 36
metritis 130	disease 98
pachymeningitis 61	dropsy 93
Cervicofacial cancer 44	inflammation 92
Cervix amputation 130	neuralgia 80 perforation 186
cancer 42	tumor 46
disease 130	wall
femoris, fracture 185	abscess 144
lacerated 136	burn 167
uteri	foreign body 186
catarrh 130	hæmatoma 186
dilatation 130	wound 186
division 130	water on 93
elongation 130 erosion 130	wound 186 Chicken pox 19
fibroid 129	Chilblain 145
hypertrophy 130	Childbed (see Birth) 136
imperforate 150	fever 137
inflammation 130	Childbirth (see Birth) 136
lacerated, repair 130	(following) 140
laceration	Children, cerebral diplegia 74
(nonpuerperal) 130	Chill
(puerperal) 136	(not in malarial region) 189
old 130	(in malarial region) 4 congestive 189
plugging 130 ulcer 130	pernicious
uterus (see Cervix uteri)	(not in malarial region) 189
Chagres fever 4	(in malarial region) 4
Chalazonephritis 120	septic 20
Chancre 37 face 37	Chills and fever 4
	Chimney sweeps' cancer 45
hard 37	Chin, cancer 44
indurated 37 infecting 37	Chinese dysentery 14
mouth 97	Chloasma 145 Chloroform poisoning (see Poisoning)
mouth 37 phagedenic 38	Chlorosis 54
simple 38	Egyptian 106
soft 38	hysteric 54
bubo 38	miners' 106
penis 38	Choke damp
scrotum_38	(unqualified) 173
vulva 38	(not in mines) 168
syphilitic 37	Choked while vomiting 186
Chancroid 38 penis 38	Cholæmia 115 Cholæmic gall stone 114
vulva 38	Cholangitis 115
Change of life (female) 130	catarrhal 115
Charbon 22	suppurative 115
Charcot's	Cholecystectomy 115
disease 63	Cholecystenterostomy 115
joint disease 62	Cholecystitis 115
Cheek	catarrhal 115
cancer 39	infectious 115
congenital malformation 150 Cheiloplasty 99	obstructive 115 suppurative 115
Cheloid 145	Cholecystotomy 115
Chemical poisoning, neuritis	Choledochitis 115
(not occupational) 59	suppurative 115
(occupational) 58	Choledochotomy 115
Chest	Cholelithiasis 114
cancer 45	Cholemia (see Cholæmia)

Cholera	Chorioid—Continued.
(except where Asiatic cholera is prev-	malformation 150
alent) 13	syphilis 37
(where Asiatic cholera is preva-	tuberculosis 34
lent) 12	Chorioiditis 75
acute 13	"Chronic" 189
antimonial 165	Chronic
Asiatic 12	abscess 34
bilious 13	albuminous nephritis 120
chronic	albuminuria 120
(-2y) 104	alcoholic
(2v+) 105	nephritis 120
English 13	paralysis 67
epidemic (where Asiatic cholera is	anterior poliomyelitis 63
prevalent) 12	articular rheumatism 48
gravis 13	asthmatic bronchitis 96
hernial 109	atrophy, liver 113
infantum	Bright's disease 120
	bronchitis 90
(-2y) 104 $(2y+)$ 105	bronchorrhœa 90
morbus 13	capillary bronchitis 90
malignant 13	catarrh 90
nostras 13	lung 90
spasmodic 13	catarrhal
spasmoure 15	bronchitis 90
sporadic 13	
winter 13	hepatitis 113
Choleraic diarrheea	jaundice 115
$ \begin{array}{ccc} (-2y) & 104 \\ (2y+) & 13 \end{array} $	nephritis 120
(2y+) . 13	cerebrospinal meningitis 61
Choleriform	cholera
diarrhœa	(-2y) 104 (2y+) 105
(-2y) 104	(2y+) 105
(2y+) 13	cirrhosis, liver 113
dysentery 14	congestive pneumonia 98
enteritis	delirium 68
(-2y) 104	diffuse nephritis 120
(2y+) 13	endocarditis 79
Cholerine 13	enlargement, liver 113
Cholesteræmia 115	epithelial nephritis 120
Choluria 115	ergotism 59
Chondritis 149	etherism 59
Chondroma (see Tumor)	exudative
Chondromalacia 147	angina 100
Chondrosarcoma (see Cancer)	nephritis 120
Chordæ, heart	fibrous hepatitis 113
laceration 79	general
rupture 79	miliary tuberculosis 35
Chordee 38	tuberculosis 35
Chorea 72	glomerulonephritis 120
hereditary 74	hæmorrhagic nephritis 120
Huntington's 74	hepatitis 113
insaniens 72	hepatization, lung 98
insanity 72	hydrocopholya 150
major 72	hydrocephalus 150
major 72 minor 72	hypertrophic hepatitis 113
	induration, liver 113
paralytic 72	inflammation
pregnancy 138	kidney 120
progressive, chronic 74	liver 113
rheumatic 72	lung 98
spasmodic 72	inflammatory rheumatism 48
Sydenham's 72	interstitial
Choreic dementia 72	hepatitis 113
Chorioepithelioma 42	inflammation, lung 98
Chorioid	myocarditis 79
cancer 45	nephritis 120
injury 186	pneumonia 98

Chronic—Continued.	Chylous—Continued.
miliary tuberculosis 35	hydrothorax 93
mitral endocarditis 79	Chyluria 121
morphinism 59	(filariasis) 19
myelitis 63	(nonfilarial) 121
myocarditis 79	Cicatricial adhesion, division 145
nephritis 120	Cicatrix, vicious 145
paralysis, spinal cord 63	Circular insanity 68
parenchymatous nephritis 120	Circulation
parotiditis 99	failure
*	
periencephalitis 67	(-1y) 151
phthisis 28	(1y+) 189
	imperfect
pleuropneumonia 98	
pneumonia 98	(-1y) 151
pneumonic	(1y+) 189
phthisis 28	portal, obstruction 115
tuberculosis 28	Circulatory system
pneumonitis 98	congenital malformation 150
- i i (D-ii)	1 0
poisoning (see Poisoning)	disease 85
(occupational) 58	Circumcision 127
	Circumscribed
poliomyelitis 63	
polycythæmia 55	periostitis 146
progressive chorea 74	pneumonia 92
± ,0	
pulmonary catarrh 90	Cirrhosis
pulmonitis 98	(unqualified) 113
purulent bronchitis 90	àlcoholic 113
rheumatic	liver 113
arthritis 48	lung (interstitial pneumonia) 98
endocarditis 79	
	atrophic 113
fever 48	liver 113
neuritis 48	biliary 113
rheumatism 48	brain 74
joint 48	heart 79
spine 48	hepatic 113
rheumatoid arthritis 48	congenital
spinal	(-1y) 151
	(1y+) 113
	(1y+) 110
paralysis 63	hypertrophic 113
suppurative nephritis 122	liver 113
toxic	interstitial 113
gastritis 59	kidney 120
gastroenteritis 59	Laënnec 113
tubal	liver 113
inflammation, kidney 120	acute 115
nephritis 120	chronic 113
tuberculosis 28	congenital
tuberculous	(-1y) 151
disease 28	(1y+) 113
	intonvitio 1 119
inflammation 28	interstitial 113
pneumonia 28	lung 98
tubular nephritis 120	malarial 113
ulcer 145	ovarian 132
ulcerative	pancreas 118
endocarditis 79	portal 113
tuberculosis 28	pulmonary 98
vaginitis (not gonorrheal) 132	renal 120
valvular	stomach 103
endocarditis 79	syphilitic, liver 37
heart disease 79	Cirrhotic
vulvitis 132	
	Bright's disease 120
Chyle cyst, mesentery 84	pneumonia 98
Chylocele, nonfilarial 84	Cirsoid aneurysm 81
Chylothorax 84	ortour 01
	artery 81
Chylous	Clap 38
ascites, nonfilarial 84	Clavicle (see Bone)
hydrocele 127	Clavia 145

Cleft palate 150
Climacteric
disease 130
epilepsy 69 insanity 68
melancholia 68
Climatic bubo 15
Clitoris, amputation 132 Closure foramen ovale, imperfect 150
Clot
blood, heart 79
brain 64
heart 79 obstruction, artery 82
occlusion, artery 82
Clothing, lack of (newborn) 153
Cloudy swelling, adrenal 52
Club foot 149 congenital 150
Club hand 149
Coal
fall of (mine) 173
oil, burn 167 Cocaine habit 59
Cocainism 59
Coccidiasis 107
Coccyx (see Bone)
Cochin-China dysentery 14 Cœliotomy 189
Cold
(-3m) 153
(coryza) 86 abscess 34
exposure
(-3m) 153
(3m+) 178
on lung 89 Colectomy 110
Colibacillosis 110
Colic
$ \begin{pmatrix} -2y & 104 \\ (2y +) & 105 \end{pmatrix} $
abdomen
(-2y) 104 (2y+) 105
(2y+) 105 biliary 114
biliary 114 bilious
$ \begin{array}{ccc} (-2y) & 104 \\ (2y+) & 105 \end{array} $
(2y+) 105
$ \frac{\text{dry}}{(-2\text{v})} 104 $
(-2y) 104 (2y+) 105
flatulent
(-2y) 104 (2y+) 105
(2y+) 105 gallstone 114
gastric 103
hepatic 114
hernial 109 hysterical 73
infantile
(-2v) 104
(2y+) 105
$ \begin{array}{cc} \mathbf{inflammatory} \\ (-2\mathbf{v}) & 104 \end{array} $
(2v+) 105

```
Colic-Continued.
     intestine
     (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 lead 57
     nephritic 123
     painters' 57
     renal 123
     saturnine 57
     spasmodic
     (-2y) 104

(2y+) 105

stomach 103

ureteral 123
      worm 107
Colica pictonum 57
Colitia
      (-2y) 104
(2y+) 105
      catarrhal
           \begin{pmatrix} -2y \\ 2y + \end{pmatrix}
                       104
                       105
      croupous
            (-2y)
                        104
                       105
      exudative
            (-2y)
(2y+)
                       104
                       105
     gangrenous
     (-2y) 1

(2y+) 1

hæmorrhagic
                       104
                       105
            (-2y)
(2y+)
                       104
                       105
     membranous
            (-2\mathbf{y})
(2\mathbf{y}+)
                       104
                       105
     mucous
            (-2y)
(2y+)
                        104
                       105
      necròtic
            \begin{pmatrix} -2y \\ (2y+) \end{pmatrix}
                        104
                       105
      septic
            (-2y) \\ (2y+)
                       104
                      105
      tuberculous 31
      ulcerative
\begin{array}{c} (-2y) \\ (2y+) \\ \text{Collapse} \quad 189 \end{array}
                       104
                       105
     general 189
heart 79
      lung
             (-3m)
                        152
            (3m+)
                        94
      pulmonary
     (-3m)
(3m+)
valvular 79
                        152
                      94
Colliers'
     lung 98
phthisis 98
Colliquative fever 189
Collision 175
      railroad 175
```

Colloid	Compression—Continued.
goitre 88	brain
tumor (see Cancer)	(not injury at birth) 74
Coloboma 75	(injury at birth) 152
Coloenteritis	(traumatic) 186
(-2y) 104	cerebral
(2y+) 105	(not injury at birth) 74
Colon	(injury at birth) 152
abscess 110	chest 186
cancer 41	intestine 110
dilatation 110	lymphatic vessel 84
impaction 110	medulla 63
inflammation	spinal cord 63
/ 9 ₂₂ \ 104	
(-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 paralysis 110	
(2y+) 100 mamilania 110	umbilical cord
paratysis 110	(-3m) 152
stricture 109	(stillborn) (see Stillbirth) Concato's disease 189
ulcer	
(-2y) 104	Concentrated lye poisoning (see Poisoning)
(2y+) 105	Concretion
ulceration	intestine 110
(-2y) 104	salivary gland 99
$\langle 2y + \rangle$ 105	stomach 103
Colotomy 110	Concussion 186
Colpocele 132	electric 181
Colporrhaphy 132	Condyloma
Column	anus 37
lateral, spinal cord, degeneration 63	penis 37
spinal	vulva 37
fissure 150	Confinement 136
necrosis 32	delayed (child) 152
tuberculosis 32	Conflagration (to include all injuries of
Columnar epithelioma 44	whatsoever nature resulting there-
Columnar epithelioma 44 Columnar-celled carcinoma (see Can-	whatsoever nature resulting there- from) 166
Columnar epithelioma 44 Columnar-celled carcinoma (see Can- cer)	whatsoever nature resulting there- from) 166 Confluent smallpox 5
Columnar epithelioma 44 Columnar-celled carcinoma (see Cancer) Coma 189	whatsoever nature resulting there- from) 166 Confluent smallpox 5 Confusional insanity 68
Columnar epithelioma 44 Columnar-celled carcinoma (see Cancer) Coma 189 alcoholic 56	whatsoever nature resulting there- from) 166 Confluent smallpox 5 Confusional insanity 68 Congelation 178
Columnar epithelioma 44 Columnar-celled carcinoma (see Cancer) Coma 189 alcoholic 56 diabetic 50	whatsoever nature resulting there- from) 166 Confluent smallpox 5 Confusional insanity 68 Congelation 178 Congenital
Columnar epithelioma 44 Columnar-celled carcinoma (see Cancer) Coma 189 alcoholic 56 diabetic 50 epileptic 69	whatsoever nature resulting there- from) 166 Confluent smallpox 5 Confusional insanity 68 Congelation 178 Congenital
Columnar epithelioma 44 Columnar-celled carcinoma (see Cancer) Coma 189 alcoholic 56 diabetic 50 epileptic 69 puerperal 138	whatsoever nature resulting there- from) 166 Confluent smallpox 5 Confusional insanity 68 Congelation 178 Congenital (-ly) 151 (ly+) 189
Columnar epithelioma 44 Columnar-celled carcinoma (see Cancer) Coma 189 alcoholic 56 diabetic 50 epileptic 69 puerperal 138 uraemic	whatsoever nature resulting there- from) 166 Confluent smallpox 5 Confusional insanity 68 Congelation 178 Congenital (-ly) 151 (ly+) 189
Columnar epithelioma 44 Columnar-celled carcinoma (see Cancer) Coma 189 alcoholic 56 diabetic 50 epileptic 69 puerperal 138 uraemic (nonpuerperal or unquali-	whatsoever nature resulting therefrom) 166 Confluent smallpox 5 Confluent smallpox 5 Congelation 178 Congelation 178 Congenital (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 abnormality 150 abnormity 150
Columnar epithelioma 44 Columnar-celled carcinoma (see Cancer) Coma 189 alcoholic 56 diabetic 50 epileptic 69 puerperal 138 uraemic (nonpuerperal or unqualified) 120	whatsoever nature resulting therefrom) 166 Confluent smallpox 5 Confusional insanity 68 Congelation 178 Congenital (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 abnormality 150 abnormity 150 adenoids 150
Columnar epithelioma 44 Columnar-celled carcinoma (see Cancer) Coma 189 alcoholic 56 diabetic 50 epileptic 69 puerperal 138 uraemic (nonpuerperal or unqualified) 120 (puerperal) 138	whatsoever nature resulting there- from) 166 Confluent smallpox 5 Confusional insanity 68 Congelation 178 Congenital (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 abnormality 150 abnormity 150 adenoids 150 amputation 150
Columnar epithelioma 44 Columnar-celled carcinoma (see Cancer) Coma 189 alcoholic 56 diabetic 50 epileptic 69 puerperal 138 uraemic (nonpuerperal or unqualified) 120 (puerperal) 138 Combined sclerosis, spinal cord 63	whatsoever nature resulting therefrom) 166 Confluent smallpox 5 Confluent smallpox 5 Confluent smallpox 5 Conglation 178 Congenital (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 abnormality 150 abnormity 150 adenoids 150 amputation 150 anæmia 54
Columnar epithelioma 44 Columnar-celled carcinoma (see Cancer) Coma 189 alcoholic 56 diabetic 50 epileptic 69 puerperal 138 uraemic (nonpuerperal or unqualified) 120 (puerperal) 138 Combined sclerosis, spinal cord 63 Common duct	whatsoever nature resulting therefrom) 166 Confluent smallpox 5 Confusional insanity 68 Congelation 178 Congenital (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 abnormality 150 abnormity 150 adenoids 150 amputation 150 anemia 54 aortic stenosis 150
Columnar epithelioma 44 Columnar-celled carcinoma (see Cancer) Coma 189 alcoholic 56 diabetic 50 epileptic 69 puerperal 138 uraemic (nonpuerperal or unqualified) 120 (puerperal) 138 Combined sclerosis, spinal cord 63 Common duct obstruction 115	whatsoever nature resulting therefrom) 166 Confluent smallpox 5 Confluent smallpox 5 Confluent smallpox 5 Congelation 178 Congenital (-ly) 151 (ly+) 189 abnormality 150 abnormality 150 adenoids 150 amputation 150 anæmia 54 aortic stenosis 150 ascites
Columnar epithelioma 44 Columnar-celled carcinoma (see Cancer) Coma 189 alcoholic 56 diabetic 50 epileptic 69 puerperal 138 uraemic (nonpuerperal or unqualified) 120 (puerperal) 138 Combined sclerosis, spinal cord 63 Common duct obstruction 115 stricture 115	whatsoever nature resulting therefrom) 166 Confluent smallpox 5 Confusional insanity 68 Congelation 178 Congenital (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 abnormality 150 abnormity 150 adenoids 150 amputation 150 annemia 54 aortic stenosis 150 ascites (-1y) 151
Columnar epithelioma 44 Columnar-celled carcinoma (see Cancer) Coma 189 alcoholic 56 diabetic 50 epileptic 69 puerperal 138 uraemic (nonpuerperal or unqualified) 120 (puerperal) 138 Combined sclerosis, spinal cord 63 Common duct obstruction 115 stricture 115 Compensation, failure 79	whatsoever nature resulting therefrom) 166 Confluent smallpox 5 Confluent smallpox 5 Confluent smallpox 5 Congelation 178 Congenital (-ly) 151 (ly+) 189 abnormality 150 abnormality 150 adenoids 150 amputation 150 anæmia 54 aortic stenosis 150 ascites
Columnar epithelioma 44 Columnar-celled carcinoma (see Cancer) Coma 189 alcoholic 56 diabetic 50 epileptic 69 puerperal 138 uraemic (nonpuerperal or unqualified) 120 (puerperal) 138 Combined sclerosis, spinal cord 63 Common duct obstruction 115 stricture 115	whatsoever nature resulting therefrom) 166 Confluent smallpox 5 Confluent smallpox 5 Confluent smallpox 5 Congletion 178 Congenital (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 abnormality 150 abnormity 150 adenoids 150 amputation 150 annemia 54 aortic stenosis 150 ascites (-1y) 151 (1y+) 187 asthenia
Columnar epithelioma 44 Columnar-celled carcinoma (see Cancer) Coma 189 alcoholic 56 diabetic 50 epileptic 69 puerperal 138 uraemic (nonpuerperal or unqualified) 120 (puerperal) 138 Combined sclerosis, spinal cord 63 Common duct obstruction 115 stricture 115 Compensation, failure 79	whatsoever nature resulting therefrom) 166 Confluent smallpox 5 Confusional insanity 68 Congelation 178 Congenital (-ly) 151 (ly+) 189 abnormality 150 abnormity 150 adenoids 150 amputation 150 amputation 150 anemia 54 aortic stenosis 150 ascites (-ly) 151 (ly+) 187 asthenia (-ly) 151
Columnar epithelioma 44 Columnar-celled carcinoma (see Cancer) Coma 189 alcoholic 56 diabetic 50 epileptic 69 puerperal 138 uraemic (nonpuerperal or unqualified) 120 (puerperal) 138 Combined sclerosis, spinal cord 63 Common duct obstruction 115 stricture 115 Compensation, failure 79 Complaint	whatsoever nature resulting therefrom) 166 Confluent smallpox 5 Confusional insanity 68 Congelation 178 Congenital (-ly) 151 (ly+) 189 abnormality 150 abnormity 150 adenoids 150 amputation 150 amputation 150 anemia 54 aortic stenosis 150 ascites (-ly) 151 (ly+) 187 asthenia (-ly) 151
Columnar epithelioma 44 Columnar-celled carcinoma (see Cancer) Coma 189 alcoholic 56 diabetic 50 epileptic 69 puerperal 138 uraemic (nonpuerperal or unqualified) 120 (puerperal) 138 Combined sclerosis, spinal cord 63 Common duct obstruction 115 stricture 115 Compensation, failure 79 Complaint bowel (-2y) 104	whatsoever nature resulting therefrom) 166 Confluent smallpox 5 Congleation 178 Congenital (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 abnormality 150 abnormity 150 adenoids 150 amputation 150 amputation 150 anemia 54 aortic stenosis 150 ascites (-1y) 151 (1y+) 187 asthenia (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 atelectasis (-3m) 152
Columnar epithelioma 44 Columnar-celled carcinoma (see Cancer) Coma 189 alcoholic 56 diabetic 50 epileptic 69 puerperal 138 uraemic (nonpuerperal or unqualified) 120 (puerperal) 138 Combined sclerosis, spinal cord 63 Common duct obstruction 115 stricture 115 Compensation, failure 79 Complaint bowel (-2y) 104	whatsoever nature resulting therefrom) 166 Confluent smallpox 5 Congleation 178 Congenital (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 abnormality 150 abnormity 150 adenoids 150 amputation 150 amputation 150 anemia 54 aortic stenosis 150 ascites (-1y) 151 (1y+) 187 asthenia (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 atelectasis (-3m) 152
Columnar epithelioma 44 Columnar-celled carcinoma (see Cancer) Coma 189 alcoholic 56 diabetic 50 epileptic 69 puerperal 138 uraemic (nonpuerperal or unqualified) 120 (puerperal) 138 Combined sclerosis, spinal cord 63 Common duct obstruction 115 stricture 115 Compensation, failure 79 Complaint bowel (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 liver 115	whatsoever nature resulting therefrom) 166 Confluent smallpox 5 Congleation 178 Congenital (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 abnormality 150 abnormity 150 adenoids 150 amputation 150 amputation 150 anemia 54 aortic stenosis 150 ascites (-1y) 151 (1y+) 187 asthenia (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 atelectasis (-3m) 152 atresia (any part of body) 150
Columnar epithelioma 44 Columnar-celled carcinoma (see Cancer) Coma 189 alcoholic 56 diabetic 50 epileptic 69 puerperal 138 uraemic (nonpuerperal or unqualified) 120 (puerperal) 138 Combined sclerosis, spinal cord 63 Common duct obstruction 115 stricture 115 Compensation, failure 79 Complaint bowel (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105	whatsoever nature resulting therefrom) 166 Confluent smallpox 5 Confusional insanity 68 Congelation 178 Congenital (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 abnormality 150 abnormity 150 adenoids 150 amputation 150 amputation 150 anemia 54 aortic stenosis 150 ascites (-1y) 151 (1y+) 187 asthenia (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 atelectasis (-3m) 152 atresia (any part of body) 150 autotoxemia
Columnar epithelioma 44 Columnar-celled carcinoma (see Cancer) Coma 189 alcoholic 56 diabetic 50 epileptic 69 puerperal 138 uraemic (nonpuerperal or unqualified) 120 (puerperal) 138 Combined sclerosis, spinal cord 63 Common duct obstruction 115 stricture 115 Compensation, failure 79 Complaint bowel (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 liver 115 miners' 98 summer	whatsoever nature resulting therefrom) 166 Confluent smallpox 5 Congelation 178 Congenital (-ly) 151 (ly+) 189 abnormality 150 adenoids 150 amputation 150 anæmia 54 aortic stenosis 150 ascites (-ly) 151 (ly+) 187 asthenia (-ly) 151 (ly+) 189 atelectasis (-3m) 152 atresia (any part of body) 150 autotoxæmia (-ly) 151
Columnar epithelioma 44 Columnar-celled carcinoma (see Cancer) Coma 189 alcoholic 56 diabetic 50 epileptic 69 puerperal 138 uraemic (nonpuerperal or unqualified) 120 (puerperal) 138 Combined sclerosis, spinal cord 63 Common duct obstruction 115 stricture 115 Compensation, failure 79 Complaint bowel (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 liver 115 miners' 98 summer	whatsoever nature resulting therefrom) 166 Confluent smallpox 5 Confusional insanity 68 Congelation 178 Congenital (-ly) 151 (ly+) 189 abnormality 150 adenoids 150 amputation 150 amemia 54 aortic stenosis 150 ascites (-ly) 151 (ly+) 187 asthenia (-ly) 151 (ly+) 189 atelectasis (-3m) 152 atresia (any part of body) 150 autotoxemia (-ly) 151 (ly+) 55
Columnar epithelioma 44 Columnar-celled carcinoma (see Cancer) Coma 189 alcoholic 56 diabetic 50 epileptic 69 puerperal 138 uraemic (nonpuerperal or unqualified) 120 (puerperal) 138 Combined sclerosis, spinal cord 63 Common duct obstruction 115 stricture 115 Compensation, failure 79 Complaint bowel (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 liver 115 miners' 98 summer (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105	whatsoever nature resulting therefrom) 166 Confluent smallpox 5 Confusional insanity 68 Congelation 178 Congenital (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 abnormality 150 abnormity 150 adenoids 150 amputation 150 amputation 150 anemia 54 aortic stenosis 150 ascites (-1y) 151 (1y+) 187 asthenia (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 atelectasis (-3m) 152 atresia (any part of body) 150 autotoxemia (-1y) 151 (1y+) 55 cerebral tumor 150
Columnar epithelioma 44 Columnar-celled carcinoma (see Cancer) Coma 189 alcoholic 56 diabetic 50 epileptic 69 puerperal 138 uraemic (nonpuerperal or unqualified) 120 (puerperal) 138 Combined sclerosis, spinal cord 63 Common duct obstruction 115 stricture 115 Compensation, failure 79 Complaint bowel (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 liver 115 miners' 98 summer (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 Complication of diseases 189	whatsoever nature resulting therefrom) 166 Confluent smallpox 5 Conglation 178 Congenital (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 abnormality 150 abnormity 150 adenoids 150 amputation 150 amputation 150 anemia 54 aortic stenosis 150 ascites (-1y) 151 (1y+) 187 asthenia (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 atelectasis (-3m) 152 atresia (any part of body) 150 autotoxemia (-1y) 151 (1y+) 55 cerebral tumor 150 cirrhosis, liver
Columnar epithelioma 44 Columnar-celled carcinoma (see Cancer) Coma 189 alcoholic 56 diabetic 50 epileptic 69 puerperal 138 uraemic (nonpuerperal or unqualified) 120 (puerperal) 138 Combined sclerosis, spinal cord 63 Common duct obstruction 115 stricture 115 Compensation, failure 79 Complaint bowel (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 liver 115 miners' 98 summer (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 Complication of diseases 189 Compound fracture 185	whatsoever nature resulting therefrom) 166 Confluent smallpox 5 Confusional insanity 68 Congelation 178 Congenital (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 abnormality 150 adenoids 150 amputation 150 amemia 54 aortic stenosis 150 ascites (-1y) 151 (1y+) 187 asthenia (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 atelectasis (-3m) 152 atresia (any part of body) 150 autotoxemia (-1y) 151 (1y+) 55 cerebral tumor 150 cirrhosis, liver (-1y) 151
Columnar epithelioma 44 Columnar-celled carcinoma (see Cancer) Coma 189 alcoholic 56 diabetic 50 epileptic 69 puerperal 138 uraemic (nonpuerperal or unqualified) 120 (puerperal) 138 Combined sclerosis, spinal cord 63 Common duct obstruction 115 stricture 115 Compensation, failure 79 Complaint bowel (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 liver 115 miners' 98 summer (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 Complication of diseases 189 Compound fracture 185 Compression	whatsoever nature resulting therefrom) 166 Confluent smallpox 5 Confusional insanity 68 Congelation 178 Congenital (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 abnormality 150 adenoids 150 amputation 150 amemia 54 aortic stenosis 150 ascites (-1y) 151 (1y+) 187 asthenia (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 atelectasis (-3m) 152 atresia (any part of body) 150 autotoxemia (-1y) 151 (1y+) 55 cerebral tumor 150 cirrhosis, liver (-1y) 151
Columnar epithelioma 44 Columnar-celled carcinoma (see Cancer) Coma 189 alcoholic 56 diabetic 50 epileptic 69 puerperal 138 uraemic (nonpuerperal or unqualified) 120 (puerperal) 138 Combined sclerosis, spinal cord 63 Common duct obstruction 115 stricture 115 Compensation, failure 79 Complaint bowel (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 liver 115 miners' 98 summer (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 Complication of diseases 189 Compound fracture 185	whatsoever nature resulting therefrom) 166 Confluent smallpox 5 Confusional insanity 68 Congelation 178 Congenital (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 abnormality 150 adenoids 150 amputation 150 amputation 150 anemia 54 aortic stenosis 150 ascites (-1y) 151 (1y+) 187 asthenia (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 atelectasis (-3m) 152 atresia (any part of body) 150 autotoxemia (-1y) 151 (1y+) 55 cerebral tumor 150 cirrhosis, liver (-1y) 151

Congenital—Continued.	Congenital—Continued.
cystic disease, kidney 150	spina bifida 150
debility	stenosis 150
(-1v) 151	intestine 150
$\langle 1y + \rangle$ 189	larynx 150
deformity 150	syphilis 37
disease, heart 150	syphilitic hepatitis 37
dislocation 150	talipes 150
dyspepsia	tuberculosis 28
(-2y) 104	tumor 150
$\langle 2y+\rangle$ 103	brain 150
dyspnœa	uræmia 151
(-1y) 151	valvular heart disease 150
$\langle 1y + \rangle$ 189	vitium cordis 150
emphysema 97	weakness
endocarditis 78	(-1y) 151
epilepsy 69	(1y+) 189
flat foot 150	Congestion 189
fracture 150	(sudden death) 64
goitre 150	àlcoholic cerebral 64
goitre 150 hemiplegia 66	bowel
hepatic cirrhosis	(-2y) 104
(-1y) 151	(2y+) 105
(1y+) 113	brain 64
hernia 109	passive 64
brain 150	bronchi 89
hydrocephalus 150	bronchial tube 89
ichthyosis 145	capillary 189
icterus	catarrhal 90
(-1y) 151	cerebral 64
(1y+) 115	cerebrospinal 64
imbecility 74	gastrohepatic 115
imperforate urethra 150	general 189
infection 55	glottis 87
inguinal hernia 109	heart 189
insufficiency	hepatic 115
(-1y) 151	hypostatic 94
(1y+) 189	lung 94
intestinal obstruction 150	intestine
laryngeal stenosis 150	(-2y) 104
lesion, brain 74	(2y+) 105
lues 37	kidney 122
malformation (stillbirth not included)	liver 115
150	lung 94
malnutrition	active 94 passive 94
(-1y) 151 (1y+) 189	passive 94 malarial 4
	brain 4
meningitis 61 mitral stenosis 150	medulla 63
obstruction 150	pleural 93
intestine 150	pneumonic 92
paralysis 63	pulmonary 94
peritonitis	renal 122
(-3m) 152	spinal cord 63
(3m+) 117	spleen 116
pulmonary stenosis 150	stomach 103
pyloric stenosis 150	trachea 89
rheumatism 47	vein 189
rupture 109	Congestive
sclerema	apoplexy 64
(-1v) 151	asphyxia
(1y+) 145	(-3m) 152
specific pemphigus 37	(3m+) 189
	• •

Congestive—Continued.	Consumption—Continued.
chill 189	galloping 29
enteritis	grinders' 98
(-2y) 104 (2y+) 105	intestine 31
fever 189	liver 34 lung 28
gastroenteritis	miners' 98
(-2y) 104	muscle 189
(2y+) 105	pulmonary 28
malaria 4	acute 29
malarial fever 4	quick 29 scrofulous 28
meningitis 61 pneumonia 92	throat 28
acute 92	Continued fever 1
chronic 98	simple 189
remittent fever 4	Contracted
Conjunctiva (conjunctival)	kidney 120
cancer 45 diphtheria 9	liver 113 palmar fascia 149
injury 186	Contracting granular kidney 120
leprosy 17	Contraction 189
lupus 34	bowel 109
cedema 75	bronchi 98
syphilis 37	Dupuytren's 149
tuberculosis 34	fascia 149
tumor 75 wound 186	gall bladder 115
Conjunctival (see Conjunctiva)	duct 115
Conjunctivitis 75	intestine 109
blennorrhagic 38	pylorus 103
diphtheritic 9	stomach 103
gonococcic 3	tendon 149
infantile 38	valve, heart 79
newborn 38	Contracture
purulent 38 pustular 75	hysterical 73 joint 147
Connective tissue	muscle 149
abscess 144	Contused wound 186
cancer 44	Contusion (see Wound) 186
disease, parasitic 145	general 186
elephantiasis 145	Convulsions
emphysema 145	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} & (-5y) & 71 \\ & (5y+) & 70 \end{array} $
gangrene 142 inflammation 144	cerebral 74
injury 186	enteric
œdema 187	(-2v) 104
tumor 46	(2y+) 105
Consecutive nephritis 122	epileptic 69
Consequence, labor	epileptiform
(child) 152 (child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)	$\begin{pmatrix} -5y & 71 \\ (5y+) & 70 \end{pmatrix}$
(mother) 136	epileptoid
Consolidation, lung 92	(-5y) 71
Constipation 110	(nonpuerperal, 5y+) 70
Constitution, feeble	gastric 103
(-1y) 151	gastrointestinal
(1y+) 189	(-2y) 104
Constitutional weakness $(-1y)$ 151	(2y+) 105 hysterical 73
$\begin{pmatrix} -1y \\ 1y + \end{pmatrix}$ 189	hysterical 73 infantile (—5y) 71
Constriction, intestine 109	internal
Consumption 28	(-5y) 71
abdominal 31	(5y+) 70
acute 29	intestinal
bowel 31	(-2y) 104
brain 30	(2y+) 105

Convulsions—Continued.	Cord—Continued.
puerperal 138	spinal—Continued.
reflex	meningitis 61
(-5y) 71	tuberculous 30
(5y+) 70	myelitis 63
scarlatinal 7	paralysis 63
spasmodic	acute 63
(-5y) 71	chronic 63
(5y+) 70	progressive 63
traumatic 186	spastic 63 parasitic disease 63
uræmic (nonpuerperal or unqualified)	sclerosis 63
120	combined 63
(puerperal) 138	disseminated 63
Copræmia 110	multiple 63
Coprostasis 110	posterior 62
Cord	posterolateral 62
cancer 45	softening 63
hæmatocele 127	softening 63 syphilis 37
hæmorrhage (umbilical) 152	thrombosis 82
navel, ulcer 152	tuberculosis 34
spermatic	tumor 63
abscess 127	wound 186
cancer 45	umbilical .
hæmatocele 127	compression
diffuse 127	(-3m) 152
hæmatoma 186	(stillborn) (see Stillbirth)
(nontraumatic) 127 hydrocele 127	erysipelas 18
inflammation 127	gangrene (-3m) 152
injury 186	hæmorrhage (—3m) 152 inflammation (—3m) 152
neuralgia 73	$\begin{array}{cc} & \text{inflammation } (-3\text{m}) & 152 \\ & \text{malformation} & 150 \end{array}$
syphilis 37	mortification (-3m) 152
tuberculosis 34	presentation (child, stillborn)
tumor 127	(see Stillbirth)
spinal	prolapse
abscess 63	(child) 152
absent 150	(child, stillborn) (see Still-
anæmia 63	birth)
anterior cornua, degeneration 63	septic (-3m) 152
apoplexy 63 atrophy 63	strangulation (-3m) 152
atrophy 63	Corn 145
cancer 45	Cornea (corneal)
compression 63	abscess 75
(traumatic) 186 concussion 186	cancer 45
congenital malformation '150	inflammation 75
congestion 63	injury 186
degeneration 63	leprosy 17
amyloid 63	malformation 150
fatty 63	perforation 75 tuberculosis 34
lateral and posterior columns	tumor 75
62	ulcer 75
tuberculous 34	Corneal (see Cornea)
disease 63	Cornua, anterior, spinal cord, degenera
foreign body 186	tion 63
hæmorrhage 63	Cornual pregnancy 134
imperfect 150	Coronary artery
inflammation 63	disease 81
injury 186	embolism 82
irritation 63 laceration 186	ossification 81
lateral column, degeneration 63	sclerosis 81
lesion 63	Corpora quadrigemina, tumor 74
malformation 150	Corpulence 55

Correction, deformity of bone, by frac-	Crazy 68
ture 146	Creatoxismus 164
Corrigan's disease 79	Creeping paralysis 63
Corrosive	Crepitating synovitis 149
effects of 167	Cretinism 74
substance, burn 167	Criminal abortion 184
Cortical	Crotchet, application, to feetal head (see
degeneration, infentile (of brain) 74	Stillbirth)
hemiplegia 66	Croup (see also Croupous) 9
Coryza 86	bronchial 9
newborn 86	catarrhal 87
syphilitic 37	diphtheritic 9
Costal cartilage	false 87
dislocation 185	infectious 9
fracture 185	inflammatory 9
Costiveness 110	laryngeal 9
Cough 98	membranous 9
Cowper's gland	pseudomembranous 9
abscess 127 tuberculosis 34	spasmodic 87
	(diphtheritic) 9
Cowpox 20	stridulous 87
Coxa	(diphtheritic) 9
valga 147 vara 147	Croupous (see also Croup) angina 9
vara 147 Coxalgia 33	bronchitis 89
tuberculous 33	bronchopneumonia 91
Coxitis 33	colitis
Craft neuroses 74	(-2y) 104
Cramp	$\langle 2y+ \rangle$ 105
(-5y) 71	enteritis
$\langle 5y + \rangle$ 70	(-2y) 104
(puerperal) 138	(2y+) 105
while bathing 169	laryngitis 9
heat 179	nephritis 120
intestinal	pneumonia 92
(-2v) 104	tonsillitis 9
(2y+) 105	Crural ulcer 145
muscle 149	Crushing (crushed) 175
writers' 74	(suicide) 162
Crane, traveling, crushed by 174	àt fire 166
Cranial (see Cranium)	bumpers 175
nerve	conflagration 166
cancer 45	extremity 175
degeneration 74	foot 175
inflammation 74	head, child (see Stillbirth)
injury 186	suicide 162
neuralgia 73	traumatism 175
paralysis 66	traveling crane 174
syphilis 37	wound 175
Craniectomy 74	Crust, milk 145
Cranioclasm (stillborn) (see Stillbirth)	Crusta lactea 145
Craniofacial axis, deficiency 150	Curettement, postpartum 136
Craniotabes 146	Curetting
Craniotomy	larynx 87
(stillborn) (see Stillbirth)	uterus 130
(mother) 136	Curschmann's disease 96
forceps, application, to feetal head	Curvature
(see Stillbirth)	angular, spine 36
Cranium (cranial)	anterior, spine 36
abscess 60	lateral, spine 36
adenitis, suppurative 84	posterior, spine 36
fracture 185	spine 36
hæmorrhage 64	Cut (any part of body) 171
perforation 186	(accident) 171
tumor 146	(homicide) 183

Cut—Continued.	Cyst—Continued.
(suicide) 160	dermoid—Continued.
knife 171	sequestration 46
(accident) 171	testicle 127
(homicide) 183	echinococcus, liver 112
(suicide) 160	epididymis (spermatocele) 127
Cutaneous	Falloppian tube 132
diphtheria 9	gall 1
hæmorrhage 55	bladder 115
Cutting	duct 115
instrument	glandular (see Tumor)
assassination 183	hæmorrhagic, pancreas 118
homicide 183	hydatid 112
suicide 160	breast 133
traumatism 171	kidney 122
wound 171	liver 112
(homicide) 183	lung 98
(suicide) 160	spleen 116
throat, suicide 160	intraligamentous 132
Cyanopathy 152	jaw 146
Cyanosis	joint 147
(-3m) 152	kidney 122
(without further qualification, 3m+)	lip 99
189	liver 115
(not due to malformation of heart,	lymphatic
-3m) 152	gland 84
(not due to malformation of heart,	vessel 84
3m+) 189	mammary gland 133
(due to malformation of heart) 150	membrane, brain 74
(persistence of foramen ovale) 150	mesentery 46
congenital 152	mouth 99
neonatorum 152	mucous (see Tumor) multilocular 131
newborn 152 (not due to malformation of	muscle 46
<u> </u>	neck 46
	orbit 75
(not due to malformation of heart, 3m+) 189	ovary 131
nonclosure, foramen of Botallo 150	paracentesis 131
Cycle accident 175	pancreas 118
Cyclone, killed in 186	parasitic 25
Cyesis 134	parovarian 131
Cynanche 9	paracentesis 131
malignant 9	peritonæum 117
parotid 19	prostate 126
tonsillaris 100	recurrent, uterus 129
(diphtheritic) 9	renal 122
tracheal 89	retention 46
trachealis 89	rupture 46
Cyphosis 36	salivary gland 99
Cyst (see also Tumor)	sebaceous 46
accessory Falloppian tube 132	sequestration dermoid 46
adrenal 52	serous 46
arising in lymphatic space 84	spleen 116
Bartholin's gland 132	suprarenal 52
bone 146	testicle 127
brain 74	thymus 84
branchial 150	gland 84
breast 133	thyreoid gland 88
broad ligament 132	thyreolingual 88
bronchi 90	tongue 99
bursal 149	tuberculous, ovary 34
cerebellum 74	tuboovarian 132
cerebral 74	urachal 150
dermoid 46	ureter 124 uterine ligament 132
OVATV IAI	

Cyst—Continued.	Death—Continued.
vagina 132 vulva 132	sudden—Continued.
vnlva 132	congestion 64
vulvovaginal gland 132	delivery 139
Cystadenoma (see Tumor)	embolism after delivery 139
Cystic	entrance of air into vein after
calculus 123	delivery 139
degeneration 189	nervous exhaustion after deliv-
kidney 122	ery 139
kidney 122 uterus 129	puerperium 139
disease	
	pulmonary
kidney 122	embolism after delivery 139
congenital 150	thrombosis after delivery
Reclus's 133	
	139
goitre 88	shock after delivery 139
hygroma (see Tumor)	thrombosis after delivery 139
lymphangioma (see Tumor)	violent 186
oophoritis 132	
	mine 173
ovaritis 132	quarry 173
ovary 131	Debauchery 56
pancreatitis 118	
	Debility
tumor (see Tumor)	(-1 y) 151
suppurative (see Tumor)	(-1y) 151 (1y-69y) 189 (70y+) 154
uræmia 124	\70v±\ 154
Cysticerci 107	(10y +) 10x
	Congenium
brain 74	(-1y) 151
liver 112	(1y+) 189
lung 98	
	general
Cystinuria 122	(-1y) 151
Cystitis 124	(-1y) 151 (1y-69y) 189
blennorrhagic 38	(70y+)'154
catarrhal 124	
	infantile
gangrenous 124	(-1y) 151
gonococcic 38	(1y+) 189
gonorrhœal 38	normous 74
maliament 10¢	nervous 74
malignant 124 purulent 124	old age 154
purulent 124	senile 154
septic 124	Decapitation 186
specific 124	
	fœtus (stillborn) (see Stillbirth)
suppurative 124	Decapsulation, kidney 122
tuberculous 34	Decay, senile 154
Cystocele 124	Decidual endometritis 137
Cystoma (see Tumor)	Deciduoma 129
Cystoplegia 124	malignum 42
Cystoplegia 124 Cystoptosis 124	Decline
Cystopyelitis 122	
Crestomborio 194	(-1y) 151
Cystorrhagia 124	(1y-69y) 189
Cystosarcoma (see Cancer)	(70y+) 154
Cystoscopy 124	general
Cystotomy 124	
Cysicionity 124	(-1y) 151
suprapubic 124	(1y-69y) 189
•	(70y+) 154
D	(10) T) 101
	gradual
Dacryoadenitis 75	(-1y) 151
Dacryocystitis 75	(1v-69v) 189
Down shake (unavelified) 179	(1y-69y) 189 (70y+) 154
Damp, choke (unqualified) 173	1 (10y +) 104
Dance, Saint Vitus's 72	Deficient nutrition 177
Dead ovum, retention 134	Deformed pelvis (female, 15y-44y) 136
Death	
	Deformity 150
sudden	bladder, acquired 124
(nonpuerperal) 188	bone, correction, by fracture 146
(puerperal) 139	cardiac 150
cardiac	chest, rhachitic 36
embolism after delivery 139	congenital 150
thrombosis after delivery	foot, acquired 149
190	hand acquired 140

Deformity—Continued.	Degeneration—Continued.
heart 150	heart 79
limb, acquired 149	muscle 79
liver, acquired 115	hyaline
nonic acquired 197	
penis, acquired 127	adrenal 52
spine, angular 36	artery 81
stomach, acquired 103	heart 79
Degeneration	lymphatic gland 84
(-1y) 151	muscle 63
117-607/ 180	myocardium 79
(1y-69y) 189	
(70y+) 154	intestine 110
adrenal 52	kidney 120
albuminoid 55	lardaceous 55
amyloid 55	adrenal 52
artery 81	artery 81
heart 79	capillaries 85
kidney 120	intestine 110
liver 113	kidney 120
muscle 63	liver 113
nervous system 74	lymph gland 84
spinal cord 63	lymphatic gland 84
spleen 116	spleen 116
anterior cornua, spinal cord 63	thyreoid body 88
aorta 81	lateral
artery 81	column, spinal cord 63
atheromatous 81	
	and posterior columns, spinal
artery 81	cord 62
heart 79	liver 115
brain 74	muscle 149
calcareous 189	myocardium 79
artery 81	nerve 74
heart 79	nervous system 74
myocardium 79	pancreas 118
capillaries 85	pigmentary
cardiac 79	heart 79 liver 115
cerebral 74	liver 115
progressive 74	
progressive /=	myocardium 79
cortical, infantile (of brain) 74	placenta (child, stillborn) (see Still-
cranial nerve 74	birth)
cystic 189	fatty (child, stillborn) (see Still-
	birth)
kidney 122 uterus 129	progressive, brain 74
fatty 55	pulpy, synovial membrane 33
adrenal 52	senile 154
artery 81 brain 74	spinal cord 63
brain 74	stomach 103
capillaries 85	suprarenal 52
diffuse 55	tuberculous 35
	1
heart 79	pancreas 34
kidney 120	spinal cord 34
liver 113	vascular, senile 154
from phosphorus poisoning	vital
58	(-ly) 151
muscle 63	71 7 60 7 7 190
	(1y-69y) 189 (70y+) 154 Wallerian 74
myocardium 79	(70y+)_154
nervous system 74	Wallerian 74
spinal cord 63	Waxv 55
thymus 84	kidney 120
fibrous	liver 113
heart 79	Degenerative
muscle 63	myocarditis 79
myocardium 79	neuritis 73
general	sclerosis 63
amyloid 55	Deglutition
fatty 55	paralysis 100
gouty, heart 79	pneumonia 91

Delayed	Derengement
confinement (child) 152	Derangement gastric 103
delivery	infantile
(child) 152	(-3m) 152
(mother) 136	(3m+) 189
Delirious mania 68	stomach 103
acute 189	Dermatitis 145
Delirium 189 acute 189	actinica (sunburn) 167
acute 189	ambustionis 167
alcoholic 56	exfoliative 145
asthenic 189	gangrænosa 142
chronic 68	gangrenous 142
maniacal 68	general 145
traumatic 186	herpetiformis 145
tremens 56	rodent 44 venenata 145
uræmic (nonnuamoral or un quelified)	Dermatomyositis 149
(nonpuerperal or unqualified) 120	Dermatosis 145
(puerperal) 138	Dermoid cyst (see also Tumor)
	ovary 131
Delivery (see Birth) forced	sequestration 46
(child) 152	testicle 127
(mother) 136	Descending lateral sclerosis 63
premature 134	Desertion (newborn) 153
sudden death 139	Desquamative nephritis 119
Delusion, persecution 68	acute 119
Delusional	Destitution 177
insanity 68	Detachment
mental stupor 68	epiphyses 185
Dementia 68	placenta 135
agitated 68	hæmorrhage 135
alcoholic 56	Development
apathetic 68	arrest 150
apoplectic 64	heart, imperfect 150
choreic 72	Developmental demonstra
developmental 68	Developmental dementia 68
epileptic 69	Deviation, nasal septum 86 Diabetes (diabetic) 50
old age 154	coma 50
organic 68	gangrene 50
(from organic brain disease) 74	insanity 50
paralytic 67	insipidus 55
paretic 67 præcox 68	iritis 50
primary 68	mellitus 50
progressive 67	pancreatic 50 saccharine 50
secondary 68	
senile 154	Diabetic (see Diabetes)
syphilitic 37	Diapedesis 55
terminal 68	Diaphragm
uræmic	congenital malformation 150
(nonpuerperal or unqualified)	paralysis 74
120	rupture 109
(puerperal) 138	Diaphragmatic hernia 109
Dengue 19	stomach 109
fever 19	pleurisy 93
Dental	Diarrhœa
caries 99	(-2y) 104
periosteum, suppuration 99	(2y+) 105
Dentition 189 fever 189	bilious
morbid 180	(-2y) 104
morbid 189	(2y+) 105
Depressive psychosis, manic 68	bloody
Deprivation, water 177	(-2y) 104
Derailment, train 175	(2v ∔\ 105

Diarrhoea—Continued.	Diarrhœal
catarrhal	enteritis
(-2y) 104	(-2y) 104
(2y+) 105	(2y+) 105
choleraic (—2y) 104	gastritis
$\begin{pmatrix} -2y & 104 \\ (2y+) & 13 \end{pmatrix}$	(-2y) 104 (2y+) 105
choleriform	Diastasis, muscle 149
(-2y) 104	Diathesis 189
(2y+) 13	gouty 48
due to food	hæmorrhagic 55
(-2y) 104 (2y+) 105	rheumatic 48
dysenteric 14	scrofulous 34 tuberculous 28
dyspeptic	uric acid 55
(-2y) 104	Died
(2y+) 105	at birth (stillborn) (see Stillbirth)
$\begin{array}{c} \text{endemic} \\ (-2y) 104 \end{array}$	suddenly 188
$\begin{pmatrix} -2y & 104 \\ (2y+) & 105 \end{pmatrix}$	Difficult
epidemic	birth (child) 152
(-2y) 164	labor (child) 152
(2y+) 105	(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)
fermental	(mother) 136
(-2y) 104 (2y+) 105	Diffuse
(2y+) 105 flagellate	arteriosclerosis 81
(-2y) 104	bronchitis
(2y+) 105	(—5y) 89
green	(5y+) 90 cellulitis 144
(-2y) 104	cerebral sclerosis 74
(2y+) 105	fatty degeneration 55
$\begin{array}{c} \text{infantile} \\ (-2y) 104 \end{array}$	hæmatocele, spermatic cord 127
$\begin{pmatrix} -2y & 104 \\ (2y+) & 105 \end{pmatrix}$	injury 186
infectious	hepatitis 115
(-2y) 104	suppurative 115
(2y+) 105	mastitis (nonpuerperal) 133
infective	(puerperal) 141
(-2y) 104	meningitis 61
(2y+) 105 inflammatory	meningoencephalitis 67
(-2y) 104	nephritis 120
(2y+) 105	acute 119
malarial 4	chronic 120 interstitial 120
mycotic	pelvic cellulitis
(-2y) 104	(female, nonpuerperal) 130
$egin{pmatrix} (2y+) & 105 \\ ext{senile } 105 \end{matrix}$	(female, puerperal) 137
septic	(male) 144
(-2y) 104	periencephalitis 67
(2y+) 105	periostitis 146
sporadic	peritonitis 117 phlegmon 144
(-2y) 104	sclerodermia 145
(2y+) 105	sclerosis, brain 74
(-2y) 104	suppuration 144
$\langle 2y + \rangle = 105$	tuberculosis 35
tropical 14	Diffused
tuberculous 31	aneurysm 81
uncontrollable	ganglion 149
(-2y) 104	Digestive
$(2y\overset{\perp}{+})$ 105 zymotic	organs foreign body 186
(-2y) 104	paralysis 110
$\langle 2y+\rangle$ 105	wound 186
• • •	

Digestive—Continued.	Diruptio uteri 136
system	Disarticulation 148
congenital malformation 150	Discomycosis 25
disease (unqualified) 118	Discrete smallpox 5
tract, tuberculosis 31	Disease
Dilatation 189	abdominal 189
artery 81	absorbent system 84
bronchi 90	accessory
capillaries 85	sinus 146
cardiac 79	spleen 116
orifice 79	Adams-Stokes 85
cervix uteri 130	Addison's 52
colon 110	adrenal 52
duct, pancreas 118	air tube 90
gall	alimentary canal 110
bladder 115	alveoli, teeth 99
duct 115	amyloid 55
heart 79	anus 110
intestine 110	aorta 81
lymphatic vessel 84	aortic 79
œsophagus 101	valve 79
orifice, valve of heart 79	aponeuroses 149
pericardium 77	artery 81
pharynx 100	axe-grinders' 98
stomach 103	backbone 32
	Banti's 54
ventricle 79 Dilated heart 79	Barlow's 49
Diphtheria (diphtheritic) 9	Basedow's 51
anæmia 9	Bayles's 67
angina 9	Bergeron's 72
bronchi 9	bicuspid valve (heart) 79
bronchopneumonia 9	Billroth's 46
buccal 9	bladder 124
conjunctiva 9	malignant 45
conjunctivitis 9	blood vessel 85
croup 9	blue 150
cutaneous 9	bone
fauces 9	(exclusive of spine) 146
gangrenous 9	(spine) 32
laryngismus stridulus 9	Bouillaud's 78
laryngitis 9	bowel 110
larynx 9	brain 74
malignant 9	infantile 74
mouth 9	organic 74
nasal 9	breast
neuritis 9	(nonpuerperal) 133
nose 9	(puerperal) 141
cesophagus 9	malignant 43
ophthalmia 9	Bright's (see also Nephritis) 120
palate 9	acute 119
paralysis 9	chronic 120
pharynx 9	cirrhotic 120
skin 9	puerperal 138
tonsil 9	bronchi 90
tonsillitis 9	bronze 52
trachea 9	of Addison 52
vulva 9	brown 52
wound 9	Buhl's 151
Diphtheritic (see Diphtheria)	bulbar 63
Diplegia, cerebral	caisson 74
children 74	calculous 123
infantile 74	capillaries 85
Diplococcus pneumonia 92	cardiac 79
Dipsomania 56	valve 79
Direct inguinal hernia 109	valvular 79
Dirt-cating 180	collular tirmio 145

Disease—Continued.	Disease—Continued.
cerebellum 74	heart—Continued.
cerebral artery 81	valvular 79
cervix 130	aortic 79
Charcot's 63	congenital 150
joint 62	mitral 79
chest 98	premature 150
circulatory system 85	
climacteric 130	pulmonary 79 rheumatic 79
Concato's 189	tricuspid 79
cornea 75	Heberden's 48
coronary artery 81	hepatic 115
Corrigan's 79	hip 33
Curschmann's 96	suppurative 33
cystic, kidney 122	tuberculous 33
digestive system (unqualified) 118	hip joint 33
Duchenne's 62	Hodgkin's 53
Dupuytren's 149	Hodgson's 81
ear (any part) 76	hookworm 106
epidemic (not elsewhere included) 19	Huguier's 129
Erb's 63	Huntington's 74
Erichsen's 74	hydatid 112
eruptive 189	ill defined 189
Eustachian tube 79	infantile
eye (any part) 75	(-3m) 152
Falloppian tube 132	$egin{array}{ccc} (-3\mathrm{m}) & 152 \ (3\mathrm{m}+) & 189 \end{array}$
fauces 100	infectious 189
fauces 100 feigned 189	(3m+) 189 infectious 189 intestine 110
foot and mouth 19	organic 110
Friedreich's 63	ja.w 146
frontal sinus 146	joint
gastric 103	(exclusive of spine) 147
gastrohepatic 115	(spine) 32
general 55	Charcot's 62
genital organs	kidney 122
(female) (unqualified) 132	cystic, congenital 150
(male) (nonvenereal) 127	Korssakoff's 68
gland 84	Landry's 63
Glénard's 110	lardaceous
glottis 87	intestine 110
gonococcic 38	spleen 116
gonorrhœal 38	stomach 103
Graves's 51	thyreoid gland 88
insanity 51	larynx 87
insanity 51 Griesinger's 54	lip 99
Gull and Sutton's 81	Little's 74
gum 99 Hanot's 113	liver 115
	organic 115
head 189	Ludwig's 100
heart 79	lung 98
cavity 79	fibroid 98
congenital 150	organic 98
fibroid 79	lymphatic 84
functional 85	gland 84
granular 79	system 84
mitral 79	vessel 84
muscular_79	Madura 25
organic 79	malarial 4
rheumatic 79	Malassez's 127
tuberculous 34	malignant (see Cancer)
valve 79	mastoid 146
obstructive 79	cell 146
regurgitant 79	Ménière's 76

Disease—Continued.	Disease—Continued.
mental 68	parasitic—Continued.
mesenteric 31	mammary gland 133
gland 31	mastoid 146
Mikulicz's 99 mitral 79	maxillary sinus 146 mouth 99
cardiac 79	muscle 149
valve 79	nipple 133
Morvan's 63	nose 86
mouth 99	ovary 131
mucous	pancreas 118
(-2y) 104	pericardium 77
(2y+) 105	peritonæum 117
nasal	pleura 93
fossa 86 septum 86	rectum 107 skin 145
nasopharynx 86	spinal cord 63
navel	spine 146
(-3m) 152	spleen 116
(3m+) 189	stomach 103
nerve 74	thyreoid gland 88
nervous 74	tongue 99
system 74	trachea 98
neuropathic, joint 147	ureter 124
nipple 133	uterus 130
no 189	vein 83
nose 86	vulva 132
obscure 189	Parkinson's 63 Parry's 51
cesophagus 101 orbit (except cancer) 75	pelvic organ
organic	(female) 130
brain 74	(male) 189
dementia 74	periosteum 146
psychosis due to 74	pharynx 100
kidney 122	Pick's 115
ovary 132	placenta (mother) 136
Paget's, nipple 133	pleura 93
palate 100	Pott's 32
pancreas 118	prostate 126
parasitic (see also Parasitic disease)	pulmonary 98
accessory sinus 146 appendix 107	valve 79 Putnam's 63
areola 133	Raynaud's 142
bladder 124	Reclus's 133
bone 146	cystic 133
brain 74	rectum 110
breast 133	renal 122
bronchi 98	respiratory system (unqualified) 98
connective tissue 145	Riggs's 99
ear 76	rupture of artery from 81
eye 75	salivary gland 99
frontal sinus 146 gall	Schönlein's 47
bladder 115	scrotum 127
duct 115	sinus, brain 83 skin 145
heart 79	specific 37
intestinal wall 107	spinal cord 63
intestine 107	spine 32
jaw 146	spleen 116
kidney 122	organic 116
larynx 87	Stokes's 51
liver 115	Stokes-Adams 85
lung 98	stomach 103
lymphatic	organic 103
gland 84 vessel 84	suprarenal 52 capsule 52
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Disease—Continued.	Disseminated
teeth 99	cancer 45
tendon 149	cerebrospinal scleresis 63
testicle 127	myelitis 63
Thomsen's 149	paralysis 66
throat 100	peritonitis 117
septic 100	sclerosis 63
thymus 84	spinal cord 63 suppurative nephritis 122
thyreoid body 88	suppurative nephritis 122 tuberculosis 35
gland 88	Distention
tongue 99	abdomen 189
trachea 90	bladder 124
tricuspid 79	uterus 130
vâlve 79	Distomiasis 107
tube 132	Disturbance, electrical 181
tuberculous 28	Diuresis 55
acute 29	Divers'
chronic 28	palsy 74
tympanum 76	paralysis 74
umbilicus	Diverticulitis 110
(-3m) 152 $(3m+)$ 189	Diverticulum
(3m+) 189 unknown 189	intestine (acquired) 110
unknown 189 ureter 122	Meckel's abscess 110
urethra (unqualified) 125	malformation 150
urinary	cesophagus 101
bladder 124	Divided tendon, union 149
	Diving, injury 172
organ 125 tract 125	Division
uterus 130	cervix uteri 130
organic 130	cicatricial adhesion 145
valvular 79	fascia 149
heart, congenital 150	frenum, tongue 99
vein 83	nerve 74
venereal 37	vein 186
vertebra 32	Dog
virulent (unqualified) 55	bite 176
Wardrop's 145 wasting (infant) 151	mad, bite 23
wasting (infant) 151 Weil's 111	Dorsal tabes, spasmodic 63 Dothienenteria 1
Werlhof's 49	Double
Winkel's (-3m) 152	empyema 93
woolsorters' 22	hydrothorax 93
Diseased food 164	inguinal hernia 109
Diseases, complication 189	pleuritis 93
Dislocation	pleuropneumonia 92
(any bone or cartilage) 185	pneumonia 92
(nontraumatic) 147	pyonephrosis 122
congenital 150	Douglas's cul-de-sac, abscess 112
Displacement	Dropped dead 188
heart 79	Dropsical gangrene 142
kidney 122 liver 115	Dropsy 187 abdomen 187
ovary 132	amnion 134
pregnant uterus 134	asthmatic 96
spleen 116	bowel 187
stomach 103	brain 150
tendon 185	broad ligament 132
thyreoid 88	cardiac 79
uterus	chest 93
(nonpuerperal or unqualified)	encysted 131
130	Falloppian tube 132
(puerperal) 136	foot 187
Dissecting aneurysm 81	heart 77
Dissection wound 20	hepatic 115

Dropsy—Continued.	Duodenum-Continued.
hernial sac 109	rupture 110
infantile	stricture 109
(-1y) 151	ulcer
)11 (107	(9) 104
$(1y+)_{13}$ 187	(-2y) 104
intestine 187	(2y∔) 105
liver 115	perforating
lung 94	(-2y) 104
malarial 4	(2y+) 105
ovary 131	Dupuytren's
pericardium 77	contraction 149
peritonæum 187	disease 149
	Dura mater
puerperal 138	l •
renal 120	hæmatoma 64
acute 119	hæmorrhage 64
rheumatic 48	inflammation 61
tube 132	Dwarfism 55
uræmic 120	Dysenteric diarrhœa 14
Drowned, found (open verdict) 169	Dysentery 14
Drowning	amœbic 14
(unqualified) 169	asylum 14
(accident) 169	bacillary 14
(homicidé) 184	balantidic 14
(suicide) 158	bilious 14
	catarrhal 14
suffocation 169	Chinese 14
Drug rash 165	choleriform 14
Drunkenness 56	Cochin-China 14
Dry	entamœbic 14
hinth master atad	
birth, protracted	epidemic 14
(child) 152	gangrenous 14
(mother) 136	hæmorrhagic 14
colic	malarial 14
(-2y) 104	sporadic 14
(2y+) 105	tropical 14
gangrene 142	tuberculous 31
Duchenne's disease 62	Dysmenorrhœa 130
Duct	exfoliative 130
hepatic	_ membranous 130
inflamation 115	Dyspepsia
injury 186	(-2y) 104
	$\langle 2y + \rangle$ 103
nasal, obstruction 75	amylaceous
pancreatic	(-2y) 104
dilatation 118	(2v+) 103
obstruction 118	atonic 103
secreting gland	catarrhal
rupture 186	(-2y) 104
wound 186	(2y+) 103
thoracic, wound 186	congenital
urinary, calculus 123	(-2y) 104
Duration aland communital malforms)
Ductless gland, congenital malforma-	(2y+) 103
tion 150	gastrointestinal
Ductus arteriosus	(-2y) 104
patent 150	(2y+) 105
marriana 150	intestinal
pervious 150	mesmai
Duel 184	(-2y) 104
shot in 182	(2y+) 105
Dumb ague 4	nervous 103
Duodenal (see Duodenum)	nervous 103 neurotic 103
	Dame and Alambara
Duodenitis	Dyspeptic diarrhœa
(-2y) 104	(-2y) 104
(2v [±]) 105	(2v∔) 105
Duodenum (duodenal)	Dysphagia 101
	annohmi 74
cancer 41	cerebral 74

Dyspnœa 189	Ectopia 150
congenital	bladder 150
$\begin{pmatrix} -1y & 151 \\ (1y+) & 189 \end{pmatrix}$	renal 122
(1y+) 189	vesicæ 150
uræmic 120	Ectopic
Dystocia (abila) 759	gestation 134
(child) 152	sac ruptured 134
(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)	kidney 122
(mother) 136	pregnancy 134 Ectropion 75
Dystrophy muscular 149	Eczema 145
progressive muscular 63	infantile 145
Dysuria 124	Edema (see Œdema)
Dybuille 121	Edematous (see Œdematous)
${f E}$	Effects
Ear	cold (temperature) 178
abscess 76	corrosives 167
cancer 44	electricity 181
caries 76	on skin 181
catarrh 76	heat 179
congenital malformation 150	in engine rooms, laundries, etc.
disease 76	179
exostosis 76	injury 186
external, disease 76	lightning 180
foreign body 76	on skin 180
hæmatoma 76	poison (see Poisoning)
inflammation 76	radium 167
septic 76	strain on heart 79
internal, disease 76	x-rays 167
leprosy 17	Effusion 189
malformation 150	brain 64 cerebral 64
middle, disease 76 necrosis 76	cerebrospinal 64
ossicle, disease 76	meninges 64
parasitic disease 76	pericarditis 77
perichondritis 76	pericardium 77
polypus 76	pleura 93
syphilis 37	pleurisy 93
tuberculosis 34	spinal 63
tumor 76	thorax 93
Earthquake 175	Egyptian chlorosis 106
Ecchondrosis, nose 86	Elbow (see Joint)
Eccrisis (nonpuerperal) 130	Electric
Echinococcus 112	concussion 181
cyst, liver 112	railroad, traumatism 175
Eclampsia	railway accident 175
(-5y) 71	shock 181
(5y+) 70	Electrical disturbance 181
gravidarum 138	Electricity (lightning excepted) 181
labor (child stillborn) (egg Stillbirth)	Electrocution (legal execution) 186
(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)	
(mother) 138 postpartum 138	(accident) 181 Elephantiasis 145
pregnancy 138	Arabum 145
puerperal	connective tissue 145
(child, not stillborn) 151	Græcorum 17
(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)	leg 145
(mother) 138	lymphatic vessel 145
scarlatinal 7	nonfilarial 145
uræmic	penis, nonfilarial 145
(nonpuerperal or unqualified)	scrotum, nonfilarial 145
120	vulva, nonfilarial 145
(puerperal) 138	Elevated railway accident 175
young infant 71	Elevator
Ectasis, aortic 81	accident 174
Ecthyma 145	passenger, traumatism 174

Elongation	Emprosthotonos 24
cervix uteri 130	Empyema 93
_ uvula 100	accessory sinus 146
Emaciation	double 93
(-1y) 151	frontal sinus 146
(1y+) 189	gall bladder 115
Embolic (see Embolism)	mastoid process 146
Embolism (embolic) 82	tuberculous 28
abscess 82	Encephalitis 60
air 186	lead 57
aneurysm 82	spurious 60 suppurative 60
apoplexy 82 artery 82	suppurative 60 traumatic 60
brain 82.	tuberculous 30
cardiac 82	Encephalocele 150
sudden death, after delivery 139	Encephaloid (see Cancer)
cerebral 82	Encephalomalacia 65
coronary artery 82	Encephalomeningitis 61
femoral 82	Encephalopathia, saturnine 57
gangrene 82	Encephalopathy 74
heart 82	lead 57
fatty 82	saturnine 57
intestine 82	syphilitic 37
kidney 82	Enchondroma (see Tumor)
liver 82	Encysted
lung 82	dropsy 131
(pulmonary artery) 82	hydrocele 127
puerperal 139	Endarteritis 81
mesenteric artery 82	brain 81
paralysis 82	cerebral SI
pneumonia 82	deformans 81
puerperal 139	infective 81
puerperium 139	obliterans 81
pulmonary 82	syphilitic 37
artery 82 (postpartum) 139	Endemic diarrheea
(postpartum) 139 puerperal 139	(-2y) 104 (2y+) 105
sudden death, after delivery 139	Endocarditis
pyæmic 20	(-60y) 78
septic 82	(60y+) 79
brain 82	acute 78
spleen 82	chronic 79
sudden death, after delivery 139	congenital 78
thigh 82	gonococcic 38
Embolus (see Embolism)	gonorrhœal 38
Embryotomy	infective 78
(adult female) 136	malignant 78
(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)	mitral
Emesis gravidarum 134	acute 78
Emphysema 97	chronic 79
atrophic 97	mycotic 78
cellular tissue 145	purulent 78_
congenital 97	rheumatic 47
connective tissue 145	acute 47
hypertrophic 97	chronic 79
interlobular 97	sclerotic 79 sclerous 79
lung 97	scierous 79 senile 79
orbit 75	septic 78
pulmonary 97	subacute 78
senile 97 subcutaneous 145	suppurative 78
subpleural 97	syphilitic 37
surgical 145	typhoid 1
traumatic 186	ulcerative 78
tuberculous 28	acute 78
vogionlar 97	chronic 79

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1²⁵ 27 - 813

Endocarditis—Continued.	Enteritis
valvular 78	(-2y) 104
chronic 79	(2y+) 105
vegetative 78 Endometritis 130	amœbic 14 catarrhal
decidual 137	(-2y) 104
puerperal 137	$\langle 2y+\rangle$ 105
purulent	choleriform
(nonpuerperal or unqualified)	(-2y) 104
130	(2y+) 13
(puerperal) 137	congestive
septic (nonpuerperal or unqualified)	(-2y) 104 (2y+) 105
130	(2y+) 105 croupous
(puerperal) 137	(-2y) 104
Endopericarditis (see also Endocarditis)	(2y+) 105
78	diarrhœal
Endophlebitis 83	(-2y) 104
Endothelioma (see Cancer)	(2y+) 105
Endotrachelitis 130	epidemic
Engine fall from 175	$\begin{array}{ccc} (-2y) & 104 \\ (2y+) & 105 \end{array}$
injury 175	(2y+) 105 fermental
run over by 175	(-2y) 104
struck by 175	(2y+) 105
English cholera 13	follicular
Engorgement	(-2y) 104
lung 94	(2y+) 105
pulmonary 94	gangrenous
stomach 103 Enlargement (enlarged)	(-2y) 104 (2y+) 105
brain 74	hæmorrhagic
fatty heart 79	(-2y) 104
gland 84	$\langle 2y+\rangle$ 105
heart 79	infantile
lingual tonsil 99	(-2y) 104
liver 115	(2y+) 105
acute 115	infective
chronic 113 prostate 126	(-2y) 104 $(2y+)$ 105
rectum 110	membranous
spleen 116	(-2y) 104
stomach 103	(2y+) 105
thymus gland 84	mucous
thyreoid gland 88	(-2y) 104
tonsil 100	(2y+) 105
Entamœbic dysentery 14 Enteralgia 110	$egin{array}{ccc} ext{phlegmonous} \ (-2 ext{y}) & 104 \end{array}$
Enterectomy 110	(2y+) 105
Enteric	pseudomembranous 110
catarrh	septic
(-2y) 104	(-2y) 104
(2y+) 105	(2y+) 105
convulsions	simple
(-2y) 104 (2y+) 105	(-2y) 104 (2y+) 105
(2y+) 105 fever 1	(2y+) 105 specific
infection	(-2y) 104
(-2v) 104	(2y+) 105
(2y+) 105	subacute
intoxication	(-2y) 104
(-2y) 104	(2y+) 105
(2y+) 105	tuberculous 31
paralysis 110 tuberculosis 31	$\begin{array}{c} \text{ulcerative} \\ (-2y) 104 \end{array}$
Enterica 1	$\begin{pmatrix} -2y & 104 \\ (2y+) & 105 \end{pmatrix}$
	(-3) 200

Enteritis—Continued.	Epididymitis 127
zymotic	caseous 34
(-2y) 104	gonococcic 38
(2y+) 105	gonorrheeal 38
Enterocele 109	tuberculous 34
Enterocolitis	Epidural hæmorrhage 64
(-2y) 104 (2y+) 105	Epigastric hernia 109
(2y+) 105 membranous	strangulated 109 Epiglottiditis 87
(-2y) 104	Epiglottis 87
$\begin{pmatrix} 2y + \end{pmatrix} 105$	adhesion 87
subacute	tumor 87
(-2y) 104	ulcer 87
(2y+) 105	ulceration 87
ulcerative	Epilepsy (epileptic) 69
(-2y) 104	cerebral 69
(2y+) 105	climacteric 69
Enterogastritis	coma 69
(-2y) 104	congenital 69
(2y+) 105	convulsions 69
Enterolith 110	dementia 69
Enteromesenteric fever 31	fit 69
Enteroperitonitis	insanity 69
(-2y) 104 (2y+) 105	Jacksonian 74 mania 69
Enteroptosis 110	psychosis 69
Enterorrhagia 110	senile 69
Enterorrhaphy 110	symptomatic 74
Enterostenosis 109	syphilitic 37
Enterostomy 110	traumatic 74
Enterotomy 110	vertigo 69
Entrance, air into vein 186	Epileptic (see Epilepsy)
sudden death after delivery 139	Epileptiform convulsions
Entropion 75	(-5y) 71
Ependymitis 150	(5y+) 70
Ephemeral fever 189	Epileptoid convulsions
Epicystotomy 124	(-5y) 71
Epidemic 19	(nonpuerperal, 5y+) 70
anæmia 106	Epiphyses
catarrh 10	detachment 185
cerebrospinal meningitis 61 cholera (where Asiatic cholera is	separation 185 Epiphysitis
prevalent) 12	bone 146
diarrhœa	hip 147
(-2y) 104	Epiplocele 109
(2y+) 105	Epiploitis 117
disease (not elsewhere included) 19	Epispadias 150
dysentery 14	Epistaxis 85
enteritis	Epithelial
(-2y) 104	nephritis 120
$\langle 2y+\rangle = 105$	acute 119
gangrene 59	chronic 120
gastroenteritis	tumor
(-2y) 104	(according to location) (see
(2y+) 105 parotiditis 19	Cancer) (location not indicated) 44
parotitis 19	Epithelioma
pneumonia 92	(according to location) (see Cancer)
rose rash 19	(location not indicated) 44
Epididymis	Epizootic 10
abscess 127	stomatitis 19
cyst 127	Epulis 99
syphilis 37	Equinia 21
tuberculosis 34	Erb's disease 63

Erectile tumor (see Tumor)	Evacuation
Ergotism 59	uterus 134
acute 165	Eventration, traumatic 186
_ chronic 59	Evisceration 186
Erichsen's disease 74	eye 75
Erosion	fœtus (see Stillbirth)
artery 81	Exacerbation 189
cervix uteri 130	Exanthematic
intestine	fever 19
(-2y) 104	typhus 2
(2y+) 105	Excessive
lymphatic vessel 84	appetite 103
spleen 116 stomach 102	fat 55
	in heart 79
uterus 130	heat 179
Eructation 103	menstruation 128
Eruption 189	mental exertion 189
measly 6	pressure, delivery
morbillous 6	(child) 152
Eruptive	(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)
disease 189 fever 55	Excision (see the disease or condition for which the excision was undertaken)
	Execution 186
	Exertion 100 Exertion, mental, excessive 189
gangrenous 18 infantile 18	Exfoliative
neonatorum 18	dermatitis 145
phlegmonous 18	dysmenorrhœa 130
puerperal 137	Exhaustion
suppurative 18	(-1y) 151
surgical 18	(1y-69y) 189
traumatic 18	(70y+) 154
vaccination 18	cardiac 189
Erysipelatous	heart 189
angina 100	heat 179
fever 18	nervous 74
laryngitis 87	sudden death after delivery 139
meningitis 18	old age 154
phlegmon 18	senile 154
toxæmia 18	surgical 189
Erythema 145	Exhaustive psychosis 68
Erythematous angina 100	Exomphalos 150
Erythrasma 25	Exophthalmic
Erythromelalgia 142	cachexia 51
Eschar 142	goitre 51
Esophagus (see Œsophagus)	Exostosis 146
Essential paralysis, infancy 63	ear 76
Estivoautumnal fever 4	nose 86
Ether	symmetrical 146
anæsthetic 168	syphilitic 37
narcosis 168	Exploration, lung 98
Etherism	Explosion 186
acute 168	boiler 174
chronic 59	locomotive 175
Ethmoidal	stationary 174
sinus, abscess 146	steamboat 174
sinusitis 146	fire damp 173
Ethmoiditis 146	gasoline tank (automobile) 175
Ethylism 56	_ lamp 167
Eustachian	Exposure
salpingitis 76	(-3m) 153
tube, disease 76	(3m+) 186
valve, nonclosure 150	cold
Euthanasia	(-3m) 153
(-70y) 189	(3m+) 178
(70v+) 154	Exstrophy, bladder 150

External	F
causes 186	_
ear (see Ear)	Face (facial)
hernia 109	bùrn 167
inguinal hernia 109	cancer 44
piles 83	chancre 37
urethrotomy 125	congenital malformation 150
Extraction, lens 75	erysipelas 18
Extrauterine	foreign body 186
gestation 134	frostbite 178
pregnancy 134 Extravasation	gangrene 142
	hæmatoma 186
lung	hemiatrophy 74
(-ly) 151	neuralgia 73 paralysis 66
(1y+) 98	paralysis 66
pulmonary	scald 167
(-1y) 151	spasm 74
(1y+) 98	wound 186
urine 125	Facial (see Face)
Extremity (see Arm)	Factories, machines in, traumatism 174
Extroversion, bladder 150	Fæcal
Exudative	abscess 110
angina 9	fistula 110
acute 9	impaction 110
chronic 100	matter, vomiting 109
colitis	obstruction 110
(-2y) 104	Feeces, impaction 110
(2y+) 105 nephritis 120	
	cardiac 189
acute 119	circulation
chronic 120	(-1y) 151
pleurisy 93	(1y+) 189
_ pleuritis 93	compensation 79
Eye	heart 189
abscess 75	infantile
burn 167	(-1y) 151
cancer 45	(1y+) 189
congenital malformation 150	respiration
disease 75	(-1y) 151
evisceration 75	(1y+) 189
foreign body 75	senile, general 154
globe	Fainting fit 188
injury 186	Fall 172
malformation 150	accidental 172
hæmorrhage into (traumatic) 186	aeroplane 175
malformation 150	balloon 175
parasitic disease 75	car 175
syphilis 37	carriage 175
thrombosis 82	1
tuberculosis 34	
	engine 175
tumor 75 ulcer 75	from horse 172
	hold (ship, etc.) 172
wound 186	injury 172
Eyeball	machinery 174
Eyelid	parachute 175
abscess 75	pit (mine or quarry) 173
burn 167	shaft (mine) 173
cancer 45	ship 172
congenital malformation 150	down stairs 172
erysipelas 18	steam car 175
injury 186	stone (quarry) 173
malformation 150	Falling
syphilis 37	body, injury 186
wound 186	rectum 110

Falling—Continued.	Fatty—Continued.
sickness 69	infiltration
traumatism 172	muscle 149
uterus 130	thymus 84
womb 130	liver 113
Falloppian tube	myocarditis 79
abscess 132	tumor (see Tumor)
accessory, cyst 132	Fauces
cancer 42	abscess 100
cyst 132	cancer 45
disease 132	catarrhal inflammation 100
dropsy 132 hernia 132	diphtheria 9
nernia 132	disease 100
inflammation 132	leprosy 17 lupus 34
malformation 150	
occlusion 132	malformation 150
paralysis 132	paralysis 100
rupture 132	syphilis 37
stricture 132	tuberculosis 34
suppuration 132	tumor 100
tuberculosis 34	ulceration 100
tumor 132	Faulty
False croup 87	presentation (death of mother) 136
Family	union, bone 146
ataxia 63	Favus 25
paralysis, spastic 63	Febricula 189
Famine fever 3	Febrile
Farcy 21	polyneuritis 73 rheumatism 47
Fascia contraction 149	rheumatism 47 Febris
division 149	flava 16
inflammation 149	melitensis 3
palmar, contracted 149	rubra 7
retraction palmer 149	
retraction, palmar 149 tumor 149	Fecal (see Fæcal) Feeble
Fat	constitution
excessive 55	(-1y) 151
in heart 79	(1y+) 189
thrombosis, heart 82	infant
Fatigue 177	(-ly) 151
Fatness 55	$\langle 1y+\rangle$ 189
Fatty	Feeding
degeneration 55	artificial
adrenal 52	(-1y) 151
artery 81	(1y∓) 189
artery 81 brain 74	bottle
capillaries 85	(-1y) 151
diffuse 55 general 55	(1y+) 189
general 55	Feigned disease 189
heart 79	Felo de se 163
kidney 120	Female
liver 113	breast, disease
from phosphorus poison-	(nonpuerperal) 133
ing 58	(puerperal) 141
muscle 63	genital organ
myocardium 79 .	cancer 42
nervous system 74	disease (unqualified) 132
placenta (child, stillborn) (see	disease (unqualified) 132 organ, wound (internal) 186
Stillbirth)	Femoral `
spinal cord´63	abscess 144
thymus 84	aneurysm 81
embolism, heart 82	embolism 82
heart 79	hernia 109
enlarged 79	strangulated 109

Femoral—Continued.	Fever—Continued.
phlegmon 144	inflammatory 189
Femur (see Bone)	intermittent 4
Fermental	bilious 4
diarzhœa (-2y) 104	pernicious 4
$\begin{pmatrix} -2y \end{pmatrix} & 104 \\ (2y+) & 105 \end{pmatrix}$	lung 92 catarrhal 91 .
enteritis	malarial 4
(-2y) 104	congestive 4
(2y+1) 105a	malignant 189
Fermentation	Malta 3
gastric 103	maremmatic 4
intestine	marsh 4
(-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 stomach 103	Mediterranean 3
(2y+) 100 stomach 103	mesenteric 31 miasmatic 4
Fetid (see Fœtid)	miliary 11
Fever 189	milk
abdominal 1	(female) 137
æstivoautumnal 4	(male) 189
algid 189	mountain l
ague .4	nervous 189
angemic 54	neurotic 189
and	paludal 4 Panama 4
ague 4 chills 4	Pappataci 19
asthenic 189	paratyphoid 1
bilious 189	pernicious 4
blackwater 4	petechial 2
brain 60	pituitous 189
breakbone 19	pleural 93
catarrhal 189	pneumonic 92
cerebral 60	puerperal 137
cerebrospinal 61 Chagres 4	purple 189 putrid 20
childbed 137	pyæmic 20
colliquative 189	quartan 4
congestive 189	quotidian 4
continued 1	recurrent 3
simple 189	relapsing 3
dengue 19	remittent 4
dentition 189 enteric 1	bilious 4 congestive 4
enteromesenteric 31	congestive 4 gastric 4
ephemeral 189	rheumatic 47
eruptive 55	acute 47
erysipelatous 18	chronic 48
estivoautumnal 4	subacute 47
exanthematic 19	Rocky Mountain spotted 19
famine 3	scarlet 7
gastric 189 gastroenteric 1	nephritis following 7
gastrointestinal 189	septic (nonpuerperal or unqualified) 20
gastromalarial 4	(puerperal) 137
glandular 19	simple continued 189
hæmogastric 16	slow 189
hæmoglobinuric 19	spinal 61
(malarial) 4	(spirillum) relapsing 3
(nonmalarial) 19	splenic 22 spotted 61
hæmorrhagic 189 hay 98	stercoral 110
heat 179	sweating 11
hectic 189	synochal 189
hepatic 115	tertian 4
infantile 189	thermic 179
infectious 55	tick bite 19

Fever—Continued.	Fibrosis—Continued.
traumatic 186	kidney 120
urethral 125	lung 98
typhobilious 1	lymphatic gland 84
typhogastric 1	pulmonary 98
typhoid 1	senile 154
hæmorrhagic 1	spleen 116
intermittent 1	thymus 84
malignant l	Fibrous
rheumatic 1	ankylosis, joint 147
typhomalarial 1	degeneration
typhus 2	heart 79
unknown cause 189	muscle 63
uræmic 120	myocardium 79
urethral 125 urinary 124	goitre 88
urinary 124	hepatitis
violent 189 water 189	acute 115 chronic 113
worm 107	induration, breast
wound 186	(nonpuerperal) 133
yellow 16	(puerperal) 141
Fever sore 146	pancreatitis 118
Fibrillosis, auricular 85	pericarditis 77
Fibrinous	pleurisy 93
bronchitis 89	tumor (see Tumor)
laryngitis 9	Fibula (see Bone)
pericarditis 77	Fight, killed in 184
peritonitis 117	Filariasis 19
pleurisy 93	lymphatic
pneumonia 92	gland 19
Fibrocarcinoma (see Cancer)	vessel 19
Fibrocyst, uterus 129	skin 19
Fibroid (see also Tumor)	Finger (see also Arm)
bleeding (female) 129	mallet 149
body, uterus 129	nail, avulsion 186
cervix, uterus 129	retraction 149
disease	Fire 167
heart 79	burn 167
lung 98	conflagration 166
growth (see Tumor) heart 79	damp, explosion 173
	Saint Anthony's 18
induration, lung 98 liver 113	suicide 163 Firearms
lung 98	assassination 182
multiple 129	homicide 182
myocarditis 79	suicide 159
ovary 131	traumatism 170
phthisis 28	wound
pneumonia 98	(accident) 170
submucous (female) 129	(homicide) 182
tuberculosis 28	(suicide) 159
tumor (see Tumor)	Fissure (according to location
uterus` 129	anus 110
Fibrolipoma (see Tumor)	lip 99
Fibroma (see Tumor)	(harelip) 150
(female) 129	nipple
(male) 46	(nonpuerperal) 133
molluscum (see Tumor)	(puerperal) 141
Fibromyoma 129	puerperium 141
Fibroplastic tumor (see Tumor)	palate 150
Fibropurulent peritonitis 117	apinal column 150
Fibrosarcoma (see Cancer)	Fistula 189
Fibrosis	abdomen 189
adrenal 52	biliary 115 blodder 125
grieriocaniliary al	1 DISCORT 120

Fistula—Continued.	Flatulent colic
breast	(-2y) 104
(puerperal or unqualified) 141	(2y+) 105
(nonpuerperal) 133	Floating kidney 122
cornea 75	Flooding
fæcal 110	(female, nonpuerperal) 128
gastric 103	(female, puerperal) 135
ileovesical 125	Flux
in ano 110	(-2y) 104
intercostal 93	$\begin{pmatrix} 2y + 105 \\ 2y + 105 \end{pmatrix}$
intestine 110	bloody 14
intestinouterine 110	serosanguineous 14
intestinovesical 125	Fœtal
ischiorectal 110	head, application of crotchet (see
foesa 110	Stillbirth)
kidney 122	membrane, puncture (child) 152
larynx 87	Fœtid bronchitis 90
lymph 84	Fœtus
malignant 45	acormous (see Stillbirth)
mammary gland	decapitation (see Stillbirth)
(nonpuerperal) 133	evisceration (see Stillbirth)
(puerperal) 141	suffocation, parturition not stillborn
mastoid 146	152
nasal duct 75	Follicular
parturition 136	amygdalitis 100
perinæum 125	enteritis
rectourethral 125	(-2y) 104
rectovaginal 110	(2y+) 105
rectovesical 125	ileocolitis
rectum 110	(-2y) 104
salivary 99	(2y+) 105
gland 99	inflammation, pharynx 100
scrotum 127	pharyngitis 100
stercoral 110	tonsillitis 100
stomach 103	Following childbirth 140
thoracic 93	Food
	diarrhœa
trachea 98	1
urethra 125	(-2y) 104
urethrorectal 125	(2y+) 105
urethrovaginal 125	diseased 164
urethrovesical 125	improper
urinary 125	(-1y) 151
uterofæcal 110	(1y+) 189
uterointestinal 110	poisonous 164
uterovaginal 130	Foot (see also Arm)
uterovesical 125	and mouth disease 19
uterus 130	ball accident 186
vagina 125	club 149
vesicometrorectal 125	Madura 25
vesicoperineal 125	presentation
vesicovaginal 125	(child) 152
Fistulous	(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)
abscess 144	(mother) 136
ulcer 145	Foramen`
Fit 69	Botallo
apoplectic 64	cyanosis, from nonclosure 150
epileptic 69	nonclosure 150
fainting 188	persistence 150
Flagellate diarrhœa	ovale
(-2y) 104	imperfect closure 150
$\langle 2v + \rangle = 105$	nonclosure 150
(2y+) 105 Flat foot 149	open 150
congenital 150	patent 150
noinful 140	patent 150 norristance 150

Forced delivery	Foreign body—Continued.
(child) 152	stomach 103
(mother) 136	tongue 186
Forceps	trachea 186
application (child, stillborn) (see	upper
Stillbirth)	air passage 186
obstetric (mother) 136	extremity 186
operation	urethra 125
(child) 152	vagina 186
(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)	wound with lodgment 186
(mother) 136	Foreign material, inspiration 186
Forearm (see Arm)	Foesa.
Foreign body abdomen 186	iliac
abdominal	abscess 108
cavity 186	phlegmon 108
wall 186	ischiorectal, fistula 110 nasal
accessory sinus 146	abscess 86
air passage 186	adenoid vegetations 86
alimentary canal 110	disease 86
antrum 146	polypus 86
Highmore 146	tamponing 85
appendix 110	tumor 86
back 186	nasopharyngeal, polypus 86
bladder 124	Found
bone 186	dead 189
brain 186 breast 186	on railroad 175
bronchi 186	drowned (open verdict) 169
chest wall 186	Fracture (any bone) 185
digestive organ 186	congenital 150
ear 76	correction, deformity of bone 146
eye 75	compound 185
face 186	green stick 185 impacted 185
frontal sinus (and other sinuses) 146	spontaneous 146
heart 186	ununited 146
impacted, pharynx 100	Fractured bone
intestine 110	nonunion 146
joint 147	wiring 185
kidney 186 larynx 186	Fragilitas ossium 146
lower extremity 186	Frambæsia 19
lung 186	Freezing 178
maxillary sinus 146	Frenum, tongue, division 99
mediastinum 186	Friction-burn 186
mouth 186	Friedreich's
muscle 186	ataxia 63
nasal passage 186	disease 63
neck 186	Fright 74
nerve 186	Frontal
nose 86	sinus
cesophagus 101	abscess 146 disease 146
orbít 75 penis 186	empyema 146
pericardial sac 186	foreign body 146
perinæum 186	parasitic disease 146
peritonæum 117	suppuration 146
peritoneal cavity 117	sinusitis 146
pharynx 186	Frostbite 178
pleural cavity 186	Fumes, asphyxia 168
puncture 186	Frozen 178
rectum 110	Fulminating appendicitis 108
ecalp 186	Functional disease, heart 85
scrotum 186	Fungoid
spinal cord 186	mycosis 25
UTIGATI IAN	i nieilmanu yz

Fungosities (classified according to loca-	Gall—Continued.
tion) (see Tumor)	duct (hepatic)
Fungous	cancer 40
growth	congenital malformation 150
joint 33	contraction 115
uterus 129	cyst 115
tumor (see Tumor)	dilatation 115
knee 33	gangrene 115
malignant (see Cancer)	hypertrophy 115
Fungus	inflammation 115
hæmatodes (see Cancer) medullary (see Cancer)	injury 186 malformation 15 0
malignant (see Cancer)	obstruction 115
testicle 127	occlusion 115
Funicular inguinal hernia 109	parasitic disease 115
Funiculitis 127	perforation 115
Funis	plugging 115
hæmorrhage 152	rupture 115
pressure	stenosis 115
(child, -3m) 152	stricture 115
(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)	tumor 115
prolapse	ulceration 115
(child, -3m) 152	stone 114
(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)	cholæmic 114
Furuncie 143 Furunculosis 143	colic 114
Fusiform aneurysm 81	impacted 114 intestine 114
rushorm anemysm or	Galloping
\mathbf{G}	consumption 29
u ,	phthisis 29
Galactocele 141	tuberculosis 29
Galactophoritis	Ganglia
(nonpuerperal or unqualified) 133	adenitis 84
(puerperal) 141	cancer 45
Galactorrhœa 141	Ganglion 149
Galacturia 121	diffused 149
Gall	Ganglionic
bladder	tuberculosis 34
abscess 115	tumor 46
absent 150 adhesion 115	Gangosa 19 Gangrene (see also Gangrenous) 142
atrophy 115	abdomen 142
calculus 114	alveoli 142
cancer 40	anus 110
congenital malformation 150	bladder 124
contraction 115	bone 146
cyst 115	bowel 110
dilatation 115	connective tissue 142
empyema 115	cornea 75
gangrene 115	diabetic 50
hypertrophy 115	dropsical 142
impaction 114	dry 142
inflammation 115	embolic 82 epidemic 59
injury 186 malformation 150	epidemic 59 extremity 142
necrosis 115	face 142
obstruction 115	foot 142
parasitic disease 115	gall
perforation 115	bladder 115
plugging 115	duct 115
rupture 115	gum 142
stricture 115	hernial 109
suppuration 115	hospital 20
tumor 115	infective 142
ulcer 115	acute 142 . intestine 110
mcenuon IIA	: :::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::

Gangrene—Continued.	Gas—Continued.
leg 142	asphyxia—Continued.
lung 95	(homicide) 184
moist 142	(suicide) 156
mouth 142	deleterious, poisoning (see Poisoning)
old age 142	inhalation (see Poisoning)
omentum 117	(suicide) 156
pancreas 118	mine, asphyxia 173
penis 142	noxious inhelation (see Poissning)
pharynx 100	inhalation (see Poisoning)
pulmonary 95	(suicide) 156 intoxication (see Poisoning
rectum 110	poisonous (see Poisoning)
retropharyngeal 100 scrotum 142	suffocation (see Poisoning)
senile 142	sewer, poisoning (see Poisoning)
septic 142	stove, asphyxia by 168
skin 142	suffocation (suicide) 156
spine 142	Gaseous tumor, parotid 99
stomach 103	Gasoline
symmetrical 142	burn 167
syphilitic 37	poisoning (see Poisoning)
tendon 142	tank, automobile, explosion 175
testicle 142	Gastralgia 103
throat 100	Gastrectasis 103 Gastrectomy 103
(diphtheritic) 9	Gastrectomy 103
thyreoid gland 88	Gastric (see Stomach)
traumatic 186	Gastritis 103
tuberculous 34	alcoholic 56
umbilical cord (-3m) 152	bilious 103
uterus 130	catarrhal 103
vulva 142 wound 186	diarrhœal
	(-2y) 104
Gangrenous (see also Gangrene) anæmia 142	(2y+) 105
angina	glandular 103 hæmorrhagic 103
(nondiphtheritic) 100	narcotic 165
(diphtheritic) 9	phlegmonous 103
appendicitis 108	sclerotic 103
cellulitis 142	septic 103
colitis .	suppurative 103
(-2y) 104	toxic 165
$\begin{pmatrix} 2y + \end{pmatrix} 105$ cystitis 124	acute 165
cystitis 124	chronic 59
dermatitis 142	tuberculous 31
diphtheria 9	ulcerative 103
dysentery 14	Gastrocarcinoma 40
enteritis	Gastrocolitis
(-2y) 104	(-2y) 104
(2y+) 105 erysipelas 18	(2y+) 105
erysipeias 10	Gastroduodenal
glossitis 142 hernia 109	$\begin{array}{cc} \text{catarrh} \\ (-2\text{v}) & 104 \end{array}$
hernia 109 laryngitis 87	(-2y) 104 $(2y+)$ 105
lymphangitis 84	ulcer 102
pancreatitis 118	Gastroduodenitis
pemphigus 142	(-2y) 104
pneumonia 92	$\langle 2y + \rangle = 105$
septichæmia 142	catarrhal
sore throat 9	(-2y) 104
sore throat 9 stomatitis 142	(2y+) 105
tonsillitis 9	Gastrodynia 103
ulcer 142	Gastroenteric
vulvitis 142	catarrh
Gas (see Poisoning)	(-2y) 104
asphyxia	(2y+) 105
(accident) IKK	I TOVOT I

Gastroenteric—Continued.	Gastrointestinal—Continued.
hæmorrhage 110	intoxication
infection	(-2y) 104
(-2y) 104	(2y+) 105
(2y+) 105	irritation
Gastroenteritis	(-2y) 104
(-2y) 104	(2y+) 105
(2y+) 105	neurasthenia 74
catarrhal	toxinfection
(-2y) 104	(-2y) 104
(2y+) 105	(2y+) 105
congestive	ulceration
(-2y) 104	(-2y) 104
(2y+) 105	(2y+) 105
epidemic	Gastromalacia 103
(-2y) 104	Gastromalarial fever 4
(2y+) 105	Gastroœsophageal ulcer 102
hæmorrhagic	Gastroplasty 103
(-2y) 104	Gastroptosis 103
(2y+) 105	Gastrorrhagia 103
infective	Gastrorrhaphy 103
(-2y) 104	Gastrorrhœa 103
(2y+) 105	Gastrostenosis 103
septic	Gastrostomy 103
(-2y) 104	
(2y+) 105	Gastrotomy 103 Gatism 74
toxic 165	senile 154
acute 165	
chronic 59	General
tuberculous 31	alcoholic paralysis 67 amyloid degeneration 55
zymotic	anasarca 187
(-2y) 104	ankylosis 147
(2y+) 105	arteriosclerosis 81
Gastroenterostomy 103	ataxia 74
Gastrogastrostomy 103	atheroma 81
Gastrohepatic	atrophy
catarrh 103	(-ly) 151
congestion 115 disease 115	(1y-69y) 189
inflammation 103	(70y+) 154
Gastrohepatitis 103	breaking down
catarrhal 103	(-ly) 151
Gastrointestinal	(1y-69y) 189
atrophy	(70y+) 154
(-2y) 104	carcinomatosis 45
$\langle 2y+\rangle$ 105	catarrh 189
catarrh	collapse 189
(—2y) 104	congestion 189
(2y+) 105	debility
convulsions	(-ly) 151
(-2y) 104	(1y-69y) 189
(2y+) 105	(7 0 y+) 154
dyspepsia	decline
(-2y) 104	(-ly) 151
(2y+) 105	(1y-69y) 189
fever 189	(70y+) 154 dermatitis 145
hæmorrhage 110	
indigestion	disease 55
(-2y) 104	fatty degeneration 55
(2y+) 105	glandular tuberculosis 34
infection	infection 55
(-2y) 104	injury 186
(2y+) 105	marasmus
inflammation	(-1y) 151
(-2y) 104	(1y-69y) 189
(2y+) 105	(70y+) 154

General—Continued.	Gigantism 55
miliary tuberculosis 29	Gingivitis 99
acute 29	Girdle
chronic 35	pelvic, congenital malformation 150
magnetic 146	shoulder, congenital malformation
neuritis 73	150
œdema	Gland

(-1y) 151	abscess 144
(1y+) 187	tuberculous 34
paralysis	axillary, infection 189
(unqualified or not in asylum)	Bartholin's
. 66	abscess 132
(insane, or reported from asylum)	cyst 132
67	bronchial
progressive 67	rupture 98
tabetic 67	tuberculosis 28
paresis 67	cancer 45
peritonitis 117	cervical
subacute 117	abscess 144
purulent peritonitis 117	cancer 45
sarcomatosis 45	hyperplasia 84
sclerosis 63	rupture 84
brain 74	Cowper's
	abscess 127
senile failure 154	tuberculosis 34
sepsis 20	
septic peritonitis 117	disease 84
septichæmia 20	ductless, congenital malformation
tuberculosis 35	150
acute 29	enlargement 84
chronic 35	hypertrophy 84
tuberculous infection 35	inflammation 84
weakness	inguinal, cancer 45
(-1y) 151	intestinal, cancer 41
(1y-69y) 189	lacrimal
$(70y+)^{\prime}$ 154	abscess 75
Generalized	cancer 45
paralysis 66	injury 186
(insane) 67	malformation 150
tuberculosis 35	tumor 75
Genital	lymph
abscess	cancer 45
(female) 132	degeneration, lardaceous 84
(male) 127	lavacovithornia 53
cancer	tuberculosis 34
	wound 186
(female) 42	1
(male) 45	lymphatic abscess 84
organ, disease	calcareous infiltration 84
(female) (unqualified) 132	calcification 84
(male) (unqualified) 127	
wound 186	cancer 45
Genitourinary tuberculosis 34	caseation 34
Genu	cyst 84
extrorsum 147	degeneration, hyaline 84
recurvatum 147	disease 84
valgum 147	parasitic 84
varum 147	fibrosis 84
German measles 19	filariasis 19
Gestation 134	glanders 21
ectopic 134	gonococcus infection 38 hæmorrhage 84
sac ruptured 134	hæmorrhage 84
extrauterine 134	hypertrophy 84
incomplete	inflammation 84
(child, not stillborn) 151	leucocythæmia 53
(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)	lymphadenoma 53
tubal 134	necrosis 84
Giant-celled sarcoma (see Cancer)	pigmentary infiltration 84

01 1 0 than 1	
Gland—Continued.	Gland—Continued.
lymphatic—Continued.	secreting
plague 15 suppuration 84	duct, wound 186 rupture 186
syphilis 37	duct 186
tuberculosis 34	wound 186
tumor 84	submaxillary, abscess 99
wound 186	suprarenal
mammary	congenital malformation 150
abscess	hæmorrhage 85
(nonpuerperal er unquali-	syphilis 37
fied) 133	tuberculosis 52
(puerperal) 141	tumor 52
atrophy (nonpuerperal) 183	thymus cancer 45
(puerperal) 141	cyst 84
cancer 43	enlargement 84
congenital malformation 150	hæmorrhage 84
cyst 133	persistent 84
fistula	ŝyphilis 37
(nonpuerperal) 133	tuberculosis 34
(puerperal) 141	tumor 84
hypertrophy	thyreoid
(nonpuerperal) 133	abscess 88
(puerperal) 141 inflammation	atrophy 88
(nonpuerperal) 133	cancer 45 congenital malformation 150
(puerperal) 141	cyst 88
malformation 150	disease 88
neurosis 133	lardaceous 88
parasitic disease 133	enlargement 88
suppuration	gangrene 88
(nonpuerperal) 133	hæmorrhage 88
(puerperal) 141	inflammation 88
syphilis 37	injury 186
tuberculosis 34	malformation 150
tumor 133 mediastinal	myxœdema 88 parasitic disease 88
cancer 45	parasitic disease 88 suppuration 88
tumor 46	syphilis 37
mesenteric	tuberculosis 34
disease 31	tumor 88
tuberculosis 31	tuberculosis 34
parathyreoid, tumor 88	tumor 46
parotid	vulvovaginal
abscess 99	abscess 132
cancer 45 infection 99	cyst 132 Glanders 21
tumor 99	lymphatic gland 21
peptic, ulcer 102	nose 21
prostate (see Prostate)	skin 21
retroperitoneal, cancer 41	Glandular
salivary	abscess 144
abscess 99	angina 100
cancer 39	cancer (see Cancer)
concretion 99	cyst (see Tumor)
congenital malformation 150	fever 19 gastritis 103
cyst 99 disease 99	system, cancer 45
fistula 99	tuberculosis, general 34
infected 99	tumor (see Tumor)
inflammation 99	Glaucoma 75
suppuration 99	Gleet 38
tumor 99	Glénard's disease 110
wound 186	Glioma (see Tumor)
sclerosis 84	brain 74

Glioma—Continued.	Gouty—Continued.
cerebellum 74	iritis 48
cerebral 74	kidney 120
Globe, eye	synovitis 48
injury 186	Gradual decline
malformation 150	(-1y) 151
Glomerular nephritis 119	(1y-69y) 189 (70y+) 154
Glomerulonephritis 119	(70y+) 154
acute 119	Grafting
chronic 120	bone 146 skin 145
Glossitis 99	
gangrenous 142 Glottis	tendon 149 Grand mal 69
congestion 87	Granular
disease 87	angina 100
œdema 87	heart disease 79
paralysis 87	inflammation, pharynx 100
spasm 87	kidney 120
ulceration 87	contracting 120
Gluteal abscess 144	liver 113
Glychæmia 50	meningitis 30
Glycosuria 50	pericarditis 77
God, visitation 189	pharyngitis 100
Goitre 88	pharynx 100
adenomatous 88	Granuloma pudendorum
cancerous 45	(female) 132
colloid 88	(male) 127
congenital 150	Gravel (urinary) 123
cystic 88	Graves's disease 51
exophthalmic 51	insanity 51
fibrous 88	Green
internal 88	diarrhœa
parenchymatous 88	(-2y) 104 (2y+) 105
pulsating 88 Gonococcic (gonorrhœal)	sickness 54
arthritis 38	stick fracture 185
bubo 38	stools
conjunctivitis 38	(-2y) 104
cystitis 38	$\langle 2y+ \rangle$ 105
disease 38	Griesinger's disease 54
endocarditis 38	Grinders'
epididymitis 38	asthma 98
infection 38	consumption 98
iritis 38	phthisis 98
metritis 38	Grippe (influenza) 10
metrovaginitis 38	bronchitis due to 10
ophthalmia 38	bronchopneumonia due to 10
orchitis 38	meningeal 10
peritonitis 38 rheumatism 38	pneumonia due to 10 Groin
	abscess 84
urethritis 38 vaginitis 38	cancer 45
vulvitis 38	ulcer 144
Gonococcus (see Gonococcic)	Growth (see also Tumor)
Gonorrhœa 38	adenoid 86
Gonorrhœal (see Gonococcic)	fibroid (see Tumor)
Gored 176	fungous
Gout 48	joint 33
bone 48	uterus 129
joint 48	malignant (see Cancer)
rheumatic 48	neoplastic (see Tumor)
saturnine 57	new
Gouty	(nonmalignant) (see Tumor)
degeneration, heart 79	(malignant) (see Cancer)
diathesis 48	throat, specific 100

Gun and Sutton's disease 81 Gum	Hæmatoma—Continued.
cancer 39	abdominal wall 186
disease 99	auricle, traumatic 186
gangrene 142	Dack 186
hæmorrhage 99	brain 152
inflammation 99	breast 186
mercurial (occupational) 58	broad ligament 132
phosphoric 58	chest wall 186
scurvy 49	dura mater 64 ear 76
suppuration 99	extremity 186
syphilis 37	face 186
tuberculosis 34	lingual 99
tumor 99	meninges 64
ulceration 99	nasal septum 86
wound 186	neck 186
Gumma 37	ovary 131
brain 37	penis 186
syphilitic 37	perinæum 186
Gummatous liver 37	pinna 186
Gunshot	pudendal 186
homicide 182	scalp 186
wound 170	scrotum 186
(homicide) 182 (suicide) 159	spermatic cord
(Buicide) 108	(nontraumatic) 127
${f H}$	(traumatic) 186
Habit	uterine ligament 132
cocaine 59	vulva 132
morphine 59	puerperium 136
opium 59	traumatic 186 Hæmatometra 130
Hæmangioma (see Tumor)	Hæmatomyelia 63
Hæmatemesis 103	Hæmatomyelitis 63
Hæmatinuria 122	Hæmatonephrosis 122
paroxysmal 122	Hæmatoporphyrinuria 122
	Hæmatorrhachis 63
Hæmatocele (female) 132 (male) 127	Hæmatosalpinx 132
(male) 127	Hæmaturia 122
cord 127	intermittent 122
ischiorectal 110	malarial 4
ovary 132	paroxysmal 122
pelvic	renal 122
(female) 132 (male) 127	tropical 121
periuterine 132	Hæmendothelioma (see Cancer)
retrouterine 132	Hæmochromatosis 55
scrotum 127	Hæmogastric fever 16 Hæmoglobinæmia 54
spermatic cord 127	Hæmoglobinuria 122
diffuse 127	malarial 4
injury 186	neonatorum 152
testicle 127	paroxysmal 122
tunica vaginalis 127	Hæmoglobinuric fever 19
(traumatic) 186	(nonmalarial) 19
uterine ligament 132	(malaria) 4
Hæmatochyluria 121	Hæmopericardium 77
Hæmatogenous	Hæmophilia 55
icterus	joint 147.
(-1y) 151	neonatorum
(ly+) 115 jaundice	(-3m) 152
(-1y) 151	$ \begin{array}{ccc} (3m+) & 55 \\ \text{Homography of bosons} & 26 \end{array} $
_ (ly+) 115	Hæmopneumothorax 93
Hæmatoma 46	Hæmoptysis 98 tuberculous 28
(nontraumatic) 46	
(traumatic) 186	Hæmorrhage (hæmorrhagic) 85 abdomen 85
• '	

Hæmorrhage—Continued.	Hæmorrhage Continued.
accidental 186	intrauterine 128
puerperal 135	jaundice
adrenal 85	(-ly) 151
after labor 135	(1y+) 115
anæmia 85	
ante partum 134	kidney 122
anus 110	ligature, vessel 85
artery 85	liver 115
basilar 64	lung 98
before birth	lymphatic gland 84
(child) 152	malaria 4
(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)	measles 6
(mother) 134	medulla 64
bladder 124	membrane
bowel 110	brain 64
brain 64	spinal cord 63
miliary 64	meningeal, traumatic 186
breast 85	
	meninges 64
bronchial tube 98	metritis 128
bronchopulmonary 98	mole 134
bulbar 64	navel
catarrhal 90	(-3m) 152
cephalic (birth) 152	(3m+) 85 nephritis 120
cerebellum 64	nephritis 120
cerebral 64	acute 119
injury at birth (child) 152	chronic 120
sudden death, after delivery 139	newborn (-3m) 152
cerebrum 64	nose 85
colitis	orbit 75
(-2y) 104	ovary 132
$\begin{pmatrix} -2y & 104 \\ 2y + \end{pmatrix} = 105$	
	pachymeningitis 64
cranial 64	pancreas 118
cutaneous 55	pancreatitis 118
cyst, pancreas 118	parturition
detachment, placenta 135	(child) 152
diathesis 55	(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)
dura mater 64	(mother) 135
dysentery 14	penis 85
enteritis	pericarditis 77
(-2v) 104	pericardium 77
$\begin{pmatrix} -2y \end{pmatrix} 104 \\ (2y+) 105 \end{pmatrix}$	peritonæum 85
epidural 64	peritonitis 117
eye (traumatic) 186	polymyositis 149
fever 189	pons 64
funis 152	popliteal 85
. •	
gastric 103	postoperative 85
gastritis 103	postpartum 135
gastroenteric 110	pregnancy 134
gastroenteritis	prostate 126
(-2y) 104	puerperal 135
(2y+) 105	puerperium 135
gastrointestinal 110	pulmonary 98
gum 99	rectum 110
heart 79	scalp
icterus	(not injury at birth) 85
$ \begin{array}{c} (-1y) & 151 \\ (1y+) & 115 \end{array} $	(child, injury at birth) 152
(1v±) 115	secondary 85
internal 85	skin 55
intestine 110	smallpox 5
intraabdominal 85	
	spinal
intracranial 64	cord 63
intrapelvic	membrane 63
(female) 132	spleen 116
(male) 85	spontaneous 85
intraperitoneal 110	stomach 103

Hæmorrhage—Continued.	Heart—Continued.
subcutaneous 85	angina 80
subdural 64	apoplexy 79
suprarenal gland 85 throat 85	ascites 79 asthenia 189
thymus gland 84	asthma 79
thyreoid gland 88	asystole 79
traumatic 186	atheroma 79
typhoid fever 1	atrophy 79
ulcerous 85	block 85
umbilical cord (-3m) 152	blood clot 79
umbilicus	brown atrophy 79
$\begin{pmatrix} -3m \\ 2m \end{pmatrix}$ 152	cachexia 79
(3m+) 85 urethra 125	calcification 79
uterus	cavity, disease 79
(nonpuerperal) 128	cirrhosis 79
after parturition 135	clot 79
during parturition 135	collapse 79
ventricular 64	congenital malformation 150
vesical 124	congestion 189
viscera	deformity 150
(-3m) 152	degeneration 79
(3m+) 85 womb	amyloid 79 atheromatous 79
(nonpuerperal or unqualified)	calcareous 79
128	fatty 79
(puerperal) 135	fibrous 79
wound 186	gouty 79
Hæmorrhagic (see Hæmorrhage)	hyaline 79
Hæmorrhoidal tumor 83	muscular 79
Hæmorrhoids 83	pigmentary 79
Hæmothorax 93	dilatation 79
Hallucination 68 Hallux	disease 79 congenital 150
valgus 149	congenital 150 fibroid 79
varus 149	functional 85
Hammer toe 149	granular 79
Hand (see Arm)	mitral 79
Hanging	muscular 79
(legal execution) 186	organic 79
suicide 157	rheumatic 79
Hanot's disease 113	tuberculous 34 valvular 79
Hard chancre 37 Hardening	aortic 79
	congenital 150
artery 81 brain 74	mitral 79
Hare lip 150	premature 150
Haschisch, insanity 59	pulmonary 79
Haut mal 69	rheumatic 79
Hay	tricuspid 79
asthma 98	displacement 79
fever 98 Head (see Arm)	dropsy of 77 effect of strain 79
cancer 44	embolism 82
child, crushing (see Stillbirth)	fatty 82
scalled 145	sudden death, after delivery 139
water in 150	embolus 82
Headache 189	enlargement 79
powder poisoning 165	exhaustion 189
Heart (cardiac) (all chronic diseases) 79	failure 189 infantile
abscess 79	(-1y) 151
adhesion 77	$\begin{pmatrix} -1y \\ 1y + \end{pmatrix}$ 189
albuminuria 79	fatty 79
aneurysm 79	enlarged 79

Heart—Continued.	Heart—Continued.
fibroid 79	valve—Continued.
foreign body 186	regurgitation 79
hæmorrhage 79	retraction 79
hydrothorax 79	rupture 79
hypertrophy 79	stricture 79
imperfect development 150	1
inflammation 79	thickening 79 ulceration 79
suppurative 79	vegetations 79
injury 186	
insufficiency 79	ventricle, malformation 150 water on 77
irregular action 85	weak 189
lesion 79	wound 186
mitral 79	Heartburn 103
organic 79	Heat 179
valvular 79	apoplexy 179
malformation 150	cramps 179
intrauterine 150	
necrosis 79	effect, in engine rooms, laundries etc. 179
neuralgia 80	excessive 179
neurasthenia 79	exhaustion 179
neurosis 79	fever 179
cedema 79	
orifice, dilatation 79	prostration 179
	stroke 179
ossification 79	Hebeotomy 136
palpitation 85	Heberhrenia 68
paralysis 189 parasitic disease 79	Heberden's
paraside disease 75 paresis 189	disease 48
rheumatism 47	nodes 48
	Hebra's prurigo 145 Hectic 189
rupture 79 traumatic 186	l maa
senile 154	condition 189 fever 189
	Helminthiasis 107
softening 79	Hematocele (see Hæmatocele)
spasm 80 steatosis 79	Hematoma (see Hæmatoma)
stenosis 79	1
strain 79	Hematuria (see Hæmaturia)
stricture 79	Hemiatrophy, facial 74 Hemicephalus 150
suture 186	Hemicrania 74
syncope 188	Hemiplegia 66
syphilis 37	apoplectic 64
thrombosis 79	brain 66
fat 82	cerebral 66
sudden death, after delivery 139	congenital 66
thrombus 79	cortical 66
tobacco 59	old 66
tuberculosis 34	Hemoglobinuria (see Hæmoglobinuria)
tumor 79	Hemoptysis (see Hæmoptysis)
ulcerated 78	Hemorrhage (see Hæmorrhage)
valve	Hemorrhoids (see Hæmorrhoids)
aneurysm 79	Hemothorax (see Hæmothorax)
atheroma 79	Henoch's purpura 55
contraction 79	Hepatalgia 115
dilatation, orifice 79	Hepatectomy 115
disease 79	Hepatic (see Liver)
obstructive 79	duct (gall duct)
regurgitant 79	inflammation 115
imperfect 150	injury 186
incompetency 79	Hepatitis
insufficiency 79	(-1y) 151
laceration 79	(1y+) 115
lesion 79	acute
malformation 150	(-1v) 151
orifice, stenosis 79	$egin{pmatrix} (-1 y) & 151 \ (1 y+) & 115 \ {f alcoholic} & 113 \ \end{pmatrix}$
ossification 79	alcoholic 113

Hepatitis—Continued.	Hernia—Continued.
catarrhal	irreducible 109
(-1y) 151	ischiadic 109
(1y+) 115	ischiorectal 109
acute	lumbar 109
(-1y) 151 $(1y+)$ 115	lung 98
(1y+) 115	muscle 149
chronic 113	obturator 109
chronic 113	omental 109
diffuse 115	ovary 132
fibrous	perineal 109
acute 115	pudendal 109
chronic 113	retroperitoneal 109
hypertrophic 115 acute 115	sciatic 109
chronic 113	scrotum 109
interstitial 113	spinal 150
acute 115	spieen 109 stomach 109
chronic 113	strangulated 109
malarial 4	testicle 127
malignant	umbilicus 109
(-1y) 151	uterus 130
\(\bar{1\v\psi\}\) 111	
(ly+) 111 newborn 151	vaginal 109 ventral 109
parenchymatous 111	Hernial (see also Hernia)
acute 111	8a.c
septic 115	adhesion 109
suppurative 115	dropsy 109
diffuse 115	inflammation 109
syphilitic 37	laceration 109
congenital 37	suppuration 109
tuberculous 34	Herniotomy 109
Hepatization, lung 92	Herpes 145
acute 92	zoster 145
chronic 98	Herpetic angina 100
Hepatocystitis 115	Heteromorphic tumor (see Cancer)
Hepatoptosis 115 Hereditary	Hiccough 74 High place, suicide, jumping 161
ataxia 63	High place, suicide, jumping 161 Highmore, antrum
chorea 74	abscess 146
lues 37	cancer 45
sepsis (-3m) 152	foreign body 146
spastic paraplegia 63	Hip (hip joint)
syphilis 37	abscess 33
Hernia (hernial) 109	cancer 45
bladder 124	disease 33
brain 74	suppurative 33
congenital 150	tuberculous 33
cholera 109	dislocation 185
colic 109	epiphysitis 147
congenital 109	necrosis 147
brain 150	tuberculosis 33
diaphragmatic 109	tumor 46
epigastric 109 external 109	Hip joint (see Hip) Hives 189
Falloppian tube 132	bold 189
femoral 109	Hobnail liver 113
gangrene 109	Hodgkin's disease 53
gangrenous 109	Hodgson's disease 81
incarcerated 109	Hold, fall into (ship, etc.) 172
inguinal 109	Homicide (homicidal)
inguinal 109 internal 109	(unqualified) 184
interstitial 109	cut 183
intestine 109	cutting instrument 183
intraabdominal 109	firearms 182
intraparietal 109	gunshot 182

Homicide—Continued.	Hydrocephalus—Continued.
piercing instrument 183	brain 150
poisoning 184	chronic 150
wound 184_	congenital 150
Homicidal (see Homicide)	internal 74
Hookworm	natal 150
anæmia 106	spurious
disease 106	(-2y) 104
Horse	(2y+) 105
accident	tuberculous 30
(due to viciousness) 176	Hydromeningitis 61
(fall from) 172	Hydrometra 130
kick 176	Hydromyelia 150
Hospital gangrene 20	Hydromyelocele 150
Hot weather 179 Hourglass stomach 103	Hydronephrosis 122 Hydropericarditis 77
Housemaids' knee 149	Hydropericarditis 77 Hydropericardium 77
Huguier's disease 129	Hydroperitonæum 187
Human being, bite 184	Hydrophobia 23
Humerus (see Bone)	Hydropneumopericarditis 77
Humor, cancerous 45	Hydropneumopericardium 77
Hunger 177	Hydropneumothorax 93
Huntington's	tuberculous 28
chorea 74	Hydrops 187
disease 74	amnii 134
Hyaline degeneration	neonatorum 151
adrenal 52	universal 187
artery 81	Hydrorrhachis 150
heart 79	Hydrorrhœa
lymphatic gland 84	gravidarum 134
muscle 63	pregnancy 134
myocardium 79	Hydrosalpinx 132
Hydatid 112	Hydrothorax 93
brain 74	cardiac 79
cyst 112	chylous 93
breast 133	double 93
kidney 122 liver 112	Hygroma 149
lung 98	cystic (see Tumor) Hyoid bone
spleen 116	dislocation 185
disease 112	fracture 185
liver 112	Hyperæmia 189
lung 98	brain 64
mole 42	cerebral 64
tumor 112	intestine
liver 112	$ \begin{array}{c c} (-2y) & 104 \\ (2y+) & 105 \end{array} $
lung 98	(2y+) 105
Hydatidiform mole 42	Kidney 122
Hydræmia 54	liver 115
Hydramnios 134	lung 94
Hydrargyrism	pulmonary 94
(not occupational) 59	renal 122
(occupational) 58	stomach 103
Hydrarthrosis 147	Hyperchlorhydria 103 Hyperchylia gastrica 103
Hydrencephalocele 150 Hydrocele 127	
chylous 127	Hyperemesis 103 gravidarum 134
encysted 127	gravidarum 134 pregnancy 134
infantile 127	Hypernephroma (see Cancer)
round ligament 132	Hyperplasia
spermatic cord 127	cervical gland 84
tunica vaginalis 127	uterus 130
vulva 132	Hyperpyrexia 189
Hydrocephalus 150	rheumatic 47
acquired 74	Hyperthermia 179
acute 74	Hyperthyreoidism 88
	·

·	
Hypertrophic (see Hypertrophy)	Hysteria (hysterical) 73
Hypertrophy (hypertrophic) 189	anorexia 73
artery 81	asthenia 73
bladder 124	chlorosis 54
bone 146	colic 73
brain 74	contractures 73
breast	convulsions 73
(nonpuerperal) 133	mania 73
(puerperal) 141	psychosis 73
cardiac 79	spasm 73
cervix uteri 130	spasmodic 73
cirrhosis 113	
liver 113	Hysterical (see Hysteria)
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Hysteroepilepsy 69
emphysema 97	Hysteromyoma 129
gall	Hysteromyomectomy 129
bladder 115	Hysterotomy 130
duct 115	I. ∓
gland 84	i I
heart 79	Tabahasain 145
hepatic 115	Ichthyosis 145
hepatitis 115	congenital 145
acute 115	Ichthyotoxicon poisoning 164
chronic 113	Icterus
infantile 63	(-1y) 151
interstitial nephritis 120	(1y+) 115
intestine 110	catarrhal
kidney 122	(-1y) 151
liver 115	(1y+) 115
lymphatic gland 84	congenital
mammary gland	(-1y) 151
(nonpuerperal) 133	(1y+) 115
· (puerperal) 141	gravis 111
muscle 149	hæmatogenous
myocardium 79	(-1y) 151
neck, uterus 130	(1y+) 115
nose 86	hæmorrhagic
osteoarthropathy 36	(-1y) 151
pulmonary 36	(1y+) 115
pharyngeal tonsil 86	malignant
pneumonia 98	(-1y) 151
prostate 126	(ly+) 111
rhinitis 86	neonatorum 151
spleen 116	newborn 151
stenosis, pylorus 103	obstructive
stomach 103	(-1y) 151
thymus 84	(1y+) 115
tonsil 100	pernicious 111
uterus 130	Idiocy 74
Hypochlorhydria 103	Ileocolitis
Hypochondria (hypochondriacal) 68	
melancholia 68	$ \begin{array}{ccc} (-2y) & 104 \\ (2y+) & 105 \end{array} $
Hypochondriasis 68	catarrhal
Hypospadias 150	(-2y) 104
Hypostatic	(2y+) 105
bronchitis 90	follicular
congestion 94	(-2y) 104
lung 94	(2y+) 105
_ pneumonia 94	membranous
Hypothyreoidism 88	(-2y) 104
Hysteralgia 134	(2y+) 105
pregnant uterus 134	tuberculous 31
Hysterectomy 130	ulcerative
abdominal 130	(-2y) 104
gunravaginal 130	
vaginal 130	(2y+) 105 Ileotyphus 1
AURTHET TOO	1 monthum m

T1 1 . C 1	
Ileovesical fistula 125	Imperfect—Continued.
Ileum	heart 150
cancer 41	inflation, lung
ulceration	/ 2> 150
	(-3m) 152
(-2y) 104	(3m+) 98
(2y+) 105	intestinal canal 150
Ileus 109	valvular action
Iliac	
	(adult) 79
f0888.	(infant) 150
abscess 108	Imperforate
phlegmon 108	anus 150
phlegmon 108	
region, cancer 45	pharynx 150
thrombosis 82	rectum 150
\mathbf{m}	urethra 150
defined disease 189	Impervious bile duct 150
treatment	Impetigo 145
(child) 186	contagiosa 145
(newborn) 153	Impoverished blood 54
Ill-development 151	Improper food
Illuminating gas (see Gas)	(—1y) 151
Imbecile paralysis 67	(1y+) 189
Imbecility 74	Impulsive insanity 68
concenited 74	
congenital 74	
infantile 74	Inanition
old age 154	(from disease, $-1y$) 151
senile 154	(from disease, 1y-69y) 189
Immature birth	from discase, 70vr. \ 154
	(from disease, 70y+) 154
(child, -1y) 151	(from deprivation) 177
(child, 1y+) 189	specific 37
(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)	Incarcerated hernia 109
	Incendiarism 184
(mother) 134	
Immaturity	Incised wound (any part of body)
$ \begin{array}{ccc} \text{(child, } -1\text{y}) & 151\\ \text{(child, } 1\text{y} +) & 189 \end{array} $	(accident or unqualified) 171 (homicide) 183
(child. 1v+) 189	(homicide) 183
child stillhown\ (eas Stillhigth)	(minida) 160
(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)	(suicide) 160
(mother) 134	Incompetency
Impacted (see Impaction)	aortic 79
Impaction (impacted)	valve 79
bowel 110	mitral 79
calculus	valve 79
kidney 123	tricuspid 79
liver 114	valve 79
ureter 123	valve, heart 79
urethra 123	Incomplete gestation
colon 110	(child, not stillborn) 151
fæcal 110	(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)
fæces 110	Incontinence
fracture 185	urine 124
gall	Indigestion 103
bladder 114	bilious 103
	catarrhal 103
stone 114 intestine 110	
intestine 110	gastric 103
rectum 110	gastrointestinal
renal calculus 123	(-2y) 104
Impaludism 4	
Imperfect	intestinal
circulation	(-2y) 104
(-1y) 151	(2y+) 105
_ =\ \ \ = 0.0	normal 102
(1y+) 189	nervous 103
closure, foramen ovale 150	Induction
development 150	abortion 134
heart 150	premature labor 134
250020 200	, promount and an

Indurated chancre 37	Infancy—Continued.
	fever 189
Induration	2
black, lung 98	heart failure
brain 74	(-1y) 151
brown, lung 98	(1y+) 189 hydrocele 127
fibroid, lung 98	hydrocele 197
	handard 127
fibrous, breast	hypertrophy 63
(nonpuerperal) 133	imbecility 74
(puerperal) 141	inertia
iron gray, lung 98	(-1y) 151
line 119	
liver 113	(1y+) 189
acute 115	inguinal hernia 109
chronic 113	meningitis 61
lung 98	nephritis 119
stomach 103	paralysis 63
Inebriety 56	acute 63
Inertia	atrophic, acute 63
bladder 124	cerebral 74
infantile	essential 63
(-1y) 151 $(1y+)$ 189	progressive, acute 63
(1v+) 189	paresis 63
stomach 103	pemphigus 145
uterus 136	phthisis 28
vesical 124	pneumonia 91
Infancy (infantile)	pseudoleuchæmia 53
(-1y) 151	scurvy 49
(1y+) 189	spasm (-5y) 71
asphyxia, during parturition (still-	spastic paralysis 74
born) (see Stillbirth)	spinal paralysis 63
aethma 96	tabes
athrepsia	(-1y) 151
$\begin{pmatrix} -2y \end{pmatrix} 104 \\ (2y+) 105 \end{pmatrix}$	(1y+) 189
(2y+) 105	tracheitis 89
atrophy	tuberculosis 28
	Infant (see Infancy)
(1y+) 189	newborn
cerebral	conjunctivitis 38
diplegia 74	nurulent ophthalmia 38
diplegia 74	purulent ophthalmia 38
paralysis 74	Infanticide 184
paralysis 74 colic	Infanticide 184 Infantile (see Infancy)
paralysis 74 colic $(-2v)$ 104	Infanticide 184
paralysis 74 colic $(-2v)$ 104	Infanticide 184 Infantile (<i>see</i> Infancy) Infantilism 55
paralysis 74 colic $(-2y)$ 104 $(2y+)$ 105	Infanticide 184 Infantile (see Infancy) Infantilism 55 Infarct (see Infarction)
paralysis 74 colic (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 conjunctivitis 38	Infanticide 184 Infantile (see Infancy) Infantilism 55 Infarct (see Infarction) Infarction (infarct)
paralysis 74 colic (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 conjunctivitis 38 convulsions (-5y) 71	Infanticide 184 Infantile (see Infancy) Infantilism 55 Infarct (see Infarction) Infarction (infarct) bowel 109
paralysis 74 colic (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 conjunctivitis 38	Infanticide 184 Infantile (see Infancy) Infantilism 55 Infarct (see Infarction) Infarction (infarct) bowel 109 intestine 109
paralysis 74 colic (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 conjunctivitis 38 convulsions (-5y) 71 cortical degeneration (brain) 74	Infanticide 184 Infantile (see Infancy) Infantilism 55 Infarct (see Infarction) Infarction (infarct) bowel 109 intestine 109
paralysis 74 colic (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 conjunctivitis 38 convulsions (-5y) 71 cortical degeneration (brain) 74 debility	Infanticide 184 Infantile (see Infancy) Infantilism 55 Infarct (see Infarction) Infarction (infarct) bowel 109 intestine 109 kidney 122
paralysis 74 colic $(-2y)$ 104 $(2y+)$ 105 conjunctivitis 38 convulsions $(-5y)$ 71 cortical degeneration (brain) 74 debility $(-1y)$ 151	Infanticide 184 Infantile (see Infancy) Infantilism 55 Infarct (see Infarction) Infarction (infarct) bowel 109 intestine 109 kidney 122 lung 94
paralysis 74 colic $(-2y)$ 104 $(2y+)$ 105 conjunctivitis 38 convulsions $(-5y)$ 71 cortical degeneration (brain) 74 debility $(-1y)$ 151 $(1y+)$ 189	Infanticide 184 Infantile (see Infancy) Infantilism 55 Infarct (see Infarction) Infarction (infarct) bowel 109 intestine 109 kidney 122 lung 94 pulmonary 94
paralysis 74 colic $(-2y)$ 104 $(2y+)$ 105 conjunctivitis 38 convulsions $(-5y)$ 71 cortical degeneration (brain) 74 debility $(-1y)$ 151 $(1y+)$ 189 derangement	Infanticide 184 Infantile (see Infancy) Infantilism 55 Infarct (see Infarction) Infarction (infarct) bowel 109 intestine 109 kidney 122 lung 94 pulmonary 94 spleen 116
paralysis 74 colic $(-2y)$ 104 $(2y+)$ 105 conjunctivitis 38 convulsions $(-5y)$ 71 cortical degeneration (brain) 74 debility $(-1y)$ 151 $(1y+)$ 189	Infanticide 184 Infantile (see Infancy) Infantilism 55 Infarct (see Infarction) Infarction (infarct) bowel 109 intestine 109 kidney 122 lung 94 pulmonary 94
paralysis 74 colic $(-2y)$ 104 $(2y+)$ 105 conjunctivitis 38 convulsions $(-5y)$ 71 cortical degeneration (brain) 74 debility $(-1y)$ 151 $(1y+)$ 189 derangement $(-3m)$ 152	Infanticide 184 Infantile (see Infancy) Infantilism 55 Infarct (see Infarction) Infarction (infarct) bowel 109 intestine 109 kidney 122 lung 94 pulmonary 94 spleen 116 uric acid
paralysis 74 colic $(-2y)$ 104 $(2y+)$ 105 conjunctivitis 38 convulsions $(-5y)$ 71 cortical degeneration (brain) 74 debility $(-1y)$ 151 $(1y+)$ 189 derangement $(-3m)$ 152 $(3m+)$ 189	Infanticide 184 Infantile (see Infancy) Infantilism 55 Infarct (see Infarction) Infarction (infarct) bowel 109 intestine 109 kidney 122 lung 94 pulmonary 94 spleen 116 uric acid (-1y) 151
paralysis 74 colic $(-2y)$ 104 $(2y+)$ 105 conjunctivitis 38 convulsions $(-5y)$ 71 cortical degeneration (brain) 74 debility $(-1y)$ 151 $(1y+)$ 189 derangement $(-3m)$ 152 $(3m+)$ 189 diarrhoea	Infanticide 184 Infantile (see Infancy) Infantilism 55 Infarct (see Infarction) Infarction (infarct) bowel 109 intestine 109 kidney 122 lung 94 pulmonary 94 spleen 116 uric acid (-1y) 151 (1y+) 122
paralysis 74 colic (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 conjunctivitis 38 convulsions (-5y) 71 cortical degeneration (brain) 74 debility (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 derangement (-3m) 152 (3m+) 189 diarrhea (-2y) 104	Infanticide 184 Infantile (see Infancy) Infantilism 55 Infarct (see Infarction) Infarction (infarct) bowel 109 intestine 109 kidney 122 lung 94 pulmonary 94 spleen 116 uric acid (-1y) 151 (1y+) 122 Infected (see Infection)
paralysis 74 colic $(-2y)$ 104 $(2y+)$ 105 conjunctivitis 38 convulsions $(-5y)$ 71 cortical degeneration (brain) 74 debility $(-1y)$ 151 $(1y+)$ 189 derangement $(-3m)$ 152 $(3m+)$ 189 diarrhoea	Infanticide 184 Infantile (see Infancy) Infantilism 55 Infarct (see Infarction) Infarction (infarct) bowel 109 intestine 109 kidney 122 lung 94 pulmonary 94 spleen 116 uric acid (-1y) 151 (1y+) 122
paralysis 74 colic (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 conjunctivitis 38 convulsions (-5y) 71 cortical degeneration (brain) 74 debility (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 derangement (-3m) 152 (3m+) 189 diarrhœa (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 disease	Infanticide 184 Infantile (see Infancy) Infantilism 55 Infarct (see Infarction) Infarction (infarct) bowel 109 intestine 109 kidney 122 lung 94 pulmonary 94 spleen 116 uric acid (-1y) 151 (1y+) 122 Infected (see Infection) Infecting chancre 37
paralysis 74 colic (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 conjunctivitis 38 convulsions (-5y) 71 cortical degeneration (brain) 74 debility (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 derangement (-3m) 152 (3m+) 189 diarrhœa (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 disease	Infanticide 184 Infantile (see Infancy) Infantilism 55 Infarct (see Infarction) Infarction (infarct) bowel 109 intestine 109 kidney 122 lung 94 pulmonary 94 spleen 116 uric acid (-1y) 151 (1y+) 122 Infected (see Infection) Infecting chancre 37 Infection (infected) 189
paralysis 74 colic (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 conjunctivitis 38 convulsions (-5y) 71 cortical degeneration (brain) 74 debility (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 derangement (-3m) 152 (3m+) 189 diarrhœa (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 disease	Infanticide 184 Infantile (see Infancy) Infantilism 55 Infarct (see Infarction) Infarction (infarct) bowel 109 intestine 109 kidney 122 lung 94 pulmonary 94 spleen 116 uric acid (-1y) 151 (1y+) 122 Infected (see Infection) Infecting chancre 37 Infection (infected) 189 aerogenes capsulatus 20
paralysis 74 colic (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 conjunctivitis 38 convulsions (-5y) 71 cortical degeneration (brain) 74 debility (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 derangement (-3m) 152 (3m+) 189 diarrheea (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 disease (-3m) 152 (3m+) 189	Infanticide 184 Infantile (see Infancy) Infantilism 55 Infarct (see Infarction) Infarction (infarct) bowel 109 intestine 109 kidney 122 lung 94 pulmonary 94 spleen 116 uric acid (-1y) 151 (1y+) 122 Infected (see Infection) Infecting chancre 37 Infection (infected) 189 aerogenes capsulatus axillary gland 189
paralysis 74 colic (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 conjunctivitis 38 convulsions (-5y) 71 cortical degeneration (brain) 74 debility (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 derangement (-3m) 152 (3m+) 189 diarrhea (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 disease (-3m) 152 (3m+) 189 brain 74	Infanticide 184 Infantile (see Infancy) Infantilism 55 Infarct (see Infarction) Infarction (infarct) bowel 109 intestine 109 kidney 122 lung 94 pulmonary 94 spleen 116 uric acid (-1y) 151 (1y+) 122 Infected (see Infection) Infecting chancre 37 Infection (infected) 189 aerogenes capsulatus axillary gland 189 bladder 124
paralysis 74 colic (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 conjunctivitis 38 convulsions (-5y) 71 cortical degeneration (brain) 74 debility (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 derangement (-3m) 152 (3m+) 189 diarrhœa (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 disease (-3m) 152 (3m+) 189 brain 74 dropsy	Infanticide 184 Infantile (see Infancy) Infantilism 55 Infarct (see Infarction) Infarction (infarct) bowel 109 intestine 109 kidney 122 lung 94 pulmonary 94 spleen 116 uric acid (-1y) 151 (1y+) 122 Infected (see Infection) Infecting chancre 37 Infection (infected) 189 aerogenes capsulatus axillary gland 189
paralysis 74 colic (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 conjunctivitis 38 convulsions (-5y) 71 cortical degeneration (brain) 74 debility (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 derangement (-3m) 152 (3m+) 189 diarrhœa (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 disease (-3m) 152 (3m+) 189 brain 74 dropsy	Infanticide 184 Infantile (see Infancy) Infantilism 55 Infarct (see Infarction) Infarction (infarct) bowel 109 intestine 109 kidney 122 lung 94 pulmonary 94 spleen 116 uric acid (-1y) 151 (1y+) 122 Infected (see Infection) Infecting chancre 37 Infection (infected) 189 aerogenes capsulatus axillary gland 189 bladder 124 brain 61
paralysis 74 colic (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 conjunctivitis 38 convulsions (-5y) 71 cortical degeneration (brain) 74 debility (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 derangement (-3m) 152 (3m+) 189 diarrhœa (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 disease (-3m) 152 (3m+) 189 brain 74 dropsy	Infanticide 184 Infantile (see Infancy) Infantilism 55 Infarct (see Infarction) Infarction (infarct) bowel 109 intestine 109 kidney 122 lung 94 pulmonary 94 spleen 116 uric acid (-1y) 151 (1y+) 122 Infected (see Infection) Infecting chancre 37 Infection (infected) 189 aerogenes capsulatus axillary gland 189 bladder 124 brain 61 congenital 55
paralysis 74 colic (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 conjunctivitis 38 convulsions (-5y) 71 cortical degeneration (brain) 74 debility (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 derangement (-3m) 152 (3m+) 189 diarrhea (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 disease (-3m) 152 (3m+) 189 brain 74 dropsy (-1y) 151 (1y+) 187	Infanticide 184 Infantile (see Infancy) Infantilism 55 Infarct (see Infarction) Infarction (infarct) bowel 109 intestine 109 kidney 122 lung 94 pulmonary 94 spleen 116 uric acid (-1y) 151 (1y+) 122 Infected (see Infection) Infecting chancre 37 Infection (infected) 189 aerogenes capeulatus axillary gland 189 bladder 124 brain 61 congenital 55 enteric
paralysis 74 colic (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 conjunctivitis 38 convulsions (-5y) 71 cortical degeneration (brain) 74 debility (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 derangement (-3m) 152 (3m+) 189 diarrheea (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 disease (-3m) 152 (3m+) 189 brain 74 dropey (-1y) 151 (1y+) 187 eczema 145	Infanticide 184 Infantile (see Infancy) Infantilism 55 Infarct (see Infarction) Infarction (infarct) bowel 109 intestine 109 kidney 122 lung 94 pulmonary 94 spleen 116 uric acid (-1y) 151 (1y+) 122 Infected (see Infection) Infecting chancre 37 Infection (infected) 189 aerogenes capsulatus axillary gland 189 bladder 124 brain 61 congenital 55 enteric (-2y) 104
paralysis 74 colic (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 conjunctivitis 38 convulsions (-5y) 71 cortical degeneration (brain) 74 debility (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 derangement (-3m) 152 (3m+) 189 diarrhea (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 disease (-3m) 152 (3m+) 189 brain 74 dropsy (-1y) 151 (1y+) 187	Infanticide 184 Infantile (see Infancy) Infantilism 55 Infarct (see Infarction) Infarction (infarct) bowel 109 intestine 109 kidney 122 lung 94 pulmonary 94 spleen 116 uric acid (-1y) 151 (1y+) 122 Infected (see Infection) Infecting chancre 37 Infection (infected) 189 aerogenes capeulatus axillary gland 189 bladder 124 brain 61 congenital 55 enteric
paralysis 74 colic (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 conjunctivitis 38 convulsions (-5y) 71 cortical degeneration (brain) 74 debility (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 derangement (-3m) 152 (3m+) 189 diarrhea (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 disease (-3m) 152 (3m+) 189 brain 74 dropsy (-1y) 151 (1y+) 187 eczema 145 enteritis	Infanticide 184 Infantile (see Infancy) Infantilism 55 Infarct (see Infarction) Infarction (infarct) bowel 109 intestine 109 kidney 122 lung 94 pulmonary 94 spleen 116 uric acid (-1y) 151 (1y+) 122 Infected (see Infection) Infecting chancre 37 Infection (infected) 189 aerogenes capsulatus axillary gland 189 bladder 124 brain 61 congenital 55 enteric (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105
paralysis 74 colic (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 conjunctivitis 38 convulsions (-5y) 71 cortical degeneration (brain) 74 debility (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 derangement (-3m) 152 (3m+) 189 diarrhœa (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 disease (-3m) 152 (3m+) 189 brain 74 dropsy (-1y) 151 (1y+) 187 eczema 145 enteritis (-2y) 104	Infanticide 184 Infantile (see Infancy) Infantilism 55 Infarct (see Infarction) Infarction (infarct) bowel 109 intestine 109 kidney 122 lung 94 pulmonary 94 spleen 116 uric acid (-1y) 151 (1y+) 122 Infected (see Infection) Infecting chancre 37 Infection (infected) 189 aerogenes capsulatus axillary gland 189 bladder 124 brain 61 congenital 55 enteric (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 gastroenteric
paralysis 74 colic (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 conjunctivitis 38 convulsions (-5y) 71 cortical degeneration (brain) 74 debility (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 derangement (-3m) 152 (3m+) 189 diarrhea (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 disease (-3m) 152 (3m+) 189 brain 74 dropsy (-1y) 151 (1y+) 187 eczema 145 enteritis (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105	Infanticide 184 Infantile (see Infancy) Infantilism 55 Infarct (see Infarction) Infarction (infarct) bowel 109 intestine 109 kidney 122 lung 94 pulmonary 94 spleen 116 uric acid (-1y) 151 (1y+) 122 Infected (see Infection) Infecting chancre 37 Infection (infected) 189 aerogenes capeulatus axillary gland 189 bladder 124 brain 61 congenital 55 enteric (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 gastroenteric (-2y) 104
paralysis 74 colic (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 conjunctivitis 38 convulsions (-5y) 71 cortical degeneration (brain) 74 debility (-1y) 151 (1y+) 189 derangement (-3m) 152 (3m+) 189 diarrhœa (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 disease (-3m) 152 (3m+) 189 brain 74 dropsy (-1y) 151 (1y+) 187 eczema 145 enteritis (-2y) 104	Infanticide 184 Infantile (see Infancy) Infantilism 55 Infarct (see Infarction) Infarction (infarct) bowel 109 intestine 109 kidney 122 lung 94 pulmonary 94 spleen 116 uric acid (-1y) 151 (1y+) 122 Infected (see Infection) Infecting chancre 37 Infection (infected) 189 aerogenes capsulatus axillary gland 189 bladder 124 brain 61 congenital 55 enteric (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 gastroenteric

Infection—Continued.	Infectious—Continued.
gastrointestinal	endocarditis 78
(-2y) 104 $(2y+)$ 105	enteritis
$(2y+)_{-}105$	(-2y) 104
general 55	(2y+) 105
gonococcic 38	fever 55
intestinal	gangrene 142
(-2y) 104	acute 142
(2y+) 105	gastroenteritis
intestine	(-2y) 104
(-2y) 104	(2y+) 105
(2y+) 105	jaundice, acute 111
lung 98	laryngitis 87
malarial 4	meningitis 61
milk	myositis 149
(-2y) 104	necrosis 146
(2y+) 105	omphalitis (-3m) 152
subacute	osteomyelitis 146
(-2y) 104	paralysis 63
(2y+) 105	periarteritis 81
$ \begin{array}{ccc} \text{navel} & (-3\text{m}) & 152 \\ \text{martinelland} & 99 \end{array} $	periostitis 146
parotid gland 99	phlebitis 83
peritoneal	pneumonia 92
(nonpuerperal or unqualified)	psychosis 68
117 (numeral) 127	purpura 55
(puerperal) 137	synovitis 147
pneumococcus (unqualified) 92	Infective (see Infectious)
puerperal 137	Inferior
pulmonary 98 purulent 20	maxilla (see Bone)
purulent 20 putrid 20	nuclear paralysis 63 Infiltration
	fatty
pyogenic 20 salivary gland 99	muscle 149
sarcinal	thymus 84
(-2y) 104	lung 94
$\langle 2y + \rangle = 105$	pigmentary, lymphatic gland 8
scalp 189	stercoral 110
septic	pigmentary, lymphatic gland 8 stercoral 110 urinary 125
(nonpuerperal or unqualified)	urine 125
20	Infirmity
(puerperal) 137	(-1y) 151
spleen 116	(1y-69y) 189
staphylococcus 20	(70y+) 154
streptococcus 20	Inflammation (inflammatory) 189
tubal pregnancy 137	abdomen 189
tuberculous 28	accessory sinus 146
general 35	adrenal 52
tuboovarian 132	alimentary canal
umbilicus ($-3m$) 152 septic ($-3m$) 152	(-2v) 104
septic(-3m) 152	(2y+) 105
urinary 125	anus 110
vaccinal 20	appendix 108
vaccination 20	arachnoid 61
vesical 124	areola
wound 20	(nonpuerperal) 133
Infectious (infective)	(puerperal) 141
adenitis 84	bile duct 115
angina 9	bladder 124
cholecystitis 115	bone 146
croup 9	bowel
diarrhœa	(-2y) 104
(-2y) 104	(2y+) 105
(2y+) 105	subacute
disease 189	(-2y) 104 (2y) 105
andowtowitia Q1	/2v \ 105

Inflammation—Continued. brain 60	Inflamma kidne
breast	84
(nonpuerperal or unqualified)	c
133	laryn
(puerperal) 141] (0
bronchi 89	lip 9
bronchitis 89	liver
bursa 149	8.
cæcum 108	lung
capsule liver 115	lung
spleen 116	C
catarrhal 189	c.
fauces 100	
vagina	lymp
(nonpuerperal) 130	g
(puerperal) 137	v
cerebral 60	mamr
membrane 61	<u> </u>
cerebrospinal 61 cervix uteri 130	mem
chest 92	b h
colic	s
(-2v) 104	menii
(2y+) 105	mout
colon	c
$ \begin{array}{ccc} $	muco
(2y+) 105	musc
connective tissue 144 cornea 75	myoc
cranial nerve 74	nasop navel
croup 9	nerve
diarrhœa	nippl
(-2y) 104	(1
(2y+) 105	(1
dura mater 61	nose
ear (any part) 76	œsopl
Falloppian tube 132 fascia 149 fever 189	optic
favor 180	pancr
follicular, pharynx 100	pelvi
gall	1 (1
bladder 115	(1
duct 115	penis
gastrohepatic 103	perica
gastrointestinal	perito
(-2y) 104 (2y+) 105	periu
(2y+) 105 gland 84	perive
granular, pharynx 100	phosp
gum 99	a
mercurial (occupational) 58	g
heart 79	pia m
hepatic duct 115	pleur
hernial sac 109	porta
intestine	prosta
(-2y) 104 $(2y+)$ 105	rectu
subacute	rheur
(-2y) 104	Incui
(2v+) 105	c
jaw 146	saliva
ioint 147	scorb

```
tion-Continued.
      y 120
      cute 119
      hronic 120
      x 87
      diphtheritic) 9
      99
       115
      cute 115
      hronic 113
       92
      cute 92
atarrhal 91
      hronic 98
         interstitial 98
      hatic
      land 84
essel 84
      mary gland
      nonpuerperal) 133
puerperal) 141
      brane
      rain 61
      pinal cord 61
      nges 61
      h 99
      atarrhal 99
      us membrane 189
      le 149
      ardium 78
      harynx 86
(-3m) 152
74
      nonpuerperal) 133
      puerperal) 141
      hagus 101
nerve 75
        132
      eas 118
      female) 130
male) 189
        127
      ardium 77
onseum 117
terine 130
esical 124
      nx 100
      lveoli, teeth 58
      um 58
nater 61
a 93
      l vein 83
      ate 126
m 110
      natic, kidney 120
      natism 47
      cute 47
      hronic 48
salivary gland 99
scorbutic, alveoli, teeth 49
```

Inflammation—Continued.	Influenza—Continued.
scrotum 127	gastric 10
septic	
	Influenzal pneumonia 10
ear 76	Infusion, vein 83
membrane, brain 61	Ingravescent hemiplegia 66
sheath, tendon 149	Ingrown nail 145
softening, brain 65	Inguinal
spermatic cord 127	abscess 144
spinal	adenitis 84
cord 63	bubo 38
membrane 61	epithelioma 44
spine 32	gland, cancer 45
spleen 116	hernia 109
stomach 103	(bubonocele) 109
catarrhal 103	congenital 109
subcutaneous tissue 144	direct 109
suppurative	double 109
	external 109
heart 79	
liver 115	funicular 109
membrane, brain 61	infantile 109
nose 86	internal 109
suprarenal 52	oblique 109
syphilitic 37	strangulated 109
tendon 149	lymphadenitis 84
	region
testicle 127	
throat 100	adenitis 84
(diphtheritic) 9	cancer 45
	Inhalation
thymus 84	gas 168 .
thyreoid gland 88	
tongue 99	(suicide) 156
tonsil 100	noxious gas 168
	(suicide) 156
trachea 89	pneumonia 91
traumatic, brain 60	
tubal 132	smoke 168
	(burning building) 166
kidney 120	Inherited (see Congenital)
acute 119	
chronic 120	Injection, bronchocele 88
tuberculous 28	Injuries, extreme multiple 186
	Injury (any part of body) 186
acute 29	Injury (any part of body) 186 animal 176
chronic 28	
knee 33	bicycle 175
	birth 152
membrane, brain 30	delivery
spine 32	(child) 152
tunica vaginalis 127	(child) 102
tympanum 76	(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)
	(mother) 136
umbilical cord (-3m) 152	diving 172
umbilicus (—3m) 152	electric shock 181
uterine ligament 132	fall 172
uterus	1
	falling body 186
(nonpuerperal or unqualified)	getting off
130	car 175
(puerperal) 137	l
catarrhal 130	engine 175
•	lung 186
vagina	lymphatic vessel 186
(nonpuerperal or unqualified)	machinery 174
132	min 179
(puerperal) 137	mine 173
	mining machinery 173
vein 83	mother, causing premature birth
vulva 132	(child) 151
Inflammatory (see Inflammation)	
Indetion lung important	quarry 173
Inflation, lung, imperfect	railroad
(-3m) 152	(steam) 175
(-3m) 152 $(3m+)$ 98	(street) 175
Induongo 10	
Influenza 10	vehicle 175
bronchial 10	wagon 175
catambal 10	in mine 179

Inquest pending 189	Insufficiency—Continued.
Insane	valvular 79
general paralysis 67	Insufficient nourishment (food) 177
paralysis 67 Insanity 68	Insular pneumonia 91
alcoholic 56	sclerosis 63
alternating 68	Intemperance 56
choreic 72	Intercostal
circular 68	fistula 93
climacteric 68	myalgia 149
confusional 68	nerve, neuralgia 73
delusional 68	neuralgia 73
diabetic 50	rheumatism 47
epileptic 69	Interlobular emphysema 97
Graves's disease 51	Intermittent
haschisch 59 impulsive 68	fever 4 bilious 4
lead 57	pernicious 4
mercurial (occupational) 58	hæmaturia 122
moral 68	pneumonia 92
myxœdema 88	typhoid fever 1
obsessive 68	Internal
pellagra 26	abscess 144
postfebrile 68	convulsions
puerperal 140	(-5y) 71
senile 154	(5y+) 70
_ toxic 68	ear (see Ear)
Insect	goitre 88
bite 165	hæmorrhage 85
sting 165	hernia 109
Insolation 179	inguinal 109
Insomnia 189	strangulated 109
Inspiration foreign material 186	hydrocephalus 74 injury 186
pneumonia 91	pachymeningitis 61
vaginal mucus 152	piles 83
Instrument, cutting or piercing	strangulation 109
accident 171	stricture, malignant 41
assassination 183	urethrotomy 125
homicide 183	Interstitial
suicide 160	cirrhosis 113
traumatism 171	liver 113
wound 171	hepatitis 113
Instrumental delivery	acute 115
(child) 152	chronic 113
(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth) (mother) 136	hernia 109 myocarditis 79
(mother) 136 Insufficiency aortic 79	acute 78
antic 79	chronic 79
valve 79	nephritis 120
cardiac 79	acute 119
congenital	chronic 120
(—ly) 151	diffuse 120
(ly+) 189	hypertrophic 120
heart 79	pancreatitis 118
mental 68	pneumonia 98
mitral 79	acute 92
valve 79	chronic 98
myocardial 79	pregnancy 134 splenitis 116
pulmonary	
(-1y) 151	tuberculosis 28
(1y+) 79 renal 122	Intertrigo 145
	Interurban railway accident 175 Intestinal (see also Intestine)
tricuspid 79 • valve 79	
valve /9	gland, cancer 41

Intestine (intestinal)	Intestine—Continued.
abscess 110	indigestion
actinomycosis 25	(-2y) 104
adenitis 110	(2v+) 105
adhesion 110	(2y+) 105 infarction 109
anastomosis 110	infection
anthrax 22	(-2y) 104
atony 110	(2y+) 105
atrophy 110	inflammation
autointoxication	l
	(-2y) 104 (2y+) 105
(2y+) 110 calculus 110	subacute
	(-2y) 104
canal, imperfect 150	(2y+) 105
cancer 41	injury 186
catarrh	intoxication
(-2y) 104 (2y+) 105	(-2y) 104
(2y+) 105	(2y+) 105
colic	intumusception 109
(-2y) 104	invagination 109
(2y+) 105	irritation
compression (nontraumatic) 110	(-2y) 104
concretion 110	(2y+) 105
congenital malformation 150	laceration 110
congestion	lesion, organic 110
(-2y) 104	malformation 150
(2y+) 105	marasmus
constriction 109	(-2y) 104
consumption 31	(2y+) 105
contraction 109	mortification 110
convulsions	neuralgia 110
(-2y) 104	neurosis 110
$\begin{pmatrix} -2y & 104 \\ (2y+) & 106 \end{pmatrix}$	obstruction 109
	congenital 150
cramp	
$\begin{pmatrix} -2y \\ 2y \end{pmatrix} = 104$	occlusion 109
(2y+) 105	paralysis 110
degeneration 110	parasitic disease 107
lardaceous 110	paresis 110
dilatation 110	perforation 110
disease 110	ulcerative
lardaceous 110	(-2y) 104
organic 110	(2y+) 105
parasitic 107	resection 110
diverticulum (acquired) 110	rhachitis
dropsy 187	(-2y) 104
dyspepsia	(2y+) 105
(-2y) 104	rupture 109
(2y+) 105	spasm
embolism 82	(-2y) 104
erosion	(2y+) 105
(-2y) 104	stenosis 109
(2y+) 105	congenital 150
fermentation	stoppage 109
(-2y) 104	strangulation 109
(2y+) 105	stricture 109
fistula 110	suppuration 110
foreign body 110	suture 110
gall stone 114	syphilis 37
gangrene 110	telescoped 109
hæmorrhage 110	thrombosis 82
hernia 109	toxæmia
hyperæmia	(-2y) 104
(-2y) 104	(2y+) 105
(2y+) 105	toxinfection
hypertrophy 110	(-2y) 104
impaction 110	$\begin{pmatrix} -2y & 104 \\ 2y + \end{pmatrix} = 105$
impaction iii	(23 T) 100

Intestine—Continued.	intraspinal—Continued.
tuberculosis 31	injury 186
tumor 110	injury 186 tumor 63
twist 109	Intrathoracic aneurysm 81
tympanites 110	Intrauterine
ulcer	hæmorrhage 128
	malformation
$\begin{pmatrix} -2y & 104 \\ (2y+) & 105 \end{pmatrix}$	
(2y+) .100	heart 150
perforating	septum 150
(-2y) 104	Intubation, larynx 87
(2y+) 105	Intussusception 109
tuberculous 31	bowel 109
ulceration	intestine 109
	viscera 109
$ \begin{pmatrix} -2y & 104 \\ (2y+) & 105 \end{pmatrix} $	Invagination 109
tuberculous 31	
	bowel 109
volvulus 109	intestine 109
worms 107	Inversion
Intestinitis	bladder 124
(-2y) 104	uterus
(2y+) 105	(puerperal or unqualified) 136
Intestinouterine fistula 110	(nonpuerperal) 130
Intestinovesical fistula 125	Inviability 151
	Involutional malanchalia 60
Intoxication (see also Poisoning)	Involutional melancholia 68
(unqualified) 56	Iridectomy 75
alcoholic 56	Iridochorioiditis 75
enteric	Iridotomy 75
(-2y) 104	Iris (see Eye)
(2y+) 105	Iritis 75
gastrointestinal	diabetic 50
$\begin{pmatrix} -2y \end{pmatrix} = 104$	gonococcic 38
(2y+) 105	gouty 48
intestinal	rheumatic 75
$\begin{pmatrix} -2y \end{pmatrix} \begin{array}{c} 104 \\ (2y+) & 105 \\ \end{pmatrix}$	specific 37
(2y+) 105	traumatic 186
psychosis (alcoholic) 56	Iron-gray induration, lung 98
septic '	Irreducible hernia 109
(nonpuerperal or unqualified)	Irregular action, heart 85
20	Irritation
	bladder 124
(puerperal) 137	
uræmic	bowel
(nonpuerperal or unqualified)	(-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 brain 74
120	(2y+) 105
(puerperal) 138	brain 74
urinary 125	gastrointestinal
Intraabdominal	(-2y) 104
cancer 45	(2y+) 105
hæmorrhage 85	intestine
hernia 109	(9) 104
	(-2y) 104
Intraarticular cartilage, dislocation (dis-	(2y+) 105 nervous 74
ease) 147	nervous 74
Intracranial	spinal 63
abscess 60	cord 63
hæmorrhage 64	spine 63
injury 186	stomach 103
tumor 74	Ischæmia (unqualified) 189
Intraligamentous cyst 132	
Intraparietal hernia 109	Ischiadic hernia 109
Intrapelvic hæmorrhage	strangulated 109
(female) 132	Ischial abscess 110
(male) 85	Ischiorectal
Intraperitoneal hæmorrhage 110	abscess 110
Intraspinal	fistula 110
abscess 62	foesa, fistula 110
#./50000 VC	,,

Ischiorectal—Continued.	Joint—Continued.
hæmatocele 110	ankylosis 147
hernia 109	fibrous 147
strangulated 109 Ischuria 122	cancer 45 congenital malformation 150
Itch 145	contracture 147
Ivy poisoning 165	cyst 147
, F	disease
J	(exclusive of spine) 147
-	(spine) 32
Jacksonian epilepsy 74	Charcot's 62
Jaundice	neuropathic 147
(-ly) 151	dislocation 147 foreign body 147
(ly+) 115 black	foreign body 147 fungous growth 33
(-1y) 151	gout 48
$\langle 1y + \rangle 115$	hæmophilia 147
catarrhal ´	hæmorrhage (nontraumatic) 147
(-1y) 151	hip (see Hip)
(1y+) 115	inflammation 147
acute	ligament, laceration 185 loose body 147
(-1y) 151 $(1y+)$ 115	osseous ankylosis 147
chronic 115	pulmonary osteoarthropathy 146
hæmatogenous	pyæmia 20
(-1y) 151	relaxation, ligament 147
$(1y+)\cdot 115$	rheumatism 47
$\begin{array}{cc} \text{hæmorrhagic} \\ (-1\text{y}) & 151 \end{array}$	acute 47 chronic 48
(ly+) 115	rupture 186
infective, acute 111	sacral, cancer 45
malignant	sprain 185
(-1y) 151	suppuration 147
(1y+) 111 newborn 151	swelling, tuberculous 33 synostosis 147
newborn 151 obstructive	syndsweis 147
(-1y) 151	syphilis 37 tapping 147
$\langle 1y+\rangle$ 115	tuberculosis 33
septic	tumor 147
(-1y) 151	wound 186 Jumping
(1y+) 115 toxic 115	before train, suicide 162
toxic 115 yellow	burning building 166
(-1y) 151	high place, suicide 161
(ly+) 115	
Jaw	K
abscess 146	77-11/ 05
acromegaly 55	Kakké 27 Kala-azar 54
actinomycosis 25 cancer 39	Katatonia 68
cyst 146	Keloid 145
disease 146	Kelotomy 109
inflammation 146	Keratitis 75
injury 186	suppurative 75
lower congenital malformation 150	traumatic 186 Keratosis 145
congenital malformation 150 dislocation 185	Kerosene, burn 167
malformation 150	Kick (horse or other animal) 176
necrosis 146	Kidney (renal)
parasitic disease 146	abecess 122
tumor 146	absent 150
Jawbone, necrosis, phosphoric 58 Joint	albuminuria 120 amyloid 120
abscess 147	asthma 120
ankle, fracture 185	atrophy 120

Kidney—Continued.	Kidney—Continued.
cachexia 122	septic 122
calculus 123	steatosis 120
impacted 123	stone 123
cancer 45	surgical 122
catarrh 122	suture 122
cirrhosis 120	syphilis 37
congenital malformation 150	thrombosis 82
congestion 122	tuberculosis 34
contracted 120	tumor 122
contracting granular 120	ulceration 122
cyst 122	waxy 120
hydatid 122	wound 186
decapsulation 122	Killed 186
degeneration 120	cyclone 186
amyloid 120	fight 184
cystic 122 fatty 120	railroad (steam) 175
lardaceous 120	King's evil 34 Knee
waxy 120	abscess, tuberculous 33
disease 122	dislocation 185
cystic 122	house maids' 149
congenital 150	inflammation, tuberculous 33
organic 122	joint, injury 186
parasitic 122	synovitis, suppurative 147
displaced 122	tuberculosis 33
ectopic 122	tumor, fungous 33
embolism 82	Knife
fibrosis 120	cut 171
fistula 122	(accident) 171
floating 122	(accident) 171 (homicide) 183
foreign body 186	(suicide) 160
gouty 120	stab 183
granular 120	(accident) 171
hæmaturia 122	(homicide) 183
hæmorrhage 122	(suicide) 160
hyperæmia 122	Korssakoff's
hypertrophy 122	disease 68
inaction 122	syndrome 68
infarct 122 inflammation 120	Kyphoscoliosis 36
acute 119	Kyphosis 36
chronic 120	${f L}$
rheumatic 120	11
tubal 120	La grippe 10
acute 119	Labioglossal paralysis 63
chronic 120	Labioglossolaryngeal paralysis 63
injury 186	Labioglossopharyngeal paralysis 63
insufficiency 122	Labium
lardaceous 120	majus
large white 120	abscess 132
nephritis 120	ulceration 132
lesion, organic 122	minus
malformation 150	abscess 132
movable 122	ulceration 132
multiple new growth 45	Labor (see Birth)
necrosis 122	(unqualified) (mother) 136
obstruction 122	Labyrinth, caries 76
paralysis 122	Labyrinthine
pelvis, calculus 123	suppuration 76
polycystic 122	vertigo 76
puncture (not due to violence) 122	Lacerated wound 186
rhabdomyosarcoma 45	chest wall 186
retinitis 120	Laceration 186
rupture 186	(due to violence) 186
sclerosis 120	anus 110

Laceration—Continued.	Lardaceous
cervix 136	degeneration 55
uteri	adrenal 52
(nonpuerperal) 130	artery 81
(puerperal) 136 old 130	capillaries 85
old 130 recent 136	intestine 110 kidney 120
chordæ, heart 79	liver 113
hernial sac 109	lymph gland 84
intestine 110	lymphatic gland 84
ligament, joint, 185	spleen 116
pelvic floor	thyreoid body 88
old 132	disease
recent 136 perinæum 136	intestine 110 spleen 116
parturition 136	stomach 103
peritonæum, parturition 136	thyreoid gland 88
rectum 110	kidney 120
stomach (not external violence) 103	liver 113
urethra (not external violence) 125	Large
uterus (nonnuernomi) 120	waxy liver 113
(nonpuerperal) 130 parturition 136	white kidney 120 nephritis 120
vagina, parturition 136	Laryngeal (see Larynx)
valve, heart 79	Laryngismus 87
vulva, parturition 136	Laryngismus 87 stridulus 87
Lack of	(diphtheritic) 9
care	Laryngitis 87
(-3m) 153	catarrhal 87
(3m+) 189 newborn (-3m) 153	croupous 9 diphtheritic 9
(3m+) 189 newborn (-3m) 153 clothing (newborn) 153	erysipelatous 87
newborn (—3m) 153 clothing (newborn) 153 medical attention 189	fibrinous 9
nourishment 177	gangrenous 87
Lacrimal	infective 87
abscess 75	malignant 9
apparatus	membranous 9
cancer 45 disease 75	obstructive 87 (foreign body) 186
injury 186	cedematous 87
malformation 150	(diphtheritic) 9
duct, injury 186	phlegmonous 87
gland	(diphtheritic) 9
abscess 75	pseudomembranous 9
cancer 45 disease 75	septic 87
injury 186	spasmodic 87 specific 28
malformation 150	(when signifying syphilis) 37
tumor 75	stridulous 87
88C	(diphtheritic) 9
abscess 75	subglottic 87
injury 186	suppurative 87
Lacunar tonsillitis 100	syphilitic 37
Laënnec, cirrhosis 113 Lamp	tuberculous 28 ulcerative 87
accident 167	(diphtheritic) 9
explosion 167	Laryngotomy 87
Landry's	suprathyreoid 87
disease 63	Laryngotracheotomy 87
paralysis 63	Larynx (laryngeal)
Landslide 175	abscess 87
traumatism 175 Laparoelytrotomy 136	burn 167 calcification 87
Laparotomy 189	cancer 45

Larynx—Continued.	Lead
cartilage, fracture 185	cachexia 57
catarrh 87	colic 57
congenital malformation 150	encephalitis 57
croup 9	encephalopathy 57
curetting 87	insanity 57
diphtheria 9	palsy 57
disease 87	paralysis 57
fistula 87	poisoning 57
foreign body 186	acute 165
fracture 185	chronic 57
inflammation 87	Leg (see also Arm)
	mills (famala 1511 4411) 190
(diphtheritic) 9	milk (female, 15y-44y) 139
injury 186	white (female, 15y-44y) 139
intubation 87	Leiomyoma (see Tumor)
leprosy 17	Lens (see Eye)
lupus 28	Leontiasis ossea 146
malformation 150	Leprosy (all forms) 17
narrowing 87	Leptomeningitis 61
necrosis 87	Lesion (see also Disease, Wound)
neuralgia 87	aortic 79
neurosis 87	brain 74
obstruction 87	cardiac 79
(foreign body) 186	mitral 79
œdema 87	organic 79
passive 87	valvular 79
ossification 87	cerebral 74
paralysis 87	congenital, brain 74
parasitic disease 87	heart 79
perichondritis 87	lung 98
phthisis 28	mitral 79
subacute 28	nervous 74
polypus 87	organic 189
scald 167	
	brain 74
sclerosis 87	heart 79
spasm 87	intestine 110
stenosis 87	kidney 122
congenital 150	liver 115
stricture 87	lung 98
syphilis 37	spleen 116
tubercle 28	stomach 103
tuberculosis 28	uterus 130
tumor 87	primary 37
ulcer 87	pulmonary 98
ulceration 87	secondary 37
(diphtheritic) 9	specific 37
wound 186	spinal cord 63
Latent	tertiary 37
menstruation 130	
	traumatic, palate 186
pneumonia 92	tricuspid 79
Lateral	valve, heart 79
column, spinal cord, degeneration 63	valvular 79
and posterior columns, spinal cord,	heart 79
degeneration 62	Lethargy, negro 55
curvature, spine 36	Leuchæmia 53
paralysis 66	lymphatic 53
sclerosis 63	splenic 53
amyotrophic 63	splenolymphatic 53
descending 63	splenomedullary 53
posterior 63	splenomyelogenous 53
primary 63	Leuchæmic
secondary 63	adenia 53
sinus, thrombosis 82	adenia 55 adenitis 53
	Leucocythæmia 53
Lateroversion, uterus 130	liver 53
Lathyrism 59	lymph gland 53

Leucocythæmia—Continued.	Lip-Continued.
lymphatic 53	erysipelas 18
gland 53	fissure 99
splenic 53	(hare lip) 150
splenolymphatic 53	malformation 150
splenomedullary 53	inflammation 99
splenomyelogenous 53	malformation 150
Leucocythæmic	syphilis 37
liver 53	tuberculosis 34
retinitis 53 Leucocytosis 53	tumor 99 ulceration 99
	wound 186
Leucoplakia 99 Leucorrhœa 130	Lipæmia 121
Leukemia (see Leuchæmia)	Lipoma (see Tumor)
Lichen 145	Lipomatosis 55
specific 37	Lipuria 121
Lienenteritis (2y+) 105	Liquid, boiling, burn 167
Ligament	Lithæmia 48
broad	Lithiasis 123
abscess	biliary 114
(nonpuerperal or unquali-	urinary 123
fied) 132	Lithoclasty 123
(puerperal) 137	Lithosis 98
cancer 42	Lithotomy 123
cyst 132	Lithotrity 123
dropsy 132	Lithotomy 123 Lithotrity 123 Lithuria 122
hæmatoma 132	Little's disease 74
phlegmon	Liver (hepatic)
(nonpuerperal or unquali-	abscess 115
fied) 132	amœbic 115
(puerperal) 137	traumatic 186 tropical 115
tumor 132 varix 83	acquired deformity 115
joint, laceration 185	actinomycosis 25
round	alcoholic 113
hydrocele 132	alcoholic 113 amyloid 113
shortening 132	ascites 113
uterine	atrophy 115
abscess 130	acute 111
cancer 42	yellow 111
cyst 132	chronic 113
hæmatocele 132	slow 113
hæmatoma 132	yellow 111
inflammation 132	calculus 114
lymphangitis 132	impacted 114
tumor 132	cancer 40 capsule, inflammation 115
varix 83 Ligature	capsule, inflammation 115 catarrh 115
artery 85	cirrhosis 113
vein 83	acute 115
vessel, hæmorrhage 85	alcoholic 113
Lightning 180	
shock 180	atrophic 113 chronic 113
stroke 180	congenital
Limb (see Arm)	(-1y) 151
Lingual (see Tongue)	(1y+) 113
tonsil, enlargement 99	hypertrophic 113
Lip	interstitial 113
anthrax 22	syphilitic 37
cancer 39	colic 114
carbuncle 143	complaint 115
congenital malformation 150	congenital malformation 150
cyst 99	congestion 115
disease 99	consumption 34
epithelioma 39	contracted 113

Liver—Continued.	Liver—Continued.
cyst 115	ulcer 115
echinococcus 112	ulceration 115
hydatid 112	waxy 113
cysticercus 112	large 113
degeneration 115	Lobar pneumonia 92
amyloid 113	bilateral 92
fatty 113	Lobstein's cancer 45
from phosphorus poisoning	Lobular
58	mastitis
lardaceous 113	(nonpuerperal) 133
pigmentary 115	(puerperal) 141
waxy 113	pneumonia 91
disease 115	Local
organic 115	paralysis 66
displacement 115	peritonitis 117
dropsy 115	Lockjaw 24
echinococcus 112	Locomotive
embolism 82	explosion of boiler 175
enlargement 115	run over by 175
acute 115	struck by 175
chronic 113	Locomotor ataxia 62
fatty 113	progressive 62
fever 115	Loin, abscess 144
fibroid 113	Loose
granular 113	body
gummatous 37	joint 147
hæmorrhage 115	sheath, tendon 149
hobnail 113	cartilage 147
hydatid 112	Lordosis 36
hyperæmia 115	Loss of appetite 103
hypertrophy 115	Lost at sea 169
induration 113	Ludwig's
acute 115 chronic 113	angina 100
inflammation 115	disease 100
acute 115	Lues 37
chronic 113	congenital 37
suppurative 115	hereditary 37
injury 186	infantum 37
lardaceous 113	venerea 37
lesion, organic 115	Luetic 37
leucocythæmia 53	Lumbago 149
leucocythæmic 53	Lumbar
malaria 4	abscess 32
malformation 150	tuberculous 32
melanosis 40	hernia 109
necrosis 115	strangulated 109
nutmeg 115	vertebra, necrosis 32
obstruction 115	Lunacy 68
paralysis 115	_ paralytic 67
parasitic disease 115	Lung (pulmonary)
prolapse 115	abscess 98
pyæmia 115	actinomycosis 25
result of tight lacing on 115	adhesion 93
rupture 186	anasarca 94
sclerosis 113	aneurysm 81
steatosis 113	anthracosis . 98
suture 115	apoplexy 94
syphilis 37	aspergillosis 98
torpid 115 . trouble 115	atresia $(-1y)$ 151
tuberculosis 34	(1y+) 98
tumefaction 115	atrophy 98
tumor 115	calculus 98
hydatid 112	cancer 45
Thank II	Carrett 10

Lung—Continued.	Lung—Continued.
catarrh 90	lesion 98
acute 89	organic 98
chronic 90	malformation 150
cavity 28 cirrhosis 98	miliary tuberculosis 29 acute 29
alcoholic 98	mortification 95
cold on 89	œdema 94
collapse	paralysis
(-3m) 152	(-1y) 151
(3m+) 94	$\langle 1y+\rangle 98$
collièrs' 98	parasitic disease 98
congestion 94	phthisis 28
active 94	acute 29
hypostatic 94	chronic 28
passive 94	pyæmia 98
consolidation 92	rupture 98
consumption 28	sclerosis 98
acute 29	septichæmia 98
cyst, hydatid 98	silicosis 98
cysticerci 98	solidification 92
disease 98	stonemasons' 98
fibroid 98	suppuration 98
organic 98	syphilis 37
parasitic 98	thrombosis 82
dropsy 94	sudden death after delivery 139
embolism 82	toxemia 98
puerperal 139	traumatism 186
(pulmonary artery) 82 emphysema 97	tuberculosis 28 acute 29
	chronic 28
engorgement 94 exploration 98	miliary 29
extravasation	tumor 98
(-1y) 151	hydatid 98
$\langle 1y+\rangle$ 98	ulcer 98
fever 92	undeveloped
catarrhal 91	(-3m) 152
fibroid 98	(3m+) 98
fibrosis 98	vomica 98
foreign body 186	wound 186
gangrene 95	Lupus 34
hæmorrhage 98	conjunctiva 34
hepatization 92	erythematosus 145
acute 92	exedens 34
chronic 98	fauces 34
hernia 98	larynx 28
hydatid 98	nose 34
hyperæmia 94	cesophagus 34
induration 98	palate 34
black 98	pharynx 34
brown 98	vulgaris 34
fibroid 98	Luxation (see also Dislocation) 185
iron gray 98 infarction 94	Lycanthropy 68
infection 98	Lye poisoning (see Poisoning)
infiltration 94	Lymph fistula 84
inflammation 92	gland
acute 92	cancer 45
catarrhal 91	degeneration, lardaceous 84
chronic 98	leucocythæmia 53
interstitial 98	tuberculosis 34
inflation, imperfect	node
(-3m) 152	abscess 84
(3m+) 98	cancer 45
injury 186	syphilis 37
laceration 186	tuberculosis 34

Lymph—Continued.	Lymphatic—Continued.
scrotum 84	vessel
Lymphadenia 53	cancer 45
Lymphadenitis 84	compression (nontraumatic) 8
inguinal 84	cyst 84
suppurative 84	dilatation 84
tuberculous 34 .	disease 84
Lymphadenoma 53	parasitic 84
lymphatic gland 53	elephantiasis 145
malignant 53	erosion 84
multiple 53	erysipelas 18
spleen 53	filariasis 19
Lymphadenosis 53	glanders 21
Lymphangiectasis 84	inflammation 84
scrotum 84	injury 186
Lymphangioma (see Tumor)	malformation 150
cavernous (see Tumor)	obliteration 84
cystic (see Tumor)	rupture 84
Lymphangitic abscess 84	suppuration 84
Lymphangitis 84	tuberculosis 34
gangrenous 84	tumor 84
pelvic 117	wound 186
puerperal 137	Lymphatism 84 scrofulous 34
strumous 34 tuberculous 34	Lymphatocele (see Tumor)
uterine ligament 132	Lymphendothelioma (see Cancer)
	Lymphocythæmia 53
Lymphatic abecess 84	Lymphoma (see Tumor)
abscess 84 disease 84	malignant 53
gland	multiple 46
abscess 84	Lymphorrhœa 84
calcification 84	Lymphosarcoma (see Cancer)
cancer 45	Lynching 184
cancer 45 caseation 34	Lynching 184 Lypemania 68
caseation 34	Lypemania 68
	Lynching 184
caseation 34 cyst 84	Lynching 184 Lypemania 68 M Machinery
caseation 34 cyst 84 degeneration	Lynching 184 Lypemania 68 M Machinery
caseation 34 cyst 84 degeneration hyaline 84 lardaceous 84 disease 84	Lynching 184 Lypemania 68 M Machinery building operations, traumatism 174 factory, traumatism 174
caseation 34 cyst 84 degeneration hyaline 84 lardaceous 84 disease 84 parasitic 84	Lynching 184 Lypemania 68 M Machinery building operations, traumatism 174 factory, traumatism 174 fall, accidental 174
caseation 34 cyst 84 degeneration hyaline 84 lardaceous 84 disease 84 parasitic 84 fibrosis 84	Lynching 184 Lypemania 68 M Machinery building operations, traumatism 174 factory, traumatism 174 fall, accidental 174 injury 174
caseation 34 cyst 84 degeneration hyaline 84 lardaceous 84 disease 84 parasitic 84 fibrosis 84 filariasis 19	Lynching 184 Lypemania 68 M Machinery building operations, traumatism 174 factory, traumatism 174 fall, accidental 174 injury 174 mining, injury 173
caseation 34 cyst 84 degeneration hyaline 84 lardaceous 84 disease 84 parasitic 84 fibrosis 84 filariasis 19 glanders 21	Lynching 184 Lypemania 68 M Machinery building operations, traumatism 174 factory, traumatism 174 fall, accidental 174 injury 174 mining, injury 173 traumatism 174
caseation 34 cyst 84 degeneration hyaline 84 lardaceous 84 disease 84 parasitic 84 fibrosis 84 filariasis 19 glanders 21 gonococcus infection 38	Lynching 184 Lypemania 68 M Machinery building operations, traumatism 174 factory, traumatism 174 fall, accidental 174 injury 174 mining, injury 173 traumatism 174 Macrocheilia 99
caseation 34 cyst 84 degeneration hyaline 84 lardaceous 84 disease 84 parasitic 84 fibrosis 84 filariasis 19 glanders 21 gonococcus infection 38 hæmorrhage 84	Lynching 184 Lypemania 68 M Machinery building operations, traumatism 174 factory, traumatism 174 injury 174 mining, injury 173 traumatism 174 Macrocheilia 99 Macroglossia 99
caseation 34 cyst 84 degeneration hyaline 84 lardaceous 84 disease 84 parasitic 84 fibrosis 84 filariasis 19 glanders 21 gonococcus infection 38 hæmorrhage 84 hypertrophy 84	Lynching 184 Lypemania 68 M Machinery building operations, traumatism 174 factory, traumatism 174 fall, accidental 174 injury 174 mining, injury 173 traumatism 174 Macrocheilia 99 Macroglossia 99 Mad dog, bite 23
caseation 34 cyst 84 degeneration hyaline 84 lardaceous 84 disease 84 parasitic 84 fibrosis 84 filariasis 19 glanders 21 gonococcus infection 38 hæmorrhage 84 hypertrophy 84 infiltration, pigmentary 84	Lynching 184 Lypemania 68 M Machinery building operations, traumatism 174 factory, traumatism 174 fall, accidental 174 injury 174 mining, injury 173 traumatism 174 Macrocheilia 99 Macroglossia 99 Mad dog, bite 23 Madness 68
caseation 34 cyst 84 degeneration hyaline 84 lardaceous 84 disease 84 parasitic 84 fibrosis 84 filariasis 19 glanders 21 gonococcus infection 38 hæmorrhage 84 hypertrophy 84 infiltration, pigmentary 84 inflammation 84	Lynching 184 Lypemania 68 M Machinery building operations, traumatism 174 factory, traumatism 174 fall, accidental 174 injury 174 mining, injury 173 traumatism 174 Macrocheilia 99 Macroglossia 99 Mad dog, bite 23 Madness 68 Madura
caseation 34 cyst 84 degeneration hyaline 84 lardaceous 84 disease 84 parasitic 84 fibrosis 84 filariasis 19 glanders 21 gonococcus infection 38 hæmorrhage 84 hypertrophy 84 infiltration, pigmentary 84 inflammation 84 leucocythæmia 53	Lynching 184 Lypemania 68 M Machinery building operations, traumatism 174 factory, traumatism 174 injury 174 injury 174 mining, injury 173 traumatism 174 Macrocheilia 99 Macd dog, bite 23 Madness 68 Madura disease 25
caseation 34 cyst 84 degeneration hyaline 84 lardaceous 84 disease 84 parasitic 84 fibrosis 84 filariasis 19 glanders 21 gonococcus infection 38 hæmorrhage 84 hypertrophy 84 infiltration, pigmentary 84 inflammation 84 leucocythæmia 53 lymphadenoma 53	Lynching 184 Lypemania 68 M Machinery building operations, traumatism 174 factory, traumatism 174 fall, accidental 174 injury 174 mining, injury 173 traumatism 174 Macrocheilia 99 Macroglossia 99 Mad dog, bite 23 Madness 68 Madura disease 25 foot 25
caseation 34 cyst 84 degeneration hyaline 84 lardaceous 84 disease 84 parasitic 84 fibrosis 84 filariasis 19 glanders 21 gonococcus infection 38 hæmorrhage 84 hypertrophy 84 infiltration, pigmentary 84 infilammation 84 leucocythæmia 53 lymphadenoma 53 necrosis 84	Lynching 184 Lypemania 68 M Machinery building operations, traumatism 174 factory, traumatism 174 fall, accidental 174 injury 174 mining, injury 173 traumatism 174 Macrocheilia 99 Macroglossia 99 Mad dog, bite 23 Madness 68 Madura disease 25 foot 25 Maize, poisonous 59
caseation 34 cyst 84 degeneration hyaline 84 lardaceous 84 disease 84 parasitic 84 fibrosis 84 filariasis 19 glanders 21 gonococcus infection 38 hæmorrhage 84 hypertrophy 84 infiltration, pigmentary 84 inflammation 84 leucocythæmia 53 lymphadenoma 53 necrosis 84 plague 15	Lynching 184 Lypemania 68 M Machinery building operations, traumatism 174 factory, traumatism 174 fall, accidental 174 injury 174 mining, injury 173 traumatism 174 Macrocheilia 99 Macroglossia 99 Mad dog, bite 23 Madness 68 Madura disease 25 foot 25 Maize, poisonous 59 Malaria (malarial) 4
caseation 34 cyst 84 degeneration hyaline 84 lardaceous 84 disease 84 parasitic 84 fibrosis 84 filarisais 19 glanders 21 gonococcus infection 38 hæmorrhage 84 hypertrophy 84 infiltration, pigmentary 84 inflammation 84 leucocythæmia 53 lymphadenoma 53 necrosis 84 plague 15 suppuration 84	Lynching 184 Lypemania 68 M Machinery building operations, traumatism 174 factory, traumatism 174 fall, accidental 174 injury 174 mining, injury 173 traumatism 174 Macrocheilia 99 Macroglossia 99 Mad dog, bite 23 Madness 68 Madura disease 25 foot 25 Maize, poisonous 59 Malaria (malarial) 4 sestivoautumnal 4
caseation 34 cyst 84 degeneration hyaline 84 lardaceous 84 disease 84 parasitic 84 fibrosis 84 filariasis 19 glanders 21 gonococcus infection 38 hæmorrhage 84 hypertrophy 84 infiltration, pigmentary 84 inflammation 84 leucocythæmia 53 lymphadenoma 53 necrosis 84 plague 15 suppuration 84 syphilis 37	Lynching 184 Lypemania 68 M Machinery building operations, traumatism 174 factory, traumatism 174 fall, accidental 174 injury 174 mining, injury 173 traumatism 174 Macrocheilia 99 Macroglossia 99 Mad dog, bite 23 Madness 68 Madura disease 25 foot 25 Maize, poisonous 59 Malaria (malarial) 4 esstivoautumnal anæmia 4
caseation 34 cyst 84 degeneration hyaline 84 lardaceous 84 disease 84 parasitic 84 fibrosis 84 filariasis 19 glanders 21 gonococcus infection 38 hæmorrhage 84 hypertrophy 84 infiltration, pigmentary 84 infilammation 84 leucocythæmia 53 lymphadenoma 53 necrosis 84 plague 15 suppuration 84 syphilis 37 tuberculosis 34	Lynching 184 Lypemania 68 M Machinery building operations, traumatism 174 factory, traumatism 174 fall, accidental 174 injury 174 mining, injury 173 traumatism 174 Macrocheilia 99 Macrogloseia 99 Mad dog, bite 23 Madness 68 Madura disease 25 foot 25 Maize, poisonous 59 Malaria (malarial) 4 estivoautumnal anemia 4 cachexia 4
caseation 34 cyst 84 degeneration hyaline 84 lardaceous 84 disease 84 parasitic 84 fibrosis 84 filariasis 19 glanders 21 gonococcus infection 38 hæmorrhage 84 hypertrophy 84 infiltration, pigmentary 84 inflammation 84 leucocythæmia 53 lymphadenoma 53 necrosis 84 plague 15 suppuration 84 syphilis 37 tuberculosis 34 tumor 84	Lynching 184 Lypemania 68 M Machinery building operations, traumatism 174 factory, traumatism 174 fall, accidental 174 injury 174 mining, injury 173 traumatism 174 Macrocheilia 99 Macroglossia 99 Mad dog, bite 23 Madness 68 Madura disease 25 foot 25 Maize, poisonous 59 Malaria (malarial) 4 sestivoautumnal 4 ansemia 4 cachexia 4 cirrhosis 113
caseation 34 cyst 84 degeneration hyaline 84 lardaceous 84 disease 84 parasitic 84 fibrosis 84 filariasis 19 glanders 21 gonococcus infection 38 hæmorrhage 84 hypertrophy 84 infiltration, pigmentary 84 infilammation 84 leucocythæmia 53 lymphadenoma 53 necrosis 84 plague 15 suppuration 84 syphilis 37 tuberculosis 34 tumor 84 wound 186	Lynching 184 Lypemania 68 M Machinery building operations, traumatism 174 factory, traumatism 174 fall, accidental 174 injury 174 mining, injury 173 traumatism 174 Macrocheilia 99 Macroglossia 99 Mad dog, bite 23 Madness 68 Madura disease 25 foot 25 Maize, poisonous 59 Malaria (malarial) 4 estivoautumnal 4 anemia 4 cachexia 4 cirrhosis 113 congestion 4
caseation 34 cyst 84 degeneration hyaline 84 lardaceous 84 disease 84 parasitic 84 fibrosis 84 filariasis 19 glanders 21 gonococcus infection 38 hæmorrhage 84 hypertrophy 84 infiltration, pigmentary 84 infilammation 84 leucocythæmia 53 lymphadenoma 53 necrosis 84 plague 15 suppuration 84 syphilis 37 tuberculosis 34 tumor 84 wound 186 leuchæmia 53	Lynching 184 Lypemania 68 M Machinery building operations, traumatism 174 factory, traumatism 174 fall, accidental 174 injury 174 mining, injury 173 traumatism 174 Macrocheilia 99 Macroglossia 99 Mad dog, bite 23 Madness 68 Madura disease 25 foot 25 Maize, poisonous 59 Malaria (malarial) 4 estivoautumnal 4 anemia 4 cachexia 4 cirrhosis 113 congestion 4 brain 4
caseation 34 cyst 84 degeneration hyaline 84 lardaceous 84 disease 84 parasitic 84 fibrosis 84 filariasis 19 glanders 21 gonococcus infection 38 hæmorrhage 84 hypertrophy 84 infiltration, pigmentary 84 infiltration, pigmentary 84 infilammation 84 leucocythæmia 53 lymphadenoma 53 necrosis 84 plague 15 suppuration 84 syphilis 37 tuberculosis 34 tumor 84 wound 186 leuchæmia 53 leucocythæmia 53 leucocythæmia 53	Lynching 184 Lypemania 68 M Machinery building operations, traumatism 174 factory, traumatism 174 fall, accidental 174 injury 174 mining, injury 173 traumatism 174 Macrocheilia 99 Macrogloseia 99 Mad dog, bite 23 Madness 68 Madura disease 25 foot 25 Maize, poisonous 59 Malaria (malarial) 4 estivoautumnal 4 anemia 4 cachexia 4 cirrhosis 113 congestion 4 brain 4 congestive 4
caseation 34 cyst 84 degeneration hyaline 84 lardaceous 84 disease 84 parasitic 84 fibrosis 84 filariasis 19 glanders 21 gonococcus infection 38 hæmorrhage 84 hypertrophy 84 infiltration, pigmentary 84 infilammation 84 leucocythæmia 53 lymphadenoma 53 necrosis 84 plague 15 suppuration 84 syphilis 37 tuberculosis 34 tumor 84 wound 186 leuchæmia 53 leucocythæmia 53 leucocythæmia 53 nævus (see also Tumor) 46	Lynching 184 Lypemania 68 M Machinery building operations, traumatism 174 factory, traumatism 174 fall, accidental 174 injury 174 mining, injury 173 traumatism 174 Macrocheilia 99 Macroglossia 99 Mad dog, bite 23 Madness 68 Madura disease 25 foot 25 Maize, poisonous 59 Malaria (malarial) 4 sestivoautumnal 4 ansemia 4 cachexia 4 cirrhosis 113 congestive 4 diarrhoea 4
caseation 34 cyst 84 degeneration hyaline 84 lardaceous 84 disease 84 parssitic 84 fibrosis 84 filarissis 19 glanders 21 gonococcus infection 38 hæmorrhage 84 hypertrophy 84 infiltration, pigmentary 84 infilammation 84 leucocythæmia 53 lymphadenoma 53 necrosis 84 plague 15 suppuration 84 syphilis 37 tuberculosis 34 tumor 84 wound 186 leuchæmia 53 leucocythæmia 53 leucocythæmia 53 nævus (see also Tumor) 46 skin 46	Lynching 184 Lypemania 68 M Machinery building operations, traumatism 174 factory, traumatism 174 fall, accidental 174 injury 174 mining, injury 173 traumatism 174 Macrocheilia 99 Macroglossia 99 Mad dog, bite 23 Madness 68 Madura disease 25 foot 25 Maize, poisonous 59 Malaria (malarial) 4 sestivoautumnal 4 ansemia 4 cachexia 4 cirrhosis 113 congestion 4 brain 4 congestive 4 diarrhoea 4 disease 4
caseation 34 cyst 84 degeneration hyaline 84 lardaceous 84 disease 84 parasitic 84 fibrosis 84 filariasis 19 glanders 21 gonococcus infection 38 hæmorrhage 84 hypertrophy 84 infiltration, pigmentary 84 infilammation 84 leucocythæmia 53 lymphadenoma 53 necrosis 84 plague 15 suppuration 84 syphilis 37 tuberculosis 34 tumor 84 wound 186 leuchæmia 53 leucocythæmia 53 leucocythæmia 53 nævus (see also Tumor) 46	Lynching 184 Lypemania 68 M Machinery building operations, traumatism 174 factory, traumatism 174 fall, accidental 174 injury 174 mining, injury 173 traumatism 174 Macrocheilia 99 Macroglossia 99 Mad dog, bite 23 Madness 68 Madura disease 25 foot 25 Maize, poisonous 59 Malaria (malarial) 4 estivoautumnal 4 anemia 4 cachexia 4 cirrhosis 113 congestion 4 brain 4 congestive 4 disease 4 dropsy 4
caseation 34 cyst 84 degeneration hyaline 84 lardaceous 84 disease 84 parasitic 84 fibrosis 84 filariasis 19 glanders 21 gonococcus infection 38 hæmorrhage 84 hypertrophy 84 infiltration, pigmentary 84 infilammation 84 leucocythæmia 53 lymphadenoma 53 necrosis 84 plague 15 suppuration 84 syphilis 37 tuberculosis 34 tumor 84 wound 186 leuchæmia 53 leucocythæmia 53 nævus (see also Tumor) 46 skin 46 space, cyst arising in 84	Lynching 184 Lypemania 68 M Machinery building operations, traumatism 174 factory, traumatism 174 fall, accidental 174 injury 174 mining, injury 173 traumatism 174 Macrocheilia 99 Macroglossia 99 Mad dog, bite 23 Madness 68 Madura disease 25 foot 25 Maize, poisonous 59 Malaria (malarial) 4 sestivoautumnal 4 ansemia 4 cachexia 4 cirrhosis 113 congestion 4 brain 4 congestive 4 diarrhoea 4 disease 4
caseation 34 cyst 84 degeneration hyaline 84 lardaceous 84 disease 84 parasitic 84 fibrosis 84 filariasis 19 glanders 21 gonococcus infection 38 hæmorrhage 84 hypertrophy 84 infiltration, pigmentary 84 infilammation 84 leucocythæmia 53 lymphadenoma 53 necrosis 84 plague 15 suppuration 84 syphilis 37 tuberculosis 34 tumor 84 wound 186 leuchæmia 53 leucocythæmia 53 leucocythæmia 53 nævus (see also Tumor) 46 skin 46 space, cyst arising in 84 system	Lynching 184 Lypemania 68 M Machinery building operations, traumatism 174 factory, traumatism 174 fall, accidental 174 injury 174 mining, injury 173 traumatism 174 Macrocheilia 99 Macroglossia 99 Mad dog, bite 23 Madness 68 Madura disease 25 foot 25 Maize, poisonous 59 Malaria (malarial) 4 estivoautumnal 4 anemia 4 cachexia 4 cirrhosis 113 congestion 4 brain 4 congestive 4 disease 4 dropsy 4 dysentery 14

	25.21 4 0 45
Malaria—Continued.	Malignant—Continued.
hæmoglobinuria 4	laryngitis 9
hæmorrhagic 4	lymphoma 53
hepatitis 4	lymphadenoma 53
infection 4	mediastinal tumor 45
liver 4	neoplasm (see Cancer)
neuralgia 4	new growth (see Cancer)
pernicious 4	cedema 142
pneumonia 4	rectum 110
poisoning 4	ovarian tumor 42
quartan 4	pemphigus 145
quotidian 4	perithelioma (see Cancer)
remittent 4	peritonitis 41 pharyngitis 9
spleen 4	polyadenitis 15
tertian 4	progressive anæmia 54
toxæmia 4	prostatitis 45
typhoid 1	pustule 22
Malarial (see Malaria) Malassez's disease 127	rheumatism 47
	smallpox 5
Malassimilation	sore throat 9
(-1y) 151	stomatitis 99
(1y-69y) 189	stricture (see Cancer)
(70y+) 154 Maldevelopment 151	tertian 4
Male Male	tonsillitis 9
breast, inflammation 133	tuberculosis 29
genital organ, disease (nonvenereal)	tumor (see Cancer)
127	typhoid fever 1
perinæum	ulcer (see Cancer)
burn 167	ulceration (see Cancer)
foreign body 186	Mallet finger 149
hæmatoma 186	Malleus sepsis 21
wound 186	Malnutrition
Malformation	(-1y) 151
(of any organ or part, congenital) 150	(1v-69v) 189
Malignant	(1y-69y) 189 (70y+) 154
abdominal growth 45	congenital
abscess 144	(-1y) 151
aneurysm 81	(1y+) 189
angina 9	Malposition
· bladder disease 45	placenta (mother) 135
carbuncle 143	uterus 130
cellulitis 144	Malpractice 186
cholera morbus 13	Malpresentation
cynanche 9	(child) 152
cystitis 124	(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)
degeneration (see Cancer)	(mother) 136
diphtheria 9	Malta fever 3
disease (see Cancer)	Mamillary abscess 133
endocarditis 78	Mamillitis 133
endothelioma (see Cancer)	Mammary (see Breast)
fever 189	Mammitis
fistula 45	(nonpuerperal) 133
fungous tumor (see Cancer)	(puerperal) 141
fungus (see Cancer)	Mania 68
growth (see Cancer)	a potu 56
$\begin{array}{ccc} \textbf{hepatitis} & & \\ & (-1\textbf{y}) & 151 \end{array}$	alcoholic 56
$\begin{pmatrix} -1y \\ 1y + \end{pmatrix}$ 111	Bell's 68
icterus	delirious 68
(-1y) 151	acute 189
$\begin{pmatrix} -1y \\ 1y + \end{pmatrix} 111$	epileptic 69
internal stricture 41	hysterical 73
jaundice	puerperal 140
(-1y) 151	recurrent 68
$\langle 1y+\rangle$ 111	senile 154
\	

Mania—Continued.	Maxilla—Continued.
septic 20	sinus
surgical 189	abscess 146
uræmic 120	foreign body 146
Varianal deliminas 60	
Maniacal delirium 68	parasitic disease 146
Manic depressive psychosis 68	sinusitis 146
Manslaughter 184	Maxillary (see Maxilla)
Marasmus	Measles 6
(-1y) 151	black 6
(1v-69v) 189	German 19
(1y-69y) 189 (70y+) 154	hæmorrhagic 6
brain 65	
	Suppressed 6
general	Measly eruption 6
(-1y) 151	Meat poisoning 164
(1y-69y) 189	Meatus (see Ear)
(70y+) 154	Meckel's diverticulum
intestinal,	abscess 110
(-2y) 104	malformation 150
(2y+) 105	Mediastinal (see Mediastinum)
	gland
old age 154	
paralytic 67	cancer 45
senile 154	tumor 46
specific 37	Mediastinum (mediastinal)
tuberculous 28	abscess 144
Maremmatic fever 4	anterior, cancer 45
Marsh	cancer 45
anæmia 4	foreign body 186
cachexia 4	
•	tumor 46
fever 4	Mediastinopericarditis 77
Mastitis	Medical attention, lack of 189
(nonpuerperal or unqualified) 133	Mediterranean fever 3
(puerperal) 141	Medulla (see Spinal cord)
diffuse	compression 63
(nonpuerperal) 133	congestion 63
(puerperal) 141	hæmorrhage into 64
lobular	
lobular	Medullary
(nonpuerperal) 133	cancer (see Cancer)
(puerperal) 141	fungus (see Cancer)
Mastoid	Megalocephalus 150
abscess 146	Megalomania 68
antrum	Megalosplenia 116
opening 146	Melæna 110
perforation 146	neonatorum
cell	
	$\begin{pmatrix} -3m \\ 2m \end{pmatrix}$ 152
disease 146	(3m+) 110
opening 146	Melanæmia 54
perforation 146	Melancholia 68
syphilis 37	agitated 68
disease 146	climacteric 68
disease 146 fistula 146	hypochondriacal 68
necrosis 146	involutional 68
parasitic disease 146	puerperal 140
-	
process	recurrent 68
abscess 146	senile 154
empyema 146	stuporous 68
Mastoiditis 146	Melanoderma 145
Masturbation 74	Melanoid tumor (see Cancer)
Matter, purulent, absorption 20	Melanosarcoma (see Cancer)
Maxilla (maxillary)	Melanosarcomata, multiple 45
cancer 39	Melanosis, liver 40
inferior	Melanotic cancer (see Cancer)
dislocation 185	Melanuria 122
fracture 185	Melasma 145
necrosis 146	adrenal 52
(from phosphorus) 58	suprarenal 52

Melena (see Melæna)	Meninges—Continued.
Membrana tympani (see Ear)	brain, tumor 74
syphilis 37 Membrane	cancer 45 cerebral
brain	syphilis 37
cancer 45	tuberculosis 30
cyst 74	cerebrospinal
hæmorrhage 64	syphilis 37
inflammation 61 septic 61	tuberculosis 30 effusion 64
suppurative 61	erysipelas 18
syphilitic 37	grippe 10
tuberculous 30	hæmatoma 64
laceration 186	hæmorrhage 64
malformation 150 syphilis 37	traumatic 186 inflammation 61
tuberculosis 30	septichæmia 61
tumor 74	spinal
cerebral, inflammation 61	syphilis 37
fœtal, puncture (child) 152	tuberculosis 30
mucous	tumor 63
burn 167 inflammation 189	thrombus 82 tuberculosis 30
necrosis 189	tumor 74
scald 167	Meningitis 61
wound 186	alcoholic 56
retained 135	serous 56
spinal cancer 45	basal, posterior 61 basilar 30
hæmorrhage 63	purulent 30
inflammation 61	tuberculous 30
malformation 150	brain 61
syphilis 37	caseous 30
tuberculosis 30	catarrhal 61
tumor 63 synovial, pulpy degeneration 33	cerebral 61 simple 61
Membranous	traumatic 186
angina 9	tuberculous 30
bronchitis 9	cerebrocervical 61
colitis	cerebrospinal 61
$egin{pmatrix} (-2 ext{y}) & 104 \ (2 ext{y}+) & 105 \end{pmatrix}$	acute 61 chronic 61
croup 9	epidemic 61
dysmenorrhœa 130	meningococcic 61
enteritis	simple 61
(-2y) 104	tuberculous 30
(2y+) 105	congenital 61
$egin{array}{ll} ext{entercolitis} \ (-2 ext{y}) & 104 \end{array}$	congestive 61 diffuse 61
$\langle 2y + \rangle = 105$	erysipelatous 18
ileocolitis	granular 30
(-2y) 104	infantile 61
(2y+) 0	infectious 61
laryngitis 9	membranous 61 metastatic 61
meningitis 61 menstruation 130	miliary 30
pharyngitis 9	neoplastic 30
tonsillitis 9	otic 76
tracheitis 9	pneumococcic 61
Ménière's	postbasic 61
disease 76 vertigo 76	posterior 61 postoperative 61
Meningeal (see Meninges)	progressive 61
Meninges (meningeal)	purulent 61
abscess 61	rheumatic 47
anonlexy 64	l sentic 61

Meningitis—Continued.	Mercurial—Continued.
serous 61	tremor (occupational) 58
simple 61	Merocele 109
specific 30	Mesenteric (see Mesentery)
	ortory ornholism 99
(when signifying syphilis) 37	artery, embolism 82
spinal 61	gland
cord 61	disease 31
subacute 61	tuberculosis 31
subacute 61	Mesentery (mesenteric)
tuberculous 30	abscess 117
subacute 61	cancer 41
suppurative 61	chyle cyst 84
syphilitic 37	cyst 46
toxic 165	disease 31
traumatic 186	fever 31
tuberculous 30	thrombosis 82
brain 30	tuberculosis 31
spinal cord 30	tumor 117
	Mesophlebitis 83
Meningocele 150	Metal polishers' phthisis 98
cerebral 150	Metastatic
spinal 150	abscess 144
Meningocerebritis 61	cancer (see Cancer)
Meningococcic cerebrospinal meningitis	meningitis 61
61	pneumonia 92
Meningoencephalitis 61	rheumatism 48
diffuse 67	Metatarsalgia 149
specific 37	Meteorism 110
Meningomyelitis 61	Methæmoglobinæmia 55
Meningomyelocele 150	Metritis 130
Menopause 130	catarrhal 130
Menorrhagia 128	cervical 130
Menses, retained 130	gonococcic 38
Menstruation	gonorrhœal 38
absent 130	hæmorrhagic 128
excessive 128	puerperal 137
latent 130	
	septic
membranous 130	(nonpuerperal or unqualified)
painful 130	130
precocious 130	(puerperal) 137
pregnancy 134	suppurative
scanty 130	(nonpuerperal or unqualified)
suppression 130	130
Mental	
aberration 68	traumatic 130
alienation 68	Metroperitonitis
disease 68	(nonpuerperal) 117
exertion, excessive 189	(puerperal) 137
insufficiency 68	Metrorrhagia
	(nonpuerperal or unqualified) 128
stupor 68	l \ + **
anergic 68	(puerperal) 135
delusional 68	Metrorrhexis (puerperal) 136
Mercurial	Metrosalpingitis
inflammation, gum (occupational)	(nonpuerperal or unqualified) 132
58	(puerperal) 137
insanity (occupational) 58	Metrotomy 130
poisoning (see also Poisoning)	Metrovaginitis 132
(not occupational) 59	gonococcic 38
(occupational) 58	gonorrhœal 38
ptyalism 165	Mexican typhus (tabardillo) 19
(occupational) 58	Miasma 4
salivation 59	Miasmatic fever 4
stomatitis	Microcephaly 150
(not occupational or unquali-	Middle ear (see also Ear)
fied) 59	

Migratory pneumonia 92	Mitral—Continued.
Mikulicz's disease 99	endocarditis
Miliaria 145	acute 78
Miliary	chronic 79
aneurysm 81	incompetency 79
brain 81	insufficiency 79
carcinosis (see Cancer)	lesion 79
fever 11	cardiac 79
hæmorrhage, brain 64	obstruction 79
meningitis 30	reflux 79
phthisis 29	regurgitation 79
sclerosis, brain 74	sclerosis 79
tuberculosis 29	stenosis 79
acute 29	
pulmonary 29	congenital 150 stricture 79
chronic 35	valve
general 29	disease 79
acute 29	incompetency 79
chronic 35	insufficiency 79
	necrosis 79
lung 29 Milk	ossification 79
	stricture 79
breast, want of (-1y) 151	
crust 145	thickening 79
fever	valvular disease, heart 79
(female) 137	Moist gangrene 142
(male) 189	Molar pregnancy 134
infection	Mole
(-2y) 104	(connected with pregnancy, not hy
(2y+) 105	datidiform) 134
subacute	carneous (connected with pregnancy
(-2y) 104 (2y+) 105	134
(2y+) 105	hæmorrhagic 134
leg (female) 139	hydatid 42
sickness (trembles) 19	hydatidiform 42
Milky urine 121	vesicular (connected with preg
Mind, unsoundness 68	nancy) 134
Mine (mining) accident 173	Mollities
	cerebral 65
gas, asphyxia 173	ossium 36
injury 173	Molluscum
machinery, injury 173	contagiosum 145
traumatism 173	fibrosum 145
violent death 173	Molybdoparesis 57
wagon, injury 173	Monomania 68
Miners'	Monoplegia 66
anæmia 106	Monster 150
asthma 98	Moral insanity 68
chlorosis 106	Morbid dentition 189
complaint 98	Morbilli 6
consumption 98	Morbillous eruption 6
phthisis 98	Morbus
Mining (see Mine)	cæruleus 150
Miscarriage	comitalis 69
(child, not stillborn) 151	cordis 79
(death of child before birth) (see	coxarius 33
Stillbirth)	Gallicus 37
(fœtus, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)	pictorum 57
(mother) 134	regius 115
Misery 177	senilis 154
Missed	Morphœa 145
abortion 134	Morphine
labor 134	habit 59
Mitral	narcosis 165
disease 79	poisoning (see Poisoning)
cardiac 79	Morphinism 59

Morphinism—Continued.	Multiple-
chronic 59	birth
Morphinomania 59	[†] (c
Mortification (see Gangrene) 142	; (r
Morvan's disease 63	cance
Mother, injury, causing premature birth	carbu
(child) 151	cereb
Motor	fibroi
cycle accident 175	injuri
paralysis 66	lymp
tract, tumor 74 Moulders' bronchitis 90	lymp
Moulders' bronchitis 90	melar
Mountain fever 1	neuri
Mouth	new_g
actinomycosis 25	paraly
burn 167	p
cancer 39	partu
canker 99	pregn
chancre 37	sclero
cyst 99	8]
diphtheria 9	septio
disease 99	spina
parasitic (thrush) 99	tuber
foreign body 186	Mumps
gangrene 142	Murder
inflammation 99	(cutti
catarrhal 99	(firea
noma 142	(other
scald 167	Muriatic 8
sore 99	Muscle (n
nursing 99	abdor
syphilis 37	absce
tuberculosis 34	atrop
tumor 99	l p
ulcer 99	8
ulceration 99	cance
wound 186	congo
Movable kidney 122	consu
Mucoenteritis	contr
(-2y) 104 (2y+) 105	cram
(2y+) 105	cyst
Mucous	degen
colitis	a fr
(-2y) 104 $(2y+)$ 105	l fi
cyst (see Tumor)	"i
disease	diasta
	disloc
	disto
enteritis	
(-2y) 104	foreig
$\binom{-2y}{2y+}$ 105	heart
membrane	d
burn 167	ď
inflammation 189	herni
necrosis 189	hyper
scald 167	infilt
wound 186	inflan
patches 37	lacers
Mucus, vaginal, inspiration 152	myal
Muguet 99	ossific
Multilocular cyst 131	paral
Multiple	parai,
abacess 144	

Multiple—Continued.
birth
(child) 151 (mother) 136
cancer 45
carbuncle 143
cerebrospinal sclerosis 63
fibroid 129
injuries 186
lymphadenoma 53
lymphoma 46
melanosarcomata 45
neuritis 73
new growth, kidney 45
paralysis 63
progressive 63
parturition 138
pregnancy 134
acretosta 09
spinal cord 63
septic peritonitis 117 spinal sclerosis 63
tuberculosis 35
Mumps 19 Murder 184 (cutting or piercing instruments) 183
Murder 184
(firearms) 182
(other means) 184
Muriatic acid poisoning (see Poisoning)
Muscle (muscular) abdominal, rupture 186
abscess 149 atrophy 149
progressive 63
spinal, chronic 63
cancer 45
congenital malformation 150
consumption 189
contracture 149
cramp 149
cyst 46
degeneration 149
amyloid 63
fatty 63
fibrous 63
hyaline 63
diastasis 149
dislocation 185
dystrophy 149
progressive 63
foreign body 186
heart degeneration 79
disease 79 hernia 149
hypertrophy 149
infiltration, fatty 149
inflammation 149
laceration 186
myalgia 149
ossification 149
paralysis 66
atrophic 63
pseudohypertrophic 63

Muscle—Continued.	Myocarditis—Continued.
parasitic disease 149	progressive 79
rheumatism 149	rheumatic 47
rupture 149	sclerous 79
injury 186	syphilitic 37
traumatic 186	toxic 78
sheath, rupture 186	Myocardium (myocardial)
spasm 74	atrophy 79
suppuration 144	degeneration 79
syphilis 37 tremor 66	calcareous 79
tuberculosis 34	fatty 79
tumor 46	fibrous 79 hyaline 79
striped (see Tumor)	pigmentary 79
wasting 189	hypertrophy 79
wound 186	inflammation 78
Muscular (see Muscle)	insufficiency 79
Myalgia 149	Myodiastasis 149
intercostal 149	Myoendocarditis
muscle 149	(-60v) 78
Myasthenia 63	(60y+) 79
gravis 63	Myoma
Mycetoma 25	(according to location) (see Tumor)
Mycosis 25	(location not indicated) 46
fungoid 25	Myomectomy 46
fungoides 25	Myopathy
pharynx 25	primary 63
tonsil 25	progressive 63
Mycotic diarrhœa	Myopericarditis 78
(-2y) 104	Myositis 149
(2y+) 105	fibrosa 149 infective 149
endocarditis 78	ossificans 149
Myelitis 63	progressive ossifying 149
acute 63	traumatic ossifying 149
ascending, acute 63	Myotomy 149
chronic 63	Myotonia congenita 149
disseminated 63	Myringitis 76
pressure 63	Myxochondroma (see Tumor)
progressive 63	Myxœdema 88
specific 37	insanity 88
spinal 63	thyreoid gland 88
cord 63	Myxofibroma (see Tumor)
subacute 63	Myxoma (see Tumor)
transverse 63	Myxosarcoma (see Cancer)
traumatic 186	·NT
Myeloid 150	N
sarcoma (see Cancer)	Nævolipoma (see Tumor)
tumor (see Cancer)	Nævus (see also Tumor) 150
Myelomalacia 63	cavernous (see also Tumor)
Myelomatosis 146	lymphatic (see also Tumor)
Myelomeningitis 63	lymphatic 46
Mylasis 145	skin 46
Myocardial (see Myocardium)	pigmentosus 150
Myocarditis	skin 150
(-60y) 78	vascular 150
(60y+) 79	skin 150
(-60y) 78 (60y+) 79 acute 78	Nail
chronic 79	ingrown 145
degenerative 79	congenital malformation 150
fatty 79	tumor 145
fibroid 79	Narcosis
interstitial 79	chloroform 168
acute 78	ether 168
chronic 79	morphine 165

Narcosis—Continued.	Necrosis—Continued.
opium 165	brain 74
Narcotic gastritis 165	cerebral 74
Narcotism 165	ear 76
Nares	femur 146
	gall bladder 115
plugging 85	
posterior, cancer 45	gastric 103
Nasal (see Nose)	general 146
Nasobronchial catarrh 90	heart 79
Nasopharyngeal (see Nasopharynx)	hip 147
fossa, polypus 86	infective 146
Nasopharynx (nasopharyngeal)	jaw 146
abscess 100	jawbone, phosphoric 58
cancer 44	kidney 122 larynx 87
catarrh 86	
disease 86	liver 115
inflammation 86	lumbar vertebra 32
polypus 86	lymphatic gland 84
syphilis 37	mastoid 146
tuberculosis 34	maxilla 146
tumor 86	(from phosphorus) 58
Natal hydrocephalus 150	mitral valve 79
Nates	mucous membrane 189
	nose 86
abscess 144	orbit 146
cancer 45	pancreas 118
Natural causes 189	
Nausea 103	pelvis 146
Navel	phosphorus 58
cord, ulcer 152	pylorus 103
disease	spinal column 32
(-3m) 152	spine 32
(3m+) 189	spleen 116
hæmorrhage	stomach 103
(-3m) 152	suprarenal 52
(3m+) 85	thymus 84
infected (-3m) 152	trachea 98
inflammation (2m) 159	tuberculous 34
inflammation (-3m) 152	vertebral 32
septichæmia (—3m) 152	Necrotic
Necatoriasis 106	colitis
Neck	(-2y) 104
abscess 144	(2y+) 105
adenitis 84	cesophagitis 101
bladder (see Bladder)	softening, brain 65
cancer 45	Neglect
carbuncle 143	(-3m) 153
cellulitis 144	(3m+) 189
cyst 46	Negri bodies 23
dislocation 185	Negro lethargy 55
femur (see Bone)	Neoplasm (See Tumor)
fracture 185	
injury 186	breast 43
tumor 46	stomach 40
ulcer 145	uterus 42
uterus (see also Cervix)	Neoplastic
abscess 130	growth (see Tumor)
hypertrophy 130	meningitis 30
ulcer 130	tumor
	(nonmalignant or unqualified)
wound 186	(see Tumor)
wry 149	(malignant) (see Cancer)
Necrencephalus 65	stomach, uterus, breast (see Can-
Necrobiosis, cerebral 65	cer)
Necrosis 146	Nephralgia 122
adrenal 52	Nephrectomy 122
antrum 146	Nephritic
bone 146	abscess 122

Nephritic—Continued.	Nephritis—Continued.
calculus 123	tuberculous 34
colic 123	tubular 120
paralysis 122	acute 119
Nephritis 120	chronic 120
acute 119	Nephrolithiasis 123
albuminous 120	Nephrolithotomy 123
acute 119	Nephroplegia 122
chronic 120	Nephroptosis 122
alcoholic 120	Nephropyosis 122
acute 119	Nephrorrhagia 122
chronic 120	Nephrorrhaphy 122
ascending 122	Nephrotomy 122
catarrhal 120	1 •
acute 119	Nerve cancer 45
chronic 120	cranial
chronic 120	cancer 45
consecutive 122	degeneration 74
croupous 120	inflammation 74
desquamative 119	injury 186
acute 119	neuralgia 73
diffuse 120	paralysis 66
acute 119	syphilis 37
chronic 120	degeneration 74
disseminated suppurative 122	disease 74
epithelial 120	division 74
acute 119	foreign body 186
chronic 120	gastric, paralysis 74
exudative 120	inflammation 74
acute 119	injury 186
chronic 120	intercostal, neuralgia 73
following scarlet fever 7	leprosy 17
glomerular 119	optic
hæmorrhagic 120	atrophy 75
acute 119	cancer 45
chronic 120	inflammation 75
infantile 119	malformation 150
infectious 119	tumor 75
interstitial 120	phrenic, paralysis 74
acute 119	pneumogastric, paralysis 74
chronic 120	rupture 186
diffuse 120	section 74
hypertrophic 120	spinal
large white kidney 120	neuralgia 73
parenchymatous 120	paralysis 66
acute 119 chronic 120	stretching 74
	stretching 74 syphilis 37
postdiphtheritic 9 postoperative 120	tuberculosis 34
	tumor 74
postpuerperal 138 pregnancy 138	wound 186
puerperal 138	Nervous
purulent 120	asthenia 74
saturnine 57	cachexia 189
scarlatinal 7	debility 74
septic 120	disease 74
subacute 119	dyspepsia 103
suppurative 122	exhaustion 74
acute 122	sudden death after delivery 139
chronic 122	fever 189
syphilitic 37	indigestion 103
traumatic 186	irritation 74
tubal 120	lesion 74
acute 119	prostration 74
chronic 120	shock 74

Nervous—Continued.	Neuropathic joint disease 147
spasm	Neuroretinitis 75
(-5y) 71	Neurorrhaphy 74
(5y+) 70	Neuroses, craft 74
system	Neurosis 74
congenital malformation 150	bladder 124 cardiac 79
degeneration 74	Cardiac 79
amyloid 74	intestinal 110
fatty 74 disease 74	larynx 87
wound 186	mammary gland 133 occupational 74
(with lodgment of foreign	
	pharynx 100 railroad 74
body) 186 Neuralgia 73	senile 74
abdominal 110	traumatic 74
bladder 124	Neurotic
bowel 110	dyspepsia 103
cardiac 80	fever 189
cerebral 73	Neurotomy 74
chest 80	Newborn
gastric 103	asphyxia (-3m) 152
heart 80	atelectasis (-3m) 152
intercostal 73	coryza 86
intestine 110	cyanosis 152
larynx 87	(not due to malformation of heart,
malarial 4	`—3m) 152
pericardium 80	(not due to malformation of heart
pregnant uterus 134	3m+) 189
stomach 103	hæmorrhage (-3m) 152
throat 100	hepatitis 151
trigeminal 73	icterus 151
writers' 74	infant
Neuralgic rheumatism 48	conjunctivitis 38
Neurasthenia 74	ophthalmia, purulent 38
cardiac 79	jaundice 151
gastric 103	lack of care (-3m) 153
gastrointestinal 74	cedema, 151
traumatic 74	syphilides 37
Neurectomy 74	trismus 24
Neuritis 73	New growth
alcoholic 73	(nonmalignant or unqualified) (see
arsenical 59 ascending 63	Tumor) (malignant) (see Cancer)
cancerous 45	Nicotinism 59
chemical poisoning	Nipple
(not occupational) 59	abscess 133
(occupational) 58	cancer 43
degenerative 73	disease, parasitic 133
diphtheritic 9	fissure 133
general 73	(puerperal) 141
multiple 73	puerperium 141
multiplex endemica 27	inflammation
optic 75	(nonpuerperal) 133
peripheral 73	(puerperal) 141
postdiphtheritic 9	injury 186
rheumatic 48	malformation 150
acute 47	Paget's disease 133
chronic 48	syphilis 37
sciatic 73	tumor 133
spinal 63	ulceration 133
Neurofibroma (see Tumor)	No disease 189
Neurofibromatosis (see Tumor)	Node_ 146
Neuroma 74	Heberden's 48
optic 75	lymph
Neuromyositis 149	abscess 84

Node—Continued.	Nose—Continued.
lymph—Continued.	passage
cancer 45	foreign body 186
syphilis 37	parasitic disease 86
tuberculosis 34	syphilis 37
Nodose rheumatism 48	tuberculosis 34
Nodular leprosy 17	tumor 86
Noli me tangere 44 Noma 142	ulcer 86 perichondritis 86
mouth 142	
pudendi 142	periostitis 86 polypus 86
vulva 142	septum
Nonclosure	abscess 86
Eustachian valve 150	deviation 86
foramen	disease 86
Botallo 150	fracture 185
cyanosis 150	hæmatoma 86
ovale 150	perforation 86
"Noncontagious" 189	syphilis 37
Nondevelopment (-1y) 151	tuberculosis 34
brain 150	tumor 86
Nonfilarial	wound 186
chylocele 84	Nostalgia 68
chylous ascites 84	Nourishment
chyluria 121	insufficient (food) 177
elephantiasis 145	lack of 177
scrotum 145 vulva 145	Noxious vapors or effluvia (including
	those produced by explosives) 168
Nonunion, fractured bone 146 Nonviability (-1y) 151	Nuck, canal, cyst 150 Nuclear paralysis
Nose (nasal)	associated 74
abscess 86	inferior 63
burn 167	superior 74
cancer 44	Nursing sore mouth 99
caries 86	Nutmeg liver 115
cartilage, dislocation 185	Nutrition, deficient 177
catarrh 86	_
congenital malformation 150	0
diphtheria 9	Obesity 55
disease 86	Oblique inguinal hernia 109
parasitic 86	Obliteration
duct	artery 81
fistula 75	lymphatic vessel 84
obstruction 75	vein 83
stenosis 75	Obscure disease 189
ecchondrosis 86 exostosis 86	Obsessive insanity 68
foreign body 86	Obstetric operation 136 Obstipation 110
fossa	Obstruction 189
abscess 86	alimentary canal 109
adenoid vegetations 86	aortic 79
disease 86	artery 81
polypus 86	clot 82
tamponing 85	bile duct 115
frostbite 178	biliary 115
glanders 21	bowel 109
hæmorrhage 85	bronchi 98
hypertrophy 86	common duct 115
inflammation 86	congenital 150
suppurative 86	intestine 150
injury 186	fæcal 110
leprosy 17	gall
lupus 34	bladder 115
malformation 150	duct 115
necrosis 86	l hepatic 115 /

Obstantian Continued	(Edomo Continued
Obstruction—Continued.	Œdema—Continued.
intestine 109	extremity 187
congenital 150	general
kidney 122	(-1y) 151
larynx 87	(1y+) 187
(foreign body) 186	glottis 87
liver 115	heart 79
mitral 79	larynx 87
nasal duct 75	passive 87
cesophagus 101	lung 94
pancreatic duct 118	malignant 142
portal 115	rectum 110
circulation 115	neonatorum 151
vein 115	newborn 151
pyæmic 20	pulmonary 94
pylorus 103	Œdematous laryngitis 87
throat 186	(diphtheritic) 9
tracheal 98	Œsophagismus 101
urinary 124	Œsophagitis 101
organ 125	necrotic 101
uterus 130	Œsophagostomy 101
valvular orifice 79	Œsophagotomy 101
vein 83	Œsophagus
Obstructive	abscess 101
cholecystitis 115	atresia, congenital 150
disease, valve, heart 79	burn 167
icterus	cancer 40
(-1y) 151	congenital malformation 150
(1y+) 115	dilatation 101
jaundice	diphtheria 9
(-1y) 151	disease 101
S= * (= = = =	diverticulum 101
(1y+) 115	
laryngitis 87	epithelioma 40
(foreign body) 186	foreign body 101
Obturator hernia 109	inflammation 101
Ochronosis 55	leprosy 17
Occiput	injury 186 lupus 34
dislocation, atlas 185	lupus 34
fracture 185	malformation 150
Occlusion	l
** *	obstruction 101
anus (infant) 150	paralysis 101
artery, clot 82	perforation 101
bile duct 115	rupture 101
bowel 109	spontaneous 101
cervical canal 130	scald 167
Falloppian tube 132	spasm 101
gall duct 115	stenosis 101
intestine 109	stricture 101
uterus 130	Buicture IVI
	syphilitic 37
vagina 132	syphilis 37
vulva 132	tuberculosis 34
Occupational neurosis 74	tumor 101
Ocular tuberculosis 34	ulceration 101
Odontalgia 99	varix 83
Odontoma 99	wound 186
Œdema	within 186
(1\ 151	
(-1y) 151	Oil
(1y+) 187	coal, burn 167
alcoholic, brain 64	wintergreen, poisoning 165
angiospastic 74	Old
arsenical 59	age 154
(occupational) 58	atrophy 154
brain 64	
cerebral 64	cachexia 154 debility 154
	domentic 154
conjunctiva 75	dementia 154
connective tissue 187	exhaustion 154

Old—Continued.	Orbit—Continued.
age—Continued.	cyst 75
gangrene 142	disease 75
imbecility 154	emphysema 75
marasmus 154	erysipelas 18
paralysis 66	foreign body 75
hemiplegia 66 laceration	hæmorrhage 75
cervix uteri 130	injury 186 necrosis 146
pelvic floor 132	syphilis 37
Omental hernia 109	tumor 75
Omentum	Orchidectomy 127
abscess 117	Orchitis 127
cancer 41	blennorrhagic 38
gangrene 117	gonococcic 38
tuberculosis 31	gonorrhœal 38
tumor 117	septic 127
Omphalitis (-3m) 152	traumatic 127
infectious (-3m) 152	tuberculous 34
Omphalocele 150	Organic brain disease 74
Omphalorrhagia $(-3m)$ 152	dementia 74
(3m±) 85	psychosis due to 74
(3m+) 85 Onanism 74	cardiac lesion 79
Onychia 145	dementia 68
Onychoma 145	(from organic brain disease) 74
Onyxis 145	disease 189
syphilitic 37	brain 74
Oophorectomy 131	heart 79
Oophoritis 132	intestine 110
cystic 132 tuberculous 34	kidney 122
Open foramen ovale 150	liver 115 lung 98
Opening, mastoid	spleen 116
antrum 146	stomach 103
cells 146	uterus 130
Operation 189	heart disease 79
anæsthetic (unqualified) 168	lesion 189
for (see the disease or condition for	brain 74
which the operation was under-	heart 79
taken) Ophthalmia 75	intestine 110
Ophthalmia 75 blennorrhagic 38	kidney 122 liver 115
diphtheritic 9	lung 98
gonococcic 38	spleen 116
gonorrhœal 38	stomach 103
neonatorum 38	uterus 130
purulent 38	stricture, urethra 125
newborn infant 38	Orifice, valvular, obstruction 79
Opisthotonos 24	Os calcis, dislocation 185
Opium	Osseous
habit 59 narcosis 165	ankylosis, joint 147 tuberculosis 34
Optic	tumor 146
nerve	Ossicle (see Ear)
atrophy 75	Ossiculectomy 76
cancer 45	Ossification
inflammation 75	artery 81
malformation 150	auricle 76
tumor 75	bronchi 98
neuritis 75	cartilage 149
neuroma 75	coronary artery 81
Orbit abscess 75	heart 79 valve 79
cancer 45	larynx 87
caries 146	mitral valve 79

Ossification—Continued.	Ovary—Continued.
muscle 149	displacement 132
trachea 98	dropsy 131
Ossifluent abscess 34	fibroid 131
Ossifying	hæmatocele 132
myositis	hæmatoma 131
progressive 149	hæmorrhage 132
traumatic 149	hernia 132
sarcoma (see Cancer)	inflammation 132
Osteal tuberculosis 34	malformation 150
Osteitis 146	prolapse 132
deformans 146	removal 132
purulent 146	sclerosis 132
tuberculous 34	tuberculosis 34
femur 34	tumor 131
Osteoarthritis 48	ulceration 132
spinal 146	varix 83
Osteoarthropathy	Overdistention, uterus 136
hypertrophic 36	Overexertion 177
	Overheated 179
pulmonary 36 Osteochondroma 146	la a a
	Overlain 168
Osteoclasis 146	Overlying 168
Osteocopic pains 37	suffocation 168
Osteodynia 146	Overstrained 189
Osteoma 146	Overwork 189
symmetrical 146	Ovum, dead, retention 134
Osteomalacia 36	Oxaluria 122
Osteomyelitis 146	Ozæna 86
infective 146	${f P}$
suppurative 146	
tuberculous 34	Pachydermatitis 145
Osteoperiostitis 146	Pachydermia 145
palate 146	cachectic 88
Osteoplastic resection (skull) 146	verrucosa 87
Osteosarcoma (see Cancer)	Pachydermic cachexia 88
Osteotomy 146	Pachymeningitis 61
Otalgia 76	cerebral 61
Otic meningitis 76	cervical 61
Otic meningitis 76 Otitis 76	cervical 61 hæmorrhagic 64
Otitis 76 externa 76	
Otitis 76 externa 76	hæmorrhagic 64 internal 61
Otitis 76 externa 76 interna 76	hæmorrhagic 64 internal 61 spinal 61
Otitis 76 externa 76 interna 76 media 76	hæmorrhagic 64 internal 61 spinal 61
Otitis 76 externa 76 interna 76 media 76 purulent 76	hæmorrhagic 64 internal 61 spinal 61 Paget's disease, nipple 133 Pains
Otitis 76 externa 76 interna 76 media 76 purulent 76 suppurative 76	hæmorrhagic 64 internal 61 spinal 61 Paget's disease, nipple 133 Pains osteocopic 37
Otitis 76 externa 76 interna 76 media 76 purulent 76 suppurative 76 phlegmonous 76	hæmorrhagic 64 internal 61 spinal 61 Paget's disease, nipple 133 Pains osteocopic 37 spurious labor 134
Otitis 76 externa 76 interna 76 media 76 purulent 76 suppurative 76 phlegmonous 76 suppurative 76	hæmorrhagic 64 internal 61 spinal 61 Paget's disease, nipple 133 Pains osteocopic 37 spurious labor 134 Painful
Otitis 76 externa 76 interna 76 media 76 purulent 76 suppurative 76 phlegmonous 76 suppurative 76 tuberculous 34	hæmorrhagic 64 internal 61 spinal 61 Paget's disease, nipple 133 Pains osteocopic 37 spurious labor 134 Painful flat foot 149
Otitis 76 externa 76 interna 76 media 76 purulent 76 suppurative 76 phlegmonous 76 suppurative 76 tuberculous 34 Otorrhœa 76	hæmorrhagic 64 internal 61 spinal 61 Paget's disease, nipple 133 Pains osteocopic 37 spurious labor 134 Painful flat foot 149 menstruation 130
Otitis 76 externa 76 interna 76 media 76 purulent 76 suppurative 76 phlegmonous 76 suppurative 76 tuberculous 34 Otorrhœa 76 Ovarian (see Ovary)	hæmorrhagic 64 internal 61 spinal 61 Paget's disease, nipple 133 Pains osteocopic 37 spurious labor 134 Painful flat foot 149 menstruation 130 talipes valgus 149
Otitis 76 externa 76 interna 76 interna 76 media 76 purulent 76 suppurative 76 phlegmonous 76 suppurative 76 tuberculous 34 Otorrhea 76 Ovarian (see Ovary) Ovariotomy 131	hæmorrhagic 64 internal 61 spinal 61 Paget's disease, nipple 133 Pains osteocopic 37 spurious labor 134 Painful flat foot 149 menstruation 130 talipes valgus 149 Painters' colic 57
Otitis 76 externa 76 interna 76 interna 76 media 76 purulent 76 suppurative 76 phlegmonous 76 suppurative 76 tuberculous 34 Otorrhœa 76 Ovarian (see Ovary) Ovariotomy 131 Ovaritis 132	hæmorrhagic 64 internal 61 spinal 61 Paget's disease, nipple 133 Pains osteocopic 37 spurious labor 134 Painful flat foot 149 menstruation 130 talipes valgus 149 Painters' colic 57 Palate
Otitis 76 externa 76 interna 76 interna 76 media 76 purulent 76 suppurative 76 phlegmonous 76 suppurative 76 tuberculous 34 Otorrhœa 76 Ovarian (see Ovary) Ovariotomy 131 Ovaritis 132 cystic 132	hæmorrhagic 64 internal 61 spinal 61 Paget's disease, nipple 133 Pains osteocopic 37 spurious labor 134 Painful flat foot 149 menstruation 130 talipes valgus 149 Painters' colic 57 Palate cancer 39
Otitis 76 externa 76 interna 76 media 76 purulent 76 suppurative 76 phlegmonous 76 suppurative 76 tuberculous 34 Otorrhea 76 Ovarian (see Ovary) Ovariotomy 131 Ovaritis 132 cystic 132 tuberculous 34	hæmorrhagic 64 internal 61 spinal 61 Paget's disease, nipple 133 Pains osteocopic 37 spurious labor 134 Painful flat foot 149 menstruation 130 talipes valgus 149 Painters' colic 57 Palate cancer 39 cleft 150
Otitis 76 externa 76 interna 76 media 76 purulent 76 suppurative 76 phlegmonous 76 suppurative 76 tuberculous 34 Otorrhœa 76 Ovarian (see Ovary) Ovariotomy 131 Ovaritis 132 cystic 132 tuberculous 34 Ovary (ovarian)	hæmorrhagic 64 internal 61 spinal 61 Paget's disease, nipple 133 Pains osteocopic 37 spurious labor 134 Painful flat foot 149 menstruation 130 talipes valgus 149 Painters' colic 57 Palate cancer 39 cleft 150 congenital malformation 150
Otitis 76 externa 76 interna 76 media 76 purulent 76 suppurative 76 phlegmonous 76 suppurative 76 tuberculous 34 Otorrhœa 76 Ovarian (see Ovary) Ovariotomy 131 Ovaritis 132 cystic 132 tuberculous 34 Ovary (ovarian) abscess 132	hæmorrhagic 64 internal 61 spinal 61 Paget's disease, nipple 133 Pains osteocopic 37 spurious labor 134 Painful flat foot 149 menstruation 130 talipes valgus 149 Painters' colic 57 Palate cancer 39 cleft 150 congenital malformation 150 diphtheria 9
Otitis 76 externa 76 interna 76 media 76 purulent 76 suppurative 76 phlegmonous 76 suppurative 76 tuberculous 34 Otorrhœa 76 Ovarian (see Ovary) Ovariotomy 131 Ovaritis 132 cystic 132 tuberculous 34 Ovary (ovarian) abscess 132 absent 150	hæmorrhagic 64 internal 61 spinal 61 Paget's disease, nipple 133 Pains osteocopic 37 spurious labor 134 Painful flat foot 149 menstruation 130 talipes valgus 149 Painters' colic 57 Palate cancer 39 cleft 150 congenital malformation 150 diphtheria 9 disease 100
Otitis 76 externa 76 interna 76 media 76 purulent 76 suppurative 76 phlegmonous 76 suppurative 76 tuberculous 34 Otorrhœa 76 Ovarian (see Ovary) Ovariotomy 131 Ovaritis 132 cystic 132 tuberculous 34 Ovary (ovarian) abscess 132 absent 150 cancer 42	hæmorrhagic 64 internal 61 spinal 61 Paget's disease, nipple 133 Pains osteocopic 37 spurious labor 134 Painful flat foot 149 menstruation 130 talipes valgus 149 Painters' colic 57 Palate cancer 39 cleft 150 congenital malformation 150 diphtheria 9 disease 100 fissure 150
Otitis 76 externa 76 interna 76 media 76 purulent 76 suppurative 76 phlegmonous 76 suppurative 76 tuberculous 34 Otornhea 76 Ovarian (see Ovary) Ovariotomy 131 Ovaritis 132 cystic 132 tuberculous 34 Ovary (ovarian) abscess 132 absent 150 cancer 42 cirrhosis 132	hæmorrhagic 64 internal 61 spinal 61 Paget's disease, nipple 133 Pains osteocopic 37 spurious labor 134 Painful flat foot 149 menstruation 130 talipes valgus 149 Painters' colic 57 Palate cancer 39 cleft 150 congenital malformation 150 diphtheria 9 disease 100 fissure 150 leprosy 17
Otitis 76 externa 76 interna 76 media 76 purulent 76 suppurative 76 phlegmonous 76 suppurative 76 tuberculous 34 Otorrhœa 76 Ovarian (see Ovary) Ovariotomy 131 Ovaritis 132 cystic 132 tuberculous 34 Ovary (ovarian) abscess 132 absent 150 cancer 42 cirrhosis 132 cyst 131	hæmorrhagic 64 internal 61 spinal 61 Paget's disease, nipple 133 Pains osteocopic 37 spurious labor 134 Painful flat foot 149 menstruation 130 talipes valgus 149 Painters' colic 57 Palate cancer 39 cleft 150 congenital malformation 150 diphtheria 9 disease 100 fissure 150 leprosy 17 lesion, traumatic 186
Otitis 76 externa 76 interna 76 interna 76 media 76 purulent 76 suppurative 76 phlegmonous 76 tuberculous 34 Otorrhœa 76 Ovarian (see Ovary) Ovariotomy 131 Ovaritis 132 cystic 132 tuberculous 34 Ovary (ovarian) abscess 132 absent 150 cancer 42 cirrhosis 132 cyst 131 dermoid 131	hæmorrhagic 64 internal 61 spinal 61 Paget's disease, nipple 133 Pains osteocopic 37 spurious labor 134 Painful flat foot 149 menstruation 130 talipes valgus 149 Painters' colic 57 Palate cancer 39 cleft 150 congenital malformation 150 diphtheria 9 disease 100 fissure 150 leprosy 17 lesion, traumatic 186 lupus 34
Otitis 76 externa 76 interna 76 interna 76 purulent 76 suppurative 76 phlegmonous 76 suppurative 76 tuberculous 34 Otorrhœa 76 Ovarian (see Ovary) Ovariotomy 131 Ovaritis 132 cystic 132 tuberculous 34 Ovary (ovarian) abscess 132 absent 150 cancer 42 cirrhosis 132 cyst 131 dermoid 131 paracentesis 131	hæmorrhagic 64 internal 61 spinal 61 Paget's disease, nipple 133 Pains osteocopic 37 spurious labor 134 Painful flat foot 149 menstruation 130 talipes valgus 149 Painters' colic 57 Palate cancer 39 cleft 150 congenital malformation 150 diphtheria 9 disease 100 fissure 150 leprosy 17 lesion, traumatic 186 lupus 34 malformation 150
Otitis 76 externa 76 interna 76 media 76 purulent 76 suppurative 76 phlegmonous 76 suppurative 76 tuberculous 34 Otorrhœa 76 Ovarian (see Ovary) Ovariotomy 131 Ovaritis 132 cystic 132 tuberculous 34 Ovary (ovarian) abscess 132 absent 150 cancer 42 cirrhosis 132 cyst 131 dermoid 131 paracentesis 131 tuberculous 34	hæmorrhagic 64 internal 61 spinal 61 Paget's disease, nipple 133 Pains osteocopic 37 spurious labor 134 Painful flat foot 149 menstruation 130 talipes valgus 149 Painters' colic 57 Palate cancer 39 cleft 150 congenital malformation 150 diphtheria 9 disease 100 fissure 150 leprosy 17 lesion, traumatic 186 lupus 34 malformation 150 osteoperiostitis 146
Otitis 76 externa 76 interna 76 media 76 purulent 76 suppurative 76 phlegmonous 76 suppurative 76 tuberculous 34 Otornhea 76 Ovarian (see Ovary) Ovariotomy 131 Ovaritis 132 cystic 132 tuberculous 34 Ovary (ovarian) abscess 132 absent 150 cancer 42 cirrhosis 132 cyst 131 dermoid 131 paracentesis 131 tuberculous 34 cystic 131	hæmorrhagic 64 internal 61 spinal 61 Paget's disease, nipple 133 Pains osteocopic 37 spurious labor 134 Painful flat foot 149 menstruation 130 talipes valgus 149 Painters' colic 57 Palate cancer 39 cleft 150 congenital malformation 150 diphtheria 9 disease 100 fissure 150 leprosy 17 lesion, traumatic 186 lupus 34 malformation 150 osteoperiostitis 146 paralysis 100
Otitis 76 externa 76 interna 76 interna 76 media 76 purulent 76 suppurative 76 phlegmonous 76 tuberculous 34 Otorrhœa 76 Ovarian (see Ovary) Ovariotomy 131 Ovaritis 132 cystic 132 tuberculous 34 Ovary (ovarian) abscess 132 absent 150 cancer 42 cirrhosis 132 cyst 131 dermoid 131 paracentesis 131 tuberculous 34 cystic 131 cystoma 131	hæmorrhagic 64 internal 61 spinal 61 Paget's disease, nipple 133 Pains osteocopic 37 spurious labor 134 Painful flat foot 149 menstruation 130 talipes valgus 149 Painters' colic 57 Palate cancer 39 cleft 150 congenital malformation 150 diphtheria 9 disease 100 fissure 150 leprosy 17 lesion, traumatic 186 lupus 34 malformation 150 osteoperiostitis 146 paralysis 100 soft
Otitis 76 externa 76 interna 76 media 76 purulent 76 suppurative 76 phlegmonous 76 suppurative 76 tuberculous 34 Otornhea 76 Ovarian (see Ovary) Ovariotomy 131 Ovaritis 132 cystic 132 tuberculous 34 Ovary (ovarian) abscess 132 absent 150 cancer 42 cirrhosis 132 cyst 131 dermoid 131 paracentesis 131 tuberculous 34 cystic 131	hæmorrhagic 64 internal 61 spinal 61 Paget's disease, nipple 133 Pains osteocopic 37 spurious labor 134 Painful flat foot 149 menstruation 130 talipes valgus 149 Painters' colic 57 Palate cancer 39 cleft 150 congenital malformation 150 diphtheria 9 disease 100 fissure 150 leprosy 17 lesion, traumatic 186 lupus 34 malformation 150 osteoperiostitis 146 paralysis 100

Palate—Continued.	Pancreatitis—Continued.
syphilis 37	interstitial 118
tuberculosis 34	subacute 118
ulceration 100	suppurative 118
	Panneuritis endemica 27
wound 186	
Palatine vault	Pannus 75
congenital malformation 150	Pansinusitis 146
perforation 146	Papillary angina 100
Palmar fascia	(diphtheritic) 9
contracted 149	Papilliferous carcinoma (see Cancer)
retraction 149	Papilloma (see Tumor)
	Pappataci fever 19
Palpitation	Papule 145
cardiac 85	syphilitic 37
heart 85	
Palsy 66	Paracentesis 189
brain 66	abdomen 189
cerebral 66	cerebral ventricle 74
divers' 74	cyst, ovary 131
lead 57	fœtus (see Stillbirth)
shaking 63	parovarian cyst 131
	pericardium 77
wasting 63	pleura 93
Paludal	Parachute, fall 175
anæmia 4	
cachexia 4	
fever 4	agitans 63
Panama fever 4	alcoholic 67
Panaris 144	chronic 67
Pancarditis 79	general 67
rheumatic 47	amyotrophic 63
Pancreas (pancreatic)	ascending 63
abscess 118	associated nuclear 74
anonlogy 110	atrophic 63
apoplexy 118	progressive 63
atrophy 118	bilateral 66
calculus 118	bladder 124
cancer 45	
cirrhosis 118	bowel 110
congenital malformation 150	brain 66
cyst 118	bronchi 90
hæmorrhagic 118	Brown-Séquard's 63
degeneration 118	bulbar 63
tuberculous 34	progressive 63
diabetes 50	cachexia 67
dilatation, duct 118	cardiac 189
disease 118	cerebral 66
parasitic 118	chorea 72
	colon 110
duct	congenital 63
obstruction 118	cordis 189
stone 118	cranial nerve 66
gangrene 118	
hæmorrhage 118	creeping 63
inflammation 118	deglutition 100
injury 186	dementia 67
malformation 150	diaphragm 74
necrosis 118	digestive organs 110
suppuration 118	diphtheritic 9
syphilis 37	disseminated 66
tuberculosis 34	divers' 74
tumor 118	embolic 82
	enteric 110
Pancreatic (see Pancreas)	essential, infancy 63
Pancreatitis 118	
apoplectic 118	facial 66
cystic 118	Falloppian tube 132
fibrous 118	family, spastic 63
gangrenous 118	fauces 100
hæmorrhagic 118	gastric nerve 74
-	

Paralysis—Continued.
general
(unqualified, or not in asylum
66
(insane, or reported from asy lum) 67
insane 67
progressive 67
generalized 66
(insane) 67
glottis 87
heart 189
imbecile 67 infantile 63
acute 63
atrophic, acute 63
cerebral 74
progressive, acute 63
spastic 74
spinal 63 infectious 63
infectious 63
inferior nuclear 63
insane 67 intestine 110
kidney 122
labioglossal 63
labioglossolaryngeal 63
labioglossopharyngeal 63
Landry's 63
Landry's 63 larynx 87 lateral 66
lead 57
local 66
lunacy 67
lung
(-ly) 151
(1y+) 98
marasmus 67 motor 66
multiple 63
progressive 63
muscle 66
muscular, atrophic 63
nephritic 122
cesophagus 101
old age 66 palate 100
pharynx 100
phrenic nerve 74
pneumogastric nerve 74
progressive 66
spinal cord 63
pseudohypertrophic 63
muscular 63 respiratory 98
respiratory 98 rheumatic 48
saturnine 57
secondary 66
senile 66
shaking 63
shock 64
soft palate 100 spastic 63
NAMES OF A STATE OF A

spinal cord 63

```
Paralysis-Continued.
    specific 37
spinal 63
        acute 63
        ascending, acute 63 atrophic 63
        chronic 63
        cord 63
             acute 63
             chronic
        nerve 66
        progressive
        spastic 63
    stomach 103
    stroke 64
    superior nuclear 74
    syphilitic 37
    tabetic, general 67
throat 100
         (diphtheritic) 9
    tongue 74
    traumatic 186
    trembling 63
uræmic 120
    velum palati 100
    vesical 124
    wasting 63
Paralytic (see Paralysis)
Paramenia 130
Parametric abscess 132
Parametritis 130
Paramyoclonus multiplex 74
Paranephric tumor 122
Paranoia 68
Paranoid state 68
Paraphimosis 127
Paraplegia 66
    ataxic
    spastic 63
         hereditary
         primary
         secondary
Parasite (see Parasitic disease)
Parasitic cyst (unqualified)
```

PARASITIC DISEASE

All "germ diseases," e. g. Typhoid fever (caused by the Bacillus typhosus), are parasitic diseases, but the expression is usually understood to include those caused by higher fungi or by animal parasites. The name of the disease should be reported by the physician if possible, not merely the name of the parasite. The latter, however, may be confirmatory of diagnosts, or in itself, in some cases, diagnostic. The brief list below should be used with caution and as subordinate to the statement of disease causing death when that is given.

Parasite	Parasitic disease	
Actinomyces bovis	Actinomycosis 25	
Amœba dysenteriæ	Amosbic dysentery 1	
Ancylostoma	Ancylostomiasis 106	
Ankylostoma	Ankylostomiasis 106	
Ascaris lumbricoides	Ascariasis 107	
Aspergillus	See Aspergillosis	

Parasite—Con.	Parasitic disease—Con.	Parasite-Con.	Parasitic discase—Con.
	1 druguit diococt COII.		
Bacillus acrogenes capsulatus	Bacillus aerogenes cap-	Schistosoma Shiga's bacillus	Schistosomiasis 107 Bacillary dysentery 14
acrogones capatiants	sulatus infection 20	Spirillum choleræ	Asiatic cholera 12
anthracis	Anthrax 22	Spirillum obermeieri	Relapsing fever 3
botulinus	Botulism 164	Spirochæta	
choleræ	Asiatic cholera 12	obermeieri	Relapsing fever 3
coli communis	Bacillus coli communis	pallida	Syphilis 37
•	infection	Spironema pallidum	Syphilis 37
	(-2y) 104	Staphylococcus	Staphylococcus infec-
	(2y+) 105 Found also in peritoni-	Streptococcus	tion 20 Streptococcus infec-
	tis. terminal infec-	Surpococcus	tion 20
	tions, etc.	Tænia	Tæniasis 107
diphtheriæ	Diphtheria 9	Tapeworm	Teeniasis 107
dysenteriæ	Bacillary dysentery 14	Treponema pallidum	Syphilis 37
influenzæ	Influenza 10	Trichina spiralis	Trichiniasis 107
lepræ	Leprosy 17	Trypanosoma	Trypanosomiasis 55
mallei	Glanders 21	Tubercle bacillus	See Tuberculosis
pestis .	Plague 15	Uncinaria Vincent's bacillus	Uncinariasis 106
pneumoniæ	Pneumonia 92	Vincent's bacinus	Vincent's angina 100
shigæ tetani	Bacillary dysentery 14 Tetanus 24	(If the name of the para	site is not stated, assign-
typhi abdominalis	Typhoid fever 1	ment may be made to the	
typhosus	Typhoid fever 1	of the body as stated ur	ider the general heading
tuberculosis	See Tuberculosis	Disease.)	
Balantidium coli	Balantidic dysentery 14	Parasitic stomatitis	99
Blastomyces	Blastomycosis 25	Parathyreoid gland,	tumor 88
Bothriocephalus	Tæniasis 107	Paratyphoid fever	
Cestodes	Tæniasis 107	Paratyphus 1	
Comma bacillus	Asiatic cholera 12	Parauterine abscess	700
Cysticercus cellulosæ	See Cysticerci	(nonpuerperal)	130
Dibothriocephalus	Teniasis 107	(puerperal) 137	
Eberth's bacillus	Typhoid fever 1	Paregoric poisoning	165
Echinococcus	See Hydatid	Parenchymatous goitre 88	
Entamœba histolytica	Entamorbic dysentery	hepatitis 111	
Fasciola hepatica	Hepatic distomiasis 107	acute 111	
Filaria	See Filariasis	nephritis 120	
Fluke	Distomiasis 107	acute 119	
Friedländer's pneumoba-	Pneumonia 92	chronic 120) ·
cillus		tonsillitis 100	
Gonococcus	Gonococcus infection 38	Paresis 67	
Hookworm	Hookworm disease 106	bladder 124 bowel 110	
Klebs-Löffler bacillus Koch's comma bacillus	Diphtheria 9 Asiatic cholera 12	general 67	
Laverania	Malaria 4	heart 189	
Löffler's bacillus	Diphtheria 9	infantile 63	
Meningococcus	Cerebrospinal fever 61	intestine 110	
Micrococcus		peripheral, progr	ressive 63
intracellularis menin-	Cerebrospinal fever 61	pseudohypertrop	ohic 63
gitidis		senile 154	
lanceolatus	Pneumonia 92	stomach 103	
melitensis	Malta fever 3	vesical 124 Paretic dementia 6	7
meningitidis	Cerebrospinal fever 61	Paretic dementia 6' Parietes (see Wall)	1
Microspironema pallidum	Hookworm disease 106	Parkinson's disease	63
Necator americanus Negri bodies	Diagnostic of rabies 23	Paronychia 144	
Oidium albicans	Thrush 99	Parotid	
Paratyphoid bacillus	Paratyphoid fever 1	cynanche 19	
Pfeiffer's bacillus	Influenza 10	gland	
Plasmodium malariæ	Malaria 4	abscess 99	
Pneumobacillus	Pneumonia 92	cancer 45	•
Pneumococcus	Pneumonia 92	infection 9	y
Round v. orm	Ascariasis 107	tumor 99	

Parotid—Continued.	Pelvic—Continued.
suppuration 99	cellulitis—Continued.
tumor 99	diffuse
gaseous 99	(female, nonpuerperal) 130
Parotiditis	(female, puerperal) 137
(not mumps) 99	(male) 144
(mumps) 19	floor, old laceration 132
acute 19	girdle, congenital malformation 150
chronic 99	hæmatocele
epidemic 19	(female) 132
septic 99	(male) 127
suppurative 99	inflammation
Parotitis	(female) 130
(not mumps) 99	(male) 189
(mumps) 19	lymphangitis 117
acute 19	organ, disease
epidemic 19	(female) 130
Parovarian cyst 131	(male) 189
paracentesis 131	peritonitis
Paroxysmal	(nonpuerperal or unqualified)
hæmatinuria 122	117
hæmaturia 122	(puerperal) 137
hæmoglobinuria 122	phlegmon
tachycardia 85	(female) 130
Parry's disease 51	(male) 144
Partial ataxia 62	suppuration
Parturition (see also Childbirth) 136	(female) 130
Partus intempestivus 151	(male) 144
Passage, nasal	tumor 46
foreign body 186	viscera, cancer 45
parasitic disease 86	Pelviperitonitis
syphilis 37	(nonpuerperal) 117
tuberculosis 34	(puerperal) 137
tumor 86	Pelvis (see also Bone)
ulcer 86	deformed (female, 15y-44y) 136
Passenger elevator, traumatism 174	kidney, calculus 123
Passive	necrosis 146
congestion	necrosis 146 wound 186
brain 64	Pemphigus 145
lung 94	gangrenous 142
œdema, larynx 87	infant 145
pneumonia 94	malignant 145
Patches, mucous 37	neonatorum 145
Patent	specific, congenital 37
ductus arteriosus 150	syphilitic 37
foramen ovale 150	Penis
Pathological asphyxia 189	abscess 127
Pectoral	amputation 127
abscess 144	traumatic 186
region, cancer 45	burn 167
Pedatrophia 151	cancer 45
Peliosis rheumatica 145	chancre, soft 38
Pellagra 26	chancroid 38
insanity 26	condyloma 37
Pelvic	congenital malformation 150
abscess	deformity, acquired 127
(female) 130	elephantiasis, nonfilarial 145
(male) 144	epithelioma 45
bone (see Bone)	erysipelas 18
cancer 45	foreign body 186
(formula nonnuerment) 120	frostbite 178
(female, nonpuerperal) 130	gangrene 142 hæmatoma 186
(female, puerperal) 137 (male) 144	hæmatoma 180 hæmorrhage 85

Penis—Continued.	Peribronchitis 90
inflammation 127	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Pericecal abscess 108
injury 186	Pericardial (see Pericardium)
malformation 150	Pericarditis 77
phagedæna 142	adhesive 77
strangulation 186	effusion 77
syphilis 37	fibrinous 77
tuberculosis 34	fibrous 77
tumor 127	
	granular 77
ulcer 127	hæmorrhagic 77
wound 186	plastic 77
Pentosuria 50	purulent 77
Peptic	rheumatic 47
gland, ulcer 102	septic 77
ulcer 102	suppurative 77
Perforating	Pericardium (pericardial)
gastric ulcer 102	abscess 77
ulcer	adherent 77
duodenum	adhesion 77
(-2y) 104	calcification 77
(2y+) 105	cancer 45
intestine	dilatation 77
(-2y) 104	
) 10±	dropsy 77
$(2y+)_{100}$	effusion 77
stomach 102	hæmorrhage 77
Perforation 189	inflammation 77
abdomen 186	injury 186
bile duct 115	neuralgia 80
bowel 110	paracentesis 77
chest 186	parasitic disease 77
	l * • .•
cornea 75	rheumatism 47
cranium 186	sac, foreign body 186
gall	syphilis 37
bladder 115	tuberculosis 34
duct 115	tumor 77
head, child (see Stillbirth)	wound 186
intestine 110	
	Pericellulitis 144
ulcerative	Pericholecystitis 115
(-2y) 104	Perichondritis 149
(2y+) 105	auricle 76
mastoid	larynx 87
antrum 146	nose 86
cell 146	Pericranial suppuration 144
cesophagus 101	Periencephalitis 61
palatine vault 146	acute 61
peritonitis 117	chronic 67
pharynx 100	diffuse 67
septum, nose 86	Periendocarditis 78
skull 186	Perihepatitis 115
stomach	Perimetric abscess 130
(nontraumatic) 103	Perimetritic
)	
(traumatic) 186	abscess 130
syphilitic 37	phlegmon 130
thoracic cavity 186	Perimetritis
thorax 186	(nonpuerperal or unqualified) 130
traumatic 186	(puerperal) 137
tympanum 76	Perimetrosalpingitis
uterus	(nonpuerperal or unqualified) 132
(nonpuerperal or unqualified)	(puerperal) 137
	Downwhanhar 196
130	Perinæorrhaphy 136
(puerperal) 136	Perinæum (perineal)
Perforative	abscess 144
appendicitis 108	tuberculous 34
peritonitis 117	burn 167
Periarteritis 81	cancer 45
infective 81	fistula 125

Perinæum—Continued.	Peritonæum—Continued.
foreign body 186	tuberculosis 31
hæmatoma 186	tumor 117
hernia 109	Peritoneal (see Peritonæum)
laceration 136	Peritonitis 117
parturition 136	adhesive 117
rupture 136	cancerous 41
parturition 136	congenital
section 125	(-3m) 152
ulcer 145	(3m+) 117
wound 186	diffuse 117
Perineal (see Perinseum)	disseminated 117
Perinephric	fibrinous 117
abscess 122	fibropurulent 117
phlegmon 122	general 117
tumor 122	subacute 117
Perinephritic abscess 122	gonococcic 38
Perinephritis 122	gonorrheal 38
purulent 122	hæmorrhagic 117 local 117
Periorchitis 127 Periosteal abscess 146	l
Periosteum	malignant 41 pelvic
abscess 146	(nonpuerperal or unqualified)
dental, suppuration 99	117
disease 146	(puerperal) 137
Periostitis 146	perforation 117
alveolodental 99	perforative 117
circumscribed 146	phlegmonous 117
diffuse 146	postoperative 117
infective 146	puerperal 137
nose 86	purulent 117
suppurative 146	general 117
Periostosis 146	rheumatic 47
Peripheral	septic
neuritis 73	(nonpuerperal or unqualified)
paresis, progressive 63	117
Periphlebitis 83	(puerperal) 137
Peripneumonia 92	general 117
Periproctitis 110	multiple 117
Perirectal	serofibrinous 117
abscess 110	simple 117
cellulitis 110	specific 31
Perirenal abscess 122	suppurative 117
Perisplenitis 116	syphilitic 37
Perithelioma, malignant (see Cancer)	traumatic 117
Peritonæum (peritoneal)	septic 117
abscess 117	tuberculous 31
adhesion_117	Peritonsillar
cancer 41	abscess 100
cavity, foreign body 117	ulcer 100
cyst 117	Perityphlitic abscess 108
dropsy 187	Perityphlitis 108
foreign body 117	Periureteritis 124
hæmorrhage 85	Periurethral
infection	abscess 125
(nonpuerperal or unqualified)	phlegmon 125
(puerperal) 137	Periuterine abscess 130
inflammation 117	cellulitis
injury 186	(nonpuerperal or unqualified)
laceration, parturition 136	130
malformation 150	(puerperal) 137
parasitic disease 117	hæmatocele 132
rheumatism 47	inflammation 130
septichæmia 117	phlegmon 130
syphilis 37	Perivesical inflammation 124
·	

Pernicious	Pharyngotomy 100
abscess 144	subhyoid 100
anæmia 54	Pharynx (pharyngeal)
spleen 54 attack 4	abscess 100
cachexia 4	burn 167 cancer 40
chill	cellulitis 100
(not in malarial region) 189	dilatation 100
(in malarial region) 4	diphtheria 9
fever 4	disease 100
icterus 111	foreign body 186
intermittent fever 4	impacted 100
malaria 4	gangrene 100
tuberculosis 29	granular 100
vomiting	imperforate 150
(female, -15y, 45y+) 103	inflammation 100
(female, 15y-44y) 134	follicular 100
(male) 103	granular 100
Pernio 145	injury 186
Persecution, delusion 68	leprosy 17
Persistent	lupus 34
foramen	malformation 150
Botallo 150 ovale 150	mycosis 25
thymus gland 84	neurosis 100
vomiting	paralysis 100 perforation 100
(female, -15y, 45y+) 103	scald 167
(male) 103	spasm 100
(pregnancy) 134	stricture 100
Pertussis 8	syphilis 37
Perversion, appetite 103	tuberculosis 34
Pervious ductus arteriosus 150	tumor 100
Pes	ulcer 100
cavus 149	ulceration 100
planus 149	varix 83
_ valgus 149	wound 186
Pest 15	Phimosis 150
Petechial	(not congenital) 127
fever 2	Phlebitis 83
smallpox 5	cavernous sinus 83
typhus 2 Petit mal 69	infective 83
Petroleum, burn 167	portal 115 puerperal 139
Petrous bone, caries 76	pyemic 83
Phagedæna 142	sarcomatous 45
penis 142	septic 83
sloughing 142	uterus 130
tropical 142	suppurative 83
vulva 142	umbilicus
Phagedenic	(-3m) 152
abscess 38	(3m+) 83
bubo 38	uterus 130
chancre 38	Phleboliths 83
ulcer 38	Phlebotomy 85
Pharyngeal (see Pharynx)	Phlegmasia ,
tonsil, hypertrophy 86	(when equivalent to inflammation
Pharyngitis 100	according to location)
catarrhal 100	(unqualified) 189
follicular 100 granular 100	alba dolens (nonpuerperal) 82
malignant 9	(puerperal) 139
membranous 9	Phlegmon (see a/s.) Abscess) 144
phlegmonous 100	broad ligament
tuberculous 34	(nonpuerperal or unqualified)
ulcerative 100	132
Pharyngolaryngitis, septic 87	(puerperal) 137
	·

Phlegmon—Continued.	Phthisis—Continued.
diffuse 144	miliary 29
erysipelatous 18	miners' 98
femoral 144	pneumonic 28
iliac 108	acute 29
foesa 108	chronic 28
neck 144	pulmonalis 28
pelvic	acute 29
(female) 130	chronic 28
(male) 144	pulmonary 28
perimetritic 130	pulmonary 28 acute 29
perinephric 122	chronic 28
periurethral 125	tuberculous 28
periuterine 130	Pia mater, inflammation 61
retrouterine 130	Piarrhæmia 121
thigh 144	Pica 103
throat 100	Pick's disease 115
Phlegmonous	Piercing instrument
abscess 144	accident 171
angina 100	assassination 183
(diphtheritic) 9	homicide 183
cellulitis 144	suicide 160
enteritis	traumatism 171
(-2y) 104	wound 171
(2y+) 105 erysipelas 18	Pigmentary
ervsipelas 18	degeneration
gastritis 103	heart 79
laryngitis 87	liver 115
(diphtheritic) 9	myocardium 79
otitis 76	infiltration, lymphatic gland 84
peritonitis 117	Piles 83
pharyngitis 100	external 83
tonsillitis 100	internal 83
tumor 144	Pinna
Phosphaturia 122	hæmatoma 186
Phosphoric (see Phosphorus)	wound 186
Phosphorus (phosphoric)	Pistol wound 170
fatty degeneration, liver, poisoning	(homicide) 182
from 58	(suicide) 159
inflammation	Pit, fall (mine or quarry) 173
alveoli of teeth 58	Pituitary body, tumor 74
gum 58	Pituitous
necrosis 58	bronchitis 90
alveoli of teeth 58	catarrh 90
jawbone 58	fever 189
maxillary 58	Pityriasis 145
poisoning 58	Placenta
acute 165	adherent 135
chronic 58	apoplexy 135
Phrenic nerve, paralysis 74	degeneration (child, stillborn) (se
Phrenitis 60	Stillbirth)
Phthisis 28	fatty (child, stillborn) (see Still
acute 29	birth)
chronic 28	detachment 135
colliers' 98	disease (mother) 136
fibroid 28	hæmorrhage, detachment 135
florida 29	malposition (mother) 135
galloping 29 grinders 98	prævia
grinders 95	(child) 152
infantile 28	(mother) 135
larynx 28	retention 135
subacute 28	separation 135
lung 28	vicious insertion 135
acute 29	Plague 15
chronic 28	bubonic 15

Plague—Continued.	Plugging—Continued.
pneumonic 15	gall
septichæmic form 15	bladder 115
Plaques, sclerosis in 63	duct 115
Plastic	nares 85
bronchitis 28	uterus 130
pericarditis 77	Plumbism 57
pleurisy 93	Pneumatosis 189
tracheitis 89	Pneumococchæmia 92
Pleura (pleural)	Pneumococcic meningitis 61
abscess 93	Pneumococcus infection (unqualified)
adhesion (including thickening and	92
calcification) 93	Pneumoconiosis 98
calcification 93	Pneumogastric nerve, paralysis 74
cancer 45	Pneumomycosis 25
cavity, foreign body 186	Pneumonectomy 98
congestion 93	Pneumonia 92
disease 93	acute 92
effusion 93	adynamic 92
fever 93	alcoholic 92
inflammation 93	apex 92
injury 186	apical 92
paracentesis 93	apoplectic 64
parasitic disease 93	aspiration 91
syphilis 37	asthenic 92
thickening 93	asthmatic 91
tuberculosis 28	bilateral 92
	bronchial 91
tumor 98 wound 186	capillary 91
Pleural (see Pleura)	caseous 28
Pleurisy (pleuritis) 93	catarrhal 91
disphenematic 02	central 92
diaphragmatic 93	chronic 98
double 93	circumscribed 92
effusion 93	cirrhotic 98
exudative 93	
fibrinous 93	congestive 92
fibrous 93	acute 92 chronic 98
plastic 93	
purulent 93	croupous 92
rheumatic 47	deglutition 91
septic 93	diplococcus 92
serofibrinous 93	double 92
seropurulent 93	embolic 82
subacute 93	epidemic 92
suppurative 93	fibrinous 92
traumatic 186	fibroid 98
tuberculous 28	fungoid 92
unresolved 93	gangrenous 92
Pleuritic	grippal 10
adhesion 93	hypertrophic 98
effusion 93	hypostatic 94
Pleuritis (see Pleurisy) 93	infantile 91
Pleurodynia 98	infectious 92
Pleuropericarditis 93	influenzal 10
Pleuroperipneumonia 92	inhalation 91
Pleuropneumonia 92	inspiration 91
acute 92	insular 91
chronic 98	intermittent 92
double 92	interstitial 98
septic 92	acute 92
Pleurorrhœa 93	chronic 98
Pleurosthotonos 24	latent 92
Plexiform sarcoma (see Cancer)	lobar 92
Plugging	bilateral 92
air passage, suffocation 186	lobular 91
governi 190	l malarial 4

Pneumonia—Continued.
metastatic 92
migratory 92
passive 94 plague 15
plague 15
progressive 92
senile 92
septic 92
specific 28
static 94 stripe 94
suppurative 92
surgical 92
terminal 94
traumatic 92
tuberculous 28
acute 29
chronic 28
typhoid 92
unresolved 92
vesicular 91
Pneumonic
congestion 92
fever 92
phthisis 28
acute 29
chronic 28
plague 15
tuberculosis 28
acute 29 chronic 28
Pneumonitis (see also Pneumonia) acute 92
alcoholic 92
chronic 98
Pneumopathy 98
Pneumopericarditis 77
Pneumopericardium 77
Pneumophlebitis 83
Pneumopleurisy 92
Pneumopleuritis 92
Pneumopyothorax 93
Pneumorrhagia 98
Pneumothorax 93
tuberculous 28
Podagra 48
Podalic version (child) 152
Podencephalus 150
Poison (see Poisoning)
Poison (see Poisoning) Poisoned wound 165

All internal 1 poisoning, intoxication, or toxemia, may be divided, for the purpose of statistical assignment under the titles of the International List, into two general groups:

A. Toxemia from poisons produced within the body

Such poisons may result from normal or pathologic cell action, from the growth of animal or vegetable parasites (e. g., diphtheria or typhoid toxins) or in the course of various diseases (e.g., diabetic coma from #oxybutyric acid intoxication). When due to a definite disease, the condition should be tabulated thereunder. Some more or less indefinite terms are assigned as follows:

Acidosis (diabetic) 50 Septic toxemia 20 Autointoxication 55 Stercoræmia 110 Copresmia 110 Toxemia 55 Leucomaine poisoning 55 Toxic psychosis 68 Toxinfection 55 Ptomaine poisoning (not food poisoning) Uræmia 120 55 Uramic intoxication Puerperal 120 toxæmia 138 Urinary intoxication uræmia 138 125

B. Poisoning by external substances

The word "poisoning" should be restricted to this group, as far as possible. It is divided as follows:

1. Chronic, habit, and industrial poisoning

56. Alcoholism (acute or chronic)

57. Chronic lead poisoning

58. Other chronic occupation poisonings

59. Other chronic poisonings

2. Other poisoning (usually acute)

(a) Suicidal (solid or liquid poison) 155 (gas or vapor) 156

(b) Homicidal 184

(c) Accidental (or undefined):

164. Poisoning by food. Includes "ptomaine poisoning" due to food

165. Other acute poisonings. (Includes venom poison as by snake bite. Solid and liquid poisons only)

168. Absorption of deleterious gases (conflagration excepted)

All assignments of deaths reported from poisoning are to be governed by the distinctions set forth above, and it is therefore important that deaths from poisoning should always state the nature of the poisoning as accidental, suicidal, or homicidal. Chronic poisonings and especially chronic industrial or occupational poisonings should always be definitely stated. The following list contains all the poisons in the last edition of the Bellevue Nomenclature with the ordinary or probable assignment indicated (in the absence of further information in addition to the form of return and exclusive of homicidal and suicidal poisoning):

List of poisonings

Absinthe poisoning 56
Acetanilide poisoning 165
acute 165
chronic 59
Acetic acid poisoning 165
Acetylene poisoning 168
(occupational) 58

¹ The effects of x-rays, of radium, steam, boiling liquids, and of corrosive substances (e. g., sulphuric acid) acting upon the surface of the body, are not included under Poisoning but under Burns (conflagration excepted) (167). Dermatitis from poison ivy or poison oak (Rhus toxicodendron) is assigned to (145).

Aconite poisoning 165	Brucine poisoning 165
Aconitine poisoning 165	Cacodyl poisoning 168
Acute poisoning	Caffeine poisoning
(not further defined) 165	acute 165
(occupational) 58	chronic 59
Adrenal extract poisoning 165	Calabar bean poisoning 165
Adrenalin poisoning 165	Camphor poisoning 165
Alcohol poisoning (see also Methyl alcohol) 56	Cannabis indica poisoning 165
	acute 165
(not alcoholism) 165	
(vapor) 168	chrenie 59
Alkaline salts poisoning 165	Cantharides poisoning 165
Alum poisoning 165	Cantharidin poisoning 165
Ammonia poisoning 165	Carbolic acid poisoning 165
(occupational) 58	Carbon
gaseous 168	bisulphide poisoning, vapor 168
Ammonium	dioxide poisoning 168
carbonate poisoning 165	(occupational) 58
hydroxide poisoning 165	(pathological) 189
Amyl	disulphide poisoning
alcohol poisoning 165	(liquid) 165
(occupational) 58	(occupational) 58
nitrite poisoning, vapor 168	(vapor) 168
Amylene hydrate poisoning 165	monoxide poisoning 168
Aniline	
dye poisoning 165	(occupational) 58
	Carbonic
poisoning 165	acid gas poisoning 168
(occupational) 58	oxide gas poisoning 168
(vapor) 168	Castor oil seed poisoning 165
Animal extract poisoning 165	Caustic poisoning 165
Antimony poisoning 165	Cevadilla poisoning 165
(occupational) 58	Charcoal fumes poisoning 168
Antipyrine poisoning 165	Cheese poisoning 164
acute 165	Chemical poisoning, neuritis from
chronic 59	(not occupational) 59
Antitoxin poisoning 165	(occupational) 58
Apomorphine poisoning 165	Chloral hydrate poisoning 165
Aqua fortis poisoning 165	acute 165
Arsenic poisoning 165	chronic 59
acute 165	Chloralamide poisoning 165
chronic 59	Chlorate poisoning 165
(occupational) 58	Chloride of lime poisoning (occupational) 58
Arseniuretted hydrogen poisoning 168	
(occupational) 58	Chlorethyl poisoning 165
	(vapor) 168
Aspidium poisoning 165	Chlorinated
Atropine poisoning 165	lime poisoning 165
Barium poisoning 165	soda poisoning 165
Belladonna poisoning 165	Chlorine poisoning 168
Benzene poisoning 165	(occupational) 58
Benzol poisoning 165	Chloroform poisoning, and other chlorinated anse
(occupational) 58	thetics
(vapor) 168	(liquid) 165
Bichloride of mercury poisoning 165	(vapor) 168
Bichromate of potassium poisoning 165	delayed 168
Biliary poisoning 115	Choke damp poisoning 168
Bismuth poisoning 165	(in mine) 173
Bisulphide of carbon poisoning, vapor 168	Chromate
Blood poisoning 20	poisoning 165
specific 37	of lead poisoning 165
Borax poisoning 165	Chrome yellow poisoning 165
Boric acid poisoning 165	
Brass poisoning 58	Chromic acid poisoning 165
chronic 58	Chromium poisoning 165
Bromide poisoning 59	(occupational) 58
	Chronic poisoning
Bromine poisoning 165	(not further defined) 59
(vapor) 168	(occupational) 58
Bromoform poisoning 165	Chrysarobin poisoning 165

Cinchona poisoning 165	Fools' parsley poisoning 165
Coal gas poisoning 168	Formaldehyde poisoning 165
Coca poisoning 165	(occupational) 58
acute 165	(vapor) 168
chronic 59	Foxglove poisoning 165
Cocaine poisoning 165	Fusel oil poisoning 165
acute 165	Gasoline poisoning
chronic 59	(liquid) 165
Cocculus indicus poisoning 165 Codeine poisoning 165	(occupational) 58 (vapor) 168
acute 165	Gelsemine poisoning 165
chronic 59	Gelsemium poisoning 165
Coffee poisoning 59	Guaiacol poisoning 165
Colchicine poisoning 165	Haschisch poisoning 165
Colchicum poisoning 165	Headache powder poisoning 165
Colocynth poisoning 165	Hellebore poisoning 165
Concentrated lye poisoning 165	Hemlock poisoning 165
Conline poisoning 165	Henbane poisoning 165
Conium poisoning 165	Hexamethylenamine poisoning
Copaiba poisoning 165	(liquid) 165
Copper poisoning 165	(occupational) 58
Cordite poisoning 165	(vapor) 168
(vapor) 168	Heroine poisoning 165
Corrosive sublimate poisoning 165	chronic 59
Creolin poisoning 165	Homatropine poisoning 165
Creosote poisoning 165	Hydrate of chloral poisoning 165
Croton oil poisoning 165	Hydrochloric acid poisoning 165
Curare poisoning 165	(occupational) 58 Hydrocyanic acid poisoning 165
Curarine poisoning 165 Cyanide	(occupational) 58
poisoning 165	(vapor) 168
(occupational) 58	Hydrofluoric seid poisoning
of potassium poisoning, and other cyanides 165	(liquid) 165
Cyanogen poisoning 168	(occupational) 58
(occupational) 58	(vapor) 168
Cytisine poisoning 165	Hydrogen sulphide poisoning 16
Damaged meat poisoning 164	Hyoscine poisoning 165
Deadly nightshade poisoning 165	Hyoscyamine poisoning 165
Deleterious gas poisoning 168	Hyoseyamus poisoning 165
Delphinium poisoning 165	Hypnotic drug poisoning 165
Digitalin poisoning 165	chronic 59
Digitalis poisoning 165	Ice cream poisoning 164
Dinitrobenzol poisoning (occupational) 58	Ichthyotoxicon poisoning 164
Dionine poisoning 165	Illuminating gas poisoning 168
acute 165	(occupational) 58
chronic 59 Duboisia poisoning 165	Indian hemp poisoning 165
Egg albumin poisoning 164	tobacco poisoning 165
Elaterin poisoning 165	Iodine poisoning 165
Epidemic meat poisoning 164	Iodoform poisoning 165
Epinephrin poisoning 165	Iron poisoning 165
Elaterium poisoning 165	Irritant drug poisoning 165
Ergot poisoning	Ivy poisoning 145
acute 165	Jaborandi poisoning 165
chronic 59	Jequirity poisoning 165
Eserine poisoning 165	Kerosene poisoning 165
Ether poisoning	Kiln vapor poisoning 168
(liquid) 165	Laudanum poisoning 165
(vapor) 168	chronic 59
chronic 59	Laughing gas poisoning 168
Euphorbium poisoning 165	Laurel water poisoning 165
Fish	Lead
poisoning 164	chromate poisoning 165
venom poisoning 165	poisoning 57
Fluorine poisoning 168	acute 165
Food poisoning 164	chronic 57

There are the control and	. 75 11.1 . 1 1 445
Lime poisoning 165	Paraldehyde poisoning 165
Lobelia poisoning 165	acute 165
Lye poisoning 165	chronic 59
Lysol poisoning 165	Parathyreoid extract poisoning 165
Magnesium poisoning 165	Faregoric poisoning 165
Malarial poisoning 4	Paris green poisoning 165
Male fern poisoning 165	Pennyroyal poisoning 165
Manganese poisoning (occupational) 58	Petroleum poisoning 165
Marsh gas poisoning 168	(vapor, occupational) 58
(occupational) 58	Phenacetin poisoning 165
Meat poisoning 164	acute 165
Mercurial poisoning	chronic 59
(acute or unqualified) 165	Phenazone poisoning, and allied drugs 165
(chronic) 59	Phenol poisoning 165
(chronic, occupational) 58	Phosphoretted hydrogen poisoning 168
Mercury poisoning	Phosphoric acid poisoning 165
(not occupational) 59	Phosphorous acid poisoning 165
acute 165	Phosphorus poisoning 58
chronic	acute 165
(not occupational) 59	chronic 58
(occupational) 58	Physostigma poisoning 165
Methyl alcohol poisoning	Physostigmine poisoning 165
(liquid) 165	Pieric acid poisoning 165
(occupational) 58	(occupational) 58
(vapor) 168	Picrotoxin poisoning 165
Milk poisoning 164	Pilocarpine poisoning 165
Monkshood poisoning 165	Pilocarpus poisoning 165
Morphine poisoning 165	Pork poisoning 164
acute 165	Potash poisoning 165
chronic 59	Potassium
Mouldy bread poisoning 164	bichromate poisoning 165
• •	
Muriatic acid poisoning 165	bisulphate poisoning 165
(occupational) 58	carbonate poisoning 165
Muscarine poisoning 165	chlorate poisoning 165
Mushroom poisoning 164	cyanide poisoning 165
Mussel poisoning 164	hydroxide poisoning 165
Naphthalene poisoning 165	nitrate poisoning 165
Naphthol poisoning 165	oxalate poisoning 165
Narcotic poisoning 165	poisoning 165
Nicotine poisoning 59	Potato poisoning 164
acute 165	Pounded glass poisoning 165
chronic 59	Prussic acid poisoning 165
Nitrie acid poisoning 165	Ptomaine poisoning
	(food poisoning) 164
Nitric vapor poisoning 168	
Nitrite poisoning 165	(not food poisoning) 55
(vapor) 168	Putrid exhalation poisoning 168
Nitrobenzene poisoning 165	Pyridine poisoning (occupational) 58
(occupational) 58	Pyrogallic acid poisoning 165
Nitrobenzol poisoning 165	Quicklime poisoning 165
Nitroglycerin poisoning 165	Quinine poisoning 165
Nitrous	Resorcin poisoning 165
gas poisoning (occupational) 58	Rhus toxicodendron poisoning 145
oxide poisoning 168	Rough on Rats poisoning 165
Noxious gas poisoning 168	Sabadilla poisoning 165
Nux vomica poisoning 165	Salicylic acid poisoning 165
Oil of	Salicylate poisoning 165
bitter almonds poisoning 165	Salt of lemon poisoning 165
	·
vitriol poisoning 165	Santonin poisoning 165
wintergreen poisoning 165	Sausage poisoning 164
Opium poisoning 165	Savin poisoning 165
acute 165	Scopolamine poisoning 165
chronic 59	Serum poisoning 165
Osmic acid poisoning 168	Sewer
Oxalic acid poisoning 165	air poisoning 168
Oversome Informity 100	i on housement res

Sewer—Continued.	Water
gas poisoning 168	gas poisoning 168
(occupational) 58	hemlock poisoning 165
Shellfish poisoning 164	Wild parsnip poisoning 165
Silver poisoning 165	Wood alcohol poisoning
acute 165	(liquid) 165
chronic 59	(occupational) 58
Smoke inhalation	(vapor) 168
(not conflagration) 168	Wourali poisoning 165 Yellow jasmine poisoning 165
(conflagration) 166 Snake venom poisoning 165	Yew poisoning 165
Sodium	Zinc poisoning 165
bisulphate poisoning 165	and pozioning 100
carbonate poisoning 165	Poisonous
chlorate poisoning 165	food 164
chloride poisoning 165	gas, suffocation 168
hydroxide poisoning 165	maize 59
Soothing-syrup poisoning 165	vapor 168
Spanish fly poisoning 165	Policencephalitis 63
Squill poisoning 165	inferior 74
Stramonium poisoning 165	superior 74
Strophanthin poisoning 165	Policencephalomyelitis, acute 63
Strophanthus poisoning 165	Poliomyelitis 63
Strychnine poisoning 165	acute 63
Sulphonal poisoning 165	anterior 63
acute 165	acute 63
chronic 59	ascending 63
Sulphur chloride poisoning (occupational) 58	acute 63
Sulphuretted hydrogen poisoning 168	progressive 63
(occupational) 58	chronic 63
Sulphuric acid poisoning 165	spinal, acute 63
Sulphurous acid poisoning 165	ascending, acute 63 bulbar, acute 63
(occupational) 58 (vapor) 168	cephalic 63
Tansy poisoning 165	chronic 63
Tartaric acid poisoning 165	posterior 63
Tea poisoning 59	subacute 63
(occupational) 58	Pollakiuria 189
Thorn apple poisoning 165	Polyadenitis 84
Thymus extract poisoning 165	malignant 15
Thyreoid extract poisoning 165	Polyarthritis 147
Tin poisoning 59	spine 32
Tobacco poisoning 59	vertebral 32
(occupational) 58	Polycystic kidney 122
acute 165	Polycythæmia 55
chronic 59	chronic 55
Trinitrin poisoning 165	Polydipsia 189
Trional poisoning 165	Polymyositis 149
acute 165	hæmorrhagic 149
chronic 59	Polyneuritis 73 alcoholic 73
Turpentine poisoning 165	febrile 73
(vapor) 168	Polypus (see also Tumor)
(occupational) 58 Tyrotoxicon poisoning 164	(unqualified) 46
Uræmic poisoning 120	ear 76
(puerperal) 138	larynx 87
Uranium poisoning 165	nasal 86
Urari poisoning 165	fossa 86
Uric acid poisoning 55	nasopharyngeal 86
Veratrine poisoning 165	fossa 86
Veratrum poisoning 165	nose 86
Veronal poisoning 165	rectum 110
acute 165	uterus 129
chronic 59	Polysarcia 145
Voluntary poisoning 155	Polyuria 189

hemorrhage into 64 Varolii abscess 60 tumor 74 Popliteal hemorrhage 85 Porro's operation 136 Portal circulation, obstruction 115 cirrhosis 113 obstruction 115 phlebitis 115 vein inflammation 83 obstruction 115 postaborrive sepsis 137 Postaborrive sepsis 137 Postaborrive sepsis 137 Postaborrive sepsis 137 Posteasic meningitis 61 Postacecal abscess 108 Posterior and lateral columns, spinal cord, degeneration 62 basal meningitis 61 curvature, spina 36 lateral sclerosis 63 meningitis 61 curvature, spina 36 lateral sclerosis 63 meningitis 63 sclerosis 62 spinal cord 62 Postaborile insanity 68 Postarnal sabcess 86 Postnatal asphyxia 152 Posteronitis 117 shock 189 uremia 120 peritonitis 117 shock 189 uremia 120 Postorbital abscess 75 Postpartum curettement 136 sclampeia 138 hemorrhage 135 pysemia 127 sepsis 137 Postipharyngeal abscess 100 Postparpepsal 137 sepsis 137 Postipharyngeal abscess 100 Postparpepsal 138 hemorrhage 135 pysemia 127 sepsis 137 Postipharyngeal abscess 100 Postparpepsal (see Puerperal) Posttrybnid abscess 100 Postparpepsal (see Puerperal) Posttrybnid abscess 120 Potters' asthma 98 Pott's disease 32 Pox 37 Precocious menstruation 130	Pons	Pregnancy 134
abscess 60 tumor 74 Popliteal hemorrhage 85 Porro's operation 136 Portal cirrolation, obstruction 115 cirrolation 115 phlebitis 115 vein inflammation 83 obstruction 115 thrombosis 82 Postabortive sepsis 137 Postbasic meningitis 61 curvature, spine 36 neuritis 9 Posterion and lateral columns, spinal cord, degeneration 62 basal meningitis 61 curvature, spine 36 lateral sclerosis 63 meningitis 61 curvature, spine 36 lateral sclerosis 63 meningitis 61 nares, cancer 45 poliomyelitis 63 sclerosis 62 spinal cord 62 sp		
abscess 60 tumor 74 Popliteal hemorrhage 85 Porto's operation 136 Portal Porto's operation 136 Portal Circulation, obstruction 115 circhosis 113 obstruction 115 phlebitis 115 vein inflammation 83 obstruction 115 phlebitis 115 vein inflammation 83 obstruction 115 phlebitis 115 vein inflammation 83 obstruction 115 phlebitis 116 Postabortive sepsis 137 Postabortive sepsis 137 Postabortive sepsis 137 Posterior and lateral columns, spinal cord, degeneration 62 basal meningitis 61 curvature, spine 36 lateral sclerosis 63 meningitis 61 curvature, spine 36 lateral sclerosis 62 spinal cord 62		
tumor 74 Popliteal hemorrhage 85 Porro's operation 136 Portal circulation, obstruction 115 circulation, obstruction 115 circulation, obstruction 115 phlebitis 115 phlebitis 115 phlebitis 115 phlebitis 115 postaborative sepsis 137 Postbasic meningitis 61 correct and lateral columns, spinal cord, degeneration 62 posterior and lateral sclerosis 63 meningitis 61 curvature, spine 36 lateral sclerosis 63 meningitis 61 curvature, spine 36 lateral sclerosis 62 spinal cord 66 Postinatal asphyxia 152 Posterolateral sclerosis 62 spinal cord 66 Postentatal asphyxia 152 Postoperative hemorrhage 85 meningitis 61 nephritis 120 peritonitis 117 shock 189 uremia 120 Postorbital absecess 75 Postpartum curettement 136 eclampsia 138 hemorrhage 134 hyperemesis 134 hyperemesis 134 multiple 134 menstruation during 134 menstruation during 134 menstruation during 134 miltiple 134 menstruation during 134 miltiple 134 nephritis 138 toxemia 138 tubal 134 uremis 138 vesicular mole connected with 134 carneous mole connected with 134 chorea 138 cornual 134 hyperemesis 134 hyperemesis 134 miltiple 134 menstruation during 134 multiple 134 nephritis 138 toxemia 138 tubal 134 uremis 138 vesicular mole connected with 134 carneous mole connected with 134 carneous mole connected with 134 chorea 138 cornual 134 hyperemesis 134 multiple 134 nephritis 139 toxemia 138 tubal 137 uremis 138 vesicular mole connected with 134 chorea 138 cornual 134 hyperemesis 134 multiple 134 nephritis 139 toxemia 138 tubal 134 eclampsia 138 ectopic 134 hyperemesis 134 multiple 134 nephritis 139 toxemia 134 uremis 138 vesicular mole connected with 134 veremia 138 vesicular mole connected with 134 veremia 138 vesicular mole connected with 134 prolapse 134 prolapse 134 hyperemesis 134 multiple 134 nephritis 139 repture, sac		
Porro's operation 136 Portal	tumor 74	
Portal ** circulation, obstruction 115 cirrhosis 113 obstruction 115 phlebitis 115 vein inflammation 83 obstruction 115 typinelitis 115 vein inflammation 83 obstruction 115 obstruction 115 typinelitis 115 vein inflammation 83 obstruction 115 obstruction 115 typinelitis 115 vein inflammation 83 obstruction 115 typinelitis 115 vein inflammation 83 obstruction 115 typinelitis 115 postabasic meningitis 61 Postacecal abscess 108 Posterior and lateral columns, spinal cord, degeneration 62 basal meningitis 61 nares, cancer 45 poliomylelitis 63 saleral sclerosis 62 spinal sclerosis 62 spinal sclerosis 62 spinal cord 62 spinal sclerosis 62 spinal sclerosis 62 spinal cord 62 Postfebrile insanity 68 Postlaryngeal abscess 87 Postmortem wound 20 Postensaal abscess 86 Postlaryngeal abscess 87 Postmortem wound 20 Postensaal abscess 86 Postlaryngeal abscess 87 Postmortem wound 20 Postorbital abscess 75 Postpartum curettement 136 eclampsia 138 hæmorrhage 135 pyzemia 137 sepsis 137 Postpartum curettement 136 eclampsia 138 hæmorrhage 135 pyzemia 137 sepsis 137 Postparyngeal abscess 100 Postpuerperal (see Puerperal) Posturemic abscess 120 Potters' asthmas 98 Pott's disease 32 Pox 37 Precocious menstruation 130 carneous mole connected with 134 eclampsia 134 eclampsia 134 hydrorrhæa 134 menstruation during 134 menstruation during 134 menstruation during 134 mestruation during 134 infected 137 rupture, sac 134 uremia 138 tozemia 138 tozemia 138 extensi 139 multiple 134 nephritis 120 perture sac 134 propagalate 134 propagalate 134 propagalate 134 propagalate 134	Popliteal hæmorrhage 85	
circulation, obstruction 115 cirrhosis 113 obstruction 115 philebitis 115 vein inflammation 83 obstruction 115 thrombosis 82 Postabortive sepsis 137 Postbasic meningitis 61 Postexcal abacess 108 Postediphtheritic nephritis 9 neuritis 9 Posterior and lateral columns, spinal cord, degeneration 62 basal meningitis 61 curvature, spine 36 lateral sclerosis 63 meningitis 61 nares, cancer 45 poliomyelitis 63 selerosis 62 spinal cord 62 spinal sclerosis 63 meningitis 61 nares, cancer 45 poliomyelitis 63 selerosis 62 repairal wall, prolapse 132 Posterolateral sclerosis 62 spinal sclerosis 63 meningitis 61 nares, cancer 45 poliomyelitis 63 selerosis 62 spinal sclerosis 62 spinal sclerosis 62 spinal sclerosis 63 meningitis 61 nares, cancer 45 poliomyelitis 63 selerosis 62 spinal sclerosis 62 spinal sclerosis 63 meningitis 61 nares, cancer 45 poliomyelitis 63 selerosis 62 spinal sclerosis 62 spinal sclerosis 63 meningitis 61 nares, cancer 45 poliomyelitis 63 selerosis 62 spinal sclerosis 63 meningitis 61 nares, cancer 45 poliomyelitis 63 selerosis 62 spinal sclerosis 62 spinal sclerosis 63 meningitis 61 nares, cancer 45 poliomyelitis 63 selerosis 62 spinal sclerosis 62 spinal sclerosis 63 meningitis 61 nares, cancer 45 poliomyelitis 63 selerosis 62 spinal scrosis 62 spinal cord 62 spinal		autointoxication 134
cirrhosis 113 obstruction 115 phlebitis 115 vein inflammation 83 obstruction 115 thormbosis 82 Postabortive sepsis 137 Postbacic meningitis 61 Postcaccal abacess 108 Posterior and lateral columns, spinal cord, degeneration 62 basal meningitis 61 curvature, spine 36 lateral sclerosis 63 meningitis 61 nares, cancer 45 poliomyelitis 63 sclerosis 62 vaginal wall, prolapse 132 Posterolateral sclerosis 62 spinal cord 62 spinal sclerosis 62 vaginal wall, prolapse 132 Posterolateral sclerosis 62 vaginal wall, prolapse 132 Posterolateral sclerosis 62 rostnortem wound 20 Postnostal asphyxia 152 Postoperative hæmorrhage 85 meningitis 61 nephritis 120 peritonitis 117 shock 189 urremia 120 Postorbital abacess 86 Postnatal asphyxia 152 Postoperative hæmorrhage 85 meningitis 61 nephritis 120 peritonitis 117 shock 189 urremia 120 Postorbital abacess 75 Postpartum curettement 136 eclampsia 138 hæmorrhage 135 pyæmia 137 sepsis 137 Postpharyngeal abacess 100 Postpyphoid abacess 100 Postpyphoid abacess 100 Postpyphoid abacess 120 Potters' asthma 98 Potter's discase 32 Pox 37 Precocious menstruation 130		
obstruction 115 phlebitis 115 vein inflammation 83 obstruction 115 thrombosis 82 Postabority sepsis 137 Postbasic meningitis 61 Postexecal abscess 108 Postderiphtheritic nephritis 9 Posterior and lateral columns, spinal cord, degeneration 62 basal meningitis 61 curvature, spine 36 lateral sclerosis 63 meningitis 61 curvature, spine 36 lateral sclerosis 63 meningitis 63 sclerosis 62 spinal cord 62 spinal sclerosis 62 vagrinal wall, prolapse 132 Posterolateral sclerosis 62 roetinebrile insanity 68 Postnatal asphyxia 152 Postoperative hæmorrhage 85 meningitis 61 nephritis 120 peritonitis 117 shock 189 urremia 120 Postorbital abscess 75 Postpartum curettement 136 eclampsia 138 extrauterine 134 hæmorrhage 134 hypromation of uterus connected with 137 interstitial 134 menstruation during 134 melitiple 134 meltiple 134 nephritis 138 toxemia 138 vesicular mole connected with 134 vomiting 134 nucentrollable 134 Pregnant tube, ablation 134 uterus displacement 134 hysteralgia 134 infammation of uterus connected with 137 interstitial 134 menstruation during 134 meltiple 134 menstruation during 134 meltiple 134 nephritis 138 toxemia 138 vesicular mole connected with 134 vomiting 134 nephritis 138 voxecular mole connected with 134 vomiting 134 nephritis 138 voxecular mole connected with 134 vomiting 134 nephritis 138 toxemia 138 rescular mole connected with 134 vomiting 134 nephritis 138 toxemia 138 rescular mole connected with 134 vomiting 134 nephritis 138 toxemia 138 rescular mole connected with 134 vomiting 134 nephritis 138 toxemia 138 rescular mole connected with 134 vomiting 134 nephritis 138 toxemia 138 rescular mole connected with 134 vomiting 134 nephritis 138 toxemia 138 rescular mole connected with 134 vomiting 134 nephritis 138 toxemia 138 rescular mole connected with 134 vomiting 134 nephritis 138 toxemia 138 rescular mole connected with 134 vomiting 134 nephritis 120 return of 1		
phlebitis 115 vein inflammation 83 obstruction 115 thrombosis 82 Postabortive sepsis 137 Postbasic meningitis 61 Postcaccal abscess 108 Posterior and lateral columns, spinal cord, degeneration 62 basal meningitis 61 curvature, spine 36 lateral sclerosis 63 meningitis 61 nares, cancer 45 poliomyelitis 63 sclerosis 62 spinal cord 62 spinal cord 62 spinal sclerosis 63 meningitis 61 nares, cancer 45 poliomyelitis 63 sclerosis 62 spinal cord 62 spinal cord 62 spinal sclerosis 62 spinal cord 62 spinal cord 62 Postebrile insanity 68 Poetlaryngeal abscess 86 Postnatal asphyxia 152 Postcopital abscess 86 Postnatal asphyxia 152 Postoperative hemorrhage 85 meningitis 61 nephritis 120 peritonitis 117 shock 189 urremia 120 Postorbital abscess 75 Postpartum curettement 136 eclampeia 138 hemorrhage 135 pyzemia 137 sepsis 137 Postpharyngeal abscess 100 Postpuerperal (see Puerperal) Posttyrapiol abscess 120 Pott's disease 32 Pox 37 Precocious menstruation 130		
vein inflammation 83 obstruction 115 thrombosis 82 Postabortive sepsis 137 Postbasic meningitis 61 Postexcal abscess 108 Postdeijhtheritic nephritis 9 Posterior and lateral columns, spinal cord, degeneration 62 basal meningitis 61 curvature, spine 36 lateral sclerosis 63 meningitis 61 nares, cancer 45 poliomyelitis 63 sclerosis 62 spinal cord 62 spinal sclerosis 63 sclerosis 66 spinal cord 62 spinal cord 67 Posterolateral sclerosis 68 socialryngeal abscess 87 Postmortem wound 20 Postensal abscess 86 Postnatal asphyxia 152 Postoperative hemorrhage 135 pyzemia 137 sepsis 137 Postpharyngeal abscess 75 Postpartum curettement 136 eclampsia 138 hemorrhage 135 pyzemia 137 Postpharyngeal abscess 100 Postpuerperal (zee Puerperal) Postorbid abscess 1 Posturemic abscess 120 Pott's disease 32 Pox 37 Precocious menstruation 130 extrauterine 134 hydrorrhoza 134 menstruation during 134 nclar 134 multiple 134 ruremia 138 vesicular mole connected with 134 vuremia 134 prolapse 134 prolapse 134 prolap		
inflammation 83 obstruction 115 thrombosis 82 Postaboritive sepsis 137 Postbasic meningitis 61 Postecacal abscess 108 Posterior nephritis 9 Posterior and lateral columns, spinal cord, degeneration 62 basal meningitis 61 curvature, spine 36 lateral sclerosis 63 meningitis 61 nares, cancer 45 poliomyelitis 63 sclerosis 62 spinal cord 62 spinal sclerosis 62 vaginal wall, prolapse 132 Posterolateral sclerosis 62 vaginal spile with 134 uremia 138 vesicular mole connected with 134 vomiting 134 uremia 138 vesicular mole connected with 134 vomiting 134 uremia 138 rupture, sac 134 uremia 138 vesicular mole connected with 134 vomiting 134 uremia 138 respons 138 rupture, sac 134 uremia 138 vesicular mole connected with 134 vomiting 134 uremia 138 rupture, sac 134 uremia 138 vesicular mole connected with 134 vomiting 134 rupture, sac 134 uremia 138 vesicular mole connected with 134 vomiting 134 rupture, sac 134 uremia 138 vesicular mole connected with 134 vomiting 134 rephritis 138 toxemia 138 rupture, sac 134 uremia 138 vesicular mole connected with 134 vomiting 134 molar 134 nophritis 138 toxemia 134 nolar 134 molar 134 pophritis 138 toxemia 138 toxemia 138 toxemia 138 toxemia 138 to		
obstruction 115 thrombosis 82 Postabortive sepsis 137 Postbasic meningitis 61 Postexcal abseess 108 Postdiphtheritic nephritis 9 Posterior and lateral columns, spinal cord, degeneration 62 basal meningitis 61 curvature, spine 36 lateral sclerosis 63 meningitis 61 nares, cancer 45 poliomyelitis 63 sclerosis 62 spinal cord 62 spinal sclerosis 63 meningitis 61 nares, cancer 45 poliomyelitis 63 sclerosis 62 spinal cord 62 spinal sclerosis 62 spinal cord 62 spinal sclerosis 63 meningitis 61 nares, cancer 45 poliomyelitis 33 sclerosis 62 spinal cord 62 spinal sclerosis 62 spinal cord 62 spinal sclerosis 63 meningitis 61 nares, cancer 45 poliomyelitis 34 retrouversion 134 hysteralgia 134 uncontrollable 134 Pregnant tube, ablation 134 uterus displacement 134 hysteralgia 134 infiammation of uterus connected with 137 interstitial 134 menstruation during 134 molar 134 multiple 134 nephritis 138 toxemia 138 tubal 134 infiaeted 137 rupture, sac 134 urgenia 138 vesicular mole connected with 134 vomiting 134 nephritis 138 toxemia 138 tubal 134 infected 137 rupture, sac 134 urgenia 138 vesicular mole connected with 134 vomiting 134 nephritis 138 toxemia 138 tubal 134 infected 137 rupture, sac 134 urgenia 138 vesicular mole connected with 134 vomiting 134 nephritis 138 toxemia 138 tubal 134 infected 137 rupture, sac 134 urgenia 138 tubal 134 pregnant tube, ablation 134 hysteralgia 134 prolapse 134 retroure sac 134 infected 137 rupture, sac 134 infected 137 rupture, sac 134 urgenia 138 tubal 134 pregnant tube, ablation 134 hysteralgia 134 prolapse 134 retroure sac 139 Premature birth (mother) 134 Premature births (mother) 134 Prematu		
thrombosis 82 Postabortive sepsis 137 Postbasic meningitis 61 Postexecal abseess 108 Posterior and lateral columns, spinal cord, degeneration 62 basal meningitis 61 curvature, spine 36 lateral sclerosis 63 meningitis 61 nares, cancer 45 poliomyelitis 63 sclerosis 62 spinal cord 62 spinal sclerosis 62 spinal sclerosis 62 vaginal wall, prolapse 132 Posterolateral sclerosis 62 vaginal wall, prolapse 132 Posterolateral sclerosis 62 vaginal splayxia 152 Postoperative hemorrhage 85 meningitis 61 nephritis 120 peritonitis 117 shock 189 urzemia 120 Postorbital abseess 75 Postpartum curettement 136 eclampeia 138 hemorrhage 135 pyzemia 137 sepsis 137 Postpharyngeal absecss 100 Postpuerperal (see Puerperal) Posttyphoid abseess 100 Postpuerperal (see Puerperal) Posturzemic abseess 120 Pottro's athma 98 Pott's disease 32 Pox 37 Precocious menstruation 130		
Postabortive sepsis 137 Postabortive sepsis 137 Postexcal abscess 108 Postediphtheritic nephritis 9 Posterior and lateral columns, spinal cord, degeneration 62 basal meningitis 61 curvature, spine 36 lateral sclerosis 63 meningitis 61 nares, cancer 45 poliomyelitis 63 sclerosis 62 spinal cord 62 spinal selerosis 62 spinal cord 62 spinal spinal cord 62 spinal cord 62 spinal cord 62 spinal cord 62 Postfebrile insanity 68 Postlaryngeal abscess 86 Postnatal asphyxia 152 Postoperative hemorrhage 85 meningitis 61 nephritis 120 peritonitis 117 shock 189 urzemia 138 hemorrhage 135 pyzemia 137 sepsis 137 Postpharyngeal abscess 75 Postpartum curettement 136 eclampeia 138 hemorrhage 135 pyzemia 137 sepsis 137 Postpharyngeal abscess 100 Postpyphoid abscess 1 Posturzemic abscess 100 Postpuerperal (see Puerperal) Posturzemic abscess 100 Postpyphoid abscess 1 Posturzemic abscess 100 Postpyphoid abs		
Poetbasic meningitis 61 Poetdiphtheritic nephritis 9 neuritis 9 Posterior and lateral columns, spinal cord, degeneration 62 basal meningitis 61 curvature, spine 36 lateral sclerosis 63 meningitis 61 nares, cancer 45 poliomyelitis 63 sclerosis 62 spinal cord 62 spinal sclerosis 62 vaginal wall, prolapse 132 Poeterolateral sclerosis 62 spinal cord 62 spinal sclerosis 62 vaginal wall, prolapse 132 Poeterolateral sclerosis 62 vaginal wall, prolapse 132 Poeterolateral sclerosis 62 spinal cord 62 spinal sclerosis 62 vaginal wall, prolapse 132 Poeterolateral sclerosis 64 reprolateral sclerosis 65 poetinortem wound 20 Postnasal abscess 86 Poetnard abscess 86 Poetnatal asphyxia 152 Poetoperative hemorrhage 85 meningitis 61 nephritis 120 peritonitis 117 shock 189 urzemia 120 Poetorbital abscess 75 Poetpartum curettement 136 eclampeia 138 hemorrhage 135 pyzemia 137 sepsis 137 Poetpharyngeal abscess 100 Poetpuerperal (see Puerperal) Poetpartin abscess 100 Poetpuerperal (see Puerperal) Poetpartin abscess 120 Pottr's disease 32 Pox 37 Prescoious menstruation 130		
Posterior and lateral columns, spinal cord, degeneration 62 basal meningitis 61 curvature, spine 36 lateral sclerosis 63 meningitis 63 sclerosis 62 spinal cord 62 spinal sclerosis 62 spinal cord 64 spinal cord 65 spinal cord 66 spinal sclerosis 66 spinal cord 66 spinal sclerosis 66 spinal cord 66 spinal cord 67 spinal cord 68 spinal cord 69 spinal cord 69 spinal cord 60 spinal 1		
neightitis 9 neuritis 9 Posterior and lateral columns, spinal cord, degeneration 62 basal meningitis 61 curvature, spine 36 lateral sclerosis 63 meningitis 61 nares, cancer 45 poliomyelitis 63 sclerosis 62 spinal cord 62 spinal 134 uncontrollable 134 recoucliat		interstitial 134
neuritis 9 Posterior and lateral columns, spinal cord, degeneration 62 basal meningitis 61 curvature, spine 36 lateral sclerosis 63 meningitis 61 nares, cancer 45 poliomyelitis 63 sclerosis 62 spinal cord 62 spinal sclerosis 62 vaginal wall, prolapse 132 Posterolateral sclerosis 62 spinal cord 62 Postfebrile insanity 68 Postlaryngeal abscess 87 Postmortem wound 20 Postnasal abscess 86 Postnasal abscess 87 Postportinitis 117 shock 189 uræmia 120 Postorbital abscess 75 Postpartum curettement 136 eclampsia 138 hæmorrhage 135 pyæmia 137 sepeis 137 Postpharyngeal abscess 100 Postpuerperal (see Puerperal) Posttyphoid abscess 1 Posturæmic abscess 120 Postorbits' adisease 32 Pox 37 Precocious menstruation 130	Postdiphtheritic	menstruation during 134
neuritis 9 Posterior and lateral columns, spinal cord, degeneration 62 basal meningitis 61 curvature, spine 36 lateral sclerosis 63 meningitis 61 nares, cancer 45 poliomyelitis 63 sclerosis 62 spinal cord 62 spinal sclerosis 62 vaginal wall, prolapse 132 Posterolateral sclerosis 62 spinal cord 62 Postfebrile insanity 68 Postlaryngeal abscess 87 Postmortem wound 20 Postnasal abscess 86 Postnasal abscess 87 Postportinitis 117 shock 189 uræmia 120 Postorbital abscess 75 Postpartum curettement 136 eclampsia 138 hæmorrhage 135 pyæmia 137 sepeis 137 Postpharyngeal abscess 100 Postpuerperal (see Puerperal) Posttyphoid abscess 1 Posturæmic abscess 120 Postorbits' adisease 32 Pox 37 Precocious menstruation 130	nephritis 9	molar 134
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sepsis 137 Postpharyngeal abscess 100 Postpharyngeal abscess 100 Postpuerperal (sce Puerpal) Posttyphoid abscess 1 Posturæmic abscess 120 Posturæmic abscess 120 Potters' asthma 98 Pott's disease 32 Pox 37 Precocious menstruation 130 and an inconsistent statement of age (days, hours, minutes) is also given, the registrar should endeavor to secure a statement that will enable the case to be classed with certainty either as a stillbirth or as a death. If no additional information can be obtained, the statement of age should govern, and the case be compiled as a death, not as a stillbirth. When a premature birth is reported with no statement of age (space left blank), the local registrar should endeavor to obtain a statement of age, or at least that the child was born alive; but in the absence of any further data the case should be com-		deaths.
Postpharyngeal abscess 100 Postpuerperal (see Puerperal) Posttyphoid abscess 1 Posturæmic abscess 120 Potters' asthma 98 Potters' asthma 98 Pott's disease 32 Pox 37 Precocious menstruation 130 minutes) is also given, the registrar should endeavor to secure a statement that will enable the case to be classed with certainty either as a stillbirth or as a death. If no additional information can be obtained, the statement of age should govern, and the case be compiled as a death, not as a stillbirth. When a premature birth is reported with no statement of age (space left blank), the local registrar should endeavor to obtain a statement of age, or at least that the child was born alive; but in the absence of any further data the case should be com-	sepsis 137	
Postpuerperal (see Puerperal) Postpuerperal (see Puerperal) Posttyphoid abscess 1 Posturæmic abscess 120 Potturæmic abscess 120 Potters' asthma 98 Pott's disease 32 Pox 37 Precocious menstruation 130 be classed with certainty either as a stillbirth or as a death. If no additional information can be obtained, the statement of age should govern, and the case he compiled as a death, not as a stillbirth. When a premature birth is reported with no statement of age (space left blank), the local registrar should endeavor to obtain a statement of age, or at least that the child was born alive; but in the absence of any further data the case should be com-		minutes) is also given, the registrar should endeavor
Posttyphoid abscess 1 Posturæmic abscess 120 Potturæmic asscess 120 Potters' asthma 98 Pott's disease 32 Pox 37 Precocious menstruation 130 as a death. If no additional information can be obtained, the statement of age should govern, and the case be compiled as a death, not as a stillbirth. When a premature birth is reported with no statement of age (space left blank), the local registrar should endeavor to obtain a statement of age, or at least that the child was born alive; but in the absence of any further data the case should be com-		be classed with certainty either as a stillbirth or
Potters' asthma 98 Potters' asthma 98 Pott's disease 32 Pox 37 Precocious menstruation 130 the case be compiled as a death, not as a stillbirth. When a premature birth is reported with no statement of age (space left blank), the local registrar should endeavor to obtain a statement of age, or at least that the child was born alive; but in the absence of any further data the case should be com-	Posttyphoid abscess 1	as a death. If no additional information can be
When a premature birth is reported with no statement of age (space left blank), the local registrar Pox 37 Precocious menstruation 130 When a premature birth is reported with no statement of age (space left blank), the local registrar should endeavor to obtain a statement of age, or at least that the child was born alive; but in the absence of any further data the case should be com-		the case be compiled as a death, not as a stillbirth.
Precocious menstruation 130 least that the child was born alive; but in the absence of any further data the case should be com-	Potters' asthma 98	When a premature birth is reported with no state-
Precocious menstruation 130 least that the child was born alive; but in the absence of any further data the case should be com-		ment of age (space left blank), the local registrar
sence of any further data the case should be com-		least that the child was born alive; but in the ab-
	Precocity 130	sence of any further data the case should be com- piled as a stillbirth.
Trocorral roo 1 busy as a seminaring	210cocity 100	· Process a Samon are

The rules and assignments given under the head	Preternatural birth 150
"Stillbirth" may be compared, together with the	Primary
specific assignments indicated by the following list: Abortion	dementia 68
(child, dead at birth) Stillbirth	lateral sclerosis 63
(child, not dead at birth) 151 (subtitle 1) Immature birth	lesion 37
(child, dead at birth) Stillbirth	myopathy 63
(child, not dead at birth, -1y) 151 (sub-	spastic paraplegia 63 syphilis 37
title 1) (child, not dead at birth, 1y+) 189	Privation 177
Miscarriage	Procidentia
(child, dead at birth) Stillbirth (child, not dead at birth) 151 (subtitle 1)	recti 110
Premature birth (child, dead at birth) Stillbirth	uteri 130
(child, not dead at birth, -1y) 151 (sub-	Proctalgia 110
title 1) (child, not dead at birth, 1y+) 189	Proctectomy 110 Proctitis 110
Prematurity	tuberculous 31
(child, dead at birth) Stillbirth	Proctocele 110
(child, not dead at birth, -1y) 151 (subtitle 1)	Proctoptosis 110
(child, not dead at birth, 1y+) 189	Progressive
Premature	anæmia 54
delivery (mother) 134	malignant 54
labor, (mother) 134	apoplexy 64
induction 134	ascending anterior poliomyelitis 63 asthenia
valvular disease, heart 150	(-1v) 151
Prepuce (preputial)	(1y-69y) 189
150	(70y+)'154
cancer 45	ataxia 62
malformation 150 syphilis 37	atrophy, brain 74
tuberculosis 34	bulbar paralysis 63
tumor 127	cerebral degeneration 74
Preputial (see Prepuce)	chorea, chronic 74 degeneration, brain 74
Presentation	dementia 67
breech	general paralysis 67
(child) 152	infantile paralysis, acute 63
(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)	locomotor ataxia 62
(mother) 136 faulty (mother) 136	meningitis 61
foot	multiple paralysis 63
(child) 152	muscular atrophy 63
(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)	dystrophy 63
(mother) 136	myelitis 63
transverse	myocarditis 79
(child) 152	myopathy 63
(mother) 136 umbilical cord (child, stillborn) (see	ossifying myositis 149
Stillbirth)	paralysis 66 atrophic 63
Pressure	spinal cord 63
abnormal atmospheric, suffocation	peripheral paresis 63
168	pneumonia 92
birth (child) 152	spinal paralysis 63
brain	weakness
(not injury at birth) 74 (injury at birth) 152	(-1y) 151
cerebral	(1y-69y) 189 (70y+) 154
(not injury at birth) 74	Prolapse
(injury at birth) 152	anterior vaginal wall 132
delivery, excessive (child) 152	anus 110
(child) 152	bladder 124
(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)	funis
(child, -3m) 152	(child, -3m) 152
(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)	(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth) liver 115
myelitis 63	ovary 132
Pressure-atrophy, spine 32	posterior vaginal wall 132

Prolapse—Continued.	Pseudomembranous—Continued.
pregnant uterus 134	croup 9
rectum 110	enteritis 110
umbilical cord	laryngitis 9
(child, -3m) 152	tonsillitis 9
(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)	Pseudoparalysis 66
urethra 125	Psilosis (see Sprue) 110
uterus 130	Psoas
vagina 130	abscess 32
	and lumbar abscess 32
Prolapsus (female) 130	
Prolonged labor	Psoitis 149
(child) 152	Psoriasis 145
(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)	Psychasthenia 68
(mother) 136	Psychosis 68
Prostate (prostatic)	epileptic 69
abscess 126	exhaustive 68
calculus 126	hysterical 73
cancer 45	infective 68
congenital malformation 150	intoxication (alcoholic) 56
cyst 126	manic depressive 68
disease 126	due to organic brain disease 74
enlargement 126	senile 154
gland, cancer 45	thyreoigenous 88
hæmorrhage 126	toxic 68
hypertrophy 126	traumatic 68
inflammation 126	Pterygium 75
syphilis 37	Ptomaine poisoning
tuberculosis 34	(not food poisoning) 55
tumor 126	1)
Prostatectomy 126	(food poisoning) 164 Ptosis 75
	l
Prostatic (see Prostate)	Ptyalism 99
Prostatitis 126	mercurial 165
malignant 45	(occupational) 58
tuberculous 34	Pubes, cancer 45
Prostatocystitis 126	Pudendal
Prostatotomy 126	hæmatoma 186
Prostration	hernia 109
(-1y) 151	Puerperal
(1y-69y) 189	abscess 137
(70y+) 154	breast 141
heat 179	broad ligament 137
nervous 74	mammary gland 141
senile 154	accident 140
Protracted	accidental hæmorrhage 135
dry birth	albuminuria 138
(child) 152	anuria 138
(mother) 136	apoplexy 136
labor	Bright's disease 138
	cellulitis 137
(child) 152	
(mother) 136	coma 138
Prurigo 145	convulsions 138
Hebra's 145	cramp 138
Pruritus 145	diffuse mastitis 141
Psammoma 74	disease, breast 141
Pseudocroup 87	displacement, uterus 140
Pseudodiphtheria 9	dropsy 138
Pseudoglioma 75	eclamps1a
Pseudohypertrophic	(child, not stillborn) 151
paralysis 63	(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth
muscle 63	(mother) 138
paresis 63	embolism 139
Pseudoleuchæmia 53	lung 139
infantile 53	endometritis 137
Pseudomembranous	
	erysipelas 137
angina 9	fever 137 fissure nipple 141
bronchitis 9	ussure, modie 141

Puerperal—Continued. fistula	Puerperal—Continued.
breast 141	coma 138
mammary gland 141	convulsions 138
galactophoritis 141	delirium 138
hæmatoma, vulva 136	dementia 138
hæmorrhage 135	eclampsia 138
infection 137	intoxication 138
inflammation	poisoning 138
breast 141	uterine hæmorrhage 135
uterus 137	vomiting 134
insanity 140	Puerperium (see also Puerperal) 140
lymphangitis 137	Pulmonary (see also Lung)
mammary abscess 141	artery
mammitis 141	aneurysm (branches) 81
mania 140	embolism 82
mastitis 141	(postpartum) 139
melancholia 140	rupture 98
metritis 137	stricture 81
metroperitonitis 137	thrombosis 82
metrorrhagia 135	insufficiency
metrorrhexis 136	(-1y) 151
metrosalpingitis 137	(1y+) 79
nephritis 138	osteoarthropathy 36
parauterine abscess 137	regurgitation 79
pelvic cellulitis 137	stasis 94
diffuse 137	stenosis 79
peritonitis 137	congenital 150
pelviperitonitis 137	disease 79
perforation, uterus 136	heart, orifice, imperfect 150
perimetritis 137	valvular disease, heart 79
perimetrosalpingitis 137	Pulmonic regurgitation 79
peitoneal infection 137	Pulmonitis (see also Pneumonia) 92
peritonitis 137	acute 92
periuterine cellulitis 137	chronic 98
phlebitis 139	Pulpy degeneration, synovial membrane
phlegmasia alba dolens 139	33
phlegmon, broad ligament 137	Pulsating goitre 88
pulmonary embolism 139	Pultaceous angina 100
purulent endometritis 137	(diphtheritic) 9
pyæmia 137	Puncture (see also Wound)
pyohæmia 137	bladder (not due to violence) 124
pyrexia 137	feetal membrane (child) 152
salpingitis 137	foreign body 186
sapræmia 137	kidney (not due to violence) 122.
scarlatina 7 sepsis 137	vein 186 Punishment conited 186
septic	Punishment, capital 186 Purging
endometritis 137	(-2y) 104
fever 137	$\begin{pmatrix} 2y + \end{pmatrix} 105$
infection 137	Purple fever 189
intoxication 137	Purpura 55
metritis 137	hæmorrhagica 55
peritonitis 137	Henoch's 55
septichæmia 137	infectious 55
spasm 138	rheumatica 55
state 140	scorbutic 49
sudden death 139	Purpuric smallpox 5
supputative metritis 137	Purulent
syncope 139	arthritis 147
tetanus 138	basilar meningitis 30
thrombosis 139	bronchitis
toxemia 138	(-5y) 89
uræmia 138	(5y+) 90

Purulent—Continued.	Pylorospasm 103
bronchitis—Continued.	Pylorus (pyloric)
acute 89	cancer 40
chronic 90	contraction 103
bronchorrhœa 90	incontinence 103
conjunctivitis 38	necrosis 103
cystitis 124	obstruction 103
endocarditis 78	stenosis 103
endometritis	(congenital) 150
(nonpuerperal or unqualified)	hypertrophic 103
130	stricture 103
(puerperal) 137	tumor 40
infection 20	ulcer 102
matter, absorption 20	valve, abscess 103
meningitis 61	Pyocystitis 124 Pyocystic infection 20
nephritis 120 ophthalmia 38	Pyogenic infection 20 Pyogenic (see also Pyggnia)
newborn infant 38	Pyohæmia (see also Pyæmia) (nonpuerperal or unqualified) 20
osteitis 146	(puerperal) 137
otitis media 76	Pyometra 130
pericarditis 77	Pyonephritis 122
perinephritis 122	Pyonephrosis 122
peritonitis 117	calculous 123
general 117	from calculus 123
pleurisy 93	double 122
pleuritis 93	tuberculous 34
salpingitis 132	Pyoophoritis 132
synovitis 147	Pyopericardium 77
Pus (see also Purulent, Pysemia)	Pyophlebitis 83
absorption 20	Pyopneumopericardium 77
cavity 144	Pyopneumothorax 93
tube 132	Pyorrhœa alveolaris 99
rupture 132	Pyoealpingitis 132
Pustular conjunctivitis 75	Pyoealpinx 132
Pustule, malignant 22	ruptured 132
Putnam's disease 63	Pyoseptichæmia (see also Pyæmia) 20
Putrid	Pyothorax 93
fever 20 infection 20	Pyrexia 189
sore throat 9	atmospheric 179
Pyæmia (pyæmic) 20	puerperal 137 Pyrosis 103
abscess 20	Pyuria 124
embolism 20	17414 121
fever 20	\mathbf{Q}
joint 20	
liver 115	Quarry
lung 98	accident 173
obstruction 20	injury 173
phlebitis 83	traumatism 173 violent death 173
postpartum 137	I
puerperal 137	Quartan fever 4
synovitis 20	malaria 4
traumatic 186	Quick consumption 29
tuberculous 28	Quinsy 100
Pyæmic (see Pyæmia)	Quotidian
Pyelitic uraemia 122	fever 4
Pyelitis 122	malaria 4
calculous 123	R
suppurative 122	Rabies 23
Pyelonephritis 122 calculous 123	Radium, effect 167
Pyemia (see Pyæmia)	Radius (see Bone)
Pylephlebitis 83	Railroad
Pylorectomy 103	accident 175
Pyloric (see Pylorus)	electric 175
Pyloroplasty 103	elevated 175
- J P J	•

Railroad—Continued.	Rectum—Continued.
accident—Continued.	stricture 110
interurban 175	syphilitic 37
steam 175	syphilis 37
street 175	tuberculosis 31
underground 175	tumor 110
boiler explosion, locomotive 175	ulceration 110
car or engine	wound 186
falling from 175	Recurrent
injury, getting on or off 175	appendicitis 108
run over by 175	cyst, uterus 129
struck by 175	fever 3
collision 175	mania 68
derailment 175	melancholia 68
injury 175	typhus 3
killed on 175 neurosis 74	Reflex convulsions
traumatism 175	(-5y) 71
Railway (see Railroad)	(5y+) 70 Reflux, mitral 79
Ranula 99	Regurgitant disease, valve, heart 79
Rash 189	Regurgitation
canker 7	aortic 79
rose 19	mitral 79
epidemic 19	
scarlet 7	pulmonary 79 pulmonic 79
Raynaud's disease 142	stomach 103
Reclus's disease 133	tricuspid 79
cystic 133	through valve, heart 79
Rectal (see Rectum)	Relapsing
Rectitis 110	fever 3
Rectocele 110	(spirillum) fever 3
Rectourethral fistula 125	Remittent
Rectovaginal fistula 110	fever 4
Rectovesical	bilious 4
abscess 124	congestive 4
fistula 125	gastric 4
Rectum (rectal)	malaria 4
abscess 110	Removal (see Operation)
absent 150	Renal (see Kidney)
atresia 110 congenital 150	Repair, lacerated cervix uteri 130
bilharziasis 107	Reproductive organ
burn 167	congenital malformation 150 syphilis 37
cancer 41	tuberculosis 34
congenital malformation 150	Resection 148
disease 110	bone 148
parasitic 107	bowel 110
enlargement 110	intestine 110
epithelioma 41	osteoplastic (skull) 146
falling 110	Respiration, failure
fistula 110	(-1y) 151
foreign body 110	(1y+) 189
gangrene 110	Respiratory
hæmorrhage 110	organ, catarrh 90
impaction 110	paralysis 98
imperforate 150	system
inflammation 110	congenital malformation 150
injury 186	disease (unqualified) 98
laceration 110	Result
malformation 150	labor (without further explanation)
edema, malignant 110	140
polypus 110	tight lacing, liver 115 Retained (see Retention)
prolapse 110 rupture 110	Retarded labor
sloughing 110	(child) 152
spasm 110	(mother) 136

Retention (retained)	Rheumatism—Continued.
cyst (see Tumor)	endocarditis 47
dead ovum 134	acute 47
membrane 135	chronic 79
menses 130	fever 47
placenta 135	acute 47
secundines 135	chronic 48
urine 124	subacute 47
Retina (see Eye)	gonococcic 38
Retinitis 75	
albuminuric 120	gonorrheal 38
	gout 48
leucocythæmic 53	heart 47
renal 120	disease 79
syphilitic 37	hyperpyrexia 47
Retraction	inflammation, kidney 120
finger 149	inflammatory 47
palmar fascia 149	acute 47
valve, heart 79	chronic 48
Retrocession, uterus 130	intercostal 47
Retroflexion, uterus 130	iritis 75
	joint 47
Retrolaryngeal abscess 87	acute 47
Retroperitoneal	
abscess 144	chronic 48
cancer 41	malignant 47
gland, cancer 41	meningitis 47
hernia 109	metastatic 48
Retropharyngeal	muscle 149
abscess 100	myocarditis 47
cancer 45	neuralgic 48
gangrene 100	neuritis 48
Retrouterine	acute 47
abscess 130	chronic 48
hæmatocele 132	nodose 48
phlegmon 130	pancarditis 47
Retroversion	paralysis 48
pregnant uterus 134	pericarditis 47
uterus 130	pericardium 47
Rhabdomyoma (see Tumor)	peritonæum 47
Rhabdomyosarcoma, kidney 45	peritonitis 47
Rhachitic deformity, chest 36	pleurisy 47
Rhachitis 36	sciatic 47
intestinal	septic 47
(<u></u> 2x) 104	specific 38
$ \begin{array}{ccc} $	
(2yT) 100	spine 48
specific 37	acute 47
Rhachitism 36	chronic 48
Rheumatic (see Rheumatism)	stomach 47
Rheumatism (rheumatic) 47	subacute 47
abdomen 47	syphilitic 37
acute 47	typhoid fever 1
anæmia 48	valvular disease, heart 79
arthritis 47	vertigo 47
acute 47	visceral 47
chronic 48	Rheumatoid arthritis 48
articular 47	acute 47
acute 47	chronic 48
	Rhinitis 86
chronic 48	
blennorrhagic 38	atrophic 86
brain 47	hypertrophic 86
carditis 47	vasomotor 86
chorea 72	Rhinolith 86
chronic 48	Rhinoplasty 86
congenital 47	Rhinorrhœa, cerebrospinal 86
febrile 47	Rhinoscleroma 86
diathesis 48	Rhus toxicodendron poisoning 145
dropsy 48	Rib (see Bone)
arohal ro	1 2420 (000 2000)

Rickets 36	Rupture—Continued.
scurvy 49	gall
Riggs's disease 99	bladder 115
Ringworm 145	duct 115
Rocky Mountain spotted fever 19	heart 79
Rodent	(traumatic) 186
dermatitis 44	intestine 109
ulcer 44	joint 186
Rosacea 145	kidney 186
Rose	liver 186
cancer (see Cancer)	lung 98
rash 19	lymphatic vessel 84
epidemic 19	membrana tympani 186
Roseola 19	muscle 149
Rötheln 19	(traumatic) 186
Rough on Rats poisoning (see Poisoning)	nerve 186
Round	œsophagus 101 perinæum 136
ligament	permeum 130
hydrocele 132	parturition 136
shortening 132 ulcer 102	pulmonary artery 98 pus tube 132
	pus tube 152
stomach 102	pyosalpinx 132 rectum 110
Round-celled cancer (see Cancer) Rubella 19	
Rubeola 6	88C
	(ectopic gestation) 134 (tubal pregnancy) 134
(when not signifying measles) 19 Run over by	(tubal pregnancy) 134 sclerotic 186
automobile 175	secreting gland 186
car 175	
engine 175	sheath, muscle 186 spleen 116
locomotive 175	spontaneous
train 175	œsophagus 101
vehicle (any vehicle) 175	spleen 116
Runaway accident 175	stomach 103
Rupia 37	tendon 149
Rupture 109	(traumatic) 186
abdominal	thorax 186
muscle 186	tonsil 100
viscera 186	trachea 186
abscess 144	tubal
aorta 81	abscess 132
appendix 108	pregnancy sac 134
artery 81	tube 132
disease 81	tympanum, traumatic 186
injury 186	urethra 125
bile duct 115	uterus
disease 81 injury 186 bile duct 115 bladder 124	(nonpuerperal) 130
(traumatic) 186	(parturition) 136
parturition 136	(traumatic) 186
blood vessel 85	vagina, parturition 136
brain 64	valve, heart 79
bowel 109	varicose vein 83
brain (incident to birth) 152	vas deferens 186
bronchi 186	vein 186
bronchial gland 98	vena cava 85
capillaries 85	viscera 189
cervical gland 84	abdomen 186
chordæ, heart 79	vulva, parturition 136 Ruptured (see Rupture)
congenital 109	Ruptured (see Rupture)
cyst 46	•
diaphragm 109	\mathbf{S}
duct, secreting gland 186	, <u></u>
duodenum 110	Sac
Falloppian tube 132	ectopic gestation, ruptured 134

Sac—Continued.	Sarcoepiplocele 109
hernial	Sarcoma (see Cancer)
adhesion 109	Sarcomatosis (see Cancer)
dropsy 109	general 45
inflammation 109	Sarcomatous phlebitis 45
laceration 109	Saturnine
suppuration 109	colic 57
lacrimal	encephalopathy 57
abscess 75	gout 57
injury 186	nephritis 57
injury 186 pericardial, foreign body 186	paralysis 57
fuhal programay minture 194	Saturnism 57
tubal pregnancy, rupture 134	Scabies 145
Saccharine diabetes 50	
Saccular aneurysm 81	Scald (any part of body) 167
Sacral joint, cancer 45	steam 167
Sacrococcygeal tumor 146	suicide 163
Sacrum	Scalled head 145
cancer 45	Scalp
caries, tuberculous 32	abscess 144
fracture 185	burn 167
Saint	cancer 44
Anthony's fire 18	foreign body 186
Vitus's dance 72	hæmatoma 186
Salivary	hæmorrhage
calculus 99	(not injury at birth) 85
duct, wound 186	(child, injury at birth) 152
fistula 99	infection 189
gland	tumor 46
abscess 99	wound 186
cancer 39	Scanty menstruation 130
concretion 99	Scapulalgia 33
congenital malformation 150	Scapular
cyst 99	abscess 144
disease 99	cancer 45
fistula 99	Scarletine (see also Scarlet fever) 7
	Scarlatina (see also Scarlet fever) 7
infected 99	anginosa 7
inflammation 99	maligna 7
suppuration 99	Scarlatinal (see Scarlet fever)
tumor 99	Scarlet
wound 186	fever 7
Salivation 99	albuminuria 7
mercurial 59	angina 7
Salpingectomy 132	convulsions 7
Salpingitis 132	eclampsia 7
catarrhal 132	malignant 7
Eustachian 76	nephritis 7
puerperal 137 purulent 132	puerperal 7
purulent 132	rash 7
septic 132	Schönlein's disease 47
tuberculous 34	Sciatic
Salpingo-oophorectomy 132	hernia 109
Salpingo-oophoritis 132	neuritis 73
Salpingoovaritis 132	rheumatism 47
Salpingoperitonitis 132	Sciatica 73
Salt rheum 145	Scirrhous carcinoma (see Cancer)
	Scirrhus (see Cancer)
Sapræmia 20	Sclerema
puerperal 137	(-1y) 151
Sarcepiplocele 109	(1y+) 145
Sarcepiplomphalocele 109	congenital
Sarcinal infection	(-1y) 151
(-2y) 104	(1y+) 145
(2y+) 105	neonatorum 151
Sarcocele (see Cancer)	Scleritis 75
syphilitic 37	Sclerochorioiditis 75

Scleroconjunctivitis 75	Scoliosis 36
Sclerodermia 145	Scorbutic
diffuse 145	inflammation, alveoli, teeth 49
Sclerosis	purpura 49
(unqualified) 63	Scorbutus 49
amyotrophic 63	·
lateral 63	Scorpion, venom 165
aortic 81	Scrofula 34
	Scrofulide 34
artery 81	Scrofulodermia 34
brain 74	Scrofulosis 34
cardiorenal 120	universal 34
cardiovascular 79	
catarrhal 189	Scrofulous
cerebral 74	abscess 34
diffuse 74	adenitis 34
cerebrospinal 63	bronchitis 28
disseminated 63	bubo 34
multiple 63	consumption 28
coronary artery 81	diathesis 34
degenerative 63	lymphatism 34
diffuse, brain 74	ulcer 34
disseminated 63	Scrotal (see Scrotum)
	Scrotum (scrotal)
spinal cord 63	abscess 127
general 63	
brain 74	burn 167
gland 84	cancer 45
hepatic 113	cellulitis 127
insular 63	chancre, soft 38
kidney 120	congenital malformation 150
larynx 87	disease 127
lateral 63	elephantiasis, nonfilarial 145
descending 63	erysipelas 18
posterior 63	fistula 127
primary 63	foreign body 186
secondary 63	frostbite 178
liver 113	gangrene 142
lung 98	hæmatocele 127
	hæmatoma 186
miliary, brain 74	hernia 109
mitral 79	
multiple 63	inflammation 127
spinal cord 63	lymph 84
ovary 132	lymphangiectasis 84
plaques 63	malformation 150
posterior 62	sloughing 127
spinal cord 62	syphilis 37
posterolateral 62	tuberculosis 34
pulmonary 98	tumor 127
renal 120	wound 186
spinal 63	Scurvy 49
cord 63	bone 49
combined 63	gum 49
multiple 63	infantile 49
posterior 62	rickets 49
stomach 103	Sea, lost at 169
	Seasickness 189
symmetrical 63	
Vascular 81	Sebaceous
Sclerotic (see Eye, Sclerosis)	cyst 46
cachexia 81	tumor 46
endocarditis 79	Secondary
gastritis_103	dementia 68
Sclerotitis 75	hæmorrhage 85
Sclerotomy 75	lateral sclerosis 63
Sclerous	lesion 37
cachexia 81	paralysis 66
endocarditis 79	spastic paraplegia 63
myocarditis 79	syphilis 37

Secreting gland	Sepsis—Continued.
duct of	puerperal 137
rupture 186	umbilicus (—3m) 152
wound 186	urinary 124
rupture 186 wound 186	Septic (see also Sepsis, Septichæmia)
Section (see Operation)	absorption 20
abdominal 189	adenitis 84 arthritis 147
bladder 124	autoinfection 20
Cæsarean (see Cæsarean operation)	bronchitis 89
nerve 74	bronchopneumonia 91
perineal 125	cellulitis 20
Secundines, retained 135	chill 20
Seizure 64	colitis
Semilunar cartilage, dislocation 185	(-2y) 104 (2y+) 105
Seminal vesicle	(2y+) 105
abscess 127	cystitis 124
congenital malformation 150	diarrhœa
syphilis 37	(-2y) 104
Senectus 154	(2y+) 105
Senile asthenia 154	disease, throat 100
	embolism 82 brain 82
atrophy 154 brain 74	endocarditis 78
bronchitis 90	endometritis
cachexia 154	(nonpuerperal or unqualified)
cerebral atrophy 74	130
debility 154	(puerperal) 137
debility 154 decay 154	enteritis *
degeneration 154	(-2y) 104
dementia 154	(2y+) 105
diarrhœa 105	fever
emphysema 97	(nonpuerperal or unqualified)
endocarditis 79	20
epilepsy 69	(puerperal) 137
exhaustion 154	gangrene 142
failure, general 154	gastritis 103
fibrosis 154	gastroenteritis
gangrene 142 gatism 154	$\begin{pmatrix} -2y & 104 \\ (2y+) & 105 \end{pmatrix}$
heart 154	hepatitis 115
imbecility 154	infection
imbecility 154 insanity 154	(nonpuerperal or unqualified)
mania 154	20
marasmus 154	(puerperal) 137
melancholia 154	umbilicus (-3m) 152
neurosis 74	inflammation
paralysis 66	ear 76
paresis 154	membrane, brain 61
pneumonia 92	intoxication
prostration 154	(nonpuerperal or unqualified)
psychosis 154 softening 154	20 (puerperal) 137
tremor 66	(puerperal) 137 jaundice
vascular degeneration 154	(-1y) 151
weakness 154	$\langle 1y + \rangle = 115$
Senility (see also Senile) 154	kidney 122
atheromatous 81	laryngitis 87
Separation	mania 20
epiphyses 185	meningitis 61
placenta 135	metritis
Sepsis (see also Septic, Septichæmia) 20	(nonpuerperal or unqualified)
general 20	130
hereditary (-3m) 152	(puerperal) 137
postabortive 137	nephritis 120
mography 137	i orcuitis 127

Septic—Continued.	Serpiginous ulcer 145
parotiditis 99	T =
	Serum intoxication 165
pericarditis 77	Severed extremity 186
peritonitis	Severing, artery 186
(nonpuerperal or unqualified)	Sewer gas poisoning (see Poisoning)
117	
(puerperal) 137	Shaft, fall (mine) 173
general 117	Shafting, caught in 174
	Shaking
multiple 117	palsy 63
pharyngolaryngitis 87	
phlebitis 83	paralysis 63
uterus 130	Sheath
pleurisy 93	muscle, rupture 186
pleuropneumonia 92	tendon
	inflammation 149
pneumonia 92	
rheumatism 47	loose body 149
salpingitis 132	tumor 149
sore throat 100	Shingles 145
thrombophlebitis 83	Ship, fall in 172
thrombosis 82	Shock 189
	birth
appendix 108	
thrombus 82	(child) 152
traumatic peritonitis 117	(mother) 136
tuberculosis 28	electric 181
umbilical cord (-3m) 152	accidental 181
uræmia 120	injury 181
uterus (puerperal) 137	lightning 180
wound 186	nervous 74
Septicemia (see Septichsemia)	paralysis 64
Septichæmia (see also Sepsis, Septic) 20	paralytic 64
abortion 137	postoperative 189
•	
carcinomatous 45	postpuerperal 136
gangrenous 142	sudden death, after delivery 139
general 20	surgical 189
general 20 lung 98	traumatic 186
meningeal 61	Shooting 170
navel $(-3m)$ 152	(homicide) 182
peritoneal 117	(suicide) 159
puerperal 137	Shortening
suppurative 20	round ligament 132
traumatic 186	tendon 149
umbilicus (—3m). 152	Shot 170
Septum	(homicide) 182
malformation, intrauterine 150	burglar 182
nasai	duel 182
abscess 86	Shoulder (see Joint)
deviation 86	Sick from birth
disease 86	(-1y) 151
fracture 185	
	(1y+) 189
hæmatoma 86	Sickness
nose, perforation 86	falling 69
Sequestration dermoid cyst (see Tumor)	green 54
Sequestrum 146	milk (trembles) 19
Serofibrinous	
	sleeping 55
peritonitis 117	sweating 11
pleurisy 93	Side, abscess 144
Seropurulent pleurisy 93	tuberculous 34
Serosanguineous flux 14	Sigmoid flexure
Serous	cancer 41
alcoholic meningitis 56	stenosis 109
apoplexy_ 64	stricture 109
cyst (see Tumor)	Sigmoiditis
meningitis 61	(-2y) 104
Serpent	(2y+) 105
bite 165	Silicosis 98
venomous bite 165	nulmonary 98
	. DITTUOLIST V 20

Simple	Skin—Continued.
anæmia 54	hæmorrhage 55
angina 100	leprosy 17
bronchitis 89	lymphatic nævus 46
cerebral meningitis 61	nævus 150
cerebrospinal meningitis 61	vascular 150
chancre 38	parasitic disease 145
continued fever 189	scald 167
enteritis	syphilis 37
(-2y) 104	tuberculosis 34
	tumor 145
meningitis 61	wound 186
brain 61	Skoliosis 36
peritonitis 117	Skull (see Bone)
Simulation 189	osteoplastic resection 146
Singultus 74	perforation (cause not indicated) 186
Sinus 145	trephining 189
accessory	tumor 146
cancer 45	Sleeping sickness 55
disease 146	Sloughing
empyema 146	abscess 144
foreign body 146	appendix 108
inflammation 146	bladder 124
parasitic disease 146	phagedæna 142
tumor 146	rectum 110
brain, disease 83	scrotum 127
cavernous, phlebitis 83	ulcer 145
cerebral, thrombosis 82	Slow
ethmoidal, abscess 146	atrophy, liver 113
frontal	fever 189
abscess 146	Smallpox 5
disease 146	black 5
empyema 146	confluent 5
(and other sinuses), foreign body	discrete 5
146	hæmorrhagic 5
parasitic disease 146	malignant 5
suppuration 146	petechial 5
lateral, thrombosis 82	purpuric 5
maxillary	Smoke
abscess 146	asphyxia (conflagration excepted)
foreign body 146	168
parasitic disease 146	inhalation 168
sphenoidal, abscess 146 Sinusitis 146	(burning building) 166
ethmoidal 146	suffocation 168 (burning building) 166
frontal 146	(burning building) 166 Smokers' cancer 39
maxillary 146	Snake bite 165
sphenoidal 146	Snuffles 37
Siphilis (see Syphilis) 37	Soft
Sitiophobia 68	chancre 38
Skin	bubo 38
anthrax 22	penis 38
blastomycosis 25	scrotum 38
burn 167	vulva 38
cancer 44	palate
	cancer 39
congenital malformation 150 diphtheria 9	paralysis 100
disease (unqualified) 145	sore 38
effect, electricity 181	Softening 189
epithelioma 44	bone 36
erysipelas 18	brain 65
filariasis 19	inflammatory 65
frostbite 178	necrotic 65
gangrene 142	thrombotic 82
glanders 21	cerebral 65
grafting 145	cerebrai 05 cerebrospinal 65
Presenting TAG.	cotontophimm on

O-ft-ning Continued	I Smartin Comtinued
Softening—Continued.	Spastic—Continued.
heart 79	paralysis 63
senile 154	infantile 74
spinal cord 63	spinal cord 63
stomach 103	paraplegia 63
Solar plexus, neuralgia 73	hereditary 63
Solidification, lung 92	primary 63
Somnambulism 74	secondary 63
Soothing-syrup poisoning 165	spinal paralysis 63
Sore 189	Specific
fever 146	(when signifying syphilis, any affec-
mouth 99	tion) 37
nursing 99	adenitis 37
soft 38	blood poisoning 37
throat 100	bronchitis 28
(diphtheritic) 9	cystitis 124
gangrenous 9	disease 37
malignant 9	enteritis
putrid 9	(-2y) 104
septic 100	(2y+) 105
ulcerated 9	growth, throat 100
Spanæmia 54	inanition 37
Spasm	iritis 37
(-5y) 71	laryngitis 28
$\langle 5y + \rangle$ 70	lesion 37
bladder 124	lichen 37
cardiac 80	
	marasmus 37
facial 74	meningitis 30
glottis 87	meningoencephalitis 37
heart 80	myelitis 37
hysterical 73	paralysis 37
infantile $(-5y)$ 71	pemphigus, congenital 37
intestinal	peritonitis 31
(-2y) 104	pneumonia 28
(2y+) 105	rhachitis 37
larynx 87	rheumatism 38
muscle 74	tuberculosis 28
nervous	ulcer 37
(-5y) 71	urethritis 38
$\langle 5y+ \rangle$ 70	Spermatic cord
esophagus 101	abscess 127
pharynx 100	cancer 45
puerperal 138	hæmatocele 127
rectum 110	diffuse 127
stomach 103	injury 186
tongue 74	hæmatoma 186
Spasmodic	(nontraumatic) 127
asthma 96	hydrocele 127
cholera 13	inflammation 127
chorea 72	injury 186
colic	syphilis 37
(-2y) 104	tuberculosis 34
(2y+) 105	tumor 127
convulsions	la
(-5y) 71	Spermatocele 127
\(\frac{-0y}{51}\) \(\frac{70}{70}\)	Sphacelus 142
(5y∔) 70 croup 87	Sphenoidal
croup 8/	sinus, abscess 146
(diphtheritic) 9	sinusitis 146
dorsal tabes 63	Sphenoiditis 146
hysteria 73	Spheroidal-celled carcinoma (see Cancer)
laryngitis 87	Spina bifida 150
tabes dorsalis 62	congenital 150
torticollis 149	ulcerating 150
Spastic	Spinal (see also Spine)
ataxia 62	anterior poliomyelitis, acute 63
family paralysis 63	atrophy 63
, y <u>r</u> y	

Spinal—Continued.	Spinal—Continued.
column (see Spine)	membrane—Continued.
cord (spinal)	malformation 150
abscess 63	syphilis 37
anæmia 63	tuberculosis 30
apoplexy 63	meninges
atrophy 63	syphilis 37
cancer 45	tuberculosis 30
compression 63	meningitis 61
(traumatic) 186	tuberculous 30
concussion 186	meningocele 150
congenital malformation 150	muscular atrophy, chronic 63
congestion 63	myelitis 63
degeneration 63	nerve
amyloid 63	neuralgia 73
anterior cornua 63	paralysis 66
fatty 63	neuritis 63
lateral column 63	osteoarthritis 146
and posterior columns 62	pachymeningitis 61
tuberculous 34	paralysis 63
disease 63	acute 63
foreign body 186	ascending, acute 63
hæmorrhage 63	atrophic 63
inflamination 63	chronic 63
injury 186	infantile 63
irritation 63	progressive 63
laceration 186	spastic 63
lesion 63	sclerosis 63
malformation 150	multiple 63
membrane	posterior 62
cancer 45	syphilis 37
tumor 63	tuberculosis 32
meningitis 61	tumor 63
subacute 61	Spindle-celled cancer (see Cancer)
tuberculous 30	Spine (spinal 1)
myelitis 63	abscess 32
paralysis 63	ankylosis 147 atrophy 32
acute 63	
progressive 63	cancer 45 caries 32
spastic 63 parasitic disease 63	concussion 186
sclerosis 63	congenital malformation 150
combined 63	curvature 36
disseminated 63	angular 36
multiple 63	anterior 36
posterior 62	lateral 36
posterolateral 62	posterior 36
softening 63	deformity, angular 36
syphilis 37	disease 32
thrombosis 82	parasitic 146
tuberculosis 34	fissure 150
tumor 63	fracture 185
wound 186	fracture-dislocation 185
degeneration 63	gangrene 142
effusion 63	inflammation 32
fever 61	tuberculous 32
hæmorrhage 63	injury 186
	irritation 63
hernia 150 injury 186	luxation 185
irritation 63	malformation 150
membrane	necrosis 32
cancer 45	neuralgia 73
hæmorrhage 63	polyarthritis 32
inflammation 61	pressure-atrophy 32

Spine—Continued.	Splenitis 116
rheumatism 48	interstitial 116
acute 47	Splenocele 116
chronic 48	Splenolymphatic
tuberculosis 32	leuchæmia 53
tumor 146	leucocythæmia 53
ulcer 32	Splenomedullary
wound 186	leuchæmia 53
Spitting blood 98	leucocythæmia 53
Splanchnoptosis 110	Splenomyelogenous
Spleen (splenic)	leuchæmia 53
abscess 116	leucocythæmia 53
accessory, disease 116	Splenopathy 116
amyloid 116 anæmia 54	Splenopneumonia 92
	Splenophedinolia 52
pernicious 54	Splenoptosis 116
apoplexy 116 atrophy 116 cancer 45	Splenotomy 116
atrophy 116	Spondylitis
cancer 45	(not deformans) 32
congenital malformation 150	deformans 48
congestion 116	tuberculous 32
cyst 116	Spondyloisthesis 147
hydatid 116	Spondylotomy (see Stillbirth)
degeneration	Spontaneous
amyloid 116	fracture 146
lardaceous 116 disease 116	hæmorrhage 85
	rupture
lardaceous 116	cesophagus 101
organic 116	spleen 116 Sporadic
parasitic 116 displacement 116	cholera 13
embolism 82	diarrhœa
enlargement 116	(-2y) 104
erosion 116	$\begin{pmatrix} -2y & 101 \\ (2y+) & 105 \end{pmatrix}$
fibrosis 116	dysentery 14
foreign body 186	Sporotrichosis 25
hæmorrhage 116	Spotted fever 61
hernia 109	Rocky Mountain 19
hypertrophy 116	Sprue 99
infarction 116	(psilosis) 110
infection 116	(thrush) 99
inflammation 116	Spurious
capsule 116	encephalitis 60
injury 186	hydrocephalus
lesion, organic 116	(-2y) 104
leuchæmia 53	(2y+) 105
leucocythæmia 53	labor pains 134
lymphadenoma 53	Squamous-celled carcinoma (see Cancer)
malaria 4	Stab
malarial 4	knife 183
malformation 150	(accident) 171
necrosis 116	(homicide) 183
rupture 116	(suicide) 160
spontaneous 116	wound (any part of body) 183
small 150	(accident) 171
syphilis 37	
thrombosis, vessel 82	(homicide) 183 (suicide) 160
tuberculosis 34	Stairs, fall down 172
tumor 116	Staphylitis 99
wandering 116	Staphylococcus infection 20
waxy 116	Staphyloma 75
wound 186	Staphyloplasty 99
Splenectomy 116	Staphylorrhaphy 99
Splenic (see Spleen)	Starvation 177
fever 22	Stasis, pulmonary 94

```
State
paranoid 68
puerperal 140
Static pneumonia 94
Stationary boiler, explosion 174
     epilepticus 69
     lymphaticus 84
     thymicus 84
Steam
     burn 167
     car, fall from 175
     railroad
          collision 175
          traumatism 175
     scald 167
Steamboat, explosion, boiler,
Steatosis (according to organ affected)
heart 79
     kidney 120
liver 113
     visceral 55
              80
Stenocardia
Stenosis 189
     aortic 79
          congenital
                       150
     bile duct 115
     bowel 109
bronchi 98
cardiac 79
     orifice 79
congenital 150
     gall duct 115
heart 79
     hypertrophic, pylorus 103 intestine 109
          congenital 150
     larynx 87
     congenital 150
mitral 79
          congenital
     nasal duct 75
     œsophagus 101
     orifice, valve, heart 79
     pulmonary
     congenital 150
pylorus 103
     sigmoid flexure 109
     trachea 98
valvular 79
Stercoræmia 110
Stercoral
     fever 110
fistula 110
                   110
     infiltration
     tumor 109
     vomiting 109
Sternalgia 80
Sternum (see Bone)
Stiff neck 149
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STILLBIRTH

The Rules of Statistical Practice adopted by the American Public Health Association (see Census Bulletin 108, Mortality Statistics, 1909, pp. 37-42) recommend that-

Stillbirths should not be included in deaths.
Children born alive and living for any time whatever, no matter how brief, after birth, should not be classed as stillbirths, even though reported by the attending physicians or midwives as "stillborn."
Whenever age, in days, hours, or minutes, is reported for a "stillborn" child, or indicated by a difference between dates of birth and death, the registrar should secure a statement that will enable the case to be classed with certainty either as a stillbirth or as a death. If no additional information can be obtained, the statement of age should govern, and the case be compiled as a death, not as a stillbirth. birth.

Premature births (not stillborn) should be included in total deaths (classified under International title No. 151). [Same number in revised list; subtitle 1.]

Premature births (stillborn) should be classed under stillbirths, and should not be included in total deaths.

Statistical definition of "Birth"

Birth (completion of birth) is the instant of complete separation of the entire body (not body in the restricted sense of trunk, but the entire organism, including head, trunk, and limbs) of the child from the body of the mother. The unbilical cord need not be cut nor the placents detached in order to constitute complete birth for registration purposes. A child dead or dying a moment before the instant of birth is a stillbirth, and one dying a moment, no matter how brief, efter birth, was a living child, and should not be registered as a stillbirth.

The exact statement of age, which must not be confused with the statement of duration of uterogestation, is essential for the separation of stillbirths from living births and from deaths of children born alive. Age is the time survived after birth. The age of a stillbirth is "0" or no days, hours, or minutes. Exact statement of age in hours or minutes is provided for upon the Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death in the case of infants dying under 1 day of age. The word "stillbirth" is sometimes loosely used to include deaths of infants that occur some time after birth. "Stillbirth." when consistent with statement of age (or in the absence of any statement of age), takes precedence over any other term and excludes the case entirely from the compilation of deaths. The following list contains terms that may occur upon certificates of death:

Terms requiring discrimination as to stillbirth 1

(child, dead at birth) Stillbirth ²
(child, not dead at birth) 151 (subtitle 1)
Acardiac foctus Stillbirth ²
Acormous fectus Stillbirth ²
Acrania Stillbirth ²
Acrania Stillbirth ² Albuminuria of mother (child, dead at birth) Stillbirth 2 (child, not dead at birth) 151 (subtitle 2) Anencephalus Stillbirth 2 Stillbirth 2

Application of craniotomy forceps Stillbirth 2

¹ A correct statement of age or the fact that the child was dead at birth or was not dead at birth should be obtained, if possible, in all these cases.

² Stillbirths are to be excluded from the compilation of deaths.

```
Asphyxia during labor
(child, dead at birth) Stillbirth 1
(child, not dead at birth) 152 (subtitle 1)
 Breech presentation
(child, dead at birth) Stillbirth 1
(child, not dead at birth) 152 (subtitle 1)
                                                                                                                                                                         Sting
                 rean operation
 Cassaran operation
(child, dead at birth) Stillbirth 1
(child, not dead at birth) 152 (subtitle 1)
(child, not dead at birth) 152 (subtitle 1)
(child, not dead at birth) 152 (subtitle 1)
(conpaidtingsy (child) Stillbirth 1
(compression of cord
Compression of cord

(child, dead at birth) Stillbirth 1
(child, not dead at birth) 152 (subtitle 1)
Cranioclasm Stillbirth 1
Craniotomy (child) Stillbirth 1
Crushing head of child Stillbirth 1
Decapitation of fostus Stillbirth 1
Difficult labor
(child, dead at birth) Stillbirth 1
(child, not dead at birth) 152 (subtitle 1)
Dystocia
Dystocia
(child, dead at birth) Stillbirth 1
(child, not dead at birth) 152 (subtitle 1)
Embryotomy Stillbirth 1
Evisceration of fectus Stillbirth 1
Excessive pressure in delivery
(child, dead at birth) Stillbirth 1
(child, not dead at birth) 152 (subtitle 1)
Foot presentation
 Foot presentation
(child, dead at birth) Stillbirth 1
(child, not dead at birth) 152 (subtitle 1)
(child, not dead at birth) 152 (Sidtlie 1)
Forces operation
(child, dead at birth) Stillbirth 1
(child, not dead at birth) 152 (subtitle 1)
Immaturity
(child, dead at birth) Stillbirth 1
(child, not dead at birth) 151 (subtitle 1)
Incomplete gestation
(child, dead at birth) Stillbirth 1
(child, not dead at birth) 151 (subtitle 1)
Injury at birth
             (child, dead at birth) Stillbirth 1
(child, not dead at birth) 152 (subtitle 1)
 Malformation
 (child, deed at birth) Stillbirt
(child, not dead at birth) 150
Malpresentation
                                                                                     Stillbirth 1
 child, dead at birth) Stillbirth 1
(child, not dead at birth) 152 (subtitle 1)

Miscarriage
(child, dead at birth) Stillbirth 1
(child, not dead at birth) 151 (subtitle 1)
 Nonviable
     (child, dead at birth) Stillbirth 1
(child, not dead at birth) 151 (subtitle 1)
Perforation of head of child Stillbirth 1
Placental disease

(child, dead at birth) Stillbirth 1

(child, not dead at birth) 152 (subtitle 2)

Premature birth
 (child, dead at birth) Stillbirth 1
(child, not dead at birth) 151 (subtitle 1)
Prolapse of funis
(child, dead at birth) Stillbirth 1
(child, not dead at birth) 152 (subtitle 1)
 Prolonged labor (child, dead at birth) 152 (subtitle 1)
(child, dead at birth) Stillbirth 1
(child, not dead at birth) 152 (subtitle 1)
Stillbirth
(age "0" or no age stated) Stillbirth
(age stated in hours or minutes of survival after
birth) 151 (subtitle 2)
Stillborn (see Stillbirth)
 (child, dead at birth) Stillbir
(child, not dead at birth) 37
Traumatism of mother
                                                                                    Stillbirth 1
             (child, dead at birth) Stillbirth 1
(child, not dead at birth) Accidental or homicidal and by means of injury
  Typhoid fever
             (child, dead at birth) Stillb (child, not dead at birth) 1
```

```
child, dead at birth)
                     Stillbirth 1
   (child, not dead at birth) 152 (subtitle 1)
    insect 165
    venomous 165
Stokes's disease 51
Stokes-Adams disease
Stomach (gastric)
    abscess 103
    adhesion
              117
    anthrax 22
    atony 103
    atrophy 103
cancer 40
        cardiac orifice 40
    canker 103
    cardia, stricture 103
    catarrh 103
    cirrhosis
              103
    colic 103
    concretion 103
    congenital malformation 150
    congestion 103
    contraction 103
    convulsions 103
    deformity (acquired)
                  103
    degeneration
    derangement
                  103
    dilatation 103
    disease 103
        lardaceous
                    103
        organic 103
    displacement 103
    engorgement 103
    enlargement 103
    erosion 102
    fermentation 103
    fever 189
    fistula 103
    foreign body
                  103
    gangrene 103
    hæmorrhage
                  103
    hernia 109
        diaphragmatic 109
    hourglass 103
    hyperæmia 103
    hypertrophy 10 indigestion 103
    induration
    inertia 103
    inflammation 103
        catarrhal
                   103
    influenza
    injury 186
    irritation
              103
    laceration (not external violence) 103
    lesion, organic 103
    malformation
    necrosis 103
    neoplasm 40
    nerve, paralysis 74
              103
    neuralgia
```

¹ Stillbirths are to be excluded from the compilation of deaths.

Stomach—Continued.	Strangulation—Continued.
neurasthenia 103	intestine 109
paralysis 103	penis 186
parasitic disease 103	suffocation 186
paresis 103	suicide 157
perforation	umbilical cord (-3m) 152
(nontraumatic) 103	Street
(traumatic) 186	car accident
regurgitation from 103	(elevated) 175
remittent fever 4	(surface) 175
rheumatism 47	(underground) 175
rupture 103	railroad, traumatism 175
sclerosis 103	railway accident 175
softening 103	Streptococchæmia 20
	Streptococcic angina 100
spasm 103	
stricture 103	Streptococcus infection 20
syphilis 37	Streptomycosis 25
toxæmia 103	Streptotrichosis 25
tuberculosis 31	Stretching, nerve 74
tumor 40	Stricture 125
(nonmalignant) 103	anus 110
heteromorphic 40	aortic 79
neoplastic 40	valve 79
ulcer 102	
perforating 102	artery 81 bowel 109
round 102	bronchi 98
	l
ulceration, perforating 102	cardia, stomach 103
vertigo 103	cardiac 79
wound 186	cervical canal 130
Stomatitis 99	colon 109
aphthous 99	common duct 115
catarrhal 99	duodenum 109
epizootic 19	Falloppian tube 132
gangrenous 142	gall
malignant 99	bladder 115
mercurial	duct 115
(not occupational or unquali-	internal, malignant 41
fied) 59	intestine 109
(occupational) 58	larynx 87
	mitral 79
paraeitic 99	
syphilitic 37	valve 79
ulcerative 99	œsophagus 101
Stomatomycosis 99	syphilitic 37
Stomatorrhagia 85	organic, urethra 125
Stone 123	pharynx 100
bladder 123	pulmonary artery 81
fall (quarry) 173	pylorus 103
gall 114	rectum 110
kidney 123	syphilitic 37
pancreatic duct 118	sigmoid flexure 109
Stonemasons' lung 98	stomach 103
Stools, green	trachea 98
(-2v) 104	traumatic, urethra 125
\. " \ \ \	triougnid 70
(2y+) 105 Standard (natura amenacified) 180	tricuspid 79
Stoppage (nature unspecified) 189	urethra 125
bowel 109	uterus 130
intestine 109	vagina 132
urine 122	valve, heart 79
Stove gas, asphyxia by 168	valvular 79
Strain	Stridulous
effect on heart 79	angina 100
heart 79	(diphtheritic) 9
Strangulation (strangulated) 186	croup 87
bowel 109	(diphtheritic) 9
hernia 109	laryngitis 87
internal 109	(diphtheritic) 9
THISTING TOO	· (arbreneties) a

Stripe pneumonia 94	Subcutaneous—Continued.
Striped-muscle tumor (see Tumor)	tissue
Stroke 64	burn 167
apoplexy 64	frostbite 178
brain 64 heat 179	inflammation 144
	scald 167
lightning 180	wound 186
paralysis 64	Subdelirium 189
Struck by	Subdiaphragmatic abscess 118
automobile 175 car 175	Subdural hæmorrhage 64
engine 175	Subplottic laryngitis 87
locomotive 175	Subhepatic abscess 115
train 175	Subhyoid pharyngotomy 100
vehicle 175	Subinvolution, uterus 136 Sublingual abscess 99
Struma 34	Subluxation 185
Strumous	Submammary abscess 133
abscess 34	Submaxillary
adenitis 34	abscess 99
lymphangitis 34	gland, abscess 99
ulcer 34	Submersion (see Drowning)
Stupor 189	Submucous
mental 68	fibroid (female) 129
anergic 68	tissue
delusional 68	burn 167
typhoid 1	scald 167
Stuporous melancholia 68	wound 186
Subacute	Subphrenic abscess 118
bronchitis 90	Subpleural emphysema 97
capillary 89	Substance, corrosive
endocarditis 78	absorption (accident) 165
enteritis	burn 167
(-2y) 104	Subway accident 175
(2y+) 105	Sudden death
enterocolitis	(nonpuerperal) 188
(-2y) 104	(puerperal) 139
(2v+) 105	cardiac
general peritonitis 117	embolism after delivery 139
inflammation	thrombosis after delivery 139
bowel	cerebral hæmorrhage after delivery
(-2y) 104	139
(2y+) 105	after delivery 139
intestine	embolism after delivery 139
(-2y) 104 $(2y+)$ 105	entrance, air into vein after delivery
(2y+) 105	139
meningitis 61	nervous exhaustion after delivery
spinal cord 61	139
milk infection	puerperium 139
(-2y) 104	pulmonary
(2y+) 105	embolism after delivery 139
myelitis 63	thrombosis after delivery 139
nephritis 119 pancreatitis 118	shock after delivery 139 thrombosis after delivery 139
	Suffocating
phthisis, larynx 28 pleurisy 93	bronchitis 89
	catarrh 90
poliomyelitis 63 rheumatic fever 47	Suffocation 168
rheumatism 47	(gas or vapor) 168
tuberculosis, larynx 28	abnormal atmospheric pressure 168
Subclavian aneurysm 81	bed 168
Subconjunctival hæmorrhage (traumatic)	childbirth, accidental
186	(_2m) 159
Subcutaneous	(stillborn) (see Stillbirth)
emphysema 145	(stillborn) (see Stillbirth) conflagration 166
hæmorrhage 85	drowning 169
	,

Suffocation—Continued.	Supernumerary organ or part (see Malfor
fœtus, parturition, not stillborn 152	mation) 150
gas	Suppressed measles 6
(accident or unqualified) 168	Suppression
(homicide) 184	menstruation 130
(suicide) 156	urine 122
overlying 168	Suppuration (suppurative) 189
plugging, air passage 186	adenitis 84
smoke 168	adrenal 52
strangulation 186	annexitis 132
submersion 169	appendicitis 108
vapor	bartholinitis 132
(accident or unqualified) 168	bladder 124
(homicide) 184 (suicide) 156	bowel 110 brain 60
(suicide) 156 Suicidal wound 163	breast
Suicide 163	(nonpuerperal) 133
asphyxia 156	(puerperal) 141
(any gas or vapor) 156	bubo 84
burn 163	cellulitis 144
carbon monoxide 156	cervical adenitis 84
chloroform (vapor) 156	cholangitis 115
crushing 162	cholecystitis 115
cutting	choledochitis 115
instrument 160	cranial adenitis 84
throat 160	cystic tumor (see Tumor)
drowning 158	cystitis 124
fire 163	dental periosteum 99
firearms 159	diffuse 144
gas (any gas) 156	encephalitis 60
hanging 157	endocarditis 78
illuminating gas 156	erysipelas 18
jumping	Falloppian tube 132
from high place 161	frontal sinus 146
before train 162	gall bladder 115
piercing instrument 160	gastritis 103
poison	gum 99
(any solid or liquid) 155	hæmatoma, broad ligament 132
(any gas or vapor) 156	hepatitis 115
scald 163	diffuse 115
shooting 159	hernial sac 109
strangulation 157	hip disease 33
submersion 158	inflammation
suffocation (any gas or vapor) 156	heart 79
vapor (any vapor) 156	liver 115
Sulphæmoglobinæmia 55	membrane, brain 61
Sulphuric acid (oil of vitriol)	nose 86
absorption 165	intestine 110
involuntary 165	joint 147
burn 167	keratitis 75
poisoning (see Poisoning)	labyrinthine 76
throwing 184	laryngitis 87
Sulphurous acid, gas poisoning 168	lung 98
Summer	lymphadenitis 84
bronchitis 98	lymphatic
catarrh (hay) 98	gland 84
complaint	vessel 84
(-2y) 104	mammary gland
(2y+) 105	(nonpuerperal) 133
diarrhœa	(puerperal) 141
(-2y) 104	meningitis 61
(2y+) 105	metritis
Sunstroke 179	(nonpuerperal or unqualified)
Superior nuclear paralysis 74	130 (puerperal) 137
Ouderfor huclear daraivsis /4	(puerperar/ 13/

Suppuration—Continued.	Sycosis 145
muscle 144	Sydenham's chorea 72
nephritis 122	Symmetrical
acute 122	exostosis 146
chronic 122	gangrene 142
disseminated 122	osteoma 146
syphilitic 37	sclerosis 63
osteomyelitis 146	Symphysiotomy 136
otitis 76	Symptomatic epilepsy 74
media 76	Syncope (fatal) 188
pancreas 118	cardiac 188
pancreatitis 118	heart 188
parotid 99	puerperal 139
parotiditis 99	Syncytioma 42 Syndactylism 150
pelvic (female) 130	Syndrome, Korssakoff's 68
(male) 144	Synechia 75
pericarditis 77	Synochal fever 189
pericranial 144	Synostosis
periostitis 146	joint 147
peritonitis 117	spine 147
phlebitis 83	Synovial membrane, pulpy degeneration
pleurisy 93	33
pleuritis 93	Synovitis 147
pneumonia 92	crepitating 149
pyelitis 122	gouty 48
salivary gland 99	infective 147
septicæmia 20	purulent 147
suprarenal 52	pyæmic 20
synovitis 147	suppurative 147
tonsillitis 100	tuberculous 33
thymus 84	villous 147
thyreoid gland 88	Syphilide 37
tonsil 100	newborn 37
Suppurative (see Suppuration)	tubercular 37
Suprapelvic abscess 130	Syphilis (syphilitic) (any organ or part of
Suprapuble cystotomy 124	body) 37
Suprarenal (see Adrenal)	congenital 37 hereditary 37
capsule (see Adrenal) Suprathyreoid laryngotomy 87	inherited 37
Suprathyreoid laryngotomy 87 Supravaginal hysterectomy 130	insontium 37
Surface car accident 175	neonatorum 37
Surgical	primary 37
apoplexy 189	pulmonary 37
emphysema 145	pulmonary 37 secondary 37
erysipelas 18	tertiary 37
exhaustion 189	Syphilitic (see Syphilis)
kidney 122	Syringomyelia 63
kidney 122 mania 189	arthropathy 63
operation (see Operation) 189	Syringomyelitis 63
pneumonia 92	Syringomyelocele 150
shock 189	Systemic tuberculosis 35
Suture	
artery 85	${f T}$
bladder 124	-
heart 186	Mahandilla (Manisan tumbus) 10
intestine 110	Tabardillo (Mexican typhus) 19 Tabes 189
kidney 122	
listor 115	I ANTRO I STORMONATO NY
liver 115	dorsal spasmodic 63
Sweating	dorsalis 62
Sweating fever 11	dorsalis 62 arthropathy 62
Sweating fever 11 sickness 11	dorsalis 62 arthropathy 62 spasmodic 62
Sweating fever 11 sickness 11 Swelling	dorsalis 62 arthropathy 62 spasmodic 62 infantile
Sweating fever 11 sickness 11	dorsalis 62 arthropathy 62 spasmodic 62

Tabetic paralysis, general 67	Tendon—Continued.
Tachycardia 85	union, divided 149
paroxysmal 85	wound 186
Tæniasis 107	Tenontosynovitis 149
Talipes 149	Tenophyte 149
calcaneus 149	Tenorrhaphy 149
calcaneovalgus 149	Tenosynovitis 149
cavus 149	Tenotomy 149
congenital 150	Teratoma (see Tumor)
equinovalgus 149	Terminal
equinovarus 149	dementia 68
valgus 149 painful 149	pneumonia 94 Tertian
varus 149	fever 4
Tamponing	malaria 4
nasal fossa 85	Tertiary
uterus 128	lesion 37
vagina 128	syphilis 37
Tapeworm 107	Testicle
Tapping	abscess 127
abdomen 189	cancer 45
bladder 124	congenital malformation 150
joint 147	cyst 127
Tarsal bone (see Bone)	dermoid 127
Tarsalgia 149	disease 127
Tarsus (see Bone)	fungus 127
Teeth (dental)	gangrene 142
alveoli	hæmatocele 127
inflammation 99	hernia 127
phosphoric 58	inflammation 127
scorbutic 49	injury 186
necrosis, phosphoric 58	malformation 150
syphilis 37	neuralgia 73
congenital malformation 150	syphilis 37
disease 99	tubercle 34
malformation 150	tuberculosis 34
syphilitic 37	tumor 127
Teething 189	wound 186
Teleangiectasis 85	Testis (see Testicle) Tetanus 24
Telescoped bowel 109	
intestine 109	neonatorum 24 puerperal 138
Temporal region, cancer 45	traumatic 24
Temulentia 56	Tetany 74
Tendon	Thecal abscess 149
abscess 149	Thermic fever 179
adhesion 149	Thermonosus 179
cancer 45	Thermoplegia 179
contraction 149	Thickening
disease 149	mitral valve 79
dislocation 185	pleura 93
displacement 185	valve, heart 79
gangrene 142	Thigh (see Arm)
grafting 149	Thirst 177
inflammation 149	Thomsen's disease 149
laceration 186	Thoracentesis 93
rupture	Thoracic (see Thorax)
(nontraumatic) 149	cavity, perforation 186
(traumatic) 186 sheath	Thoracoplasty 93
inflammation 149	Thorax (thoracic)
loose body 149	abscess 93 aneurysm 81
tumor 149	cancer 45
shortening 149	congenital malformation 150
syphilis 37	effusion 93
tumor 149	fistula 93

Thorax—Continued.	Thrombosis—Continued.
injury 186	pulmonary 82
perforation 186	artery 82
rupture 186	sudden death, after delivery 13
tumor 46	septic 82
wound 186	appendix 108
Chroat	spinal cord 82
abscess 100	sudden death, after delivery 139
cancer 45	syphilitic 37
catarrh 87	uterine, vein 82
consumption 28	vein 82
cutting, suicide 160 disease 100	venous, puerperal 139
disease 100	vessel, spleen 82
septic 100	vulva 132
gangrene 100	Thrombotic softening, brain 82
(diphtheritic) 9	Thrombus (see Thrombosis)
growth, specific 100 hæmorrhage 85	Throwing
hæmorrhage 85	sulphuric acid 184
inflammation 100	_ vitriol 184
(diphtheritic) 9	Thrown from automobile 175
injury 186	Thrush 99
mortification 100	Thunderbolt 180
(diphtheritic) 9	Thymic asthma 84
neuralgia 100	Thymus
obstruction 186	gland
paralysis 100	atrophy 84
(diphtheritic) 9	cancer 45
phlegmon 100	cyst 84
sore 100	degeneration, fatty 84
(diphtheritic) 9	disease 84
gangrenous 9	enlargement 84
malignant 9	fibrosis 84
putrid 9	hæmorrhage 84
septic 100	hypertrophy 84
ulcerated 9	infiltration, fatty 84
tuberculosis 28	inflammation 84
tumor 100 ulcer 100	necrosis 84
	persistent 84
(diphtheritic) 9	suppuration 84
ulceration 100	syphilis 37
(diphtheritic) 9	tuberculosis 34
Chrombophlebitis 83	tumor 84
septic 83	Thyreocele 88
Chrombosis 82	Thyreoid
aortic 82	body (see Thyreoid gland)
artery 82	gland
basilar 82	abscess 88
brain 82	adenoma 88
cardiac 79	atrophy 88
sudden death, after delivery 139	cancer 45
cerebral 82	congenital malformation 150
sinus 82	cyst 88
eye 82	disease 88
fat, heart 82	displaced 88
heart 79	enlargement 88
iliac 82	gangrene 88
artery 82 intestine 82	hæmorrhage 88
hidnor 99	inflammation 88
kidney 82	injury 186
lateral sinus 82	lardaceous
lung 82	degeneration 88
meninges 82	disease 88
mesentery 82	malformation 150
portal vein 82	myxœdema 88 parasitic disease 88
puerperal 139	parasitic disease 88

Thyracid_Continued	Tonsil—Continued.
Thyreoid—Continued.	
gland—Continued.	enlargement 100
suppuration 88	hypertrophy 100
syphilis 37	inflammation 100
tuberculosis 34	lingual, enlargement 99
tumor 88	mycosis 25
Thyreoidectomy 88	pharyngeal, hypertrophy 86
Thyreoidism 88	rupture 100
Thyreoiditis 88	suppuration 100
Thyreoigenous psychosis 88	syphilis 37
Thyreolingual cyst 88	tuberculosis 34
Thyreosarcoma 45	
Thyreotomy 87	tumor 100 ulcer 100
Tibia (see Bone)	(diphtheritic) 9
Tic 74	ulceration 100
douloureux 73	wound 186
Tick bite fever 19	Tonsillar (see Tonsil)
Tight lacing, result, liver 115	Tonsillitic angina 100
Tin poisoning 58	Tonsillitis 100
Tiasue	croupous 9
cellular	diphtheritic 9
disease 145	follicular 100
emphysema 145	gangrenous 9
connective	lacunar 100
abscess 144	malignant 9
cancer 44	membranous 9
disease 145	parenchymatous 100
elephantiasis 145	phlegmonous 100
emphysema 145	pseudomembranous 9
	suppurative 100
gangrene 142 inflammation 144	
	tuberculous 34
submucous	ulcerative 100
burn 167	(diphtheritic) 9
scald 167	Tonsillopharyngeal abscess 100
scald 167 Tobacco heart 59	Tonsillopharyngeal abscess 100 Toothache 99
scald 167 Tobacco heart 59 Toe (see Arm)	Tonsillopharyngeal abscess 100 Toothache 99 Torpid liver 115
scald 167 Tobacco heart 59	Tonsillopharyngeal abscess 100 Toothache 99 Torpid liver 115 Torticollis 149
scald 167 Tobacco heart 59 Toe (see Arm) hamner 149 Tongue (lingual)	Tonsillopharyngeal abscess 100 Toothache 99 Torpid liver 115 Torticollis 149 spasmodic 149
scald 167 Tobacco heart 59 Toe (see Arm) hammer 149	Tonsillopharyngeal abscess 100 Toothache 99 Torpid liver 115 Torticollis 149
scald 167 Tobacco heart 59 Toe (see Arm) hamner 149 Tongue (lingual)	Tonsillopharyngeal abscess 100 Toothache 99 Torpid liver 115 Torticollis 149 spasmodic 149
scald 167 Tobacco heart 59 Toe (see Arm) hammer 149 Tongue (lingual) abscess 99 black 99 cancer 39	Tonsillopharyngeal abscess 100 Toothache 99 Torpid liver 115 Torticollis 149 spasmodic 149 Toxæmia (see also Poisoning) 55 biliary 115
scald 167 Tobacco heart 59 Toe (see Arm) hammer 149 Tongue (lingual) abscess 99 black 99 cancer 39	Tonsillopharyngeal abscess 100 Toothache 99 Torpid liver 115 Torticollis 149 spasmodic 149 Toxæmia (see also Poisoning) 55 biliary 115 cancerous 45
scald 167 Tobacco heart 59 Toe (see Arm) hammer 149 Tongue (lingual) abscess 99 black 99 cancer 39 congenital malformation 150	Tonsillopharyngeal abscess 100 Toothache 99 Torpid liver 115 Torticollis 149 spasmodic 149 Toxæmia (see also Poisoning) 55 biliary 115 cancerous 45 cerebrospinal 74
scald 167 Tobacco heart 59 Toe (see Arm) hammer 149 Tongue (lingual) abscess 99 black 99 cancer 39 congenital malformation 150 cyst 99	Tonsillopharyngeal abscess 100 Toothache 99 Torpid liver 115 Torticollis 149 spasmodic 149 Toxæmia (see also Poisoning) 55 biliary 115 cancerous 45 cerebrospinal 74 erysipelatous 18
scald 167 Tobacco heart 59 Toe (see Arm) hammer 149 Tongue (lingual) abscess 99 black 99 cancer 39 congenital malformation 150 cyst 99 disease 99	Tonsillopharyngeal abscess 100 Toothache 99 Torpid liver 115 Torticollis 149 spasmodic 149 Toxemia (see also Poisoning) 55 biliary 115 cancerous 45 cerebrospinal 74 erysipelatous 18 gastric 103
scald 167 Tobacco heart 59 Toe (see Arm) hammer 149 Tongue (lingual) abscess 99 black 99 cancer 39 congenital malformation 150 cyst 99 disease 99 division, frenum 99	Tonsillopharyngeal abscess 100 Toothache 99 Torpid liver 115 Torticollis 149 spasmodic 149 Toxemia (see also Poisoning) 55 biliary 115 cancerous 45 cerebrospinal 74 erysipelatous 18 gastric 103 intestinal
scald 167 Tobacco heart 59 Toe (see Arm) hammer 149 Tongue (lingual) abscess 99 black 99 cancer 39 congenital malformation 150 cyst 99 disease 99 division, frenum 99 epithelioma 39	Tonsillopharyngeal abscess 100 Toothache 99 Torpid liver 115 Torticollis 149 spasmodic 149 Toxemia (see also Poisoning) 55 biliary 115 cancerous 45 cerebrospinal 74 erysipelatous 18 gastric 103 intestinal
scald 167 Tobacco heart 59 Toe (see Arm) hammer 149 Tongue (lingual) abscess 99 black 99 cancer 39 congenital malformation 150 cyst 99 disease 99 division, frenum 99 epithelioma 39 foreign body 186	Tonsillopharyngeal abscess 100 Toothache 99 Torpid liver 115 Torticollis 149 spasmodic 149 Toxæmia (see also Poisoning) 55 biliary 115 cancerous 45 cerebrospinal 74 erysipelatous 18 gastric 103 intestinal (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105
scald 167 Tobacco heart 59 Toe (see Arm) hammer 149 Tongue (lingual) abscess 99 black 99 cancer 39 congenital malformation 150 cyst 99 disease 99 division, frenum 99 epithelioma 39 foreign body 186 hæmatoma 99	Tonsillopharyngeal abscess 100 Toothache 99 Torpid liver 115 Torticollis 149 spasmodic 149 Toxemia (see also Poisoning) 55 biliary 115 cancerous 45 cerebrospinal 74 erysipelatous 18 gastric 103 intestinal (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 malarial 4
scald 167 Tobacco heart 59 Toe (see Arm) hammer 149 Tongue (lingual) abscess 99 black 99 cancer 39 congenital malformation 150 cyst 99 disease 99 division, frenum 99 epithelioma 39 foreign body 186 hæmatoma 99 inflammation 99	Tonsillopharyngeal abscess 100 Toothache 99 Torpid liver 115 Torticollis 149 spasmodic 149 Toxæmia (see also Poisoning) 55 biliary 115 cancerous 45 cerebrospinal 74 erysipelatous 18 gastric 103 intestinal (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 malarial 4 pregnancy 138
scald 167 Tobacco heart 59 Toe (see Arm) hammer 149 Tongue (lingual) abscess 99 black 99 cancer 39 congenital malformation 150 cyst 99 disease 99 division, frenum 99 epithelioma 39 foreign body 186 hæmatoma 99 inflammation 99 leprosy 17	Tonsillopharyngeal abscess 100 Toothache 99 Torpid liver 115 Torticollis 149 spasmodic 149 Toxæmia (see also Poisoning) 55 biliary 115 cancerous 45 cerebrospinal 74 erysipelatous 18 gastric 103 intestinal (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 malarial 4 pregnancy 138 puerperal 138
scald 167 Tobacco heart 59 Toe (see Arm) hammer 149 Tongue (lingual) abscess 99 black 99 cancer 39 congenital malformation 150 cyst 99 disease 99 division, frenum 99 epithelioma 39 foreign body 186 hæmatoma 99 inflammation 99 leprosy 17 malformation 150	Tonsillopharyngeal abscess 100 Toothache 99 Torpid liver 115 Torticollis 149 spasmodic 149 Toxæmia (see also Poisoning) 55 biliary 115 cancerous 45 cerebrospinal 74 erysipelatous 18 gastric 103 intestinal (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 malarial 4 pregnancy 138 puerperal 138 pulmonary 98
scald 167 Tobacco heart 59 Toe (see Arm) hammer 149 Tongue (lingual) abscess 99 black 99 cancer 39 congenital malformation 150 cyst 99 disease 99 division, frenum 99 epithelioma 39 foreign body 186 hæmatoma 99 inflammation 99 leprosy 17 malformation 150 neuralgia 73	Tonsillopharyngeal abscess 100 Toothache 99 Torpid liver 115 Torticollis 149 spasmodic 149 Toxæmia (see also Poisoning) 55 biliary 115 cancerous 45 cerebrospinal 74 erysipelatous 18 gastric 103 intestinal (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 malarial 4 pregnancy 138 puerperal 138 pulmonary 98 uræmic 120
scald 167 Tobacco heart 59 Toe (see Arm) hammer 149 Tongue (lingual) abscess 99 black 99 cancer 39 congenital malformation 150 cyst 99 disease 99 division, frenum 99 epithelioma 39 foreign body 186 hæmatoma 99 inflammation 99 leprosy 17 malformation 150 neuralgia 73 paralysis 74	Tonsillopharyngeal abscess 100 Toothache 99 Torpid liver 115 Torticollis 149 spasmodic 149 Toxemia (see also Poisoning) 55 biliary 115 cancerous 45 cerebrospinal 74 erysipelatous 18 gastric 103 intestinal (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 malarial 4 pregnancy 138 purperal 138 pulmonary 98 uræmic 120 urinary 125
scald 167 Tobacco heart 59 Toe (see Arm) hammer 149 Tongue (lingual) abscess 99 black 99 cancer 39 congenital malformation 150 cyst 99 disease 99 division, frenum 99 epithelioma 39 foreign body 186 hæmatoma 99 inflammation 99 leprosy 17 malformation 150 neuralgia 73 paralysis 74 parasitic disease 99	Tonsillopharyngeal abscess 100 Toothache 99 Torpid liver 115 Torticollis 149 spasmodic 149 Toxemia (see also Poisoning) 55 biliary 115 cancerous 45 cerebrospinal 74 erysipelatous 18 gastric 103 intestinal (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 malarial 4 pregnancy 138 puerperal 138 pulmonary 98 uræmic 120 urinary 125 Toxemia (see Toxemia)
scald 167 Tobacco heart 59 Toe (see Arm) hammer 149 Tongue (lingual) abscess 99 black 99 cancer 39 congenital malformation 150 cyst 99 disease 99 division, frenum 99 epithelioma 39 foreign body 186 hæmatoma 99 inflammation 99 leprosy 17 malformation 150 neuralgia 73 paralysis 74	Tonsillopharyngeal abscess 100 Toothache 99 Torpid liver 115 Torticollis 149 spasmodic 149 Toxæmia (see also Poisoning) 55 biliary 115 cancerous 45 cerebrospinal 74 erysipelatous 18 gastric 103 intestinal (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 malarial 4 pregnancy 138 puerperal 138 pulmonary 98 uræmic 120 urinary 125 Toxemia (see Toxæmia) Toxic (see also Poisoning)
scald 167 Tobacco heart 59 Toe (see Arm) hammer 149 Tongue (lingual) abscess 99 black 99 cancer 39 congenital malformation 150 cyst 99 disease 99 division, frenum 99 epithelioma 39 foreign body 186 hæmatoma 99 inflammation 99 leprosy 17 malformation 150 neuralgia 73 paralysis 74 parasitic disease 99 spasm 74 syphilis 37	Tonsillopharyngeal abscess 100 Toothache 99 Torpid liver 115 Torticollis 149 spasmodic 149 Toxemia (see also Poisoning) 55 biliary 115 cancerous 45 cerebrospinal 74 erysipelatous 18 gastric 103 intestinal (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 malarial 4 pregnancy 138 pulmonary 138 pulmonary 98 uræmic 120 urinary 125 Toxemia (see Toxemia) Toxic (see also Poisoning) oastritis 165
scald 167 Tobacco heart 59 Toe (see Arm) hammer 149 Tongue (lingual) abscess 99 black 99 cancer 39 congenital malformation 150 cyst 99 disease 99 division, frenum 99 epithelioma 39 foreign body 186 hæmatoma 99 inflammation 99 leprosy 17 malformation 150 neuralgia 73 paralysis 74 parasitic disease 99 spasm 74	Tonsillopharyngeal abscess 100 Toothache 99 Torpid liver 115 Torticollis 149 spasmodic 149 Toxemia (see also Poisoning) 55 biliary 115 cancerous 45 cerebrospinal 74 erysipelatous 18 gastric 103 intestinal (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 malarial 4 pregnancy 138 puerperal 138 pulmonary 98 uræmic 120 urinary 125 Toxemia (see Toxemia)
scald 167 Tobacco heart 59 Toe (see Arm) hammer 149 Tongue (lingual) abscess 99 black 99 cancer 39 congenital malformation 150 cyst 99 disease 99 division, frenum 99 epithelioma 39 foreign body 186 hæmatoma 99 inflammation 99 leprosy 17 malformation 150 neuralgia 73 paralysis 74 parasitic disease 99 spasm 74 syphilis 37	Tonsillopharyngeal abscess 100 Toothache 99 Torpid liver 115 Torticollis 149 spasmodic 149 Toxemia (see also Poisoning) 55 biliary 115 cancerous 45 cerebrospinal 74 erysipelatous 18 gastric 103 intestinal (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 malarial 4 pregnancy 138 pulmonary 138 pulmonary 98 uræmic 120 urinary 125 Toxemia (see Toxemia) Toxic (see also Poisoning) oastritis 165
scald 167 Tobacco heart 59 Toe (see Arm) hammer 149 Tongue (lingual) abscess 99 black 99 cancer 39 congenital malformation 150 cyst 99 disease 99 division, frenum 99 epithelioma 39 foreign body 186 hæmatoma 99 inflammation 99 leprosy 17 malformation 150 neuralgia 73 paralysis 74 parasitic disease 99 spasm 74 syphilis 37 tuberculosis 34 tumor 99	Tonsillopharyngeal abscess 100 Toothache 99 Torpid liver 115 Torticollis 149 spasmodic 149 Toxemia (see also Poisoning) 55 biliary 115 cancerous 45 cerebrospinal 74 erysipelatous 18 gastric 103 intestinal (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 malarial 4 pregnancy 138 pulmonary 138 pulmonary 98 uræmic 120 urinary 125 Toxemia (see Toxemia) Toxic (see also Poisoning) gastritis 165 acute 165 chronic 59
scald 167 Tobacco heart 59 Toe (see Arm) hammer 149 Tongue (lingual) abscess 99 black 99 cancer 39 congenital malformation 150 cyst 99 disease 99 division, frenum 99 epithelioma 39 foreign body 186 hæmatoma 99 inflammation 99 leprosy 17 malformation 150 neuralgia 73 paralysis 74 parasitic disease 99 spasm 74 syphilis 37 tuberculosis 34	Tonsillopharyngeal abscess 100 Toothache 99 Torpid liver 115 Torticollis 149 spasmodic 149 Toxæmia (see also Poisoning) 55 biliary 115 cancerous 45 cerebrospinal 74 erysipelatous 18 gastric 103 intestinal (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 malarial 4 pregnancy 138 pulmonary 138 pulmonary 138 pulmonary 98 uræmic 120 urinary 125 Toxemia (see Toxæmia) Toxic (see also Poisoning) gastritis 165 acute 165
scald 167 Tobacco heart 59 Toe (see Arm) hammer 149 Tongue (lingual) abscess 99 black 99 cancer 39 congenital malformation 150 cyst 99 disease 99 division, frenum 99 epithelioma 39 foreign body 186 hæmatoma 99 inflammation 99 leprosy 17 malformation 150 neuralgia 73 paralysis 74 parasitic disease 99 spasm 74 syphilis 37 tuberculosis 34 tumor 99 ulceration 99 wound 186	Tonsillopharyngeal abscess 100 Toothache 99 Torpid liver 115 Torticollis 149 spasmodic 149 Toxæmia (see also Poisoning) 55 biliary 115 cancerous 45 cerebrospinal 74 erysipelatous 18 gastric 103 intestinal (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 malarial 4 pregnancy 138 puerperal 138 pulmonary 98 uræmic 120 urinary 125 Toxemia (see Toxæmia) Toxic (see also Poisoning) gastritis 165 cute 165 chronic 59 gastroenteritis 165 acute 165
scald 167 Tobacco heart 59 Toe (see Arm) hammer 149 Tongue (lingual) abscess 99 black 99 cancer 39 congenital malformation 150 cyst 99 disease 99 division, frenum 99 epithelioma 39 foreign body 186 hæmatoma 99 inflammation 99 leprosy 17 malformation 150 neuralgia 73 paralysis 74 parasitic disease 99 spasm 74 syphilis 37 tuberculosis 34 tumor 99 ulceration 99 wound 186 Tonsil (tonsillar)	Tonsillopharyngeal abscess 100 Toothache 99 Torpid liver 115 Torticollis 149 spasmodic 149 Toxæmia (see also Poisoning) 55 biliary 115 cancerous 45 cerebrospinal 74 erysipelatous 18 gastric 103 intestinal (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 malarial 4 pregnancy 138 puerperal 138 puerperal 138 pulmonary 98 uræmic 120 urinary 125 Toxemia (see Toxæmia) Toxic (see also Poisoning) gastritis 165 acute 165 chronic 59 gastroenteritis 165 acute 165 chronic 59,
scald 167 Tobacco heart 59 Toe (see Arm) hammer 149 Tongue (lingual) abscess 99 black 99 cancer 39 congenital malformation 150 cyst 99 disease 99 division, frenum 99 epithelioma 39 foreign body 186 hæmatoma 99 inflammation 99 leprosy 17 malformation 150 neuralgia 73 paralysis 74 parasitic disease 99 spasm 74 syphilis 37 tuberculosis 34 tumor 99 ulceration 99 wound 186 Tonsil (tonsillar) abscess 100	Tonsillopharyngeal abscess 100 Toothache 99 Torpid liver 115 Torticollis 149 spasmodic 149 Toxemia (see also Poisoning) 55 biliary 115 cancerous 45 cerebrospinal 74 erysipelatous 18 gastric 103 intestinal (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 malarial 4 pregnancy 138 pulmonary 138 pulmonary 98 uræmic 120 urinary 125 Toxemia (see Toxemia) Toxic (see also Poisoning) gastritis 165 acute 165 chronic 59 gastroenteritis 165 acute 165 chronic 59 insanity 68
scald 167 Tobacco heart 59 Toe (see Arm) hammer 149 Tongue (lingual) abscess 99 black 99 cancer 39 congenital malformation 150 cyst 99 disease 99 division, frenum 99 epithelioma 39 foreign body 186 hæmatoma 99 inflammation 99 leprosy 17 malformation 150 neuralgia 73 paralysis 74 parasitic disease 99 spasm 74 syphilis 37 tuberculosis 34 tumor 99 ulceration 99 wound 186 Tonsil (tonsillar) abscess 100 angina 100	Tonsillopharyngeal abscess 100 Toothache 99 Torpid liver 115 Torticollis 149 spasmodic 149 Toxæmia (see also Poisoning) 55 biliary 115 cancerous 45 cerebrospinal 74 erysipelatous 18 gastric 103 intestinal (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 malarial 4 pregnancy 138 puerperal 138 pulmonary 98 uræmic 120 urinary 125 Toxemia (see Toxæmia) Toxic (see also Poisoning) gastritis 165 acute 165 chronic 59 gastroenteritis 165 acute 165 chronic 59 insanity 68 jaundice 115
scald 167 Tobacco heart 59 Toe (see Arm) hammer 149 Tongue (lingual) abscess 99 black 99 cancer 39 congenital malformation 150 cyst 99 disease 99 division, frenum 99 epithelioma 39 foreign body 186 hæmatoma 99 inflammation 99 leprosy 17 malformation 150 neuralgia 73 paralysis 74 parasitic disease 99 spasm 74 syphilis 37 tuberculosis 34 tumor 99 ulceration 99 wound 186 Tonsil (tonsillar) abscess 100 angina 100 cancer 39	Tonsillopharyngeal abscess 100 Toothache 99 Torpid liver 115 Torticollis 149 spasmodic 149 Toxæmia (see also Poisoning) 55 biliary 115 cancerous 45 cerebrospinal 74 erysipelatous 18 gastric 103 intestinal (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 malarial 4 pregnancy 138 puerperal 138 pulmonary 98 uræmic 120 urinary 125 Toxemia (see Toxæmia) Toxic (see also Poisoning) gastritis 165 acute 165 chronic 59 gastroenteritis 165 acute 165 chronic 59 insanity 68 jaundice 115 meningitis 165
scald 167 Tobacco heart 59 Toe (see Arm) hammer 149 Tongue (lingual) abscess 99 black 99 cancer 39 congenital malformation 150 cyst 99 disease 99 division, frenum 99 epithelioma 39 foreign body 186 hæmatoma 99 inflammation 99 leprosy 17 malformation 150 neuralgia 73 paralysis 74 parasitic disease 99 spasm 74 syphilis 37 tuberculosis 34 tumor 99 ulceration 99 wound 186 Tonsil (tonsillar) abscess 100 angina 100	Tonsillopharyngeal abscess 100 Toothache 99 Torpid liver 115 Torticollis 149 spasmodic 149 Toxæmia (see also Poisoning) 55 biliary 115 cancerous 45 cerebrospinal 74 erysipelatous 18 gastric 103 intestinal (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105 malarial 4 pregnancy 138 puerperal 138 pulmonary 98 uræmic 120 urinary 125 Toxemia (see Toxæmia) Toxic (see also Poisoning) gastritis 165 acute 165 chronic 59 gastroenteritis 165 acute 165 chronic 59 insanity 68 jaundice 115

Toxichæmia 55	Traumatism—Continued.
cerebrospinal 74	amputation 186
Toxinfection 55	aneurysm 186
gastrointestinal	artery 186
(-2y) 104 (2y+) 105	automobile 175 balloon 175
intestinal	birth 152
(-2y) 104	castration 186
(2y+) 105	cellulitis 186
Trachea (tracheal)	cerebral meningitis 186
abscess 98	cerebritis 186
burn 167	compression
calcification 98	brain 186
cancer 45	spinal cord 186
congenital malformation 150 congestion 89	convulsions 186 crushing 175
cynanche 89	crushing 175 cutting instrument 171
diphtheria 9	delirium 186
disease 90	dislocation, spinal cord 186
fistula 98	electric railroad 175
foreign body 186	emphysema 186
inflammation 89	encephalitis 60
injury 186	epilepsy 74
malformation 150 necrosis 98	erysipelas 18 eventration 186
obstruction 98	
ossification 98	falling 172 fever 186
parasitic disease 98	firearms 170
rupture 186	fracture, spinal cord 186
stenosis 98	gangrene 186
stricture 98	hæmatocele, tunica vaginalis 186
syphilis 37	hæmatoma
tuberculosis 28	auricle 186
tumor 98 ulcer 98	spermatic cord 186 vulva 186
wound 186	hæmorrhage 186
Tracheal (see Trachea)	horse (due to viciousness) 176
cartilage, fracture 185	inflammation, brain 60
Tracheitis 89	iritis 186
catarrhal 89	keratitis 186
infantile 89	landslide 175
membranous 9	lesion, palate 186
plastic 89 Tracheobronchitis 89	lung 186
Tracheocele 98	machinery 174 machines 174
Tracheostenosis 98	building operations 174
Tracheotomy 98	factories 174
Trachoma 75	meningeal hæmorrhage 186
Train	meningitis 186
derailment 175	metritis 130
jumping before, suicide 162	mine 173
struck by 175	myelitis 186
Transfusion, blood 189 Transitional-celled carcinoma (see Can-	nephritis 186 neurasthenia 74
cer)	neurosis 74
Transverse	orchitis 127
myelitis 63	ossifying myositis 149
presentation	paralysis 186
(child) 152	passenger elevator 174
(mother) 136	perforation (any organ) 186
Traumatic (see Traumatism) Traumatism (traumatic) 186	peritonitis 117
Traumatism (traumatic) 186 abscess 186	septic 117 piercing instrument 171
liver 186	pleuritis 186
aeroplane 175	pneumonia 92

Traumatism—Continued.	Tubal (see also Tube)
psychosis 68	abortion 134
pyæmia 186 quarry 173	abscess 132
quarry 173	rupture 132
railroad 175	disease 132
rupture	gestation 134
heart 186	inflammation 132
lymphatic vessel 186	kidney 120
muscle 1.86	acute 119
tendon 186	chronic 120
tympanum 186	nephritis 120
uterus 186	acute 119
septichæmia 186	chronic 120
shock 186	pregnancy 134
steam railroad 175	infected 137
street railroad 175	rupture, sac 134
stricture, urethra 125	Tube (see also Tubal)
subconjunctival hæmorrhage 186	bronchial
tetanus 24	catarrh 90
urethral fever 125	congestion 89
vehicle (carriage, wagon, bicycle,	hæmorrhage 98
etc.) 175	disease 132
Traveling crane, crushed by 174	dropsy 132
Treatment, bad	Eustachian, disease 76
(newborn) 153	Falloppian
(child) 186	abscess 132
Trembles (milk sickness) 19	accessory, cyst 132
Trembling paralysis 63	cancer 42
Tremor	constricted 150
mercurial (occupational) 58	cyst 132
muscle 66	disease 132
senile 66	dropsy 132
Trepanning 189 Trephining 189	hernia 132
Trephining 189 skull 189	inflammation 132
	malformation 150
Trichinasis 107	occlusion 132
Trichinosis 107	paralysis 132 rupture 132
Trichocephalus 107	rupture 132
dispar 107 Tricuspid	supportion 132
disease 79	suppuration 132 tuberculosis 34
•	tumor 132
incompetency 79 insufficiency 79	pregnant, ablation 134
lesion 79	pus 132
regurgitation 79	rupture 132
stricture 79	rupture 132
valve	Tubercle (see also Tuberculosis) 28
disease 79	syphilitic 37
	Tubercular (see also Tuberculosis)
incompetency 79 insufficiency 79	leprosy 17
valvular disease, heart 79	syphilide 37
Trigeminal neuralgia 73	Tuberculide 34
Trismus 24	Tuberculosis (tuberculous) 28
neonatorum 24	abdomen 31
newborn 24	abscess 34
Trolley accident 175	breast 34
	gland 34
Trophoneurosis 145	knee 33
Tropical abscess, liver 115	lung 28
	perinæum 34
diarrhea 14	side 34
dysentery 14	vertebra 32
hæmaturia 121 phagedæna 142	acute 29
phagedæna 142 Trypanosomiasis 55	adenitis 34
J Lamonomiacip on	adrenal 52

Tuberculosis—Continued.	Tuberculosis—Continued.
air passage 28	epididymis 34
alimentary canal 31	epididymitis 34
anæmia 28	eye 34
anus 31	Falloppian tube 34
appendicitis 31	fauces 34
appendix 31	femur 34
artery 34	fibroid 28
arthritis 33	florida 29
hip joint 33	galloping 29
articular 33	l ganglionic 34
ascites 31	gangrene 34
asthma 28	gastritis 31
axilla 34	gastroenteritis 31
bladder 34	general 35
bone 34	acute 29
bowel 31	chronic 35
brain 30	generalized 35
breast 34	genitourinary 34
bronchi 28	gland 34
bronchial gland 28	glandular, general 34
bronchitis 28	gum 34
bronchopneumonia 28	hæmoptysis 28
bronchopneumonic, acute 29	heart 34
bursa 34	hepatitis 34
caries, sacrum 32	hip 33
caseous 28	hydrocephalus 30
catarrhal 28	hydropneumothorax 28
cellulitis 34	ileocolitis 31
cerebellum 30	infantile 28
cerebral 30	infection 28
meninges 30	general 35
cerebrospinal 30	inflammation 28
meninges 30	acute 29
cerebrum 30 chorioid 34	chronic 28
chorioid 34	knee 33
chronic 28	membrane, brain 30
colitis 31	spine 32
congenital 28	interstitial 28
conjunctiva 34	intestine 31
cornea 34	joint 33
Cowper's gland 34	kidney 34
coxalgia 33	knee 33
cyst, ovary 34	laryngitis 28
cystitis 34	larynx 28
degeneration 35	lip 34
pancreas 34	liver 34
spinal cord 34	lumbar abscess 32
diarrhœa 31	lung 28
diathesis 28	acute 29
diffuse 35	chronic 28
digestive tract 31	lymph
disease 28	gland 34
acute 29	node 34
chronic 28	lymphadenitis 34
heart 34	lymphangitis 34
hip 33	lymphatic 34
disseminated 35	gland 34
dysentery 31	vessel 34
ear 34	malignant 29
emphysema 28	mammary gland 34
empyema 28	marasmus 28
encephalitis 30	membrane, brain 30
enteric 31	meninges 30
enteritis 31	meningitis 30

Tuberculosis—Continued.	Tuberculosis—Continued.
meningitis—Continued.	pulmonalis 28
basilar 30	acute 29
brain 30	chronic 28
cerebral 30	pulmonary 28
cerebrospinal 30	acute 29
spinal 30	chronic 28
cord 30	pyæmia 28
mesenteric 31	pyonephrosis 34
gland 31	rectum 31
middle ear 34	reproductive organ 34
miliary 29	salpingitis 34
acute 29	scrotum 34
pulmonary 29	septic 28
chronic 35	skin 34
general 29	specific 28
acute 29	spermatic cord 34
chronic 35	spinal
lung 29 mouth 34	column 32
mouth 34 multiple 35	cord 34 membrane 30
muscle 34	
nasal passage 34	meninges 30 spine 32
nasopharynx 34	spleen 34
necrosis 34	spondylitis 32
nephritis 34	stomach 31
nerve 34	suprarenal 52
nose 34	capsule 52
ocular 34	gland 52
œsophagus 34	swelling, joint 33
omemtum 31	synovitis 33
oophoritis 34	systemic 35
orchitis 34	testicle 34
osseous 34	throat 28
osteal 34	thymus gland 34
osteitis 34	thyreoid gland 34
femur 34	tongue 34
osteomyelitis 34 otitis 34	tonsil 34 tonsillitis 34
otitis 34 ovaritis 34	trachea 28
ovary 34	tumor 34
palate 34	brain 30
pancreas 34	typhoid 29
pelvis 34	ulcer 34
penis 34	bowel 31
pericardium 34	intestine 31
perineal abscess 34	ulcerative 28
peritonæum 31	acute 29
peritonitis 31	chronic 28
pernicious 29	ureter 34
pharyngitis 34	urethra 34
pharynx 34	uterus 34
phthisis 28	uvula 34
pleura 28	vagina 34
pleurisy 28	vertebra 32 vulva 34
pneumonia 28 : acute 29	Tuberculous (see Tuberculosis)
chronic 28	Tuboovarian
pneumonic 28	abscess 132
acute 29	cyst 132
chronic 28	infection 132
pneumothorax 28	Tubular
prepuce 34	nephritis 120
proctitis 31	acute 119
prostate 34	chronic 120
manatatitia 94	Tumofaction liver 115

```
TUMOR (adenoma, fibroma, nonmalignant or unqualified new growth, etc.)1
                                            Tumor—Continued.
                                                gland 46
                                                glandular
                                                gum 99
    abdomen 46
    accessory sinus 146
                                                hæmorrhoidal 83
    adrenal 52
                                                heart 79
    aneurysmal 81
                                                heteromorphic (see Cancer)
    anus 110
                                                hip 46
    appendix 108
                                                hydatid 112
    artery 46
axilla 46
                                                    liver 112
                                                    lung 98
    basilar 74
                                                intestine
                                                           110
    bile duct 115
bladder 124
                                                intracranial 74
                                                intraspinal 63
    blood 46
                                                jaw 146
                                                joint 147
        vessel 46
    bone 146
brain 74
breast 13
                                                kidney 122
larynx 87
            133
                                                lip 99
    broad ligament 132
                                                liver (without further explanation)
    bronchi 98
                                                  115
    bursa, 149
                                                lung 98
    cancerous (see Cancer)
                                                lymphatic
    cartilage 149
                                                    gland 84
    cerebellar 74
                                                     vessel 84
    cerebral 74
                                                malignant (see Cancer)
        congenital 150
                                                mammary gland 133
    cerebrospinal 63
                                                mediastinal
    chest 46
                                                     (malignant) 45
    colloid (see Cancer)
                                                    gland 46
    congenital 150
                                                mediastinum 46
        brain 150
                                                melanoid (see Cancer)
    conjunctiva 75
                                                membrane
    connective tissue 46
                                                    brain
                                                           74
                                                spinal cord 63
meningeal 74
    cornea 75
    corpora quadrigemina 74
                                                meninges 74
    cranium 146
    ear 76
                                                    brain 74
    encephaloid
                                                mesentery 117
        according
                     to location)
                                      (see
                                                motor tract 74
                                                mouth 99
          Cancer)
         (location not indicated) 45
                                                muscle 46
                                                striped 46
myeloid (see Cancer)
    epiglottis 87
    epithelial
        (according
                                                nail 145
                    to location)
                                      (see
                                                nasal
          Cancer)
        (location not indicated) 44
                                                    fossa 86
                                                    passage 86
    erectile 46
    eye 75
                                                nasopharyngeal 86
    Falloppian tube 132
                                                neck 46
    fascia
           149
                                                neoplastic (see Tumor)
    fatty 46
fauces 100
                                                    stomach,
                                                               uterus,
                                                                         breast (see
                                                       Cancer)
    fibroplastic 46
                                                nerve 74
    fungous 46
                                                nipple 133
        knee 33
                                                nose 86
                                                œsophagus 101
omentum 117
        malignant 45
    gall
        bladder 115
                                                optic nerve 75
        duct 115
                                                orbit 75
                                                osseous 146
ovary 131
    gaseous, parotid 99
    gastric 40
```

¹ See forms of tumor on p. 66. Any form of tumor (not malignant; see Cancer) with location not stated is assigned, to (46). When the location is stated, assignment is to the organ or part of the body affected, as a rule, according to the following list. See also Cyst.

Tumor—Continued.	Tunica vaginalis
pancreas 118	hæmatocele 127
paranephric 122	traumatic 186
parathyreoid gland 88	hydrocele 127
parotid 99	inflammation 127
gland 99	Turning (see Version)
pelvic 46	Tussis convulsiva 8
penis 127	Twist, bowel 109
pericardium 77	Tylosis linguæ 99
perinephric 122	Tympanites 110
peritonæum 117	abdominal 110
pharynx 100	intestine 110
phlegmonous 144	Tympanitis 76
pituitary body 74	Tympanum
pleura 98	disease 76
pons Varolii 74	inflammation 76
prepuce 127	injury 186
prostate 126	perforation 76
pulmonary 98	rupture, traumatic 186
pylorus 40	syphilis 37
rectum 110	wound, punctured 171
sacrococcygeal 146	Typhlitis 108
salivary gland 99	Typhlodicliditis 108
scrotum 127	Typhobilious fever 1
sebaceous 46	Typhoenteritis 1
sheath, tendon 149	Typhogastric fever 1
skin 145	Typhoid
skull 146	abdominal 1
spermatic cord 127	abortive 1
spinal 63	ambulant 1
cord 63	bronchopneumonia 91
meninges 63	cerebral 1
spine 146	endocarditis 1
spleen 116	fever 1
stercoral 109	hæmorrhagic 1
stomach 40	intermittent 1
(nonmalignant) 103	malignant 1
suprarenal gland 52	rheumatic 1
syphilitic, brain 37	malaria 1
tendon 149	meningitis 1
testicle 127 thoracic 46	pneumonia 92
thorax 46	stupor 1
throat 100	tuberculosis 29
thymus gland 84	ulcer 1
thyreoid	Typhomalaria 1
body 88	Typhomalarial fever 1 Typhomania 189
gland 88	Typhoperitonitis 1
tongue 99	Typhus 1
tonsil 100	abdominal 1
trachea 98	cerebral 1
tuberculous 34	exanthematic 2
brain 30	fever 2
urethra 125	petechial 2
uterine	recurrent 3
(cancerous) 42	1004110110
ligament 132	\mathbf{U}
uterus 129	
uvula 100	Ulcer (ulceration, ulcerative) 145
vagina 132	anal 110
varicose 83	atrophic 145
vascular 46	bladder 124
venous 83	bowel
villous, bladder (nonmalignant) 124	(-2y) 104
vulva 132	(2y+) 105 ·
mhita 99	hroest 193

```
Ulcer—Continued.
                                                Ulcer-Continued.
                                                     malignant (see Cancer)
mouth 99
    bronchi 98
    bronchitis 90
    buccal 99
                                                     nasal passage 86
                                                     navel cord
    cancerous (see Cancer)
                                                                  152
                                                    neck 145
    cervix uteri 130
    colitis
                                                         uterus 130
                  104
                                                     nipple 133
                                                    esophagus
ovary 132
palate 100
penis 127
peptic 102
                  105
                                                                  101
    colon
          _2y)
                  104
    \langle 2y + \rangle cornea 75
                  105
                                                         gland 102
    duodenum
         (-2y)
                                                     perforating
                  104
         (2y+)
                 105
                                                         duodenum
    endocarditis 78
                                                              (-2y)
                                                                       104
        acute 78
                                                              (2y∔)
                                                                       105
        chronic 79
                                                         intestine
                                                                       104
    enteritis
                                                              (-2y)
         (-2y) \\ (2y+)
                                                              (2y+)
                104
                                                                       105
                105
                                                         stomach 102
    enterocolitis
                                                     perforation intestine
         (-2y) 104
(2y+) 105
                                                         (-2y) 104
(2y+) 105
                                                     perinæum 145
    epiglottis 87
    eye 75
                                                     peritonsillar 100
                                                     phagedenic 38
    fauces 100
    fistulous 145
                                                     pharyngitis 100
                                                    pharynx 100
pylorus 102
rectum 110
rodent 44
    gall
        bladder 115
        duct 115
    gangrenous 142
    gastric 102
                                                    round 102
    perforating 102
gastritis 103
                                                         stomach
                                                    scrofulous 34
    gastroduodenal 102
                                                    serpiginous 145
                                                    sloughing 145
specific 37
    gastrointestinal
        (-2y) 104
(2y+) 105
                                                    specific spine 32
    gastrocesophageal 102
                                                    stomach 102
    glottis 87
                                                    stomatitis 99
    groin 144
                                                     strumous 34
    gum 99
hepatic 115
                                                     syphilitic
                                                                 37
                                                     throat 100
    ileocolitis
                                                        (diphtheritic) 9
        (-2y)
(2y+)
                                                    tongue 99
tonsil 100
                  104
                 105
    ileum
                                                         (diphtheritic) 9
         -2y)
                 104
                                                     tonsillitis 100
        (2y+)
                                                         (diphtheritic) 9
                 105
                                                    trachea 98
   intestine
        (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105
                                                    tuberculosis
                                                         acute 29
             `122
    kidney
                                                         chronic
   labium
                                                    tuberculous
                                                                   34
        majus 132
                                                         bowel 31
   minus 132
laryngitis 87
                                                         intestine 31
                                                    typhoid 1
        (diphtheritic) 9
                                                    urethra 12
uterus 130
                                                              125
   larynx 87
(diphtheritic) 9
                                                    valve, heart
                                                                    79
        `145
   leg `14
lip 99
                                                    varicose 83
                                                    vulva 132
                                                Ulcerated
   liver 115
                                                    heart 78
   lung 98
```

Ulcerated—Continued.	Undeveloped lung
sore throat 9	(-3m) 152
varicose vein 83	(3m+) 98
Ulcerating spina bifida 150	Union
Ulceration (see Ulcer)	bone, faulty 146
Ulcerative (see Ulcer)	divided tendon 149
Ulcerous hæmorrhage 85	Universal
Ulcus	cancer 45
rotundum 102	hydrops 187
ventriculi 102 Ulna (see Bone)	scrofulosis 34
	Unknown 189 cause 189
Ulorrhagia 99 Umbilical (see Umbilicus)	fever 189
cord	disease 189
compression	Unnatural anus 109
(-3m) 152	Unresolved
(stillborn) (see Stillbirth)	pleurisy 93
erysipelas 18	pneumonia 92
gangrene $(-3m)$ 152	Unsoundness, mind 68
hæmorrhage $(-3m)$ 152	Unspecified 189
inflammation $(-3m)$ 152	Ununited fracture 146
malformation \ \ 150 \ \ \	Upper
mortification $(-3m)$ 152	air passage, foreign body 186
presentation (child, stillborn)	extremity (see Arm)
(see Stillbirth)	Urachal cyst 150
prolapse	Uræmia (uræmic) 120
(child, -3m) 152	aphasia 120
(child, stillborn) (see Still-	apoplexy 120
birth)	coma
septic $(-3m)$ 152	(nonpuerperal or unqualified)
strangulation (-3m) 152	120
Umbilicus (umbilical)	(puerperal) 138
abscess 144	congenital 151
cancer 44	convulsions
cellulitis	(nonpuerperal or unqualified)
$\begin{pmatrix} -3m \\ 2m \end{pmatrix} 152$	120 (muormorel) 129
(3m+) 144 disease	(puerperal) 138
(-3m) 152	cystic 124 delirium
(3m+) 189	(nonpuerperal or unqualified)
hæmorrhage	120
(-3m) 152	(puerperal) 138
$\langle 3m+\rangle$ 85	dementia
hernia 109	(nonpuerperal or unqualified)
infected $(-3m)$ 152	120
infection, septic (-3m) 152	(puerperal) 138
inflammation $(-3m)$ 152	dropsy 120
phlebitis	dyspnœa 120
(-3m) 152	eclampsia
(3m+) 83	(nonpuerperal or unqualified)
sepsis (-3m) 152	120
septichæmia $(-3m)$ 152	(puerperal) 138
Uncinariasis 106	fever 120
Uncleanliness (newborn) 153	intoxication
Uncontrollable	(nonpuerperal or unqualified)
diarrhœa	120
$ \begin{array}{ccc} $	(puerperal) 138
(2y+) 105	mania 120
vomiting (famela15v 45v ±) 103	paralysis 120
(female, -15y, 45y+) 103 (female, 15y to 44y) 134	poisoning (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
(male) 103	120
pregnancy 134	(puerperal) 138
Undefined 189	postoperative 120
Underground railroad accident 175	pregnancy 138
Undetermined 189	puerperal 138
• • • • •	

Uræmia—Continued.	Urethrotomy 125
pyelitic 122	external 125
septic 120	internal 125
toxæmia 120	Urethrovaginal fistula 125
vomiting 120	Urethrovesical fistula 125
Uræmic (see Uræmia)	Uric acid
Uranoplasty 99	diathesis 55
Uremia (see Uræmia)	infarction
Ureter (ureteral)	(-1y) 151
calculus 123	(1y+) 122
impacted 123	poisoning 55
cancer 45	poisoning 55 Uricacidæmia 55
colic 123	Urichæmia 55
congenital malformation 150	Urinæmia 125
cyst 124	Urinary
disease 122	abscess 125
parasitic 124	bladder
injury 186	disease 124
malformation 150	laceration, parturition 136
tuberculosis 34	calculus 123
wound 186	duct, calculus 123
Ureteral (see Ureter)	fever 124
Ureterolithotomy 123	fistula 125
Urethra (urethral)	infection 125
abscess 125	infiltration 125
burn 167	intoxication 125
calculus 123	lithiasis 123
impacted 123	obstruction 124
cancer 45	organ
caruncle 125	congenital malformation 150
catarrh 124	disease 125
congenital	obstruction 125
atresia 150	passage, calculus 123
malformation 150	sepsis 124
disease (unqualified) 125	suppression 122
fever 125	toxemia 125
traumatic 125	tract calculus 123
fistula 125	disease 125
foreign body 125	Urine
hæmorrhage 125 imperforate, congenital 150	extravasation 125
injury 186	incontinence 124
laceration (not external violence) 125	infiltration 125
malformation 150	milky 121
prolapse 125	retention 124
rupture 125	stoppage 122
stricture 125	suppression 122
organic 125	Urodialysis 122
traumatic 125	Urticaria 145
syphilis 37	Uterine (see Uterus)
tuberculosis 34	vein, thrombosis 82
tumor 125	Uterofæcal fistula 110
ulcer 125	Uterointestinal fistula 110
wound 186	Uterovaginal fistula 130
Urethral (see Urethra)	Uterovesical fistula 125
Urethralgia 125	Uterus (uterine)
Urethritis 38	ablation 130
(not gonorrhœal) 125	abnormally formed, pregnancy 134
gonococcic 38	abscess 130
gonorrhœal 38	anteflexion 130
specific 38	anteversion 130
Urethroplasty 125	atony, parturition 136
Urethrorectal fistula 125	atresia 130
Urethrorrhagia 125	atrophy 130
Urethrorrhaphy 125	burn 167

Uterus—Continued.	Uterus—Continued.
cancer 42	malposition 130
catarrh 130	neck
cervix	abscess 130
elongation 130	hypertrophy 130
fibroid 129	ulcer 130
congenital malformation 150	neoplasm 42
curetting 130	obstruction 130
cyst, recurrent 129	occlusion 130
degeneration, cystic 129	parasitic disease 130
disease 130	perforation
organic 130	(nonpuerperal or unqualified)
parasitic 130	
displacement	(puerperal) 136
(nonpuerperal or unqualified)	phlebitis 130
130	septic 130
(puerperal) 136	plugging 130
distention 130	polypus 129
epithelioma 42	pregnant
erosion 130	displacement 134
evacuation 134	hysteralgia 134
falling 130	injury 186
fibrocyst 129	lining membrane, inflammation
fibroid 129	137
body 129	neuralgia 134
fibromyoma 129	prolapse 134
fistula 130	retroversion 134
fungous growth 129	procidentia 130
gangrene 130	prolapse 130
hæmorrhage	retrocession 130
(nonpuerperal) 128	retroflexion 130
after parturition 135	retroversion 130
during parturition 135	rupture
hernia 130	(nonpuerperal) 130
heteromorphic tumor 42	(puerperal) 136
hyperplasía 130	traumatic 186
hypertrophy 130	stricture 130
inertia 136	subinvolution 136
inflammation	syphilis 37
(nonpuerperal or unqualified)	tamponing 128
130	tuberculosis 34
(puerperal) 137	tumor 129
catarrhal 130	(cancerous) 42
connected with pregnancy 137	neoplastic 42
injury 186	ulcer 130
inversion	wound 186
(puerperal or unqualified) 136	Uvula
(nonpuerperal) 130	congenital malformation 150
laceration	elongation 100
(nonpuerperal) 130	syphilis 37
(puerperal) 136	tuberculosis 34
(puerperal) 136 parturition 136	tumor 100
laterocession 130	wound 186
lateroversion 130	
lesion, organic 130	f v
ligament	
abscess 130	Vaccinal infection 20
cancer 42	Vaccination 20
cyst 132	erysipelas 18
hæmatocele 132	infection 20
hæmatoma 132	Vaccinia 20
inflammation 132	Vagina (vaginal)
lymphangitis 132	abscess 132
tumor 132	absent 150
varix 83	atresia 132
malformation 150	hum 167

Var

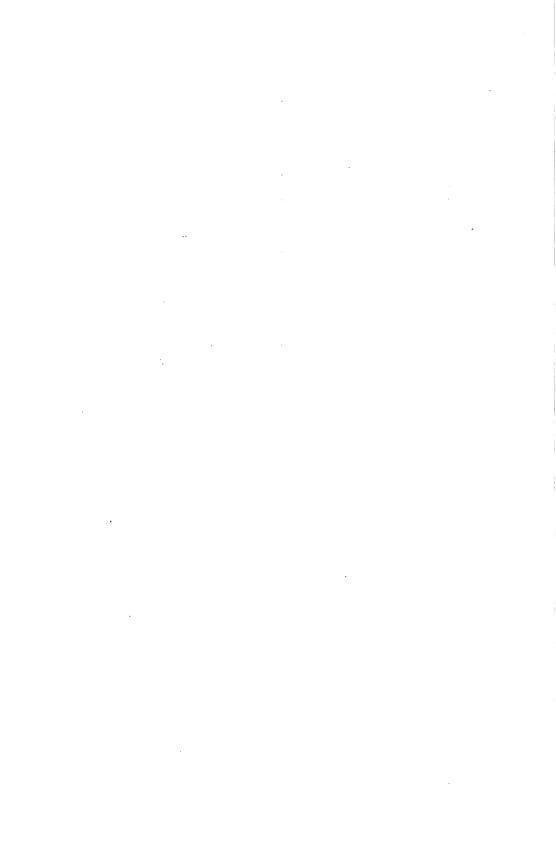
Vagina—Continued.	Valve—Continued.
cancer 42	heart—Continued.
catarrh 130	retraction 79
congenital malformation 150	rupture 79
cyst 132	stricture 79
fistula 125	thickening 79
flow 130	ulceration 79
foreign body 186	vegetations 79
hernia 109	mitral
hysterectomy 130	disease 79
inflammation	incompetency 79
(nonpuerperal or unqualified)	insufficiency 79
132	necrosis 79
(puerperal) 137	ossification 79
catarrhal	stricture 79
(nonpuerperal) 130 ·	thickening 79 pulmonary, disease 79
(puerperal) 137 injury 186	
	pyloric abscess 103 tricuspid
laceration, parturition 136 malformation 150	
mucus, inspiration 152	disease 79 incompetency 79 insufficiency 79
occlusion 132	insufficiency 79
prolapse 139	Valvular
rupture, parturition 136	action, imperfect
stricture 132	(adult) 79
syphilis 37	(infant) 150
tamponing 128	cardiac
tuberculosis 34	disease 79
tumor 132	lesion 79
wound 186	collapse 79
Vaginal (see Vagina)	disease 79
wall	heart 79
anterior, prolapse 132	aortic 79
posterior, prolapse 132	congenital 150
Vaginalitis 127	mitral 79
Vaginismus 132	premature 150
Vaginitis 38	pulmonary 79
(not gonorrheal) 132	rheumatic 79 tricuspid 79
gonococcic 38 gonorrho:al 38	tricuspid 79 endocarditis 78
Valve	chronic 79
aortic	heart disease 79
	congenital 150
disease 79 incompetency 79 insufficiency 79	incompetency 79
insufficiency 79	incompetency 79 insufficiency 79
stricture 79	lesion 79
bicuspid, heart, disease 79	heart 79
cardiac	orifice, obstruction 79
disease 79	stenosis 79
imperfect 150	stricture 79
Eustachian, nonclosure 150	Valvulitis 79
heart	Vapor
aneurysm 79	asphyxia 168
atheroma 79	poisonous 168
contraction 79	suffocation
disease 79	(accident or unqualified) 168
incompetency 79 insufficiency 79	(homicide) 184 (suicide) 156
	Varicella 19
laceration 79 lesion 79	Varices 83
malformation 150	Varicocele 83
obstructive disease 79	Varicose
ossification 79	aneurysm 81
regurgitant disease 79	tumor 83
regurgitation 79	ulcer 88

Varicose—Continued.	Venereal
vein 83	adenitis 38
rupture 83	bubo 38
ulcerated 83	disease 37
Variola 5	Venom
Varioloid 5	absorption 165
Varix 83	animal 165
aneurysmal 83	centipede 165
neck 83	fish, poisoning 165
bladder 83	scorpion 165
broad ligament 83	Venomous
œsophagus 83	bite 165
ovary 83	serpent bite 165
pelvis 83	sting 165
pharynx 83	Venous
uterine ligament 83	
vulva 83	
	thrombosis, consequent, parturition 139
Varus (see Talipes)	
Vas deferens, rupture 186	tumor 83
Vascular	Ventral hernia 109
degeneration, senile 154	strangulated 109
nævus 150	Ventricle
skin 150	cerebral, paracentesis 74
sclerosis 81	dilatation 79
tumor (see Tumor)	heart, malformation 150
Vasomotor rhinitis 86	Ventricular hæmorrhage 64
Vault	Vermiform appendix, abscess 108
palatine, perforation 146	Verruca 145
skull, fracture 185	Version
Vectis (child) 152	(child) 152
Vegetations	(child, stillborn) (see Stillbirth)
adenoid 86	(during labor, mother) 136
nasal fossa 86	podalic (child) 152
valve, heart 79	Vertebra (vertebral)
Vegetative endocarditis 78	abscess 32
Vehicle (any vehicle) injury 175	tuberculous 32
	cancer 45
run over by 175	caries 32
(carriage, wagon, bicycle, etc.) trau-	compound fracture 185
matism 175	disease 32
Vein	dislocation 185
congestion 189	fracture 185
disease 83	lumbar, necrosis 32
parasitic 83	luxation 185 necrosis 32
division 186	
entrance, air into 186	polyarthritis 32
sudden death, after delivery 139	tuberculosis 32
inflammation 83	Vertebral (see Vertebra)
infusion 83	Vertigo 74
ligature 83	epileptic 69
obliteration 83	gâstrîc 103 labyrinthine 76
obstruction 83	
portal	Ménière's 76
inflammation 83	rheumatic 47
obstruction 115	Vesical (see Bladder)
thrombosis 82	Vesicle, seminal
puncture 186 rupture 186	abscess 127
thromboria 89	congenital malformation 150
thrombosis 82	syphilis 37
uterine, thrombosis 82	Vesicometrorectal fistula 125
varicose 83	Vesicoperineal fistula 125
rupture 83	Vesicovaginal fistula 125 Vesicular
ulcerated 83	
wound 186 Yelum palati, paralysis 100	emphysema 97 mole (connected with pregnancy) 134
Vena cava, rupture 85	pneumonia 91

Vicious	Vomiting—Continued.
cicatrix 145	persistent
insertion, placenta 135	(female, -15y, 45y+) 103
Villous	(male) 103
carcinoma, bladder 45 synovitis 147	(pregnancy) 134
synovitis 147	pregnancy 134
tumor, bladder (nonmalignant) 124	uncontrollable, 134
Vincent's angina 100	puerperal 134 stercoral 109
Violence 186	stercoral 109
Violent	uncontrollable
death 186	(female, -15y, 45y+) 103
mine 173	(adult female, 15y-44y) 134
quarry 173	(male) 103
fever 189	uræmic 120
Viper, bite 165	Vulva
Virulent	abscess 132
bubo 38	absent 150
disease (unqualified) 55	burn 167
Viscera (visceral)	cancer 42
abdominal	cellulitis 132
cancer 41	chancre, soft 38
rupture 186	chancroid 38
wound 186	condyloma 37
cancer 45	congenital malformation 150
hæmorrhage	cyst 132
(-3m) 152	diphtheria 9
(3m+) 85	elephantiasis, nonfilarial 145
injury 186	gangrene 142
intussusception 109	hæmatoma 132
neuralgia 73	(nonpuerperal or unqualified)
pelvic, cancer 45	132
rheumatism 47	(puerperal) 136 traumatic 186
rupture 189	
steatosis 55	hydrocele 132
Visceral (see Viscera)	inflammation 132
Visitation, God 189	injury 186 laceration, parturition 136
Vital degeneration	1
(-1y) 151	malformation 150 noma 142
(1y-69y) 189	occlusion 132
(70y+) 154	parasitic disease 132
Vitality, want	phagedæna 142
(-1y) 151	rupture, parturition 136
(1y-69y) 189	syphilis 37
(1y-69y) 189 (70y+) 154	thrombus 132
Vitium cordis 79	tuberculosis 34
congenital 150	tumor 132
Vitreous (see Eye)	ulcer 132
Vitriol (see Sulphuric acid)	varix 83
throwing 184	wound 186
throwing 184 Voluntary submersion 158 Volvulus 109	Vulvitis 132
	gangrenous 142
intestine 109	gonococcic 38
Vomica, lung 98	gonorrhœal 38
Vomit, black 16	Vulvovaginal gland
Vomiting 103	abscess 132
asphyxia 186	cyst 132
bilious 103	
blood 103	\mathbf{W}_{\perp}
choked 186	Wagon
fæcal matter 109	injury 175
pernicious	in mine 173
(female, -15y, 45y+) 103 (female, 15y-44y) 134	Wall (parietes)
(lemale, 15y-44y) 134	abdomen
(male) 103	foreign hadre 188

Wall—Continued.	Werlhof's disease 49
abdomen—Continued.	Wet brain 64
laceration 186	alcoholic 64
wound 186	White
bronchi, parasitic disease 98	kidney, large 120
chest, wound 186	nephritis 120
trachea, parasitic disease 98	leg (female, 15y-44y) 139
Wallerian degeneration 74	swelling 33 tumor 33
Wandering spleen 116 Want	Whites 130
breast milk (-1y) 151	Whitlow 144
vitality	Whooping cough 8
(-ly) 151	Wild parsnip poisoning 165
(1y-69y) 189	Winkel's disease (-3m) 152
(70y+)'154	Winter cholera 13
Wardrop's disease 145	Wiring fractured bone 185
Wart 145	Womb (see Uterus)
Wasting	Woolsorters' disease 22
(-1y) 151	Worm
(1y-69y) 189 (70y+) 154	colic 107
(70y+) 154	fever 107
disease (infant) 151	intestine 107
muscle 189	Worn out
palsy 63	(-1y) 151
paralysis 63	(1y-69y) 189 (70y+) 154
Water hairing hum 167	Wound (any owen or next of hadr) 196
boiling, burn 167 deprivation 177	Wound (any organ or part of body) 186 accidental 186
fever 189	anatomical 20
on	(dissection) 20
brain 150	crushing 175
chest 93	cutting instrument 171
heart 77	(accident) 171
Waxy	(homicidé) 183
degeneration 55 kidney 120	(suicide) 160
kidney 120	diphtheria 9
liver 113	dissection 20
kidney 120	erysipelas 18
liver 113	fever 186
large 113	firearms 170
spleen 116	(accident) 170
Weak heart 189 Weakness	(homicide) 182 (suicide) 159
	1
(-1y) 151 (1y-69y) 189	gangrene 186 gunshot (any organ or part of body)
(1y-69y) 189 (70y+) 154	170
congenital	(accident) 170
(-1y) 151	(homicide) 182
(1y+) 189	(suicide) 159
constitutional	(homicide) 182 (suicide) 159 hæmoridage 186
(-1y) 151	Homicidal 194
(1y+) 189	incised (any organ or part of body)
general	171
(-1y) 151	(accident) 171
(1y–69y) 189 (70y+) 154	(homicide) 183
(70y+) 154	(suicide) 160
progressive	infected 20
(-1y) 151 (1y-60y) 180	lacerated (any organ or part of body)
(1y-69y) 189 (70y+) 154	lodgment, foreign body 186
$\begin{array}{c} (709+) 104 \\ \text{senile} 154 \end{array}$	piercing instrument 171
Weather, hot 179	(accident) 171
Weil's disease 111	(homicide) 183
Wen 46	(suicide) 160
	·

```
Wound—Continued.
pistol 170
                                                                                                     \mathbf{Y}
      (accident) 170
(homicide) 182
(suicide) 159
poisoned 165
postmortem 20
                                                                      Yaws 19
                                                                      Yellow
                                                                            atrophy, liver 111
acute 111
fever 16
jaundice
       punctured (any organ or part of body)
                                                                                    (-1y) 151
(1y+) 115
             (accident) 171
(homicide) 183
(suicide) 160
                                                                                                     \mathbf{Z}
                                                                      Zona 145
Zoster 145
       septic 186
      stab (any organ or part of body) 183
(accident) 171
(homicide) 183
(suicide) 160
                                                                      Zygoma, cancer 45
Zymotic
                                                                             diarrhœa
       suicidal 163
                                                                                                 104
Wrist (see Joint)
Writers'
                                                                                                 105
                                                                             enteritis
cramp 74
neuralgia 74
Wry neck 149
                                                                                                 104
                                                                                                 105
                                                                             gastroenteritis
                                                                                                 104
                               \mathbf{x}
                                                                                                 105
X-rays, effect 167
```



APPENDIX TO REPRINT: 1913.

SHOWING ADDITIONS AND CHANGES SINCE THE PUBLICATION OF .

THE MANUAL IN 1911, AND ASKING FOR SUGGESTIONS FOR THE THIRD DECENNIAL REVISION OF THE INTERNATIONAL LIST, 1919.

... .

APPENDIX TO REPRINT: 1913.

ADDITIONS AND CHANGES SINCE THE PUBLICATION OF THE MANUAL IN 1911.

The following list contains some changes of classification and some assignments of new terms that have been mutually agreed upon, for the most part, by the Bureau of the Census and the Registrar-General's Office of England and Wales, of which Dr. T. H. C. Stevenson is the superintendent of statistics. Lists of new terms are regularly exchanged by the two offices so that there may be uniformity in the compilation of the causes of death.

The orthography of the names of diseases in that part of the Manual reprinted from the original plates is in accordance with the recommendation of the Committee on Nomenclature and Classification of Diseases of the American Medical Association in 1909. That committee has since decided (Atlantic City, 1912) to recommend the simpler spelling, which accordingly is employed in the list below. As cross-references are given for the simpler forms in the Index, e. g., anemia to anæmia, leukemia to leuchæmia, etc., no practical difficulty results.

```
Cancer of nasal cavity
Abdominal túmor (retroperitoneal) 46
                                                       placenta 42
Abscess of mouth 99
                                                       rectovaginal septum
Acetonuria 55
Acute gouty arthritis 48
                                                                 gland 45
                                                       salivary
                                                                               (change
      malignant cerebrospinal menin-
                                                         from 39)
         gitis 61
                                                       submaxillary glands 39
      mediastinitis 144
                                                       submental region
      superior poliencephalitis
                                             Cardiac arteriosclerosis 79
Angina vasomotoria gravior 80
                                                     neuralgia 80
                                             Cardionephritis 79
Aortic atheroma 81
                                             Cerebral hemorrhage (-1m) 152 (change
Asthmatic croup 9
Bacteriological diphtheria 1 9
                                                        from 64
Birth embolism (child) 152
Brill's disease 2
                                                      paresis 67
                                             Cerebrospinal disease 63
                                            paralysis 63
Cervix uteri, imperforate 130 (change from 150, Index, p. 171)
Chalicosis 98
Chronic by
Bronchopleuropneumonia 91
Burn by electricity 181
Cancer of abdominal organs 45
                      wall 44
          buttock
                   44
          chest wall 45
                                             Chronic hypertrophy of liver 113
          epiglottis 45
                                                     mediastinitis 77
          forehead 44
                                                     pustular nephrocystitis 122
                                                     yellow atrophy of liver 115
          ileocecal valve 41
```

¹ This is an undesirable term and should not be employed on certificates of death because it is sometimes understood to signify that Klebs-Löffler bacilli were found but that clinical diphtheria was not present. When this is the case the local registrar should state that diphtheria was not present, because otherwise the term will be assigned to diphtheria, as indicated above, the decision of eminent lexicographers and the understanding of the Bureau of the Causa being that "bacteriological diphtheria" is diphtheria in which the diagnosis is confirmed by the finding of the Klebs-Löffler bacilli.

301

```
Coasting accident 175
Concato's disease 117 (change from 189)
                            -1y
Congenital cardiac weakness (
                                    151
                            1y+)
) 152
                                    189
          hemorrhage (-1m)
                      of bowels (-1m)
                         intestines
                            -1m
                                    152
          heart failure (-1\dot{v})
                               151
                       (1y+)
          spinal disease
                          150
Cyst of mesentery 117 (change from 124)
                   117 (change from 46)
Defective circulation (-1y)
                            151
                     (1y+)
                        151
          development
Deficient development 151
Died at birth (not stillborn)
     during birth (injury not specified)
     (not stillborn) 151 just after birth 151
Diffuse atrophic palsy 63
Dilatation of myocardium 79
Diplegia (unqualified) 66
Disease of joint 147
Dragged by horse (foot caught in stirrup)
  186
Dropsy of amnion (child)
                  (mother)
Emphysematous gangrene 142
Encephalomyelitis
Enuresis 124
Epithelioma of forehead 44
               inguinal region 44
               neck 44
Erythremia
Exythrenia (-2y) 104 (2y+) 105
External hydrocephalus
Fall from baby carriage
Fatty infiltration 55
Faulty development 151
Felon
       144
Fibroid tumor (when evidently refer-
                ring to fibroid tumor of
                uterus — females) 129
                (change from 46)
Fibrous hepatitis 113
        induration of breast 133
        pneumonia 98
Found dead
              189
            in bed 189
Fulminant cerebrospinal meningitis 61
Fungous growth (see Tumor)
Gangrene of liver 115
Gangrenous angina 100
Gastroliths 103
General senile paralysis 154
Glandular atrophy 84
Glossopharyngeal paralysis
Gonococcic salpingitis
Granuloma coccidiosis 107
```

```
Haemophilia neonatorum
                       (-3m) 55
                         (change from
                         152)
Hematoma (-3m) 152
           (3m+) 46
          of spermatic cord 186
Hemorrhage of brain (-1m) 152 (change
               from 64)
             intestine
                        (-1m)
                                  152
                (change from 110)
             stomach
                        (-1m)
                                  152
                (change from 103)
Hemorrhagic disease 55
Hyaline degeneration
Hydramnios (child) 151
           (mother)
Hydrargyrism 59
Hydropyonephrosis 122
Hydrorrhea 189
Hyperpiesis 81
Idiopathic muscular atrophy 149
Ileocecal abscess 108
Improper development 151
Incomplete development 151
```

INDUSTRIAL POISONING

In connection with the list of poisonings given in the Index (pp. 253-257), the following List of Industrial Poisons will be found useful. It is taken from the Bulletin of the Bureau of Labor, May, 1912, and constitutes the revised list of poisons as published by the International Association for Labor Legislation. It is especially important that the exact form of occupation and the industry, as provided by the Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death, should be fully given in all deaths reported in connection with any of these poisons; also that physicians and registration officials should be on the alert to recognize the industrial character of any other poisons or diseases, and to note the influence of temperature, foul air, dust, gases or vapors, or other unhygienic influences incident to occupation. Reference should be made to the bulletin cited for statement of branches of industry in which poisoning occurs, mode of entrance into the body, and symptoms of poisoning.

List of Industrial Poisons.

Acrolein
Ammonia
Amyl acetate
alcohol
Aniline
dyestuffs [Name.]
Antimony compounds: [Name.]
Trioxide of antimony
Antimony trichloride
Tartar emetic
Golden sulphide

Acetaldehyde, ethylaldehyde

Acridine

Arsenic compounds: [Name.]	Phosphureted hydrogen
Scheele's green	Picric acid
Schweinfurt green	Pyridine
Brunswick green	Sulphur chloride
Neuwied green	dioxide
Cochineal (Vienna red)	Sulphurous acid
Arseniureted hydrogen	gas
Benzine (gasoline)	Sulphureted hydrogen
Benzol	Sulphuric acid
Binitrobenzol	Tar
Carbon dioxide	Turpentine oil
Carbon disulphide	Infective aortic stenosis 78
Carbon monoxide	gastritis (-2y) 104
Illuminating gas	
Water gas	(2y+) 105 Infiltration of kidney 120
Producer gas	
Chloride of lime	Injury by vehicle (not stated) 175 Inspiration of vaginal mucus 152
Chlorine	Insufficient development 151
Chlorodinitrobenzol	Insufflation pneumonia 91
Chloronitrobenzol	Internal hemorrhage (-1m) 152
Chromium compounds: [Name.]	(change from 85)
Chrome yellow (lead chromate, 57)	Intestinal autoinfection (-2y) 104
Chrome orange (lead chromate, 57)	(2y+) 110
Chrome red (lead, 57)	bands 109
Cyanogen compounds: [Name.]	Intracranial hemorrhage (-1m) 152
Potassium cyanide	(change from 64)
Sodium cyanide	Ivy poisoning 145 (change from 165, In-
Rhodanic (sulphocyanic) compounds [Name.]	dex, p. 222)
Diazomethane	Jumping from window (in delirium of dis-
Dimethyl sulphate	ease) 172
Dinitrobenzol Ethylaldehyde	Lack of development 151
Fluoric acid	Laminectomy 146
Formaldehyde	Lardaceous disease 55
Gasoline	Lienenteritis (-2y) 104
Hydrochloric acid	Lymphatic anemia 53
Hydrofluoric acid	Macrocephalous 150
Iodine methylate	Malignant cerebrospinal meningitis 61
Lead (57)	goiter 45
Lead alloys [Name.]	Massive pneumonia 92
Lead colors [Name.]	Membranous laryngitis (nondiphtheritic)
Lead salts [Name.]	87
Manganese dioxide	Miliary carcinosis (according to site—see
Mercury	"Cancer," Index, p. 166; not always
Mercury compounds [Name.]	to 45) Mitral endocarditis 78
Amalgams	Morbus maculosus neonatorum 55
Methyl alcohol	Myasthenia cordis 79
Methyl bromide	Myopathy 149
Methyl iodide, iodine methylate	Nasopharyngitis 100
Nitraniline	Obstruction of thoracic duct 84
Nitrobenzol	Organic heart failure 79
Nitroglycerin	Organized pneumonia 92
Nitronaphthalene	Ossifying myositis 149
Nitrous gases	Osteoarthropathy 36
Oxalic acid Petroleum	Osteonecrosis 146
Phenol	Osteosarcoma of maxillary bones 39
Phenylhydrazine	Paralytic ileus 109
Phosgene	Parasitic disease of ureter 122 (change
Phosphorus	from 124)
White phosphorus	Parotiditis 19
Yellow phosphorus	Parotitis 19
[Red phosphorus, nonpoisonous]	Pelvic adhesion 117
Phosphorus sesquisulphide	Perforating ulcer 145

Perforative enteritis $(-2y)$ 104 $(2y+)$ 105
Persistence of fetal circulation 150
Phlebosclerosis 83
Plexiform angioma (young child) 150
Pneumococcal bronchitis 90
empyema 93
peritonitis 117
pneumonia 92
pyemia 20
septicemia 20
Poliomeningoencephalitis 63
Polyorrhomenitis 117
Polyserositis 117
Poor development 151
Porencephaly (unqualified) 74
Posterior lateral sclerosis 62 (change from 63)
Progressive muscular paralysis 63
Pseudo tabes dorsalis 73
Pulmonary hemorrhage $(-1m)$ 152
(change from 98)
Purpura fulminans 55
Purpura fulminans 55 neonatorum 55
Purpura fulminans 55
Purpura fulminans 55 neonatorum 55
Purpura fulminans 55 neonatorum 55 Putrid bronchitis 90
Purpura fulminans 55 neonatorum 55 Putrid bronchitis 90 Retrocecal abscess 108
Purpura fulminans 55 neonatorum 55 Putrid bronchitis 90 Retrocecal abscess 108 Scrofulous inflammation of brain 30 Senile heart failure 154
Purpura fulminans 55 neonatorum 55 Putrid bronchitis 90 Retrocecal abscess 108 Scrofulous inflammation of brain 30
Purpura fulminans 55 neonatorum 55 Putrid bronchitis 90 Retrocecal abscess 108 Scrofulous inflammation of brain 30 Senile heart failure 154 Sepsis neonatorum (-1m) 152 Septic abscesses 144 Solid edema 88
Purpura fulminans 55 neonatorum 55 Putrid bronchitis 90 Retrocecal abscess 108 Scrofulous inflammation of brain 30 Senile heart failure 154 Sepsis neonatorum (-1m) 152 Septic abscesses 144 Solid edema 88
Purpura fulminans 55 neonatorum 55 Putrid bronchitis 90 Retrocecal abscess 108 Scrofulous inflammation of brain 30 Senile heart failure 154 Sepsis neonatorum (-1m) 152 Septic abscesses 144

```
Specific salpingitie 38
Splenomegaly 116
Stercoral ulcer (-2y) 104
(2y+) 105
Strangulation 105
Strangulation by mucus (in very young
   infants) 151
Streptococcal peritonitis 117
Subcecal abscess 108
Subdorsal abscess 144
Suffocation by bed clothes 168
Taboparalysis 62
Thrombotic apoplexy 82
Thrown from horse 172
Thymic hyperplasia 84
Traumatic hematoma 186
Tubercular fistula 34
             polyserositis 35
             rheumatism 48
Tuberculosis of medulla 34
               with enteritis 31
                      meningitis 30
                      peritonitie 31
                      pleurisy 28
pneumonia 28
Tuberculous mediastinitis 34
Tumor of hypophysis 74
Umbilical fistula (-3m) 152
(3m+) 189
Undeveloped 151
Urinary disease 125
Vascular hypertension 85
Ventricular fibrillation 79
Von Jaksch's disease 53
X-ray cancer 44
```

SUGGESTIONS FOR THE THIRD DECENNIAL REVISION OF THE INTERNATIONAL LIST. 1919.

In the final Convention signed by the representatives of the 20 countries that participated in the Second Decennial Revision of the International Classification or List of Causes of Sickness and Death, appears the following paragraph relating to the next or Third Decennial Revision:

They [the delegates] recognize that it is desirable that this nomenclature [statistical list] should be revised every 10 years, the next revision to take place in the course of the year 1919. In default of any different arrangement, the Government of France will assume the duty of convoking, for that object and on that date, a new International Commission.

The First Revision was held at Paris in 1900, the Second Revision, also at Paris, in 1909—the date having been advanced a year in accordance with the request of the United States so that the revised list might be available for use beginning with 1910, the year of the decennial census of population. The exact time and place of the Third Decennial Revision are not yet settled, and it may be possible that some Government other than France will call the next International Commission of Revision into existence. Since the last session the International List has been adopted by the Registrar-General of England and Wales and is now in use in all the British possessions. The next edition (fifth) of the Nomenclature of Diseases of the Royal College of Physicians of London will be published in 1916, and study of the changes therein may lead to some important recommendations for alterations in the general arrangement of the International List. The German classification, adopted in 1905 and more precise in certain respects than the International, with which it is readily comparable for most purposes, will perhaps also shortly be revised; it would be extremely desirable indeed that Germany should participate in the work of revision of the International List, even though its adoption might not be expedient, as a step in the progress toward world-wide uniformity. American registration officials will be greatly interested in the possibility of the next session of the International Commission of Revision being held in the United States, and the propriety of a formal invitation from the Government should be considered, but the selection should be determined solely by considerations of what will be most advantageous for the cause of international uniformity.

Although the date of the next session (1919) is still some distance in the future, it is not too early to begin the study of what changes are necessary and desirable in the system as at present in effect. Suggestions are therefore requested from all users of this Manual, including state and city registration officials, officers and members of state and city boards of health, members of organizations combating various forms of disease, pathologists, physicians connected with hospitals as well as those engaged in general practice or devoted to any of the special branches of medicine, officers of the Government medical services, medical officers and statisticians of life insurance companies, workers in industrial hygiene, and, in general, from all who may have occasion to employ statistics of causes of death and desire them to be as thoroughly comparable and useful as the nature of the subject will permit.

Suggestions will be filed and acknowledged as received by the Bureau of the Census, collated, and submitted, with full credit to the source from which received, to the next session of the International Commission. It may be feasible to publish the suggestions received from American registration officials and others in advance of the session, so that they may be submitted informally to the foreign offices cooperating, and thus some measure of agreement as to the most important changes be reached in advance. Such a procedure would enable the actual time of the meeting to be devoted to the determination of questions on which marked differences of opinion may exist.

Suggestions for the revision of the International List may be divided into two classes, namely, (1) those of a general nature, relating to the grouping of titles, the principles of classification, and the terms to be included under new titles that may be proposed, and (2) specific recommendations for the addition of new terms to certain titles, for the deletion of terms from certain titles, for the transfer of terms from one title to another, for the insertion or removal of definite age or other qualifications, and the like.

- (1) General suggestions should be definitely stated, with reasons for the proposed changes, and may be written out at length (preferably typewritten, double spacing). It is desired that they be written upon the official letterheads if from a registration or other office or organization, and that each sheet or set of sheets relate to a single proposition and be dated and signed officially.
- (2) Specific recommendations may conveniently be made upon cards of uniform size, a supply of which will be sent upon request. Exact reference should be made to the present International numbers

affected, giving also the full titles so that the reference will be certain, the proposed change, addition or transfer ("Add," "Transfer," etc.), and the date and signature of the proposer. Use a separate card for each suggestion and observe whether more or less synonymous terms also require to be considered. As an example, the following specimen may be submitted:

Card for suggestions as to changes in International List. [5 x 3 in.]

SUGGESTION FOR CHANGE.

THIRD DECENNIAL REVISION OF THE INTERNATIONAL LIST OF CAUSES OF DEATH: 1919.

Transfer Specific laryngitis from title No. 28, Tuberculosis of the lungs, to title No. 37, Syphilis.

"Specific" usually means syphilitic. English Manual includes "Specific (any affection so qualified)" under title No. 37.

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